Write a C program to print all-natural numbers between 1 to n using recursion.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
  2 void display(int);
  3 int main()
  4 - {
  5
         int limit;
         printf("Enter the number of terms to be printed:");
  6
         scanf("%d", &limit);
  8
         printf("Natural Numbers from 1 To %d are:", limit);
         display(limit);
  9
 10
 11
 12
     void display(int num)
 13 - {
 14
         if(num)
            display(num-1);
 15
         else
 16
 17
            return;
 18
 19
         printf("%d ", num);
 20 }
enter the number of terms to be printed:5
Natural Numbers from 1 To 5 are:1 2 3 4 5
 .Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to print all even or odd numbers in given range using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 void printEvenOdd(int cur, int limit);
  3 int main()
 4 - {
 5
        int lowerLimit, upperLimit;
        printf("Enter lower limit: ");
  6
        scanf("%d", &lowerLimit);
        printf("Enter upper limit: ");
  9
        scanf("%d", &upperLimit);
 10
        printf("Even/odd Numbers from %d to %d are: ", lowerLimit, upperLimit);
 11
        printEvenOdd(lowerLimit, upperLimit);
 12
 13 }
14 void printEvenOdd(int cur, int limit)
 15 - {
 16
        if(cur > limit)
17
        return;
 18
        printf("%d, ", cur);
 19
        printEvenOdd(cur + 2, limit);
 20
21 }
```

```
input

Enter lower limit: 3
Enter upper limit: 8
Even/odd Numbers from 3 to 8 are: 3, 5, 7,

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to find sum of all-natural numbers between 1 to n using recursion.

```
input

Enter upper limit: 8

Sum of first 8 natural numbers = 36

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to find sum of all even or odd numbers in given range using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
  2 int sumOfEvenOdd(int start, int end);
  3 int main()
  4 - {
  5
         int start, end, sum;
        printf("Enter lower limit: ");
        scanf("%d", &start);
        printf("Enter upper limit: ");
  9
        scanf("%d", &end);
 10
        printf("Sum of even/odd numbers between %d to %d = %d\n", start, end, sumOfEvenOdd(start, end));
 11
 12
 13
         return 0;
 14 }
     int sumOfEvenOdd(int start, int end)
 15
 16 - {
 17
        if(start > end)
 18
            return 0;
 19
            return (start + sumOfEvenOdd(start + 2, end));
 20
 21 }
V / 8
                                                                         input
Enter lower limit: 13
Enter upper limit: 21
Sum of even/odd numbers between 13 to 21 = 85
 .Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to find reverse of any number using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
  2
  3 int reversedNbr=0, remainder;
  4 - reverse(int nbr){
       if(nbr){
          remainder = nbr%10;
          reversedNbr = reversedNbr * 10 + remainder;
          reverse(nbr/10);
  9
 10
        else
 11
        return reversedNbr;
 12
        return reversedNbr;
 13 }
 14 int main()
 15 * {
       int r, nbr;
 16
        printf("Enter a number to reverse: ");
 17
       scanf("%d", &nbr);
 18
 19
       r = reverse(nbr);
        printf("The reversed number is = %d\n", r);
 20
 21 }
```

```
Enter a number to reverse: 34
The reversed number is = 43
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to check whether a number is palindrome or not using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   2 int main()
   3 - {
   4
          int n, reversed = 0, remainder, original;
         printf("Enter an integer: ");
   6
          scanf("%d", &n);
          original = n;
          while (n != 0)
   9 +
  10
              remainder = n % 10;
             reversed = reversed * 10 + remainder;
  11
 12
              n /= 10;
  13
          if (original == reversed)
  14
              printf("%d is a palindrome.", original);
  15
  16
          else
              printf("%d is not a palindrome.", original);
  17
  18 }

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Enter an integer: 12344321

12344321 is a palindrome.
 ..Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to find sum of digits of a given number using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   2
  3 int sumOfDigits(int num);
  4 int main()
  5 * {
   6
         int num, sum;
         printf("Enter any number to find sum of digits: ");
   7
         scanf("%d", &num);
   8
         sum = sumOfDigits(num);
   9
         printf("Sum of digits of %d = %d", num, sum);
  10
  11 }
  12
 13 int sumOfDigits(int num)
 14 - {
 15
         if(num == 0)
             return 0;
 16
 17
 18
         return ((num % 10) + sumOfDigits(num / 10));
 19 }
                                                                          input
Enter any number to find sum of digits: 1321345
Sum of digits of 1321345 = 19
 ..Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Write a C program to generate nth Fibonacci term using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
3 unsigned long long fibo(int num);
 5 int main()
 6 × {
       int num;
 8
       unsigned long long fibonacci;
       printf("Enter any number to find nth fiboacci term: ");
 9
       scanf("%d", &num);
10
11
       fibonacci = fibo(num);
12
13
       printf("%d fibonacci term is %llu", num, fibonacci);
14
15
16
       return 0;
17 }
18 unsigned long long fibo(int num)
19 - {
20
       if(num == 0)
21
       return 0;
22
       else if(num == 1)
           return 1;
23
24
       else
           return fibo(num-1) + fibo(num-2);
25
26 }
```

```
input

Enter any number to find nth fiboacci term: 9

9 fibonacci term is 34

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## Write a C program to find GCD (HCF) of two numbers using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2
3 int gcd(int a, int b);
5 int main()
 6 * {
       int num1, num2, hcf;
       printf("Enter any two numbers to find GCD(HCF): ");
9
       scanf("%d%d", &num1, &num2);
10
       hcf = gcd(num1, num2);
11
12
       printf("GCD(HCF) of %d and %d = %d", num1, num2, hcf);
13
14
15
       return 0;
16 }
17
18 int gcd(int a, int b)
19 - {
20
       if(b == 0)
21
           return a;
22
       else
           return gcd(b, a%b);
23
24 }
```

```
Enter any two numbers to find GCD(HCF): 120 22
GCD(HCF) of 120 and 22 = 2
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

## Write a C program to find LCM of two numbers using recursion.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 int gcd(int x, int y);
4 int main()
 5 * {
       int num1, num2, hcf, lcm;
       printf("Enter two integer numbers:");
 7
       scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
       hcf = gcd(num1, num2);
10
       printf("LCM: %d", (num1 * num2) / hcf);
11
       return 0;
12
13 }
14
15 int gcd(int x, int y)
16 - {
       if (y == 0)
17
18 -
19
           return x;
20
       else
21
22 -
           return gcd(y, x % y);
23
24
25 }
                                                                       input
```

```
Enter two integer numbers:34 7

LCM: 238

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```