

Find EOM & Tuv for:-

$$S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[\frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi - V(\phi) \right]$$

$$\delta S_M = S[\phi + \delta\phi] - S[\phi]$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[\frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu (\phi + \delta\phi) \partial_\nu (\phi + \delta\phi) - V(\phi + \delta\phi) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi + V(\phi) \right]$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[\frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \left(\partial_\mu (\phi + \delta\phi) \partial_\nu (\phi + \delta\phi) - \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi \right) \right. \\ \left. - (V(\phi + \delta\phi) - V(\phi)) \right]$$

$$(\partial_\mu \phi + \partial_\mu \delta\phi)(\partial_\nu \phi + \partial_\nu \delta\phi) - \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi \quad \text{(Taking 1st order)} \\ = \partial_\nu \phi \partial_\mu \delta\phi + \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \delta\phi + \cancel{(\partial_\mu \delta\phi \partial_\nu \delta\phi)}$$

$$= \underline{2 \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \delta\phi}$$

$$V(\phi + \delta\phi) - V(\phi) = V(\phi) + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \delta\phi - V(\phi)$$

$$= \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \delta\phi$$

$$\therefore \delta S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[\frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \delta\phi - \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \delta\phi \right] = 0$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[(\partial_\mu \partial_\nu \phi) g^{\mu\nu} \delta\phi - \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \delta\phi \right] = 0$$

Integrate by parts

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu \phi - \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \right] \delta\phi = 0$$

$$\therefore \left[g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \partial_\nu \phi = \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} \right]$$

Now, $\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi - V(\phi)$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\mu\nu} = 2 \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} - \mathcal{L} g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 1}{2} \frac{\partial g^{\mu\nu}}{\partial g^{\alpha\beta}} \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi$$

$$- \frac{2 \times 1}{2} \frac{\partial g^{\alpha\beta}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi - \left(\frac{1}{2} g^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi - V(\phi) \right) g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (\delta_\mu^\alpha \delta_\nu^\beta + \delta_\nu^\alpha \delta_\mu^\beta) \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi - \frac{1}{2} g^{\alpha\beta} g_{\mu\nu} \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi$$

$$+ g_{\mu\nu} V(\phi)$$

$$T_{\mu\nu} = -\partial_\mu \phi \partial_\nu \phi - \frac{1}{2} g^{\alpha\beta} g_{\mu\nu} \partial_\alpha \phi \partial_\beta \phi + g_{\mu\nu} V(\phi)$$

(b) $S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} F_{\mu\nu} F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$$

$$\Rightarrow S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha) g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta_A S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[\right]$$

$$\delta_A S_M = \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[(\partial_\mu (A_\nu + \delta A_\nu) - \partial_\nu (A_\mu + \delta A_\mu)) (\partial_\alpha (A_\beta + \delta A_\beta) - \partial_\beta (A_\alpha + \delta A_\alpha)) - (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha) \right] g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[(\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu + \partial_\mu \delta A_\nu - \partial_\nu \delta A_\mu) (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha + \partial_\alpha \delta A_\beta - \partial_\beta \delta A_\alpha) - (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha) \right] g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[(F_{\mu\nu} + \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) (F_{\alpha\beta} + \partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha) - F_{\mu\nu} F_{\alpha\beta} \right] \times g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[F_{\mu\nu} F_{\alpha\beta} + (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) F_{\alpha\beta} + (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha) F_{\mu\nu} - F_{\mu\nu} F_{\alpha\beta} + \text{higher order terms} \right] \times g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$= \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} \left[2 (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta} \right]$$

Using the property that g is always symmetric & replacing $(\alpha, \beta) \leftrightarrow (\mu, \nu)$ in 2nd term

$$= 2 \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} (\partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu) F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta}$$

$$= 2 \int d^4x \sqrt{|g|} (\partial_\alpha A_\beta - \partial_\beta A_\alpha)$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial_\alpha F^{\alpha\beta} = \partial_\alpha (g^{\beta\mu} F_{\mu\nu} g^{\nu\alpha} |g|)$$

$$\& T_{\mu\nu} = 2 \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} - \mathcal{L} g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= 2 F_{\alpha\gamma} F_{\alpha\beta} \left(\frac{\partial g^{\mu\alpha}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} \right)$$

$$= 2 F_{\gamma\delta} F_{\alpha\beta} \left(\frac{\partial g^{\gamma\alpha} g^{\delta\beta}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} + \frac{\partial g^{\delta\beta}}{\partial g^{\mu\nu}} g^{\gamma\alpha} \right) - F_{\gamma\delta} F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\gamma\alpha} g^{\delta\beta} g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= 2 F_{\gamma\delta} F_{\alpha\beta} \left[(\delta_\mu^\gamma \delta_\nu^\alpha + \delta_\nu^\gamma \delta_\mu^\alpha) g^{\delta\beta} + (\delta_\mu^\delta \delta_\nu^\beta + \delta_\nu^\delta \delta_\mu^\beta) g^{\gamma\alpha} \right] - g^{\gamma\alpha} g^{\delta\beta} g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= [F_{\gamma\delta} F_{\alpha\beta}] = F_{\mu\delta} F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\delta\beta} + F_{\nu\delta} F_{\mu\beta} g^{\delta\beta} + F_{\gamma\mu} F_{\alpha\nu} g^{\gamma\alpha} + F_{\gamma\nu} F_{\alpha\mu} g^{\gamma\alpha} - g^{\gamma\alpha} g^{\delta\beta} g_{\mu\nu}$$

$$= 4 F_{\mu\alpha} F_{\nu\beta} g^{\alpha\beta} - F_{\gamma\delta} F_{\alpha\beta} g^{\gamma\alpha} g^{\delta\beta} g_{\mu\nu}$$