os.path

```
--os. path. exists (path)
path是否存在
--os. path. isdir(path)
是否是路径名
--os.path.isfile(filename)
是否是文件
--os.path.splitext(filename)
返回名字和后zhui名
FE:
>>> os.path.splitext(r'C:\Users\lenovo\Desktop\Other Library\for3.html')
('C:\\Users\\lenovo\\Desktop\\Other Library\\for3', '.html')
>>> os.path.splitext(r'C:\Users\lenovo\Desktop\Other Library')
('C:\\Users\\lenovo\\Desktop\\Other Library', '')
--os. path. join(path, filename)
FE:
>>> os.path.join('C:\\Users\\lenovo\\Desktop\\Other Library',r'for3.html')
'C:\\Users\\lenovo\\Desktop\\Other Library\\for3.html'
>>> os.path.join('C:\\Users\\lenovo\\Desktop\\0ther Library\\for3',r'.html')
\verb|'C:\Users\lenovo\Desktop\Other Library\for3\. html'|
```