## Algorithm

Aim: To print the first largest and second largest numbers in a array.

- 1). Start
- 2). main() a). Input a number as n for number of columns and rows.

```
b). if(n<20)
      int a[][] = new int[n][n];
      System.out.println("Enter the elements for the matrix");
      for(int i=0; i<n;i++)
         for(int j=0; j<n;j++)
           a[i][j] = br.nextInt();
         }
      }
      System.out.println("\nORIGINAL MATRIX");
      for(int i=0; i<n;i++)
         for(int j=0; j<n;j++)
         {
           System.out.print(a[i][j]+" ");
         }
         System.out.println();
      }
      int largest = 0;
      int lrow = 0;
      int lcolumn = 0;
```

```
for(int i=0; i<n;i++)
      {
         for(int j=0; j<n;j++)
         {
           if(a[i][j] > largest)
              largest = a[i][j];
              Irow = i;
              lcolumn = j;
           }
         }
       }
       int slargest = 0;
       int slrow = 0;
      int slcolumn = 0;
       for(int i=0; i<n;i++)
      {
         for(int j=0; j<n;j++)
         {
           if(a[i][j] > slargest && a[i][j] < largest)</pre>
              slargest = a[i][j];
              slrow = i;
              slcolumn = j;
           }
         }
      System.out.println("\nLargest Number: "+largest+", at index ["+lrow+"]["+lcolumn+"]");
       System.out.println("Second Largest Number: "+slargest+", at index
["+slrow+"]["+slcolumn+"]");
    }
```

```
c). else
{
     System.out.println("Range out of bounds");
}
```

3). Stop