By: Nathaniel Thomas Date: 08/25/2022

Problem 1 Code:

```
%% CHEN 320-202 Homework 1
% Questions 1 and 2
% Author: Nathaniel Thomas
% Date: 08/25/2022
%% Problem 1 (Part 1)
fprintf("Problem 1 (Part 1):\n");
% Given values
p = 1000; \% kg/m^3
% Source: https://www.engineeringtoolbox.com/water-dynamic-kinematic-viscosity-
d 596.html
mu = 0.0008891; % N*s/m^2
d = 0.5; \% m
% Get user input
u = input("Please enter a flow velocity (m/s): ");
% Calculate friction factor
re = reynolds_number(p, u, mu, d);
f = friction_factor(re);
fprintf("Friction factor: %.5f \n", f);
fprintf("\n")
%% Problem 1 (Part 2)
vel = (0.001:0.05:1);
re_mult = reynolds_number(p, vel, mu, d);
f_mult = friction_factor(re_mult);
% Plot the values
plot(vel, f mult);
title("Friction factor vs Fluid velocity for water in a 0.5m pipe" + ...
    " at $25\ ^\circ C$", "Interpreter", "latex");
xlabel("Velocity $\frac{m}{s}$", "Interpreter", "latex");
ylabel("Friction factor", "Interpreter", "latex");
%% Problem 2
fprintf("Problem 2:\n");
pi = pi_sum();
fprintf("Value of pi: %.10f\n", pi);
fprintf("\n")
%% Functions for Homework 1
%% Question 1 functions
% Function for calculating Reynolds number
% Input parameters:
% p = density (kg/m^3)
```

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```
% u = flow velocity (m/s)
% mu = dynamic viscosity
% d = inner diameter (m)
% Output:
% re = Reynolds number
function re = reynolds_number(p, u, mu, d)
    % Uses dot operators to allow use on arrays
    re = p .* u .* d ./ mu;
end
% Function for calculating friction factor
% Input parameters:
% re = Reynolds number
% Output:
% f = friction factor
function f = friction factor(re)
    f = zeros(1, length(re));
    % Control flow is not elemental, hence the for-loop
    for i = (1:length(f))
        if re(i) <= 2100
            f(i) = 16./re(i);
        elseif re(i) < 1E5</pre>
            f(i) = 0.0791./(re(i).^0.25);
            f(i) = 0.004;
        end
    end
end
%% Question 2 functions
% Function for calculating pi
% Output:
% pi = pi estimate, where
% (last term of the summation) / (pi estimate) < 10 ^{\circ} -8
function pi = pi sum()
    k = 0;
    pi = 0;
    last = 1;
    % Dividing 1 / 0 gives "inf" value in MATLAB, first iteration OK
    while abs(last / pi) >= 1E-8
        last = sqrt(12) .* (-3).^-k / (2.*k + 1);
        pi = pi + last;
        k = k + 1;
    end
end
```

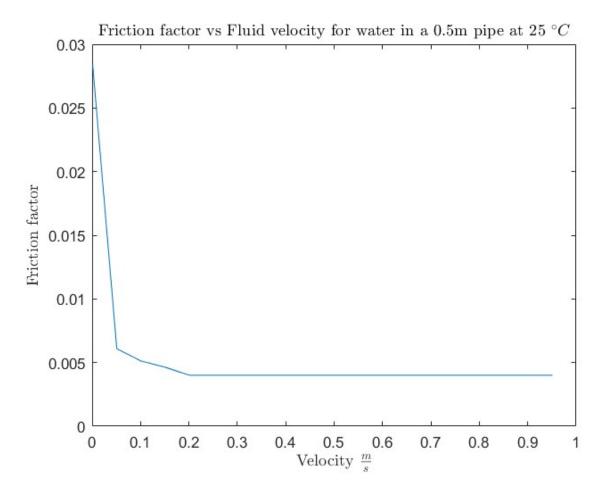
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Problem 1 ouput (Part 1):

Please enter a flow velocity (m/s): 0.01

Friction factor: 0.00913

Problem 1 (Part 2) graph:



Problem 2 output:

Value of pi: 3.1415926595

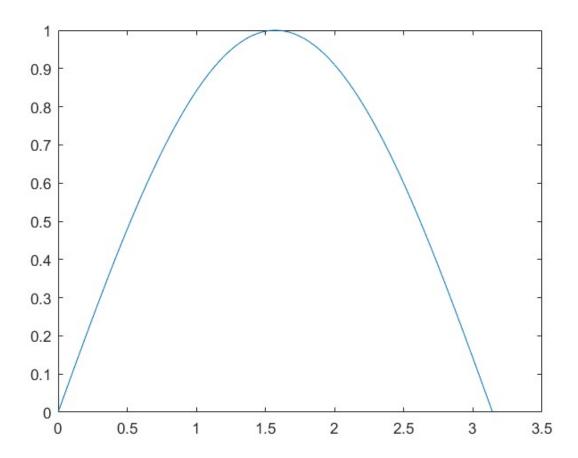
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Problem 3 Code:

```
%% CHEN 320-202 Homework 1
% Question 3
% Author: Nathaniel Thomas
% Date: 08/25/2022
%% Question 3 Plain Plot
x = (0:0.01:pi);
y = sin(x);
plot(x, y);
hold off
%% Question 3 Enhanced Plot
x = (0:0.01:pi);
y = sin(x);
plot(x, y, "-k");
hold on
title("Plot of sin(x), $0 < x < \pi$", "Interpreter", "latex");</pre>
xlabel("x");
ylabel("y");
xlim([0, pi]);
ylim([0, 1.01]);
```

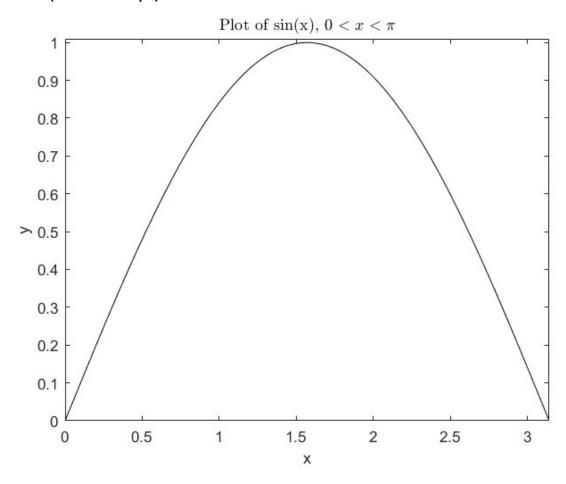
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Problem 3 (Plain Graph):



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Problem 3 (Enhanced Graph):



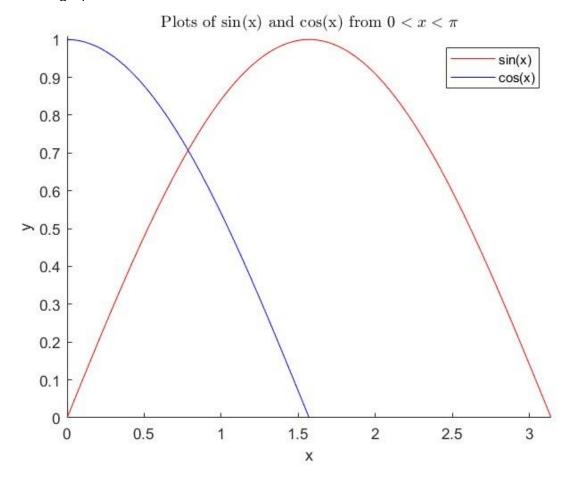
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Problem 4 Code:

```
%% CHEN 320-202 Homework 1
% Question 4
% Author: Nathaniel Thomas
% Date: 08/25/2022
%% Question 4
% Generate values to plot
x = (0:0.01:pi);
y1 = sin(x);
y2 = cos(x);
% Plot graphs
hold on
plot(x, y1, "-r");
plot(x, y2, "-b");
% Use LaTeX interpreter to print pi symbol
title("Plots of sin(x) and cos(x) from \$0 < x < \pi^*, "Interpreter", ...
     "latex");
xlabel("x");
ylabel("y");
legend(["sin(x)","cos(x)"]);
xlim([0, pi]);
ylim([0, 1.01]);
```

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Problem 4 graph:



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Problem 5 code:

Problem 6 code:

Factor: x + 8

Factor: x + 1

```
%% CHEN 320-202 Homework 1
% Question 6
% Author: Nathaniel Thomas
% Date: 08/25/2022

%% Question 6

syms a b x;
exp = 1 / (a.^2 + (b.^2).*(x.^2));
res = int(exp, x);
fprintf("Equation: %s\n", exp);
fprintf("Integral: %s\n", res);
```

Problem 6 output:

Equation: $9*x + x^2 + 8$

Factor: x + 8

Factor: x + 1