

CS731 : SOFTWARE TESTING PROJECT REPORT

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This report contains details for the project done in CS731 course - Software Testing. Our chosen domain for testing was to formulate **Control flow graphs (CFG)** over the source code.

Coverage Criteria Demonstrated :

- Edge coverage
- Prime Path coverage

Tools Used

- JUnit 4.13

The project consists of functions covering different topics, such as Arithmetic, Maths, Searching and Sorting. It is a Java based console application that is split up into 4 packages each containing amalgamation of codes, such that we can aptly demonstrate various scenarios like- loops, loops+conditionals, conditional within loops, loops within conditionals, switch cases with conditionals, nested conditionals etc, thereby attempting to make the source code rich in control flow structure.

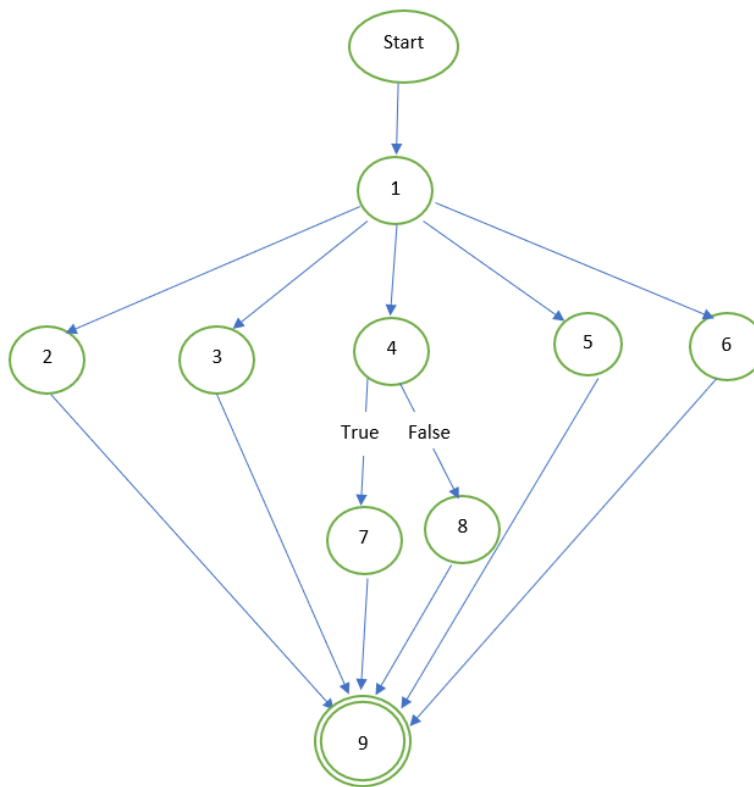
- **Arithmetic**
 - Operations
 - AdvancedOperations
- **Maths**
 - Armstrong Number
 - HCF
 - LCM
 - LeapYear
 - NthFibo
 - PalindromeCheck
 - MaxThreeNumbers
 - TriplePythoVal
 - AreaOfShapes
- **Search**
 - LinearSearch
 - BinarySearch
- **Sorting**
 - BubbleSort
 - InsertionSort

CONTROL FLOW GRAPHS FOR SOURCE CODES

A. ARITHMETIC

1. Operations.java

```
5 public class Operations
6 {
7     12 usages  ⬆️ kratos12310
8     public String run(double num1,double num2,int c)
9     {
10         double number1;
11         double number2;
12         double result;
13         String outp;
14         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
15         number1=num1;
16         number2=num2;
17         int ch=c;
18
19         System.out.println("\nHere are your options:");
20         System.out.println("\n1. Addition, 2. Subtraction, 3. Division, 4. Multiplication");
21         //ch = sc.nextInt();
22         switch (ch)
23         {
24             case 1:
25                 result= number1 + number2;
26                 outp=result+"";
27                 break;
28
29             case 2:
30                 result= number1 - number2;
31                 outp=result+"";
32                 break;
33
34             case 3:
35                 if(number2==0)
36                 {
37                     outp = "Divide By Zero";
38                     break;
39                 }
40                 else
41                 {
42                     result = number1 / number2;
43                     outp = result + "";
44                     break;
45                 }
46             case 4:
47                 result = number1 * number2;
48                 outp=result+"";
49                 break;
50             default:
51                 outp= "Invalid Input";
52                 break;
53         }
54         System.out.println("Your answer is " + outp );
55         return outp;
56     }
57 }
```



BLOCK	Lines
1	9-21
2	23-26
3	28-31
4	33-34
5	45-48
6	49-51
7	35-38
8	39-44
9	53-54

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5],[1,6],[4,7],[4,8],[2,9],[3,9],[7,9],[8,9],[5,9],[6,9]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2,9],[1,3,9],[1,4,7,9],[1,4,8,9],[1,5,9],[1,6,9]

The Test path suite that does both edge coverage and prime path coverage is:

[1,2,9],[1,3,9],[1,4,7,9],[1,4,8,9],[1,5,9],[1,6,9]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths:

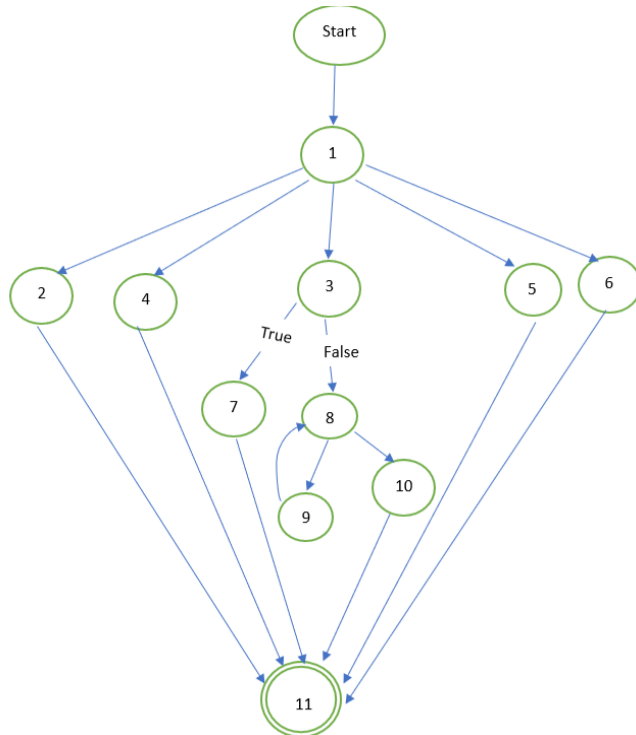
```

19  @Test
20  public void runTest(){
21      assertEquals( expected: "3.0",a.run( num1: 1, num2: 2, c: 1), message: "Addition test successful");
22      assertEquals( unexpected: "6",a.run( num1: 1, num2: -2, c: 1));
23
24      assertEquals( expected: "2.0",a.run( num1: 5, num2: 3, c: 2), message: "Subtraction test successful");
25      assertEquals( unexpected: "6",a.run( num1: 5, num2: -3, c: 2));
26
27      assertEquals( expected: "4.0",a.run( num1: 12, num2: 3, c: 3), message: "Division test successful");
28      assertEquals( unexpected: "3",a.run( num1: 12, num2: -3, c: 3));
29
30      assertEquals( expected: "Divide By Zero",a.run( num1: 1, num2: 0, c: 3), message: "Divide By zero test successful");
31      assertEquals( unexpected: "0",a.run( num1: 1, num2: 0, c: 3));
32
33      assertEquals( expected: "15.0",a.run( num1: 3, num2: 5, c: 4), message: "Multiplication test successful");
34      assertEquals( unexpected: "15",a.run( num1: 3, num2: -5, c: 4));
35
36      assertEquals( expected: "Invalid Input",a.run( num1: 3, num2: 5, c: 5), message: "Invalid Choice test successful");
37      assertEquals( unexpected: "8",a.run( num1: 3, num2: 5, c: 5));
38  }
  
```

2. AdvancedOperations.java

```
7      public String run(int cc,double a,int b,double c,double d, double e)
8      {
9          //System.out.println("Enter your Choice: \n 1.Square Root \n 2.Factorial \n 3.Natural Log
10         int ch=cc;
11         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
12         String temp="";
13         switch (ch)
14         {
15             case 1:
16                 System.out.println("Enter a number to find its square root: ");
17                 //double a = sc.nextDouble();
18                 temp=sqrt(a)+"";
19                 System.out.println("Square root of " + a + " is: " + temp);
20                 break;
21             case 2:
22                 System.out.println("Enter a number to find its factorial: ");
23                 // int b = sc.nextInt();
24                 double fact = 1;
25                 if (b < 0)
26                 {
27                     System.out.println("Factorial of a negative number is not possible!");
28                     temp="Neg";
29                     break;
30                 }
```

```
31         else
32         {
33             for (int i = 1; i <= b; i++)
34             {
35                 fact = fact * i;
36             }
37             System.out.println("Factorial of " + b + " is: " + fact);
38             temp = fact + "";
39             break;
40         }
41         case 3:
42             System.out.println("Enter number to find its natural log: ");
43             //double c = sc.nextDouble();
44             System.out.println("Natural log of " + c + " is: " + log(c));
45             temp =log(c)+"";
46             break;
47         case 4:
48             System.out.print("Enter the number: ");
49             //double d = sc.nextDouble();
50             System.out.print("Enter power: ");
51             //double e = sc.nextDouble();
52             System.out.println("The number " + d + " raised to power " + e + " is: " + pow(d, e));
53             temp= pow(d,e)+"";
54             break;
55         default:
56             System.out.println("Invalid Choice");
57             temp="Invalid";
58             break;
```



BLOCK	Lines
1	10-13
2	15-20
3	21-25
4	42-46
5	47-54
6	55-58
7	27-29
8	33
9	35
10	37-39
11	60

Edge Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5],[1,6],[3,7],[3,8],[8,9],[9,8],[8,10],[2,11],[4,11],[7,11],[10,11],[5,11],[6,11]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2,11],[1,4,11],[1,3,7,11],[1,3,8,10,11],[1,3,8,9],[8,9,8],[9,8,9],[1,5,11],[1,6,11],[9,8,10,11]

The Test path suite that does both edge coverage and prime path coverage is:

[1,2,11], [1,4,11], [1,3,7,11], [1,5,11], [1,6,11], [1,3,8,10,11], [1,3,8,9,8,9,8,10,11]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths

```

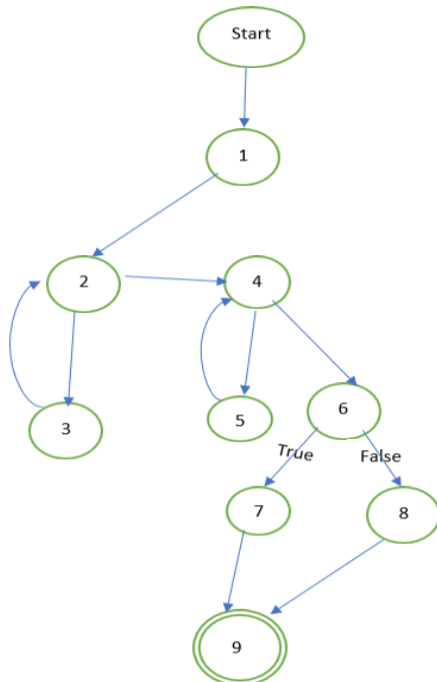
23  @Test
24  public void runTest(){
25      assertEquals( expected: "2.0",a.run( cc: 1, a: 4, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Square Root test successful");
26      assertEquals( unexpected: "2.0",a.run( cc: 1, a: -4, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0));
27
28      assertEquals( expected: "Neg",a.run( cc: 2, a: 0, b: -1, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Factorial test successful");
29      assertEquals( unexpected: "1.0",a.run( cc: 2, a: 0, b: -1, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0));
30
31      assertEquals( expected: "1.0",a.run( cc: 2, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Factorial test successful");
32      assertEquals( unexpected: "",a.run( cc: 2, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0));
33
34      assertEquals( expected: "2.0",a.run( cc: 1, a: 4, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Factorial test successful");
35      assertEquals( unexpected: "2.0",a.run( cc: 1, a: -4, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0));
36
37      assertEquals( expected: "2.302585092994046",a.run( cc: 3, a: 0, b: 0, c: 10, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Natural Log test suc);
38      assertEquals( unexpected: "2.302585092994046",a.run( cc: 3, a: 0, b: 0, c: -10, d: 0, e: 0));
39
40      assertEquals( expected: "8.0",a.run( cc: 4, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 2, e: 3), message: "Power test successful");
41      assertEquals( unexpected: "8.0",a.run( cc: 1, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 2, e: -3));
42
43      assertEquals( expected: "Invalid",a.run( cc: 5, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0), message: "Invalid test successful");
44      assertEquals( unexpected: "2.0",a.run( cc: 5, a: 0, b: 0, c: 0, d: 0, e: 0));
  
```

B. MATHS

1. ArmstrongNum.java

```
7      public boolean armstrong(int n)
8      {
9          boolean t;
10         Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
11         //System.out.print("Enter a num: ");
12         //n=sc.nextInt();
13         int temp;
14         int digits=0;
15         int last=0;
16         int sum=0;
17         temp=n;
18         while(temp>0)
19         {
20             temp = temp/10;
21             digits++;
22         }
23         temp = n;
24         while(temp>0)
25         {
26             last = temp % 10;
27             sum += (Math.pow(last, digits));
28             temp = temp/10;
29         }
```

```
30         if(n==sum)
31         {
32             // System.out.println("It is an Armstrong Num");
33             t= true;
34         }
35         else
36         {
37             // System.out.println("It is not a Armstrong no");
38             t= false;
39         }
40         return t;
41     }
42 }
```



BLOCK	Lines
1	9-17
2	18
3	20-21
4	23-24
5	26-28
6	30
7	32-33
8	37-38
9	40

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[2,3],[3,2],[2,4],[4,5],[5,4],[4,6],[6,7],[6,8],[7,9],[8,9]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2,3],[2,3,2],[3,2,3],[1,2,4,5],[4,5,4],[5,4,5],[1,2,4,6,7,9],[1,2,4,6,8,9],[5,4,6,7,9],[5,4,6,8,9],[3,2,4,5],[3,2,4,6,7,9],[3,2,4,6,8,9]

The Test path suite that does both edge coverage and prime path coverage is:

[1,2,3,2,3,2,4,5,4,5,4,6,7,9], [1,2,4,6,8,9], [1,2,4,6,7,9],[1,2,3,2,4,5,4,6,8,9]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths:

```

@Test
public void ArmstrongNumTest(){
    assertEquals( expected: true,a.armstrong( n: 153), message: "Armstrong Num test successful");
    assertEquals( unexpected: true,a.armstrong( n: -153));

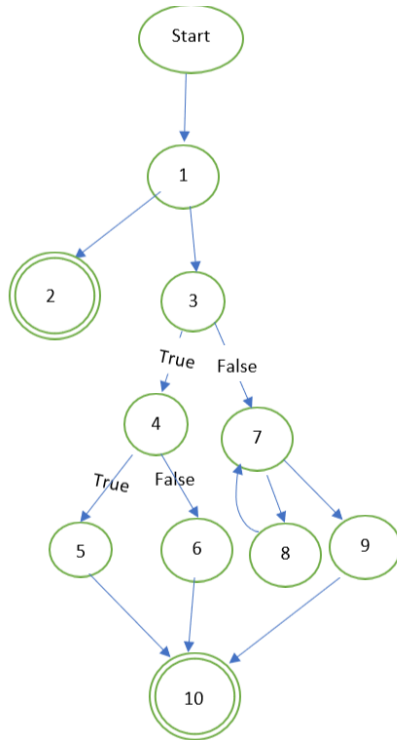
    assertEquals( expected: false,a.armstrong( n: 154), message: "Armstrong Num test successful");
    assertEquals( unexpected: true,a.armstrong( n: 154));

    assertEquals( expected: false,a.armstrong( n: -1), message: "Armstrong Num test successful");
    assertEquals( unexpected: true,a.armstrong( n: -1));

    assertEquals( expected: true,a.armstrong( n: 0), message: "Armstrong Num test successful");
    assertEquals( unexpected: false,a.armstrong( n: 0));
}
  
```

2. HCF.java

```
8      public int hcf(int n1,int n2)
9      {
10         int ans = 0;
11         int a1=n1, a2=n2;
12         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
13         System.out.println("The First Num is: "+n1);
14         //num1 = sc.nextInt();
15         System.out.println("The Second Num is: "+n2);
16         //num2 = sc.nextInt();
17         if (a1 < 0 || a2 < 0)
18         {
19             System.out.println("Negative Number Entered");
20             return -1;
21         }
22         else
23         {
24             if (a1 == 0 || a2 == 0)
25             {
26                 if (a1 < a2)
27                 {
28                     ans = a2 - a1;
29                 }
30                 else
31                 {
32                     ans = a1 - a2;
33                 }
34             }
35             else
36             {
37                 while (a1 % a2 != 0)
38                 {
39                     int remainder = a1 % a2;
40                     a1 = a2;
41                     a2 = remainder;
42                 }
43                 ans = a2;
44             }
45             //System.out.println("Result : " + ans);
46             return ans;
47         }
48     }
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	10-17
2	19-20
3	24
4	26
5	28
6	32
7	37
8	39-41
9	43
10	45-46

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[3,4],[3,7],[4,5],[4,6],[6,10],[5,10],[7,8],[8,7],[7,9],[9,10]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,3,4,5,10],[1,3,4,6,10],[1,3,7,9,10],[1,3,7,8],[7,8,7],[8,7,8],[8,7,9,10]

The Test path suite that does both edge coverage and prime path coverage is:

[1,2], [1,3,4,5,10], [1,3,4,6,10], [1,3,7,9,10], [1,3,7,8,7,8,7,9,10]

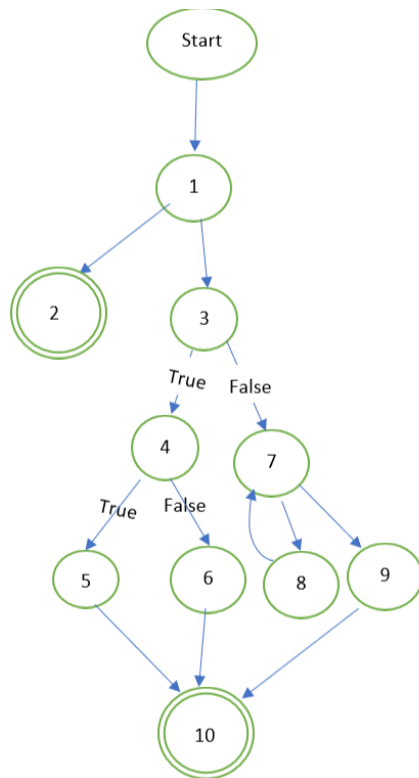
JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths:

```

21      @Test
22      public void HCFTest(){
23          assertEquals( expected: -1,a.hcf(-1,2), message: "HCF test successful");
24          assertEquals( unexpected: 1,a.hcf(-1,1));
25
26          assertEquals( expected: 1,a.hcf(0,1), message: "HCF test successful");
27          assertEquals( unexpected: 0,a.hcf(0,1));
28
29          assertEquals( expected: 1,a.hcf(1,0), message: "HCF test successful");
30          assertEquals( unexpected: 0,a.hcf(1,0));
31
32          assertEquals( expected: 4,a.hcf(4,4), message: "HCF test successful");
33          assertEquals( unexpected: 2,a.hcf(4,4));
34
35          assertEquals( expected: 1,a.hcf(4,3), message: "HCF test successful");
36          assertEquals( unexpected: 12,a.hcf(4,3));
  
```

3 LCM.java

```
8      public int lcm(int n1,int n2)
9      {
10         int ans = 0, a1=n1, a2=n2;
11         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
12         System.out.println("The First Num is: "+a1);
13         //num1 = sc.nextInt();
14         System.out.println("The Second Num is: "+a2);
15         //num2 = sc.nextInt();
16         int t1=a1,t2=a2;
17         if (a1 < 0 || a2 < 0)
18         {
19             System.out.println("Number Entered is Negative");
20             return -1;
21         }
22         else
23         {
24             if (a1 == 0 || a2 == 0)
25             {
26                 if (a1 < a2)
27                 {
28                     ans = a2 - a1;
29                 }
30                 else
31                 {
32                     ans = a1 - a2;
33                 }
34             }
35             else
36             {
37                 while (a1 % a2 != 0)
38                 {
39                     int rem = a1 % a2;
40                     a1 = a2;
41                     a2 = rem;
42                 }
43                 ans = a2;
44             }
45             ans=(t1/ans)*t2;
46             //System.out.println("Result : " + ans);
47             return ans;
48         }
49     }
```



BLOCK	Lines
1	10-17
2	19-20
3	24
4	26
5	28
6	32
7	37
8	39-41
9	43
10	45-49

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[3,4],[3,7],[4,5],[4,6],[6,10],[5,10],[7,8],[8,7],[7,9],[9,10]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,3,4,5,10],[1,3,4,6,10],[1,3,7,9,10],[1,3,7,8],[7,8,7],[8,7,8],[8,7,9,10]

The Test path suite that does both edge coverage and prime path coverage is:

[1,2], [1,3,4,5,10], [1,3,4,6,10], [1,3,7,9,10], [1,3,7,8,7,8,7,9,10]

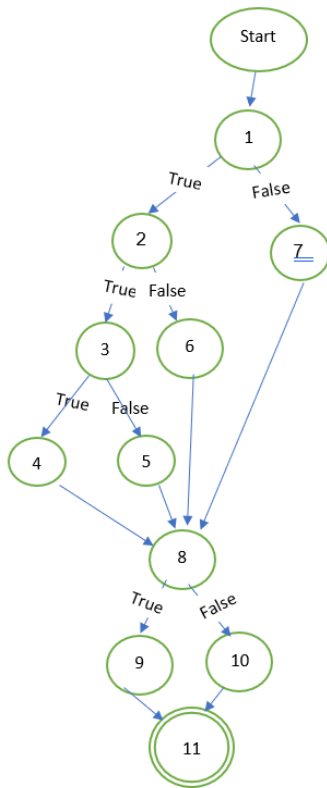
JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths:

```

20      @Test
21      public void LCMTest(){
22          assertEquals( expected: -1,a.lcm(-1,2), message: "LCM test successful");
23          assertEquals( unexpected: 1,a.lcm(-1,1));
24
25          assertEquals( expected: 0,a.lcm(0,1), message: "LCM test successful");
26          assertEquals( unexpected: 1,a.lcm(0,1));
27
28          assertEquals( expected: 0,a.lcm(1,0), message: "LCM test successful");
29          assertEquals( unexpected: 1,a.lcm(1,0));
30
31          assertEquals( expected: 4,a.lcm(4,4), message: "LCM test successful");
32          assertEquals( unexpected: 2,a.lcm(4,4));
33
34          assertEquals( expected: 12,a.lcm(4,3), message: "LCM test successful");
35          assertEquals( unexpected: 1,a.lcm(4,3));
  
```

4 LeapYear.java

```
5 public class LeapYear
6 {
7     8 usages  ⚙️ kratos12310
8     public boolean checkLeap(int y)
9     {
10         int yr=y;
11         boolean leap_year = false;
12         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
13         System.out.println("Year Entered is: "+yr);
14         //year=sc.nextInt();
15         if (yr % 4 == 0)
16         {
17             if (yr % 100 == 0)
18             {
19                 if (yr % 400 == 0)
20                 {
21                     leap_year = true;
22                 }
23                 else
24                 {
25                     leap_year = false;
26                 }
27             }
28             else
29             {
30                 leap_year = true;
31             }
32         }
33         else
34         {
35             leap_year = false;
36         }
37         System.out.println("Result: ");
38         if (leap_year)
39         {
40             System.out.println(yr + " : Leap-year");
41         }
42         else
43         {
44             System.out.println(yr + " : Non Leap-year");
45         }
46         return leap_year;
47     }
48 }
```



BLOCK	Lines
1	9-14
2	16
3	18
4	20
5	24
6	29
7	34
8	36-37
9	39
10	43
11	45

Edge Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,7],[2,3],[2,6],[3,5],[3,4],[4,8],[5,8],[6,8],[8,10],[7,8],[8,9],[10,11],[9,11]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2,3,4,8,9,11], [1,2,3,4,8,10,11],[1,2,3,5,8,9,11],[1,2,3,5,8,10,11], [1,2,6,8,9,11],[1,2,6,8,10,11],[1,7,8,9,11],[1,7,8,10,11]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is: [1,2,3,4,8,9,11], [1,2,3,4,8,10,11],[1,2,3,5,8,9,11],[1,2,3,5,8,10,11],[1,2,6,8,9,11],[1,2,6,8,10,11],[1,7,8,9,11],[1,7,8,10,11]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths except the infeasible prime paths:

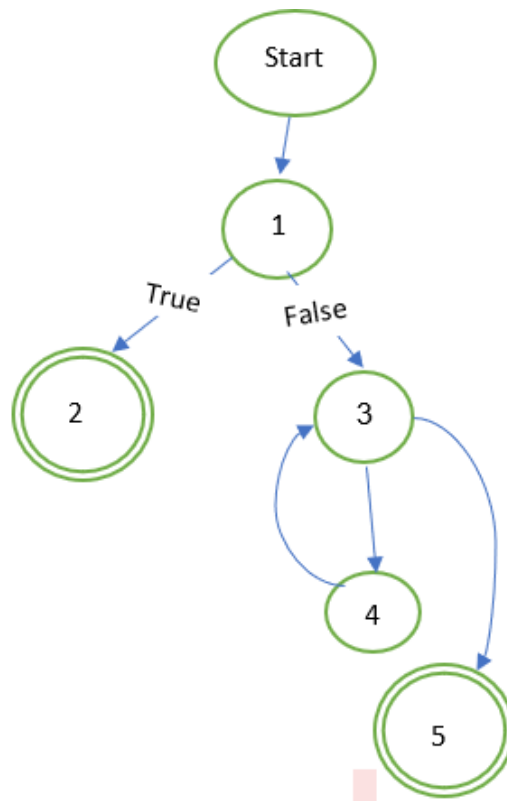
```

22      @Test
23      public void LeapYearTest() {
24          assertEquals( expected: true, a.checkLeap( y: 1600), message: "Leap Year test successful");
25          assertEquals( unexpected: false, a.checkLeap( y: 1600));
26
27          assertEquals( expected: false, a.checkLeap( y: 1700), message: "Leap Year test successful");
28          assertEquals( unexpected: true, a.checkLeap( y: 1700));
29
30          assertEquals( expected: true, a.checkLeap( y: 1988), message: "Leap Year test successful");
31          assertEquals( unexpected: false, a.checkLeap( y: 1988));
32
33          assertEquals( expected: false, a.checkLeap( y: 2021), message: "Leap Year test successful");
34          assertEquals( unexpected: true, a.checkLeap( y: 2021));
  
```

5. NthFibo.java

```
8      public int fib(int nn)
9      {
10         int n=nn;
11         System.out.println("Enter a Num to find the Nth fibonacci Num ");
12         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
13         // n=sc.nextInt();
14         int a = 0;
15         int b = 1;
16         int c;
17         if (n == 0)
18         {
19             System.out.println("The Nth fibonacci number is 0");
20             return a;
21         }
22         int i=2;
23         while(i<=n)
24         {
25             c = a + b;
26             a = b;
27             b = c;
28             i++;
29         }
30         System.out.println("The Nth fibonacci number is "+b);
31         return b;
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	10-17
2	19-20
3	22-23
4	25-28
5	30-31



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[3,4],[4,3],[3,5]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3,5],[1,3,4],[3,4,3],[4,3,4],[4,3,5]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2], [1,3,5], [1,3,4,3,4,3,5]

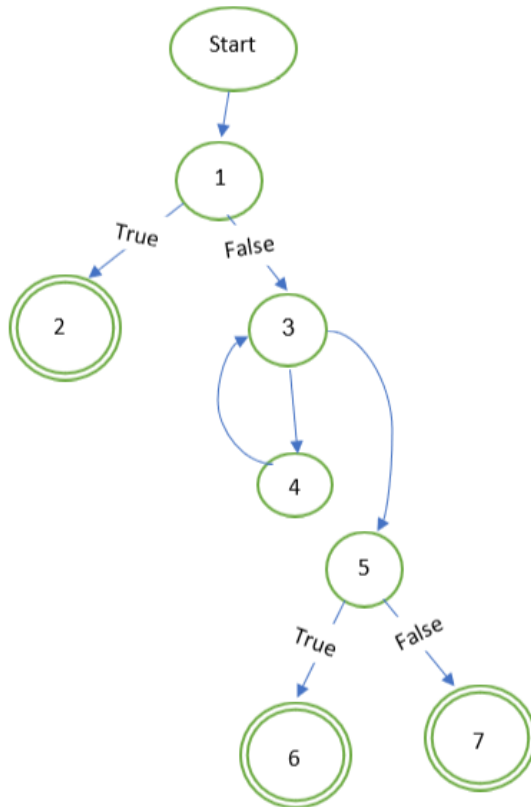
JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths:

```

20  @Test
21  public void FiboTest() {
22      assertEquals( expected: 0, a.fib( nn: 0), message: "Fibo test successful");
23      assertEquals( unexpected: 1, a.fib( nn: 0));
24
25      assertEquals( expected: 1, a.fib( nn: 1), message: "Fibo test successful");
26      assertEquals( unexpected: 0, a.fib( nn: 1));
27
28      assertEquals( expected: 2, a.fib( nn: 3), message: "Fibo test successful");
29      assertEquals( unexpected: 1, a.fib( nn: 3));
  
```

6. PalindromeCheck.java

```
7      public int palin(int nn)
8      {
9          int r;
10         int sum = 0;
11         int temp;
12         int n=nn ;
13         Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
14         // System.out.println("Enter The Num to check");
15         //n=sc.nextInt();
16         temp = n;
17         if(n<0)
18         {
19             System.out.println("Wrong Input");
20             return -2;
21         }
22         while (n > 0)
23         {
24             r = n % 10; //getting remainder
25             sum = (sum * 10) + r;
26             n = n / 10;
27         }
28         if (temp == sum)
29         {
30             System.out.println("palindrome number ");
31             return 1;
32         }
33         else
34         {
35             System.out.println("not palindrome");
36             return -1;
37         }
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	9-17
2	19-20
3	22
4	24-26
5	28
6	30-31
7	35-36

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[3,4],[4,3],[3,5],[5,6],[5,7]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3,4],[3,4,3],[4,3,4],[1,3,5,7],[1,3,5,6],[4,3,5,6],[4,3,5,7]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2], [1,3,5,6], [1,3,5,7], [1,3,4,3,5,7], [1,3,4,3,4,3,5,6]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths excluding infeasible prime paths :

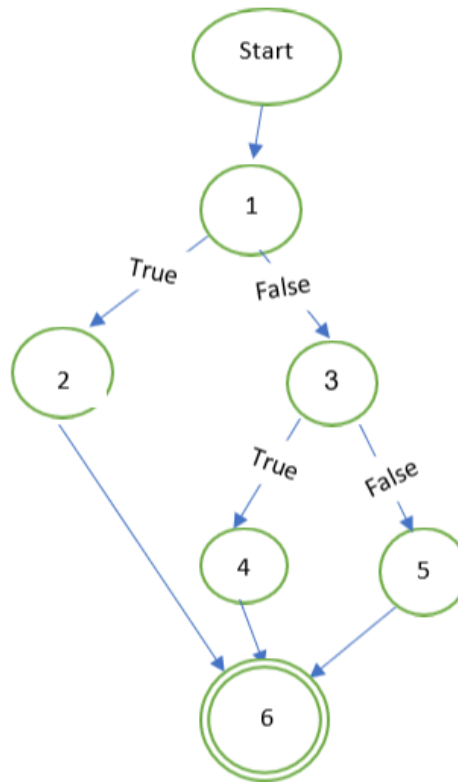
```

22      @Test
23      public void PalindromeCheckTest() {
24
25          assertEquals( expected: -2, a.palin( nn: -3), message: "Palindrome test successful");
26          assertEquals( unexpected: 1, a.palin( nn: -3));
27
28          assertEquals( expected: 1, a.palin( nn: 212), message: "Palindrome test successful");
29          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.palin( nn: 212));
30
31          assertEquals( expected: -1, a.palin( nn: 345), message: "Palindrome test successful");
32          assertEquals( unexpected: 1, a.palin( nn: 345));
33
34          assertEquals( expected: 1, a.palin( nn: 0), message: "Palindrome test successful");
35          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.palin( nn: 0));
  
```

7. MaxThreeNos.java

```
5      public int maxNum(int n1, int n2, int n3) {
6          int num1 = n1;
7          int num2 = n2;
8          int num3 = n3;
9          int max=-1;
10         if (num1 >= num2 && num1 >= num3)
11         {
12             System.out.println(num1 + " is the maximum number.");
13             max=num1;
14         }
15         else if (num2 >= num1 && num2 >= num3)
16         {
17             System.out.println(num2 + " is the maximum number.");
18             max=num2;
19         }
20         else
21         {
22             System.out.println(num3 + " is the maximum number.");
23             max=num3;
24         }
25         return max;
26     }
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	6-10
2	12-13
3	15
4	17-18
5	22-23
6	25



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[2,6],[3,4],[3,5],[4,6],[5,6]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3,4,6],[1,3,5,6]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2],[1,3,4,6],[1,3,5,6]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

```

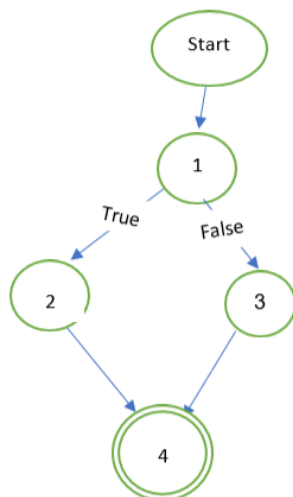
21      @Test
22      public void MaxThreeNosTest() {
23          assertEquals( expected: 30, a.maxNum(10,20,30), message: "MaxNum test successful");
24          assertEquals( unexpected: 10, a.maxNum(10,20,30));
25
26          assertEquals( expected: 30, a.maxNum(10,30,20), message: "MaxNum test successful");
27          assertEquals( unexpected: 10, a.maxNum(10,30,20));
28
29          assertEquals( expected: 30, a.maxNum(30,20,10), message: "MaxNum test successful");
30          assertEquals( unexpected: 10, a.maxNum(30,20,10));
31      }
  
```

8. TriplePythoVal.java

```

5  public boolean triplePythoCheck(int x,int y,int z) {
6
7      boolean ans = true;
8
9      int max = Math.max(x, Math.max(y, z));
10     int min = Math.min(x, Math.min(y, z));
11     int mid = x + y + z - max - min;
12
13     if (min <= 0 || mid <= 0 || max <= 0)
14     {
15         ans = false;
16     }
17     else
18     {
19         ans = (min * min) + (mid * mid) == (max * max);
20     }
21     System.out.println("Result: "+ans);
22     return ans;

```



BLOCK	Lines
1	7-13
2	15
3	19
4	21-22

Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[2,4],[3,4]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2,4],[1,3,4]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2,4], [1,3,4]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

```

21  @Test
22  public void TriplePythoTest() {
23
24      assertEquals( expected: true, a.triplePythoCheck( x: 10, y: 24, z: 26), message: "Pythagorean Triplet test successful");
25      assertEquals( unexpected: true, a.triplePythoCheck( x: 10, y: 24, z: 27));
26
27      assertEquals( expected: false, a.triplePythoCheck( x: 3, y: 4, z: 6), message: "Pythagorean Triplet test successful");
28      assertEquals( unexpected: false, a.triplePythoCheck( x: 3, y: 4, z: 5));

```

9. AreaOfShapes.java

```
4      public double areacompute(int ch, double side1, double side2)
5      {
6          double ans=0;
7          switch(ch)
8          {
9              case 1:
10                 if(side1<0)
11                 {
12                     System.out.println("Negative side entered");
13                     ans = -1;
14                     break;
15                 }
16                 else
17                 {
18                     ans = 6 * side1 * side1;
19                     break;
20                 }
21              case 2:
22                 if(side1<0)
23                 {
24                     System.out.println("Negative side entered");
25                     ans = -1;
26                     break;
27                 }
28                 else
29                 {
30                     ans = 4 * Math.PI * side1 * side1;
31                     break;
32                 }
33             }
```

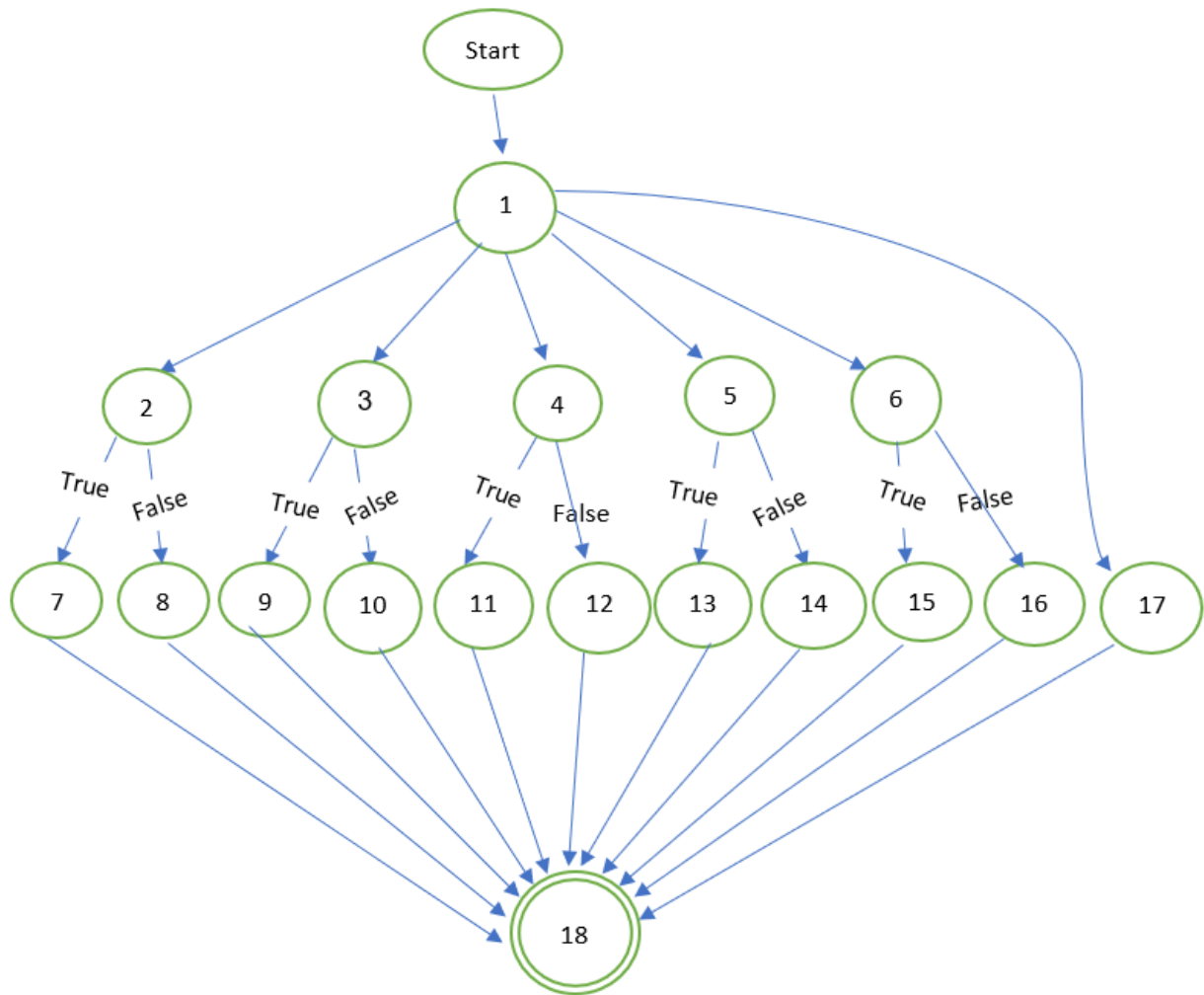
```
34             case 3:
35                 if(side1<0 || side2<0)
36                 {
37                     System.out.println("Negative side entered");
38                     ans = -1;
39                     break;
40                 }
41                 else
42                 {
43                     ans = Math.PI * side1 * (side1 + Math.pow((side2 * side2 + side1 * side1), 0.5));
44                     break;
45                 }
46             case 4:
47                 if(side1<0)
48                 {
49                     System.out.println("Negative side entered");
50                     ans = -1;
51                     break;
52                 }
53                 else
54                 {
55                     ans = 3 * Math.PI * side1 * side1;
56                     break;
57                 }
58             }
```

```

58         case 5:
59             if(side1<0 || side2<0)
60             {
61                 System.out.println("Negative side entered");
62                 ans = -1;
63                 break;
64             }
65             else
66             {
67                 ans = 2 * (Math.PI * side1 * side1 + Math.PI * side1 * s
68                 break;
69             }
70         default:
71             System.out.println("Invalid input");
72             ans = -1;
73     }
74     System.out.println("Result: "+ans);

```

BLOCK	Lines
1	6-7
2	9-10
3	21-22
4	34-35
5	46-47
6	58-59
7	12-14
8	18-19
9	24-26
10	30-31
11	37-39
12	43-44
13	49-51
14	55-56
15	61-63
16	67-68
17	70-72
18	74-75



Edge Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5],[1,6],[1,17],[2,7],[2,8],[3,9],[3,10],[4,11],[4,12],[5,13],[5,14],[6,15],[6,16],
[7,18],[8,18],[9,18],[10,18],[11,18],[12,18],[13,18],[14,18],[15,18],[16,18],[17,18]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2,7,18],[1,2,8,18],[1,3,9,18],[1,3,10,18],[1,4,11,18],[1,4,12,18],[1,5,13,18],[1,5,14,18],
[1,6,15,18],[1,6,16,18],[1,17,18]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2,7,18], [1,2,8,18], [1,3,9,18], [1,3,10,18], [1,4,11,18], [1,4,12,18], [1,5,13,18], [1,5,14,18],
[1,6,15,18], [1,6,16,18], [1,17,18]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

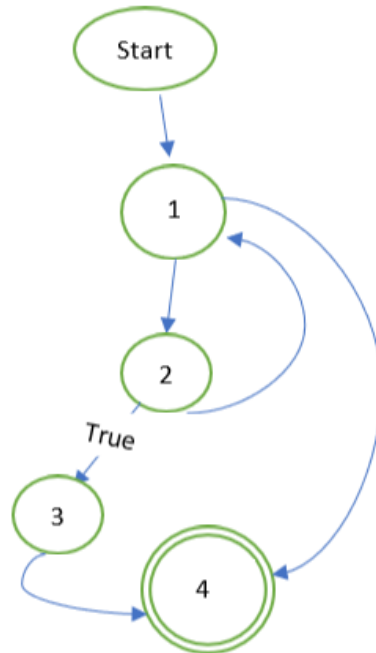
```
20 @Test
21 public void AreaTest() {
22     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 6, side1: 20, side2: 30), message: "Area test successful");
23     assertEquals( unexpected: 60, a.areaCompute( ch: 6, side1: 20, side2: 30));
24
25     assertEquals( expected: 2400, a.areaCompute( ch: 1, side1: 20, side2: 20), message: "Area test successful");
26     assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 1, side1: 20, side2: 20));
27
28     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 1, side1: -20, side2: -20), message: "Area test successful");
29     assertEquals( unexpected: 400, a.areaCompute( ch: 1, side1: -20, side2: -20));
30
31     assertEquals( expected: 5026.548245743669, a.areaCompute( ch: 2, side1: 20, side2: 20), message: "Area test successful");
32     assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 2, side1: 20, side2: 20));
33
34     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 2, side1: -20, side2: 20), message: "Area test successful");
35     assertEquals( unexpected: 5026.548245743669, a.areaCompute( ch: 2, side1: -20, side2: 20));
36
37     assertEquals( expected: 3522.0717412637127, a.areaCompute( ch: 3, side1: 20, side2: 30), message: "Area test successful");
38     assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 3, side1: 20, side2: 30));
39
40     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 3, side1: -20, side2: 30), message: "Area test successful");
41     assertEquals( unexpected: 3522.0717412637127, a.areaCompute( ch: 3, side1: -20, side2: 30));
42
43     assertEquals( expected: 3769.9111843077517, a.areaCompute( ch: 4, side1: 20, side2: 20), message: "Area test successful");
44     assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 4, side1: 20, side2: 20));
45
46     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 4, side1: -20, side2: -20), message: "Area test successful");
47     assertEquals( unexpected: 3769.9111843077517, a.areaCompute( ch: 4, side1: -20, side2: -20));
48
49     assertEquals( expected: 6283.185307179587, a.areaCompute( ch: 5, side1: 20, side2: 30), message: "Area test successful");
50     assertEquals( unexpected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 5, side1: 20, side2: 30));
51
52     assertEquals( expected: -1, a.areaCompute( ch: 5, side1: -20, side2: 30), message: "Area test successful");
53     assertEquals( unexpected: 6283.185307179587, a.areaCompute( ch: 6, side1: -20, side2: 30));
54 }
```


C. SEARCHING

1. LinearSearch.java

```
5  @ public int linearS(int val[], int num)
6  {
7
8      int res = -1;
9      for (int pos = 0; pos < val.length; pos++)
10     {
11         if (val[pos] == num)
12         {
13             res = pos;
14             break;
15         }
16     }
17
18     System.out.println("Result: "+res);
19     return res;
20 }
21 }
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	8-9
2	11
3	13-14
4	19-20



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[2,3],[2,1],[3,4],[1,4]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2,3,4],[1,2,1],[2,1,2],[2,1,4]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:
[1,2,1,2,1,2,3,4], [1,2,1,4]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

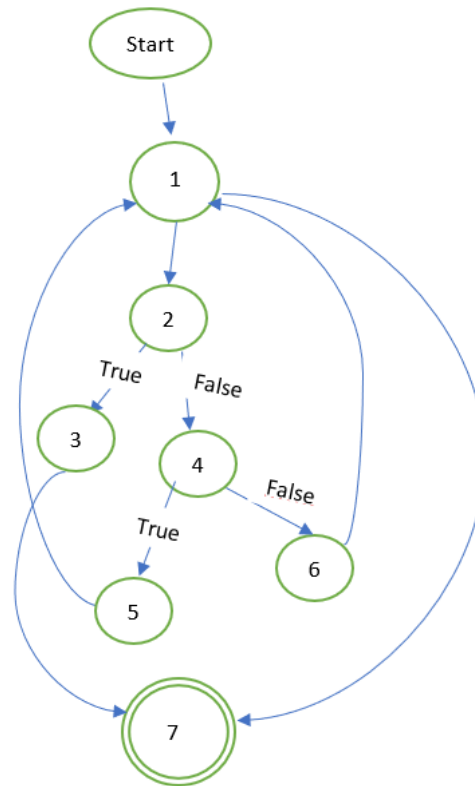
```

21      @Test
22      public void linearSearchTest() {
23          int arr[] = new int[]{-5,13,-4,21,16};
24
25          assertEquals( expected: 2, l.linearS(arr, num: -4), message: "Linear Search Test successful");
26          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, l.linearS(arr, num: -4));
27
28          assertEquals( expected: -1, l.linearS(arr, num: 12), message: "Linear Search Test successful");
29          assertEquals( unexpected: 1, l.linearS(arr, num: 12));
30      }
  
```

2. BinarySearch.java

```
5  @ public int binaryS (int val[], int num)
6  {
7      int left = 0;
8      int right = val.length - 1;
9      int res=-1;
10     while (left <= right)
11     {
12         int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
13         if (val[mid] == num)
14         {
15             res = mid;
16             break;
17         }
18         if (val[mid] < num)
19         {
20             left = mid + 1;
21         }
22         else
23         {
24             right = mid - 1;
25         }
26     }
27     System.out.println("Result: "+res);
28     return res;
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	7-10
2	12-13
3	15-16
4	18
5	20
6	24
7	27-28



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[2,3],[2,4],[3,7],[4,5],[4,6],[1,7],[5,1],[6,1]

Prime Path Coverage TR: [1,2,3,4,5,1],[1,2,4,6,1],[2,4,5,1,2],[2,4,6,1,2],[4,5,1,2,4],[4,6,1,2,4],[4,5,1,2,3,7],[4,6,1,2,3,7],[2,4,5,1,7],[2,4,6,1,7],[5,1,2,4,5],[5,1,2,4,6],[6,1,2,4,6],[6,1,2,4,5]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2,4,5,1,2,4,6,1,2,3,7], [1,2,4,6,1,2,4,5,1,2,3,7], [1,2,4,6,1,2,4,6,1,7], [1,2,4,5,1,2,4,5,1,7]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

```

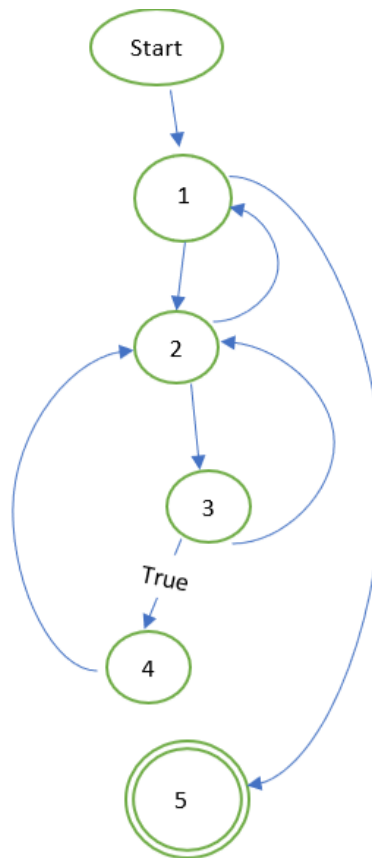
23      @Test
24      public void binarySearchTest() {
25          int arr[] = new int[]{6, 8, 12, 18, 21, 54, 57, 59, 60, 62, 65};
26
27          assertEquals( expected: 7, b.binaryS(arr, num: 59), message: "Binary Search Test successful");
28          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, b.binaryS(arr, num: 59));
29
30          assertEquals( expected: 4, b.binaryS(arr, num: 21), message: "Binary Search Test successful");
31          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, b.binaryS(arr, num: 21));
32
33          assertEquals( expected: 9, b.binaryS(arr, num: 62), message: "Binary Search Test successful");
34          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, b.binaryS(arr, num: 62));
35
36          assertEquals( expected: 2, b.binaryS(arr, num: 12), message: "Binary Search Test successful");
37          assertEquals( unexpected: -1, b.binaryS(arr, num: 12));
  
```

D. SORTING

1. BubbleSort.java

```
5  @ public int[] BSort(int val[])
6  {
7      int len = val.length;
8      for (int i = 0; i < len - 1; i++)
9      {
10         for (int j = 0; j < len - i - 1; j++)
11         {
12             if (val[j] > val[j + 1])
13             {
14                 // swap arr[j+1] and arr[j]
15                 int t = val[j];
16                 val[j] = val[j + 1];
17                 val[j + 1] = t;
18             }
19         }
20     }
21     return val;
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	7-8
2	10
3	12
4	14-17
5	21



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[2,3],[2,1],[3,2],[3,4],[4,2],[1,5]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2,3,4],[1,2,1],[2,1,2],[2,3,4,2],[2,3,2],[3,4,2,3],[3,2,3],[3,2,1,5],[3,4,2,1,5],[4,2,3,4]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2,1,2,3,4,2,3,2,3,2,1,5], [1,2,3,4,2,3,4,2,1,5]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

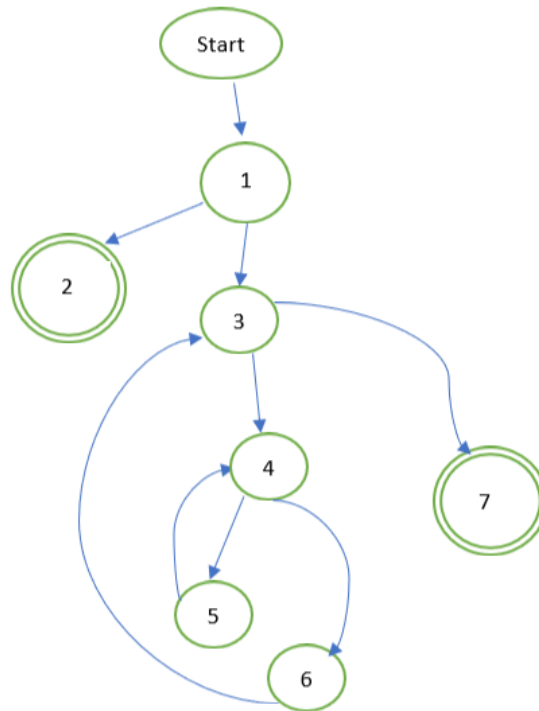
```

21      @Test
22      public void bubbleSortTest() {
23          int arr1[] = new int[]{6, 7, 9, 8, 10,11,15};
24          int arr2[] = new int[]{6, 7, 8, 9, 10,11,15};
25
26          int arr3[] = new int[]{7, 6, 5, 9};
27          int arr4[] = new int[]{5, 6, 7, 9};
28
29          assertEquals(arr2, b.BSort(arr1), message: "Test Success");
30          assertEquals(arr4, b.BSort(arr3), message: "Test Success");
31      }
  
```

2. InsertionSort.java

```
4  @ public int[] ISort(int [] val)
5  {
6      int len = val.length;
7      if(len==0)
8          return null;
9      for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
10     {
11         int piv =val[i];
12         int j = i - 1;
13
14         while (j >= 0 && val[j] > piv)
15         {
16             val[j + 1] = val[j];
17             j = j - 1;
18         }
19         val[j + 1] = piv;
20     }
21     return val;
22 }
```

BLOCK	Lines
1	6-7
2	8
3	9
4	11-14
5	16-17
6	19
7	21



Edge Coverage TR: [1,2],[1,3],[3,7],[3,4],[4,5],[5,4],[4,6],[6,3]

Prime Path Coverage TR:

[1,2],[1,3,7],[1,3,4,5],[1,3,4,6],[4,5,4],[5,4,5],[5,4,6,3,7],[3,4,6,3],[4,6,3,4],[6,3,4,5],[6,3,4,6]

The Test path suite that covers edge coverage & prime path coverage is:

[1,2], [1,3,7], [1,3,4,5,4,6,3,4,5,4,5,4,6,3,4,5,4,6,3,7], [1,3,4,6,3,4,6,3,7]

JUnit Test cases covering above mentioned Test paths is :

```

22      @Test
23      public void insertionSortTest() {
24          int arr1[] = new int[]{9, 6, 4, 8};
25          int arr2[] = new int[]{4, 6, 8, 9};
26          int arr3[] = new int[]{1};
27
28          assertEquals(arr2, i.ISort(arr1));
29
30          assertEquals(arr3, i.ISort(arr3));
31
32          assertEquals(arr2, i.ISort(arr2));
33
34          assertNull(i.ISort(new int[]{}));
35      }
  
```


ALL TEST FILES:

✓ <default package>	185 ms	30 is the maximum number.
> ✓ HCFTTest	29 ms	30 is the maximum number.
> ✓ BubbleSortTest	4 ms	30 is the maximum number.
> ✓ BinarySearchTest	10 ms	30 is the maximum number.
> ✓ MaxThreeNosTest	9 ms	
> ✓ OperationsTest	27 ms	Here are your options:
> ✓ NthFiboTest	4 ms	
> ✓ LeapYearTest	11 ms	1. Addition, 2. Subtraction, 3. Division, 4. Multiplication
> ✓ PalindromeCheckTest	2 ms	Your answer is 3.0
> ✓ TriplePythoValTest	2 ms	
> ✓ LCMTest	4 ms	Here are your options:
> ✓ LinearSearchTest	2 ms	
> ✓ AreaOfShapesTest	4 ms	1. Addition, 2. Subtraction, 3. Division, 4. Multiplication
✓ AdvancedOperationsTest	75 ms	Your answer is -1.0
✓ runTest	75 ms	
> ✓ InsertionSortTest	1 ms	
✓ ArmstrongNumTest	1 ms	Here are your options:
✓ ArmstrongNumTest	1 ms	

CONTRIBUTING TEAM MEMBERS:

Astha Borkataky (MT2021027) : Formulated all the CFGs for all the source codes & Report Preparation.

Gaurav Kumar (MT2021046) : Test Requirement and Test Path formation for each source code to fulfill the mentioned Coverage criterias.

Satya Jyoti Das (MT2021120) : Implemented the source codes and the JUnit test case files with appropriate Test Case designing that fits the Test Paths formulated for each source code.