

Optuna

Hyperparameter Tuning

→ # Types of parameters:

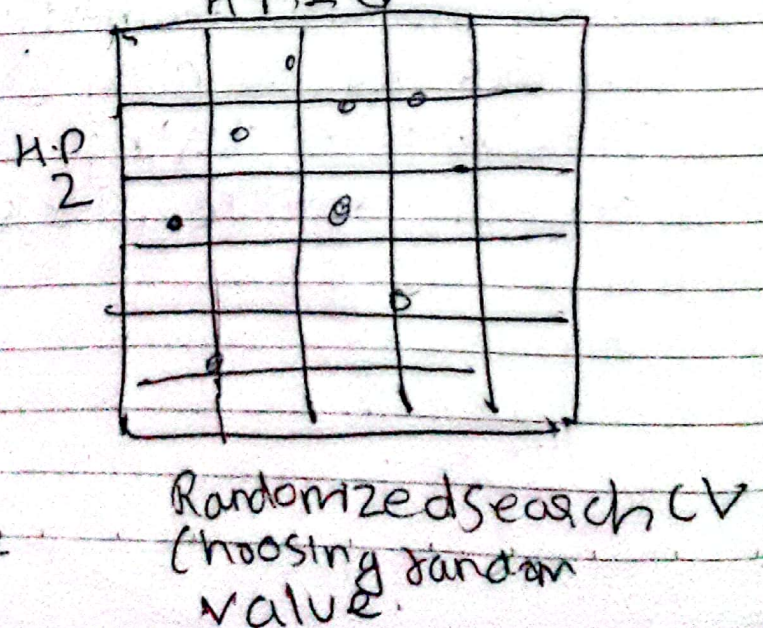
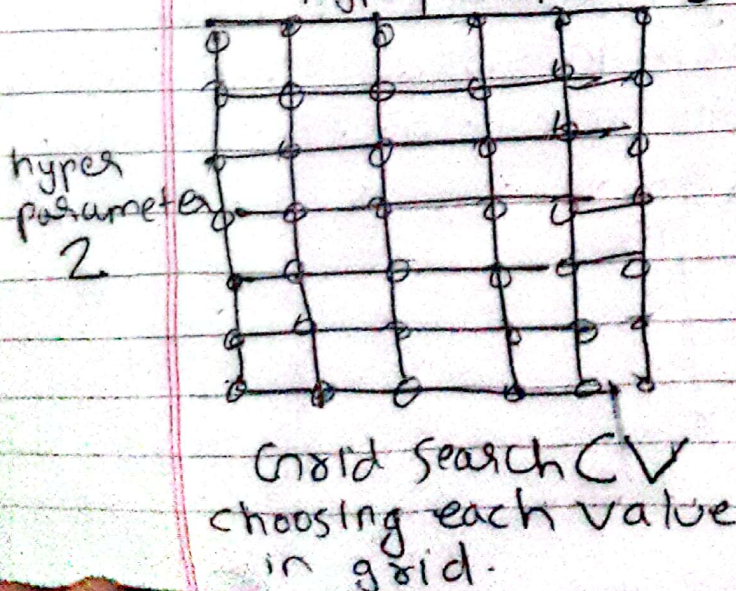
① Model Parameters

- These are parameters of model that can be determined by training with training data. These can be considered as internal parameters.
Eg: weights & Biases ($y = wx + b$)

② Hyperparameters

- Hyperparameters are parameters whose values control the learning process. These are adjustable parameters used to obtain an optimal model. External Parameters.
- Learning rate, no of epochs, n-estimators
- Hyperparameter tuning is finding best hyperparameters for machine learning model.

Types of Hyperparameters Tuning type.



Optuna:

→ Hyperparameter tuning Framework.

→ Grid Search & Random Search are slow. Optuna use Bayesian Search.

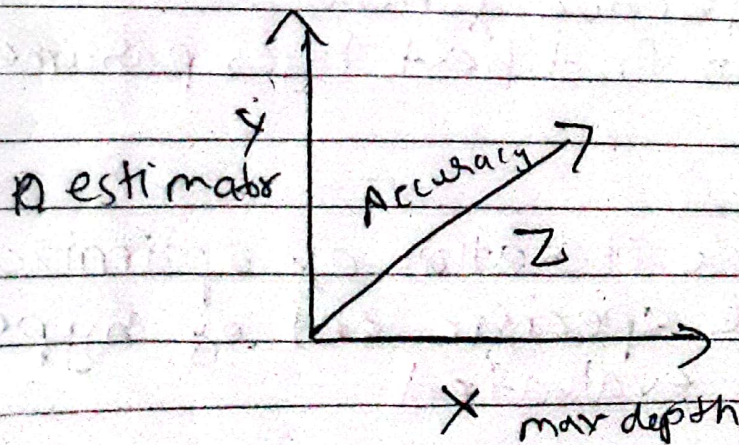
→ It says like take two hyperparameters.

max_depth & n_estimator.

So if max depth & n_estimator values increase accuracy.

max_depth n_estimator → accuracy
It says there is some mathematical relation between max depth & n_estimator & accuracy.

So we can write,
$$\text{accuracy} = f(\text{max_depth}, \text{n_accuracy}).$$



Bayesian search tries to find maximum accuracy
So we can get its corresponding max depth & n_estimator.

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Gridsearch & also Randomsearch doesn't depend on previous points but bayesian does.

Eg: max-depth
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

n-estimators
(50, 100, 150, 200, 250)

	50	100	150	200	250
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

1) Study

→ A study in optuna is optimization session that encompasses multiple trials. It's essentially a collection of trials aimed at optimizing objective function.

- Eg: A study to find best hyper parameters.

2) Trial

→ Trial is single iteration of optimization process where specific set of hyper parameters is evaluated.

3) Sampler

→ Sampler is algorithm that says which next H.P. should be tried next. Optuna uses

Tree-structured parzen estimator (TPE)
by default.

- 4) Objective function
- Function to be optimized during hyperparameter search.