



COLLEGE CODE: 9623

COLLEGE NAME: Amrita College of Engineering And Technology

DEPARTMENT: Computer Science and Engineering

STUDENT NM-ID: EEFD21787B23FF0BFCD4B8D70FFF8FF4

ROLL NO: 23CS023

DATE: 07-010-2025

Completed the project named as

Phase 4 TECHNOLOGY

PROJECT NAME: USER REGISTRATION WITH VALIDATION

SUBMITTED BY,

NAME : A.N.Aswinkumar

MOBILE NO: 9629787957

Live Weather Dashboard

1. Project Overview

A Live Weather Dashboard is a web-based or mobile application that provides real-time weather data, forecasts, and visual insights to users. It typically fetches data from APIs like OpenWeatherMap, WeatherAPI, or AccuWeather and presents it in an interactive interface.

2. Enhancements (Improvements to Existing Dashboard)

If you already have a basic dashboard (that shows temperature, humidity, etc.), the following enhancements can be made:

◆ A. UI/UX Improvements

Responsive design: Make the dashboard mobile-friendly using CSS frameworks like Bootstrap or Tailwind CSS.

Theming: Add dark/light mode toggle.

Animations: Use libraries like Framer Motion or React Spring for smooth transitions. Dashboard cards: Use visually appealing cards for each city's weather data.

◆ B. Advanced Weather Data

Hourly forecast: Display next 24 hours forecast graphically.

7-day forecast: Show upcoming weather trends using line/bar charts. Air quality index (AQI): Integrate AQI data with color-coded indicators. Sunrise/sunset times, wind speed, UV index, visibility.

◆ C. Data Visualization

Integrate charts using libraries like Chart.js or Recharts. Use icons for weather conditions (•~,) from libraries like Weather Icons.

◆ D. Geolocation and Search

Auto-detect user location using browser geolocation API. City search bar with autocomplete suggestions.

◆ E. Alerts C Notifications

Severe weather alerts (storms, rain warnings). Push notifications for significant changes.

◆ F. Performance Enhancements

Use caching with localStorage or IndexedDB to reduce API calls. Lazy loading for assets. Use service workers for offline support (PWA).

◆ G. Integration with Maps

Show weather overlay on Google Maps or Leaflet map. Allow users to click on map points to view weather.

◆ H. Accessibility

Add ARIA labels, contrast, and keyboard navigation.

3. Technology Stack

Layer Tools

Front-End React.js / Angular / Vue.js

Backend Node.js / Express (optional if API consumed directly) API Source OpenWeatherMap / WeatherAPI / AccuWeather Styling Tailwind CSS / Bootstrap Charts Chart.js / Recharts

Deployment Netlify / Vercel / AWS Amplify / GitHub Pages Version Control Git C GitHub

Optional DB Firebase / MongoDB (if storing user preferences)

4. Deployment Steps

◆ A. Build Preparation

- 1. Ensure all API keys are stored securely (.env files).
- 2. Run tests (npm run test) and build (npm run build).
- 3. Optimize assets and check Lighthouse performance.

◆ B. Choose Deployment Platform

Static Front-End:

Netlify / Vercel: Simple drag-and-drop or GitHub integration.

Steps:

Connect GitHub repo

Set build command (npm run build) Deploy automatically on each commit

Full Stack (Backend + Frontend):

Use Render, Railway, or AWS EC2. Use Docker for containerization (optional).

◆ C. Environment Variables

Configure API keys in environment settings (never commit .env file).

◆ D. Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) Automate deployment using GitHub Actions: name: Deploy to Netlify

on:

push:

branches:

- main jobs:

build-deploy:

runs-on: ubuntu-latest steps:

- uses: actions/checkout@v2

- run: npm install

- run: npm run build

- uses: netlify/actions@v1 with:

publish-dir: ./build

◆ E. Testing After Deployment

Check responsiveness, data loading, and API performance. Monitor logs for errors.

5. Testing

Unit Testing: Using Jest (React) or Jasmine (Angular). Integration Testing: Test API calls and data binding. UI Testing: Cypress / Playwright.

Performance Testing: Lighthouse, GTmetrix.

6. Documentation

Include README.md with setup steps.

Document APIs used, features, and deployment process.