



BEKASI-EAST JAKARTA AIRPORT AIR SIDE

Attachment

Degree: Master's degree in Aerospace Engineering **Course:** 220304 - Airports design and construction

Delivery date: 10-12-2017

Students: Abiétar Moreno, Sergi; Delgado Chicote, Miguel; Fernández Porta, Sergi;

Fernández Sanz, Sergio; Fontanes Molina, Pol and Vidal Pedrola, Xavier



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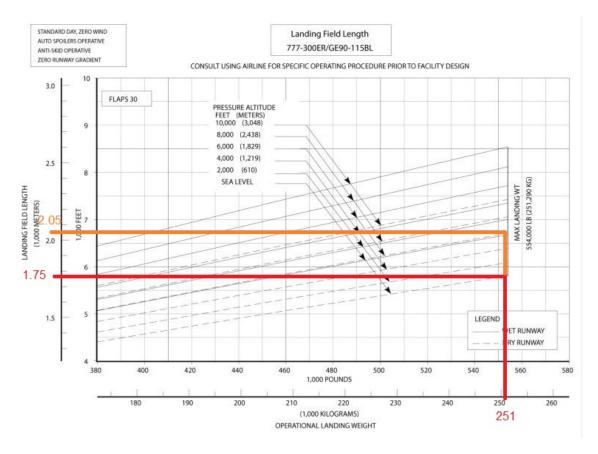


1 Runway design

1.1 Declared distances

1.1.1 Runway 1

The first declared distance that will be calculated is the landing distance. Using the maximum landing weight (251.000kg) which can be found in the same paper and considering standard atmosphere conditions and sea level, the value can be obtained using the graph shown below:





The landing distance is 1.750m for dry runway and 2.050 for wet runway. Since the runway length is higher than those values, the available landing distance will be equal to the runway length. Now, increasing its value by a coefficient of 67%, the final landing distance obtained is 2.920m in dry runways and 3.417m.

The next distance that will be calculated is the takeoff length without engine failure (TODA). In order to calculate it, the reference field length (3.290m) will be corrected with a factor of 15Moving into the takeoff length with engine failure (TORA), some hypotheses need to be done in order to calculate the final distance. Due to the fact that the engine failure occurs after the critical velocity (v1) which is achieved at the 70Finally, the last declared distance is the Accelerate-Stop Distance Available (ASDA). This distance also requires a hypothesis in order to be solved. The takeoff is cancelled before the critical velocity (v1), thus at the 65

1.1.2 Runway 2



2 | Taxiway design

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- 2.2 Taxiway width
- 2.3 Taxiway turns
- 2.4 Taxiway overwidths (sobreanchos)
- 2.5 Taxiway shoulders
- 2.6 Taxiway strips
- 2.7 Rapid exit taxiways
- 2.7.1 Introduction
- 2.7.2 Number of rapid exit taxiways
- 2.7.3 Design of rapid exit taxiways



3 Holding positions

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Minimum distance between holding position and runway
- 3.3 Interference with critical and ILS sensible areas
- 3.4 Interference with CWY and physical obstacles
- 3.4.1 Separation between aircraft (guardas entre aeronaves)
- 3.5 Final design of holding positions



4 Apron design

- 4.1 Introduction
- 4.2 Apron taxiways
- 4.3 Aircraft stands
- 4.3.1 General dimensions of aircraft stands
- 4.3.2 Dimensions for reference aircraft
- 4.3.3 Aircraft stands organization
- 4.4 No equipment and holding equipment areas
- 4.5 Apron trajectories
- 4.6 Service ways in apron
- 4.7 Terminal connections





5 Markings

5.1	Runway	mark	kings

- 5.1.1 Runway centerline markings
- 5.1.2 Runway side strip markings
- 5.1.3 Runway threshold markings
- 5.1.4 Runway Idesignation marking
- 5.1.5 Runway aiming point markings
- 5.1.6 Runway touchdown zone markings

5.2 Taxiway markings

- 5.2.1 Taxiway centerline markings
- 5.2.2 Taxiway strip markings
- 5.2.3 Taxiway holding position markings
- 5.2.4 Intermediate holding position markings
- 5.2.5 Runway entry holding position markings
- 5.2.6 Mandatory instruction marking

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6 | Lights

6.1	Runway	lights
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- 6.1.1 Approach lights
- 6.1.2 Approach slope indication systems
- 6.1.3 Runway threshold identification lights
- 6.1.4 Runway edge lights
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- 6.2.4 Taxiway edge lights



7 | Signs

- 7.1 Mandatory instruction signs
- 7.2 Information signs



8 High-voltage electrical system

- 8.1 Electrical system general design
- 8.2 Connection sub-stations
- 8.3 Electric powerplant
- 8.4 Electrical transformation center
- 8.5 Channeling and distribution of the electrical system



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9 | Medium voltage electrical system

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9.2 Regulation chambers

9.3 Wire channeling



10 | Aeronautical surfaces

limitation

- 10.1 Physical limitation surfaces
- 10.2 ILS limitation surfaces
- 10.3 Localizer limitation surfaces
- 10.4 Gliding trajectory protection limitation surfaces



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