



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology

Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Experiment No. 8

Implement Restoring algorithm using c-programming

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Date of Performance:

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Aim: To implement Restoring division algorithm using c-programming.

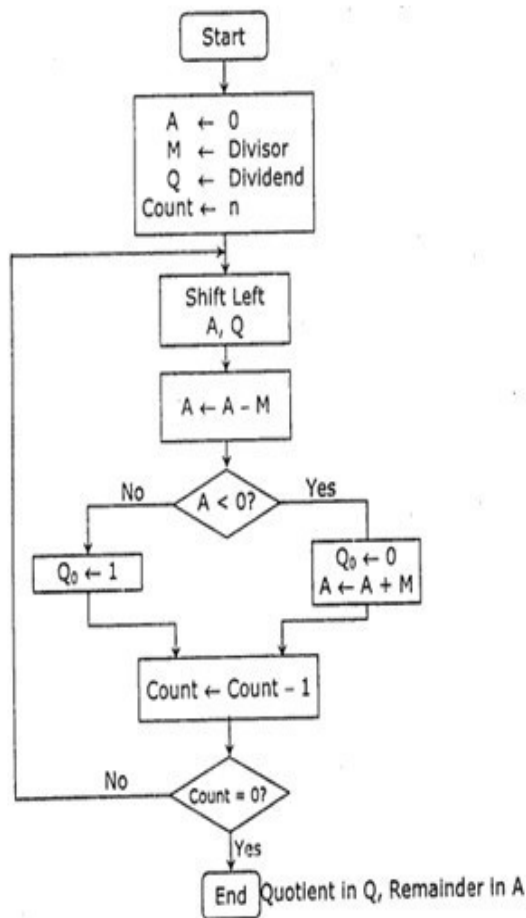
Objective -

- To understand the working of Restoring division algorithm.
- To understand how to implement Restoring division algorithm using c-programming.

Theory:

- 1) The divisor is placed in M register, the dividend placed in Q register.
- 2) At every step, the A and Q registers together are shifted to the left by 1-bit
- 3) M is subtracted from A to determine whether A divides the partial remainder. If it does, then Q0 set to 1-bit. Otherwise, Q0 gets a 0 bit and M must be added back to A to restore the previous value.
- 4) The count is then decremented and the process continues for n steps. At the end, the quotient is in the Q register and the remainder is in the A register.

Flowchart



Perform $8 \div 3$ by restoring division technique.

	A Register	Q Register	
Initially	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	First Cycle
Shift	0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 □	
Subtract M	<u>1 1 1 0 1</u>		
Set Q ₀	① 1 1 1 0		
Restore(A+M)	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	Second Cycle
Shift	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 □	
Subtract M	<u>1 1 1 0 1</u>		
Set Q ₀	① 1 1 1 1		
Restore(A+M)	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	Third Cycle
Shift	0 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 □	
Subtract M	<u>1 1 1 0 1</u>		
Set Q ₀	① 0 0 0 1		
Shift	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1	Fourth Cycle
Subtract M	<u>1 1 1 0 1</u>	0 0 1 □	
Set Q ₀	① 1 1 1 1		
Restore(A+M)	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0	
	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	
	Remainder	Quotient	

Program-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int dec_bin(int, int []);
int twos(int [], int []); int
left(int [], int []); int
add(int [], int []);
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
int a, b, m[4]={0,0,0,0}, q[4]={0,0,0,0}, acc[4]={0,0,0,0}, m2[4], i, n=4;
printf("Enter the Dividend: "); scanf("%d", &a); printf("Enter
the Divisor: "); scanf("%d", &b); dec_bin(a, q); dec_bin(b, m);
twos(m, m2);
```



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```
printf("\nA\tQ\tComments\n");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", acc[i]);
}
printf("\t");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", q[i]);
}
printf("\tStart\n");
while(n>0)
{
left(acc, q);
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    {
        printf("%d", acc[i]);
    }
    printf("\t");
    for(i=3; i>=1; i--)
    {
        printf("%d", q[i]);
    }
    printf("_\tLeft Shift A,Q\n");
add(acc, m2);
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    {
        printf("%d", acc[i]);
    }
    printf("\t");
for(i=3; i>=1; i--)
{
    printf("%d", q[i]);
}
    printf("_\tA=A-M\n");
    if(acc[3]==0)
    {
q[0]=1;
```



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```
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    {
        printf("%d", acc[i]);
    }
printf("\t");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", q[i]);
}
printf("\tQo=1\n");
}    else
{
    q[0]=0;
add(acc, m);
    for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
    {
        printf("%d", acc[i]);
    }
printf("\t");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", q[i]);
}
printf("\tQo=0; A=A+M\n");    }    n--;
}
printf("\nQuotient = ");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", q[i]);
}
printf("\tRemainder = ");
for(i=3; i>=0; i--)
{
    printf("%d", acc[i]);
}
printf("\n");
return 0; }
```



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```
int dec_bin(int d, int m[])
{
    int b=0, i=0;
    for(i=0; i<4; i++)
    {
        m[i]=d%2;
        d=d/2;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
int twos(int m[], int m2[])
{
    int i, m1[4];
    for(i=0; i<4; i++)
    {
        if(m[i]==0)
        {
            m1[i]=1;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        m1[i]=0;
    }
    }
    for(i=0; i<4; i++)
    {
        m2[i]=m1[i];
    }
    if(m2[0]==0)
    {
        m2[0]=1;
    }
    else
    {
        m2[0]=0;
    }
    if(m2[1]==0)
    {
        m2[1]=1;
    }
}
```



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```
    }  
else  
{  
    m2[1]=0;  
    if(m2[2]==0)  
    {  
        m2[2]=1;  
    }  
else  
{  
m2[2]=0;  
    if(m2[3]==0)  
    {  
        m2[3]=1;  
    }  
else  
{  
    m2[3]=0;  
    }  
    }  
    }  
    }  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
int left(int acc[], int q[])  
{  
    int i;  
    for(i=3; i>0; i--)  
    {  
        acc[i]=acc[i-1];  
    }  
    acc[0]=q[3];  
    for(i=3; i>0; i--)  
    {  
        q[i]=q[i-1];  
    }  
}
```



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```
int add(int acc[], int m[])
{ int i, carry=0;
  for(i=0; i<4; i++)
  {
    if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==0)
    {
      acc[i]=0;
      carry=0;
    }
    else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==1)
    {
      acc[i]=1;
      carry=0;
    }
    else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==2)
    {
      acc[i]=0;
      carry=1;
    }
    else if(acc[i]+m[i]+carry==3)
    {
      acc[i]=1;
      carry=1;
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Output -

Enter the Dividend: 12

Enter the Divisor: 2

A	Q	Comments
0000	1100	Start
0001	100_	Left Shift A,Q
1111	100_	A=A-M
0001	1000	Qo=0; A=A+M



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0011 000_ Left Shift A,Q
0001 000_ $A=A-M$
0001 0001 $Q_0=1$
0010 001_ Left Shift A,Q
0000 001_ $A=A-M$
0000 0011 $Q_0=1$
0000 011_ Left Shift A,Q
1110 011_ $A=A-M$
0000 0110 $Q_0=0; A=A+M$
Quotient = 0110 Remainder = 0000

Conclusion -

This experiment concerning the Restoring Division Algorithm has furnished an in-depth grasp of this essential approach to binary division. The algorithm's meticulous, sequential restoration process facilitates precise quotient computation, endowing it with substantial utility in the realm of computer arithmetic. This experiment has not only underscored the significance of comprehending and putting into practice division algorithms but has also exemplified its pragmatic utilization across a spectrum of computer systems and data processing assignments.