In [1]: #1)Display "Hello World" in your output screen. print("HELLO WORLD!") HELLO WORLD! In [3]: #2)Get the input from the user and perform addition of two numbers print("enter any two values") a=int(input('a:')) b=int(input('b:')) c=a+b print(c) enter any two values a:12 b:45 57 In [5]: #3)swap two variables without temp variable print("enter any two values") a=int(input('a:')) b=int(input('b:')) a=a+b b=a-b a=a-b print("value of a is ",a) print("value of b is ",b) enter any two values a:13 b:30 value of a is 30 value of b is 13 In [6]: #4)convert the entered kilometres ( Convertion Factor= 0.621371) print("Enter the kilometers") a=int(input('km is')) a=a\*0.621371 print("The miles is",a) Enter the kilometers km is7 The miles is 4.349597 In [7]: #5)check whether the given number is positive, negative or 0 print("enter any value") a=int(input('value=')) **if**(a>0): print("positive value") **elif**(a<0): print("negative value") else: print(" zero") enter any value value=23 positive value In [10]: #6)verify that the given year is a leap year print("Enter the year") year=int(input('year')) **if**(((year%4==0)and(year%100!=0))or(year%400==0)): print("Leap year") else: print("Not a leap year") Enter the year year2018 Not a leap year In [2]: #7)display the prime numbers within the given interval print("Enter the ranges") a=int(input('start from ')) b=int(input('end at')) Enter the ranges start from 5 end at10 In [2]: #8) display the Fibonacci sequence up to n-th term a=int(input("Enter the ending range")) for i in range (2,a): C=0for j in range (2,i): **if** i%j==0: c=1 **if** c==0: print(i) Enter the ending range10 3 5 7 In [1]: #9) check if the number is an Armstrong number or not num = 18 n1, n2 = 0, 1print("Fibonacci Series:", n1, n2, end=" ") for i in range(2, num): n3 = n1 + n2n1 = n2 n2 = n3 print(n3, end=" ") print() Fibonacci Series: 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610 987 1597 In [3]: #10) Find the Sum of natural numbers up to n-th term num = int(input("Enter a number: ")) sum = 0temp = numwhile temp > 0: digit = temp % 10 sum += digit \*\* 3 temp //= 10 if num == sum: print(num, "is an Armstrong number") else: print("not an armstrong number") Enter a number: 12334 not an armstrong number In [4]: #11) Write a function called show\_stars(rows). If rows are 5, it should print the following rows = int(input("Enter the number of rows:")) for i in range(0, rows): for j in range(0, i + 1): print("\*",end='') print("\r") Enter the number of rows:5 \* \* \* \* \* \*\*\* \*\*\*\* In [6]: # 12. New string from old string by removing def remove\_chars(str, n): return str[n:] my\_string = input("Enter your string:") i=int(input("Enter the index number where u want to remove: ")) new\_string = remove\_chars(my\_string, i) print(new\_string) Enter your string:disneyland Enter the index number where u want to remove: 6 land In [7]: #13) Iterate the given list of numbers and print only those numbers which are divisible by 5 list = [10, 75 , 33, 46, 225] print("Given list:", list) print('Numbers Divisible by 5:') for num in list: **if** num % 5 == 0: print(num) Given list: [10, 75, 33, 46, 225] Numbers Divisible by 5: 10 75 225 In [8]: #14) Write a program to find how many times substring "Hi" appears in the given string. g=input("enter a sentence : ") list=g.split(' ') n=len(list) C=0 for i in range (n): if list[i]=='hi': c+=1 **if** c!=0: print("'hi' is present {} times".format(c)) else: print("'hi' is not present") enter a sentence : hi this is me 'hi' is present 1 times In [9]: #15) Print the following pattern #1 #2 2 #3 3 3 #4 4 4 4 #5 5 5 5 5 n=int(input("enter the range : ")) for i in range (1, n+1): for j in range (0,i): print(i, end="") print(end="\n") enter the range : 5 1 22 333 4444 55555 In [10]: # 16. Palindrome sequence def palindrome(n): temp=n while(n>0): d=n%10 rev=rev\*10+d n=n//10 if temp==rev: print("it is a palindrome number") print("it is not palindrom number") n=int(input("Enter your number:")) palindrome(n) Enter your number:123321 it is a palindrome number In [11]: # 17. Swapping first and last element list = [25,63,13,30,23] print("Initial list: ") print(list) list[0], list[-1] = list[-1], list[0] print("list after swapping:") print(list) Initial list: [25, 63, 13, 30, 23] list after swapping: [23, 63, 13, 30, 25] In [12]: # 18. Swapping of two numbers in a list list = [58,20,86,12,25,30] print("The initial list is:") print(list) i1 =int(input("Enter index\_1:")) i2 =int(input("Enter index\_2:")) temp = list[i1] list[i1] = list[i2] list[i2] = tempprint("List After Swapping:") print(list) The initial list is: [58, 20, 86, 12, 25, 30] Enter index\_1:2 Enter index\_2:4 List After Swapping: [58, 20, 25, 12, 86, 30] In [13]: # 19. Length of the list list = [1,24,14,60,17]print(" list elements: ") print(list) length = len(list)print("The total length of the list is: ") print(length) list elements: [1, 24, 14, 60, 17] The total length of the list is: 5 In [14]: # 20. Maximum of two numbers a=int(input("Enter the value of A: ")) b=int(input("Enterthe value of B: ")) **if** (a>b): print("A is the greatest value") print("B is the greatest value") Enter the value of A: 30 Enterthe value of B: 13 A is the greatest value In [15]: # 21. Minimum of two numbers a=int(input("Enter the value of A: ")) b=int(input("Enter the value of B: ")) **if** (a<b): print("A is the smallest value") else: print("B is the smallest value ") Enter the value of A: 30 Enter the value of B: 13 B is the smallest value In [16]: # 22. Palindrome and Symmetricity of a srting string = input("Enter the string:") symmetrical = string == string[::-1] palindrome = string == "".join(reversed(string)) if symmetrical: print("The string is symmetrical") else: print("The string is not symmetrical") if palindrome: print("The string is a palindrome") else: print("The string is not a palindrome") Enter the string:khokho The string is not symmetrical The string is not a palindrome In [17]: # 23. Reversing of string string = "Harry Potter" print("The initial string is:") print(string) words = string.split() words.reverse() output\_string = " ".join(words) print("My reversed string is:") print(output\_string) The initial string is: Harry Potter My reversed string is: Potter Harry In [19]: # 24. Removing of index string = "Hermoine Granger" index\_to\_remove =int(input("Enter the index number to be removed:")) output\_string = string[:index\_to\_remove] + string[index\_to\_remove+1:] print(output\_string) Enter the index number to be removed:8 HermoineGranger In [20]: # 25. Length of the string string = "Chamber of secrets" length = len(string) print("Length of my string is:") print(length) Length of my string is: In [21]: # 26. Python code to print even length words in string print("Enter any string:") n=input() s=n.split(" ") print("The even indexed strings are:") for i in s: if len(i)%2==0: print(i) Enter any string: Ronald weasley The even indexed strings are: Ronald In [22]: # 27. Python Tuple Size import sys tuple = (0,13,3,'rapunzel','elsa') size = sys.getsizeof(tuple) print(f"The size of the tuple is {size} bytes") The size of the tuple is 80 bytes In [24]: # 28. Max and Min elements of a list import heapq def find\_k\_largest\_smallest\_elements(k, tuple): largest\_elements = heapq.nlargest(k, tuple) smallest\_elements = heapq.nsmallest(k, tuple) return largest\_elements, smallest\_elements tuple = (55,595,262,962,858,25,2562,52,6) k=int(input("Enter no. of elements needed:")) largest, smallest = find\_k\_largest\_smallest\_elements(k, tuple) print(f"The {k} largest elements in the tuple are: {largest}") print(f"The {k} smallest elements in the tuple are: {smallest}") Enter no. of elements needed:3 The 3 largest elements in the tuple are: [2562, 962, 858] The 3 smallest elements in the tuple are: [6, 25, 52] In [37]: # 29. Sum of tuple elements import math print(math.fsum(t)) 0.9 In [40]: # 30. Addition of row matrix [1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9] ]; #Calculates number of rows and columns present in given matrix rows = len(a)cols = len(a[0])#Calculates sum of each row of given matrix for i in range(0, rows): sumRow = 0for j in range(0, cols): sumRow = sumRow + a[i][j]print("Sum of " + str(i+1) +" row: " + str(sumRow)) Sum of 1 row: 6 Sum of 2 row: 15 Sum of 3 row: 24