The Welkin Standard

Syntax

Atoms

- Strings are sequences of characters.
- Identifiers are strings without white space.
- Numbers are a subset of strings with an injective function $q: \text{NUMBER} \to \mathbb{Q}$.

Semantics

Equality on Terms

- Two strings are equal if they contain the same strings, in order.
- Two numbers are equal if q(a) = q(b).

A Welkin Information Graph (WIG) is a structure G = (T, H) with two components:

- A tree *T*,
- A hypergraph H.

The $\mathbf{encoding}\;E_G$ of the WIG G is the unique string where

- All nodes are listed in breadth-first order
- Leaves are terms ending with #
- Edges are enumerated, starting from 0. They are included in nodes:
 - s means source,
 - c means connector,
 - ullet t means target.