# Project Presentation: Factoid Question Answer Generation from Wikipedia

Team 28

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# Problem Statement

In this project, we consider an automatic Sentence-to-Question-Answer generation task, where given a sentence, the Question Generation (QG) system generates a set of question answer pairs for which the sentence contains or needs answers.

#### Goals

#### Goal 1

Our QA generation system should only ask factoid questions i.e questions whose answer is a single entity rather than generating a opinion based question or a description based question.

#### Goal 2

It should be able to handle the cases of complex sentences too.

#### **Tools Used**

- TextBlob
- Nltk
- Python wikipedia library (wikipedia)
- Regex (re)

### **Types of Questions**

- Purpose the correction of knowledge deficits , the monitoring of common ground
- Type of Information concept completion questions,
   "shallow" factual questions
- Source of Information aims to generate questions for which the source of answer is the literal information in the text
- Length of the Expected Answer short, usually a single word or short phrase

#### **Process Followed**

- Extracting wikipedia articles from the wikipedia library in python and then running a tokenizer on it.
- We have taken only the summary of the articles because it's the only content that is quite useful and would generate good questions.
- Used inbuilt POS tagger for tagging the corpus.
- Now we need to extract the named entities and classify them too. But the inbuilt NER tagger is quite bad as we have experimented on it.

#### **Process Followed**

- So we wrote our own grammar for the nltk chunker and parsed each sentence.
- Now extract the essential named entities from each sentence and classify them as location, proper noun and some kind of number or date.
- Based on the above classification we can get the type of question namely where, who, which etc.

#### **Problems Faced**

#### Challenge 1

Semantics of the answer to a question affects the question's form. Mapping answers to "Wh" words and phrases such as who or which is difficult.

#### **Challenge 2**

Non-compositionality: A phrase is not just a simple aggregation of the meaning of it's component words. So it can be misleading. Example: burned to the ground

## Milestones Achieved

# 1. Questions of the form - Fill In The Blanks.

Fill in the blanks type of questions are also quite important and have its applications in the education assessment. We have successfully generated questions of the above mentioned format which are very accurate and can easily deal complex sentences.

Q. He was knighted by \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_ and he spent the last \_\_\_\_\_ decades of his life in London, serving as Warden (\_\_\_\_) and Master (\_\_\_\_) of the \_ \_\_\_, as well as president of the \_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_). Ans. [u'Queen Anne', u'1705', u'three', u'1696\u20131700', u'1700\u20131727', u'Royal Mint', u'Royal Society', u'1703\u20131727'] avanshi@arora:~/Sem 3-1/NLP/Final Project\$ [

## Milestones Achieved

# 2. Normal QA system for simple questions

We have also made a system which can give out the normal type of questions and would be better only on the simple sentences. It can't handle the case of complex sentences as it would require quite good parsing techniques and extraction of certain clauses from a sentence.

```
Activities
          > Terminal ▼
                                                                          Sat 12:34
                                                            eavanshi@arora: ~/Sem 3-1/NLP/Final
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
eavanshi@arora:~/Sem 3-1/NLP/Final Project$ cat input.txt
Mahatma Gandhi is the father of the nation. He got shot in 1961. Red fort is in Delhi.
eavanshi@arora:~/Sem 3-1/NLP/Final Project$ python final.py input.txt
O. who is the father of the nation?
Ans. [('Mahatma Gandhi', u'PROPER')]
O. He got shot in which year?
Ans. [('1961', u'NUMBER')]
O. Red fort is where?
Ans. [('in Delhi', u'LOCATION')]
eavanshi@arora:~/Sem 3-1/NLP/Final ProjectS
```

#### **Further Research**

Major improvement that can be done is to generate question for Complex sentences, which requires appropriate shallow parsing of text so that we can extract simple sentences or clauses from the sentences for which our system can generate questions easily. Some kind of discourse parsing might also help.