# Working with Attributes

### **QGIS** Tutorials and Tips



Author
Ujaval Gandhi
http://google.com/+UjavalGandhi

Translations by
Juan Carlos Méndez
Felipe Raimann

## Working with Attributes

GIS data has two parts - features and attributes. Attributes are structured data about each feature. This tutorial shows how to view the attributes and do basic queries on them in QGIS.

#### Overview of the task

The dataset for this tutorial contains information about populated places of the world. The task is to query and find all the capital cities in the world that have a population greater than 1,000,000.

#### Get the data

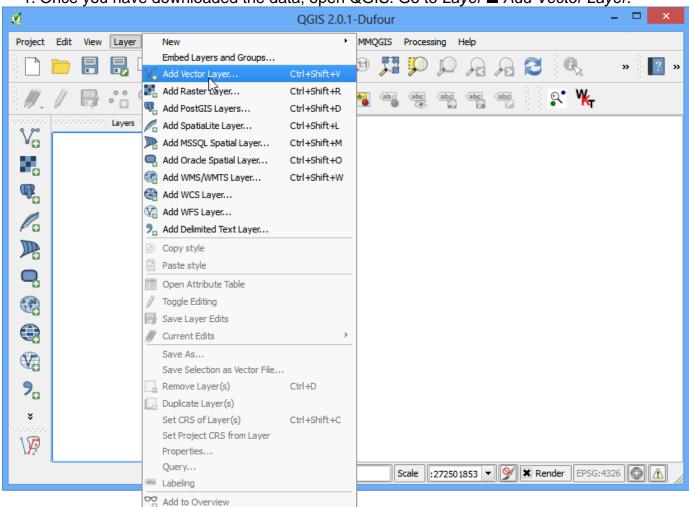
We will use the Populated Places dataset from Natural Earth.

Download the Natural Earth Populated Places shapefile..

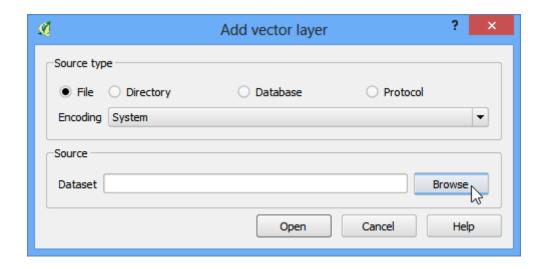
Data Source [NATURALEARTH]

#### **Procedure**

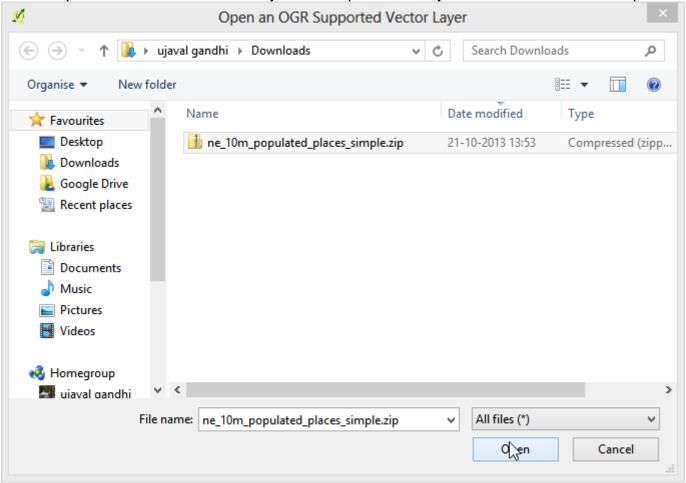
1. Once you have downloaded the data, open QGIS. Go to *Layer* ■ *Add Vector Layer*.



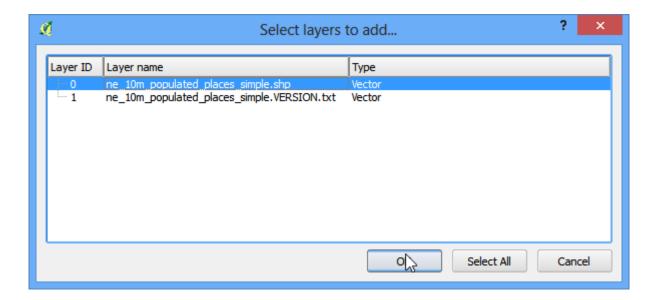
2. Click on *Browse* and navigate to the folder where you downloaded the data.



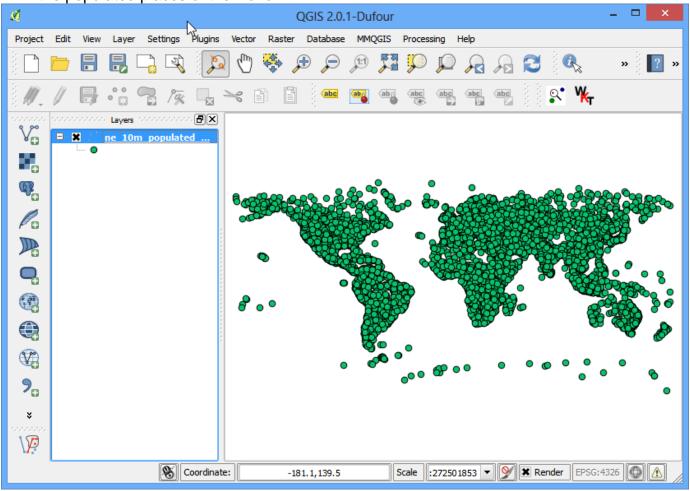
3. Locate the downloaded zip file *ne\_10m\_populated\_places\_simple.zip*. You do not need to unzip the file. QGIS has the ability to read zip files directly. Select the file and click *Open*.



4. You will get a dialog asking you to select the layer to open. Select ne\_10m\_populated\_places\_simple.shp and click OK.



5. The selected layer will now be loaded in QGIS and you will see many points representing the populated places of the world.



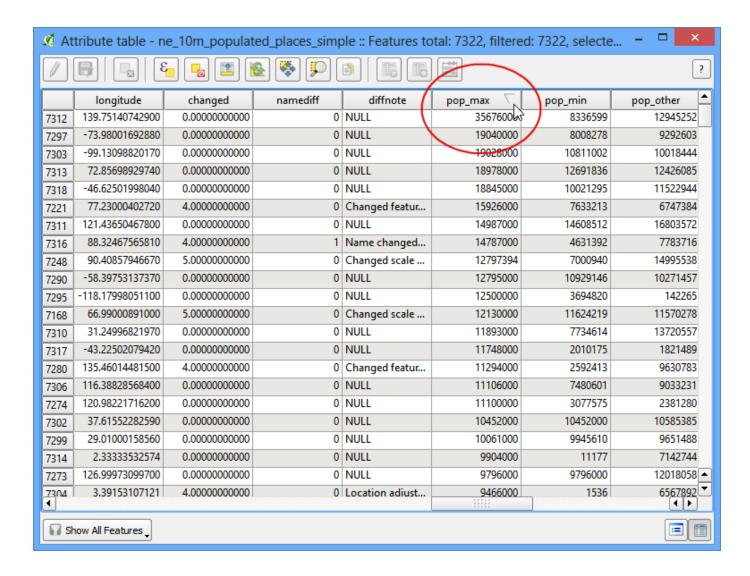
6. To see the attributes of right-click the layer and select *Open Attribute Table*.



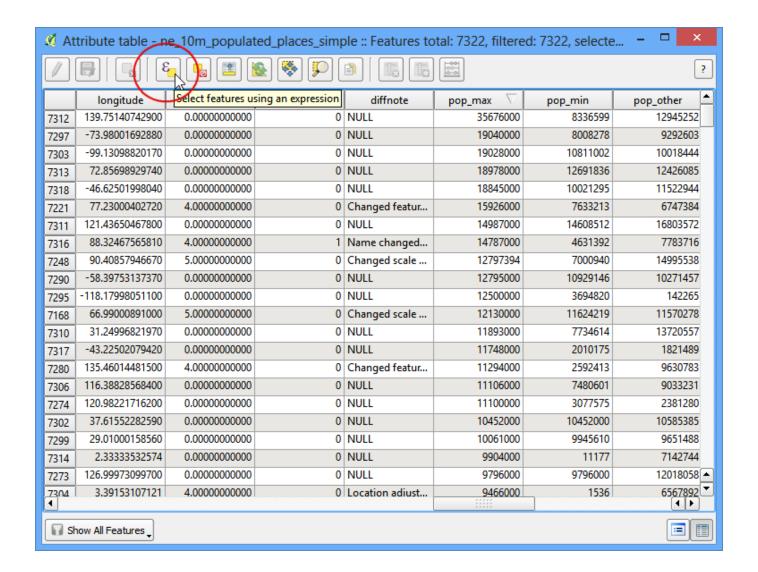
7. Explore the various attributes and their values.



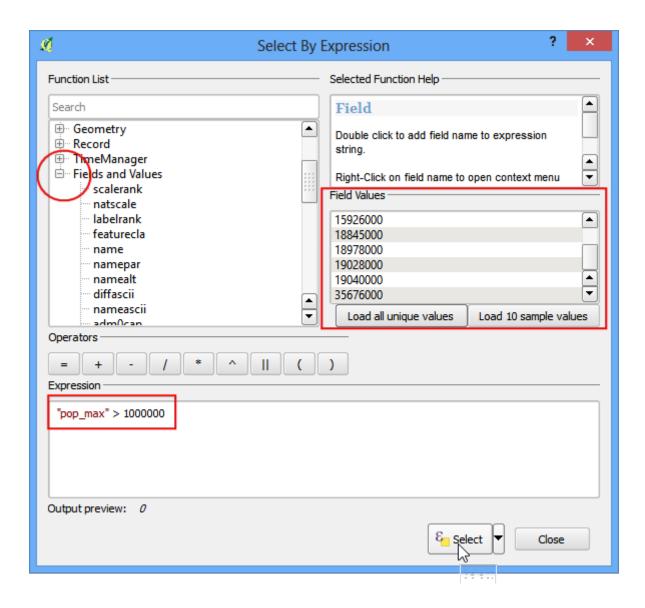
8. We are interested in the population of each feature, so *pop\_max* is the field we are looking for. You can click twice on the field header to sort the column in descending order.



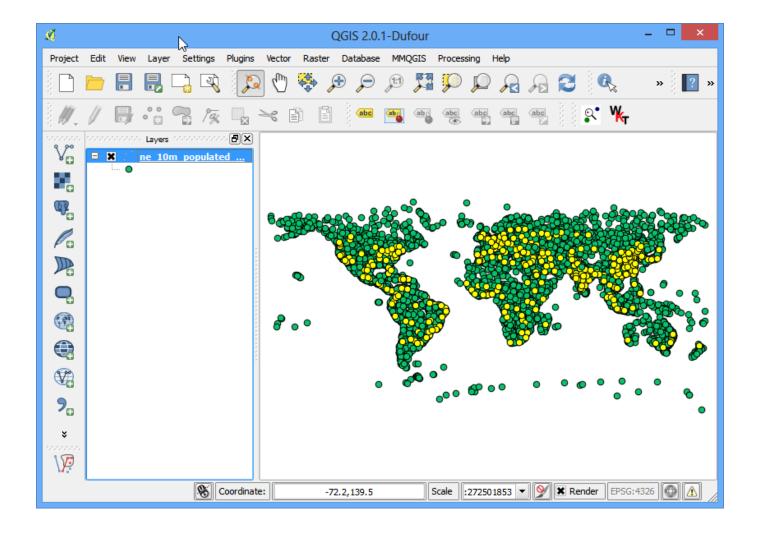
9. Now we are ready to perform our query on these attributes. Select features using an expression.



10. In the Select By Expression window, expand the Fields and Values section and double-click the pop\_max label. You will notice that it is added to the expression section at the bottom. If you aren't sure about the field values, you can click the Load all unique values to see what the attribute values are present in the dataset. For this exercise, we are looking to find all features that have a population greater than 1,000,000. So complete the expression as "pop\_max" > 1000000 and click Select.



11. Click on *Close* and return to the main QGIS window. You will notice that a subset of points is now rendered in yellow. This is the result of our query and you are seeing all places from the dataset that have the *pop\_max* attribute value greater than 1,000,000.



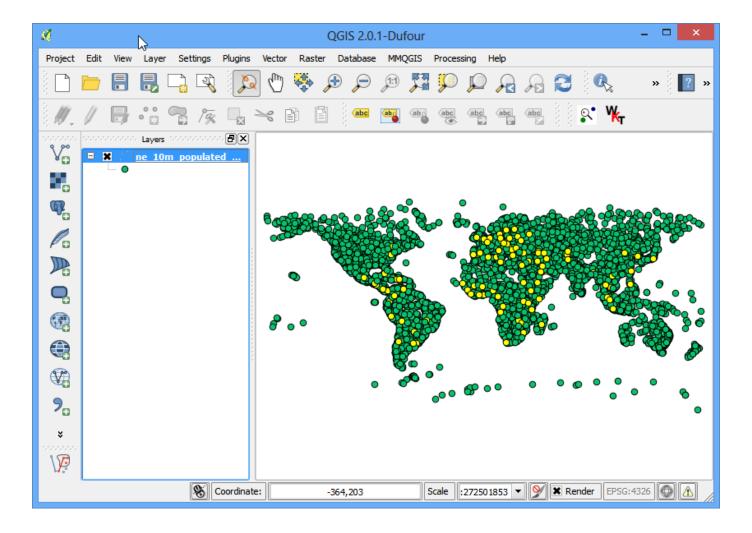
12. The goal for this exercise is to find the places that are country capitals. Let's refine our query to select only those places which are capitals. Click on the *Select feature using an expression* button in the attribute table.



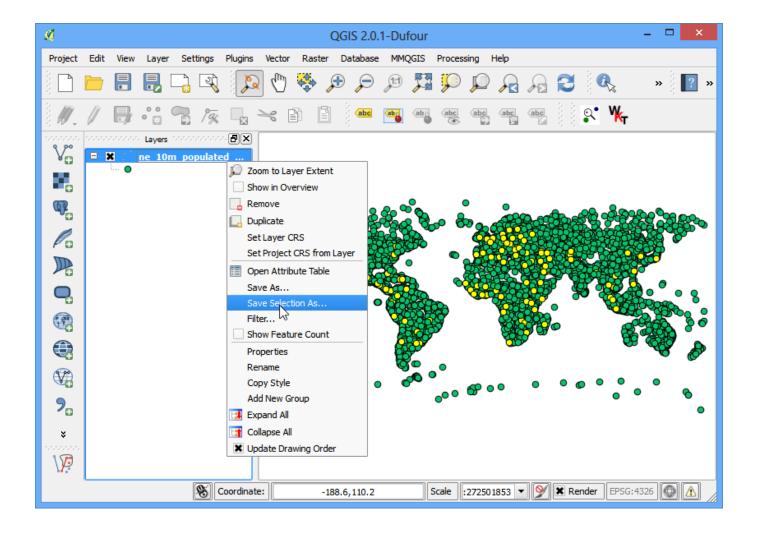
13. The field containing this data is adm0cap. The value 1 indicates that the place is a capital. Enter the expression as "adm0cap" = 1. Since we want to search only within our previous query results, select Select within selection.



14. Click on *Close* and return to the main QGIS window. Now you will see a smaller subset of the points selected. This is the result of the second query and shows all places from the dataset that are country capitals as well as have population greater than 1,000,000.



15. Let's save these results to a separate layer. Right-click on the layer and select Save Selection As.



16. Keep the format selection as *ESRI Shapefile* and enter the output name as *large\_capital\_cities.shp*. Check the box next to *Add saved file to map* and click *OK*.



17. The newly created shapefile will be automatically loaded into QGIS. Turn off the populated places layer by un-checking the box next to it. Now, you will see only the features from the newly created layer containing capital cities of the world that have population greater than 1,000,000.

