

# Importing Spreadsheets or CSV files

QGIS Tutorials and Tips



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# Importing Spreadsheets or CSV files

Many times the GIS data comes in a table or an Excel spreadsheet. Also, if you have a list lat/long coordinates, you can easily import this data in your GIS project.

## Overview of the task

We will be importing a text file of earthquake data to QGIS.

## Get the data

NOAA's National Geophysical Data Center produces a great dataset of all significant earthquakes since 2150 BC. [Learn more](#).

Download [Significant Earthquake Database](#) text file.

Data Source [NGDC]

## Procedure

1. Examine your tabular data source. To import this data to QGIS, you will have to save it as a text file and need at least 2 columns which contain the X and Y coordinates. If you have a spreadsheet, use **Save As** function in your program to save it as a **Tab Delimited File** or a **Comma Separated Values (CSV)** file. Once you have the data exported this way, you can open it in a text editor such as Notepad to view the contents. In case of the Significant Earthquake Database, the data already comes as a text file which contains latitude and longitude of the earthquake centers along with other related attributes. You will see that each field is separated by a TAB.



| STATE           | LOCATION_NAME | LATITUDE                | LONGITUDE          | REGION_CODE | DEATHS | DEATHS_DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------|--------------------|
| 10              | ISRAEL        | ISRAEL: ARIHA (JERICHO) | 31.500             | 35.300      | 140    |                    |
|                 |               | 9713                    | Tsu                | -480        | 9      | 29                 |
|                 |               | 1                       |                    |             |        | 2                  |
| 103.900         | 30            |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
| GANSU PROVINCE: | LONGXI        | 34.900                  | 104.700            | 30          | 3      |                    |
| 3               |               | 41                      | 23                 |             |        |                    |
|                 |               |                         |                    |             |        | 51                 |
|                 |               | UKRAINE                 | UKRAINE: BLACK SEA | 44.700      |        | 57                 |
|                 |               | 1                       | 3                  | 1001        | 67     | 33.300             |
|                 |               |                         |                    | 4           |        | 155                |
|                 |               |                         |                    |             |        | 79                 |
|                 |               |                         |                    |             |        | 340                |
| 350             | 10            |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
|                 | 2             |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
| 438             |               |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
| 119             |               | 477                     | 9                  | 25          |        |                    |
|                 |               |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
|                 |               | 139                     | Tsu                | 551         | 7      | 9                  |
|                 |               |                         |                    | 147         |        | 12                 |
|                 |               |                         |                    | 558         | 12     | 25                 |
| 549             | 9             | 12                      |                    |             | 5.5    |                    |
|                 | 715           |                         |                    |             |        |                    |
| 175             |               | 745                     | 6                  | 5           |        | 7.9                |
| 2               |               | 3                       | 187                |             |        |                    |
|                 | 199           | 811                     |                    |             |        |                    |
| 344             | 9             | 18                      |                    |             |        |                    |
|                 | 219           | 853                     |                    |             |        |                    |
| 357             | 4             |                         |                    |             |        |                    |

2. Open QGIS. Click on Layers ▸ Add Delimited Text Layer.



3. In the Create a Layer from a Delimited Text File dialog, click on Browse and specify the path to the text file you downloaded. In the File format section, select Custom delimiters and check Tab. The Geometry definition section will be auto-populated if it finds a suitable X and Y coordinate fields. In our case they are LONGITUDE and LATITUDE. You may change it if the import selects the wrong fields. Click OK.

### Note

It is easy to confuse X and Y coordinates. Latitude specifies the north-south position of a point and hence it is a Y coordinate. Similarly Longitude specifies the east-west position of a point and it is a X coordinate.

**Create a Layer from a Delimited Text File**

File Name:

Layer name:  Encoding:

File format: ☐ CSV (comma separated values) ☒ Custom delimiters ☐ Regular expression delimiter

☐ Comma ☒ Tab ☐ Space ☐ Colon ☐ Semicolon  
 Other delimiters:  Quote:  Escape:

Record options: Number of header lines to discard:  ☒ First record has field names

Field options: ☐ Trim fields ☐ Discard empty fields ☐ Decimal separator is comma

Geometry definition: ☒ Point coordinates ☐ Well known text (WKT) ☐ No geometry (attribute only table)

X field:  Y field:  ☐ DMS coordinates

Layer settings: ☒ Use spatial index ☐ Use subset index ☐ Watch file

|   | I_D | FLAG_TSUNAMI | YEAR  | MONTH | DAY | HOUR | MINUTE | SECOND | FOCAL_DEPTH | EQ_MAG_MW | EQ_MAG |
|---|-----|--------------|-------|-------|-----|------|--------|--------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 1 | 1   |              | -2150 |       |     |      |        |        |             |           |        |
| 2 | 3   |              | -2000 |       |     |      |        |        | 18          |           | 7.1    |
| 3 | 2   | Tsu          | -2000 |       |     |      |        |        |             |           |        |
| 4 | 8   |              | -1566 |       |     |      |        |        |             |           |        |
| 5 | 11  |              | -1450 |       |     |      |        |        |             |           |        |

4. You may see some errors displayed in the next dialog. The errors in this file are mainly due to missing X or Y fields. You may examine these errors and fix the problems in your source file. For this tutorial, you may ignore these errors.

**Delimited text file errors**

Errors in file C:/Users/ujaval/Downloads/signif.txt  
 49 records discarded due to missing geometry definitions  
 6 records discarded due to invalid geometry definitions  
 The following lines were not loaded into QGIS due to errors:  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 306  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 2253  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 3239  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 3324  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 3365  
 Invalid X or Y fields at line 3420

5. Next, a Coordinate Reference System Selector will ask you to select a coordinate reference system. Since the earthquake coordinates are in latitudes and longitudes, you should select **WGS 84**. Click OK.



6. You will now see that the data will be imported and displayed in the QGIS canvas.

