Importing Spreadsheets or CSV files

QGIS Tutorials and Tips



Author
Ujaval Gandhi
http://google.com/+UjavalGandhi

Translations by Michael Gieding

Importing Spreadsheets or CSV files

Many times the GIS data comes in a table or an Excel spreadsheet. Also, if you have a list lat/long coordinates, you can easily import this data in your GIS project.

Overview of the task

We will be importing a text file of earthquake data to QGIS.

Get the data

NOAA's National Geophysical Data Center produces a great dataset of all significant earthquakes since 2150 BC. Learn more.

Download Significant Earthquake Database text file.

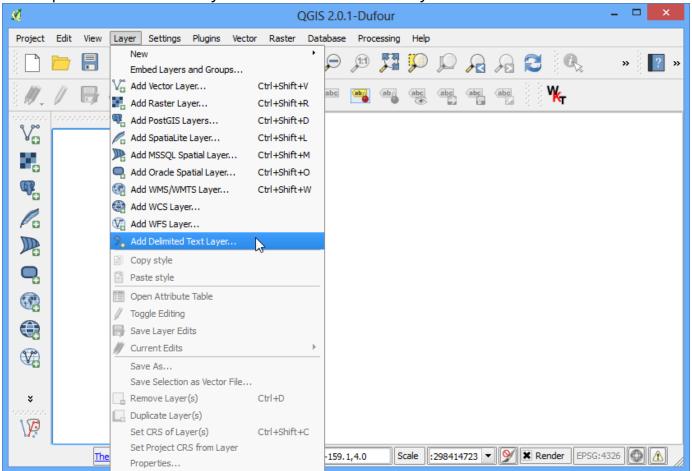
Data Source [NGDC]

Procedure

1. Examine your tabular data source. To import this data to QGIS, you will have to save it as a text file and need at least 2 columns which contain the X and Y coordinates. If you have a spreadsheet, use Save As function in your program to save it as a Tab Delimited File or a Comma Separated Values (CSV) file. Once you have the data exported this way, you can open it in a text editor such as Notepad to view the contents. In case of the Significant Earthquake Database, the data already comes as a text file which contains latitude and longitude of the earthquake centers along with other related attributes. You will see that each field is separated by a TAB.

signif.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help B **STATE** LOCATION NAME LATITUDE LONGITUDE REGION CODE **DEATHS** DEATHS DESCRIPTION **ISRAEL** ISRAEL: ARIHA (JERICHO) 31.500 35.300 9713 -480 29 1 103,900 30 2 GANSU PROVINCE: LONGXI 34.900 104,700 30 3 23 3 41 51 57 33.300 UKRAINE UKRAINE: BLACK SEA 44.700 1 67 155 3 1001 4 79 340 10 350 438 477 25 119 128 521 139 Tsu 551 558 147 12 25 5.5 549 9 12 715 7.9 175 745 6 187 778 2 199 811 844 9 18 219 853 857 Ln 1, Col 1

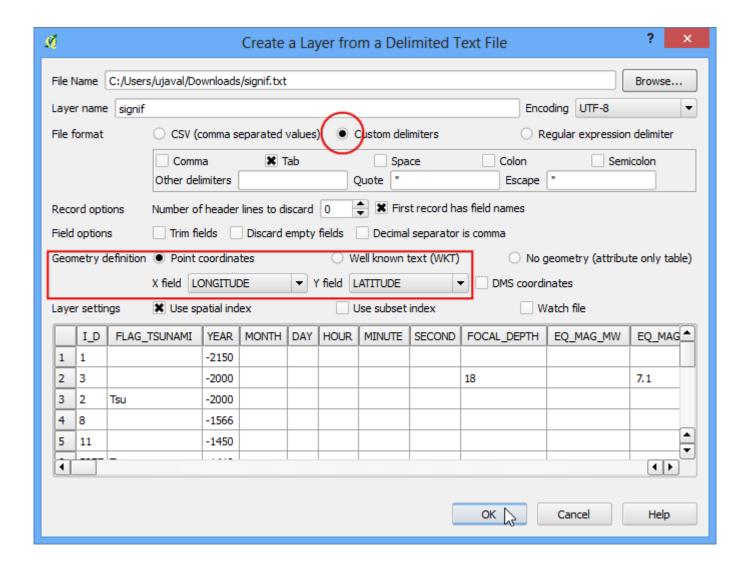
2. Open QGIS. Click on Layers ■ Add Delimited Text Layer.



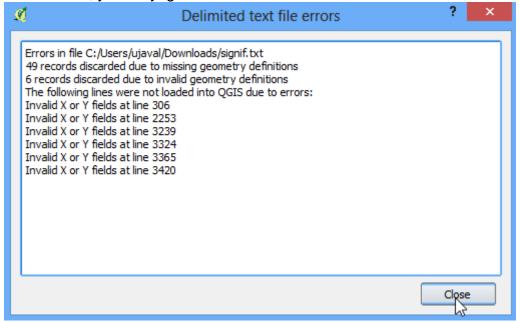
3. In the *Create a Layer from a Delimited Text File* dialog, click on *Browse* and specify the path to the text file you downloaded. In the *File format* section, select *Custom delimiters* and check *Tab*. The *Geometry definition* section will be auto-populated if it finds a suitable X and Y coordinate fields. In our case they are *LONGITUDE* and *LATITUDE*. You may change it if the import selects the wrong fields. Click *OK*.

Note

It is easy to confuse X and Y coordinates. Latitude specifies the north-south position of a point and hence it is a **Y** coordinate. Similarly Longitude specifies the east-west position of a point and it is a **X** coordinate.



4. You may see some errors displayed in the next dialog. The erros in this file are mainly due to missing X or Y fields. You may examine these errors and fix the problems in your source file. For this tutorial, you may ignore these errors.



 Next, a Coordinate Reference System Selector will ask you to select a coordinate reference system. Since the earthquake coordinates are in latitudes and longitudes, you should select WGS 84. Click OK.



6. You will now see that the data will be imported and displayed in the QGIS canvas.

