

# Network and Security Project 1

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# 1 Introduction

The purpose of this project is to design and implement a reliable data transfer between multiple hosts using selective repeat. The handed out skeleton provides a starting point on the selective repeat algorithm, and the program already provides a reliable data transfer between two host. Thus, the work lies in expanding this network to 4 host, using the already implemented selective repeat algorithm.

## 2 Design

In designing the software, we for the better part of the project strictly adhered to the 'recommended' section of the description. We retained all previously created global values; adding only a few to ease changing of local ones. We also settled with using the events already included in `rdt.c`. As a final note, we initially assumed station-numbers to be zero-indexed, but after various segmentation faults discovered they were not, leading to other variables being created to keep an overview.

### 3 Implementation

```

case timeout: /* Ack timeout or regular timeout.*/
    // Check if it is the ack_timer
    // Get station for which timer ran out
    timer_id = event.timer_id;
    sender_index = -1;
    for (int x = 0; x < nrOfStations; x++) {
        if (ack_timer_id[x] == timer_id){
            sender_index = x;
            break;
        } else {
            for (int t = 0; t < NR_BUFS; t
                ++){
                if (timer_ids[x][t] ==
                    timer_id){
                    sender_index =
                        x;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (sender_index != -1){
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    logLine(info, "Message from timer: '%s'\n", (
        char *) event.msg );

    if( timer_id == ack_timer_id[sender_index] ) {
        // Ack timer timer out
        logLine(trace, "Timeout with id: %d -
            acktimer_id is %d\n", timer_id,
            ack_timer_id[sender_index]);
        free(event.msg);
        ack_timer_id[sender_index] = -1;
        printf("Explicit Ack sending for frame:
            %d to %d\n", frame_expected[
                sender_index], sender_index+1 );
        send_frame(ACK,0,frame_expected[
            sender_index], out_buf[sender_index
            ], sender_index+1);
    } else {
        int timed_out_seq_nr = atoi( (char *)
            event.msg );
        logLine(debug, "Timeout for frame -
            need to resend frame %d\n",
            timed_out_seq_nr);
        printf("Timer %d timed out. Sending
            frame %d to %d\n", timer_id,
            timed_out_seq_nr, sender_index+1 );
        send_frame(DATA, timed_out_seq_nr,
            frame_expected[sender_index],
            out_buf[sender_index], sender_index
            +1);
    }
    break;

```

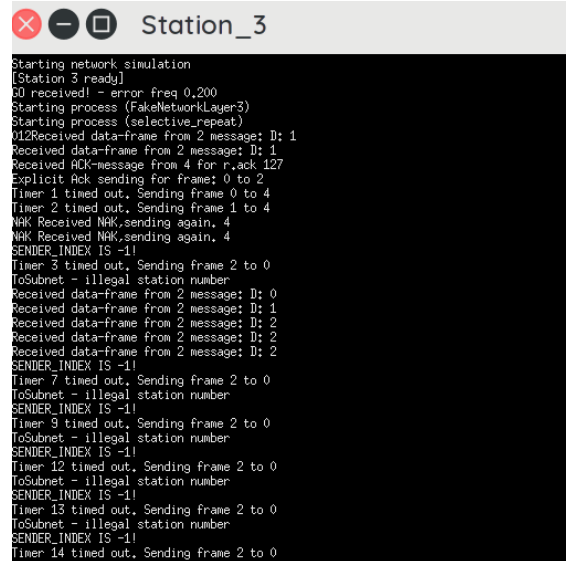
Probably the most edited piece of code compared to the original rdt.c. While not very efficient,

we decided on just searching our timer-arrays for the correct ID. As will be mentioned in testing, this might be part of the source, if not the source itself, of the unstable behaviour. since all other changes to the code revolves around increasing variables a dimension, we chose not to include other parts.

## 4 Testing

In designing the scenario for testing, we ended upon 4 stations; each sending a fixed number of messages to the next i.e. station 1 -> station 2 -> station 3 -> station 4. We tested this (picture 1) scenario several times with different error frequencies; working correct, as in the messages were received and outputted. However, during testing we also found very unstable behaviour when the error frequency was set at 0.200 or more. We were not able to correct this, but narrowed it down to timers not being found/existing when needed; a thing to correct.

Figure 1: Testing with error freq= 0.200

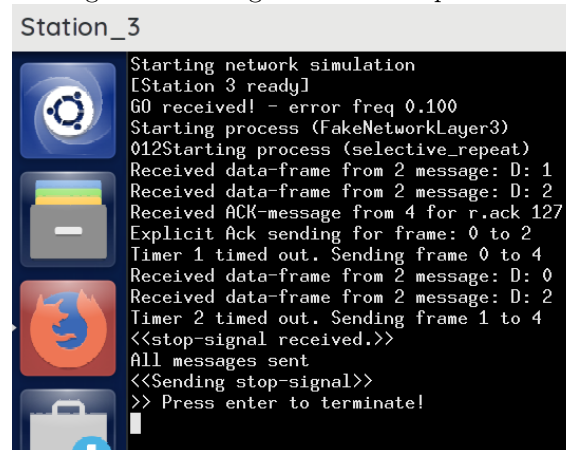


```

Starting network simulation
[Station 3 ready]
G0 received! - error freq 0.200
Starting process (FakeNetworkLayer3)
Starting process (selective_repeat)
012Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 1
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 1
Received ACK-message from 4 for r.ack 127
Explicit Ack sending for frame: 0 to 2
Timer 1 timed out. Sending frame 0 to 4
Timer 2 timed out. Sending frame 1 to 4
NAK Received NAK, sending again, 4
NAK Received NAK, sending again, 4
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 3 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0
ToSubnet - illegal station number
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 0
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 1
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 2
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 2
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 7 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0
ToSubnet - illegal station number
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 9 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0
ToSubnet - illegal station number
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 12 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0
ToSubnet - illegal station number
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 13 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0
ToSubnet - illegal station number
SENDER_INDEX IS -1!
Timer 14 timed out. Sending frame 2 to 0

```

Figure 2: Testing with error freq= 0.100



```

Starting network simulation
[Station 3 ready]
G0 received! - error freq 0.100
Starting process (FakeNetworkLayer3)
012Starting process (selective_repeat)
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 1
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 2
Received ACK-message from 4 for r.ack 127
Explicit Ack sending for frame: 0 to 2
Timer 1 timed out. Sending frame 0 to 4
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 0
Received data-frame from 2 message: D: 2
Timer 2 timed out. Sending frame 1 to 4
<<stop-signal received.>>
All messages sent
<<Sending stop-signal>>
>> Press enter to terminate!

```

## 5 Conclusion

The final program successfully implements a reliable data transfer between multiple hosts, using the selective repeat algorithm, though it works correctly only under narrow circumstances.

We found the subnet provided, more difficult to work with than what was likely intended. In hindsight we also probably would have worked in the reverse order of the 'recommended' section, given that we really only felt an understanding after having edited the function 'selective repeat'.

## 6 Appendix

```
/*
 * Reliable data transfer between two stations
 *
 * Author: Jacob Aae Mikkelsen.
 */

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "rdt.h"
#include "subnetsupport.h"
#include "subnet.h"
#include "fifoqueue.h"
#include "debug.h"

/* En macro for at lette overfoerslen af korrekt navn til Activate */
#define ACTIVATE(n, f) Activate(n, f, #f)

#define MAX_SEQ 127          /* should be 2^n - 1 */
#define NR_BUFS 4
#define nrOfStations 4

/* Globale variable */

char *StationName;          /* Globalvariabel til at overfoere programnavn
 */
int ThisStation;            /* Globalvariabel der identificerer denne station. */
int nrOfMessagesToSend = 3;
log_type LogStyle;          /* Hvilken slags log skal systemet foere
 */
boolean network_layer_enabled[nrOfStations];

LogBuf mylog;                /* logbufferen
 */

FifoQueue from_network_layer_queue; /* Queue for data from network
 */
FifoQueue for_network_layer_queue; /* Queue for data for the network layer */

mlock_t *network_layer_lock;
mlock_t *write_lock;

packet ugly_buffer; // TODO Make this a queue

int ack_timer_id[4] = {-1,-1,-1,-1};
int timer_ids[nrOfStations][NR_BUFS];
boolean nak_possible[nrOfStations]; /* no nak has been sent yet */

static boolean between(seq_nr a, seq_nr b, seq_nr c)
{
    boolean x = (a <= b) && (b < c);
    boolean y = (c < a) && (a <= b);
    boolean z = (b < c) && (c < a);
    // TODO Omskriv saa det er til at fatte!
    logLine(debug, "a=%d, b=%d, c=%d, x=%d, y=%d, z=%d\n", a, b, c, x, y, z);
}
```



```

    return x || y || z;
}

/* Copies package content to buffer, ensuring it has a string end character. */
void packet_to_string(packet* data, char* buffer)
{
    strncpy ( buffer , (char*) data->data, MAX_PKT );
    buffer[MAX_PKT] = '\0';
}

// Send_frame takes REAL station-number
static void send_frame(frame_kind fk, seq_nr frame_nr, seq_nr frame_expected, packet
{
    /* Construct and send a data, ack, or nak frame. */
    frame s;          /* scratch variable */
    s.kind = fk;       /* kind == data, ack, or nak */
    if (fk == DATA)
    {
        s.info = buffer[frame_nr % NR_BUFS];
    }
    s.seq = frame_nr;  /* only meaningful for data frames */
    s.ack = (frame_expected + MAX_SEQ) % (MAX_SEQ+1);
    if (fk == NAK)
    {
        nak_possible[dest] = false;          /* one nak per frame, please */
    }
    to_physical_layer(&s, dest);              /* transmit the frame */
    if (fk == DATA)
    {
        start_timer(frame_nr, dest);
    }
    stop_ack_timer(dest);                      /* no need for separate ack frame */
}

/* Fake network/upper layers for station 1
 *
 * Send 20 packets and receive 10 before we stop
 * */
void FakeNetworkLayer1()
{
    //(i%nrOfStations)+1
    int target = 2;
    char *buffer;
    packet *pack;
    int i, j;
    long int events_we_handle;
    event_t event;
    FifoQueueEntry e;

    from_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();
    for_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();

    // Setup some messages
    for( i = 0; i < nrOfMessagesToSend; i++ ) {
        pack = (packet *) malloc(sizeof(packet));
        buffer = (char *) malloc(sizeof(char) * (MAX_PKT-8));
        pack->dest = target;
        pack->src = ThisStation;

```

```

        sprintf(buffer , "D:_%d", i);
        strcpy(pack->data, buffer);
        printf( " %d", i );
        EnqueueFQ( NewFQE( (void *) pack ), from_network_layer_queue );
    }

    events_we_handle = network_layer_allowed_to_send | data_for_network_layer;

    // Give selective repeat a chance to start
    sleep(2);

    i = 0;
    j = 0;
    while( true ) {
        // Wait until we are allowed to transmit
        Wait(&event , events_we_handle);

        switch(event.type) {
            case network_layer_allowed_to_send:
                Lock( network_layer_lock );
                if( i < nrOfMessagesToSend && network_layer_enabled[target-1] )
                    // Signal element is ready
                    logLine(info , "Sending_signal_for_message_#%d\n", i);
                    network_layer_enabled[target-1] = false;
                    Signal(network_layer_ready , NULL);
                    i++;
                }
                Unlock( network_layer_lock );
                break;
            case data_for_network_layer:
                Lock( network_layer_lock );

                e = DequeueFQ( for_network_layer_queue );
                logLine(succes , "Received_message:_%s\n" ,( (char *) e->val)

                Unlock( network_layer_lock );

                j++;
                break;
        }

        if( i >= nrOfMessagesToSend) {

            logLine(info , "Station_%d_done._._(\`sleep(5)\`)\n", ThisStation)
            /* A small break, so all stations can be ready */
            sleep(5);
            printf("All_messages_sent\n");
            Stop();
        }
    }
}

void FakeNetworkLayer2()
{
    int target = 3;
    char *buffer;
    packet *pack;
    int i,j;

```

```

long int events_we_handle;
event_t event;
    FifoQueueEntry e;

from_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();
for_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();

// Setup some messages
for( i = 0; i < nrOfMessagesToSend; i++ ) {
    pack = (packet *) malloc(sizeof(packet));
    buffer = (char *) malloc(sizeof(char *) * (MAX_PKT-8));
    pack->dest = target;
    pack->src = ThisStation;
    sprintf(buffer, "D:%d", i);
    strcpy(pack->data, buffer);
    printf( " %d", i );
    EnqueueFQ( NewFQE( (void *) pack ), from_network_layer_queue );
}

events_we_handle = network_layer_allowed_to_send | data_for_network_layer;

// Give selective repeat a chance to start
sleep(2);

i = 0;
j = 0;
while( true ) {
    // Wait until we are allowed to transmit
    Wait(&event, events_we_handle);

    switch(event.type) {
        case network_layer_allowed_to_send:
            Lock( network_layer_lock );
            if( i < nrOfMessagesToSend && network_layer_enabled[target-1] )
                // Signal element is ready
                logLine(info, "Sending_signal_for_message_#%d\n", i);
                network_layer_enabled[target-1] = false;
                Signal(network_layer_ready, NULL);
                i++;
            }
            Unlock( network_layer_lock );
            break;
        case data_for_network_layer:
            Lock( network_layer_lock );

            e = DequeueFQ( for_network_layer_queue );
            logLine(succes, "Received_message:%s\n", ( (char *) e->val )

            Unlock( network_layer_lock );

            j++;
            break;
    }

    if( i >= nrOfMessagesToSend) {

        logLine(info, "Station_%d_done._._(\`sleep(5)\`)\n", ThisStation);
        /* A small break, so all stations can be ready */

```

```

        sleep(5);
        printf("All_messages_sent\n");
        Stop();
    }
}

void FakeNetworkLayer3()
{
    int target = 4;
    char *buffer;
    packet *pack;
    int i,j;
    long int events_we_handle;
    event_t event;
    FifoQueueEntry e;

    from_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();
    for_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();

    // Setup some messages
    for( i = 0; i < nrOfMessagesToSend; i++ ) {
        pack = (packet *) malloc(sizeof(packet));
        buffer = (char *) malloc(sizeof(char *) * (MAX_PKT-8));
        pack->dest = target;
        pack->src = ThisStation;
        sprintf(buffer, "D:%d", i);
        strcpy(pack->data, buffer);
        printf(" %d", i );
        EnqueueFQ( NewFQE( (void *) pack ), from_network_layer_queue );
    }

    events_we_handle = network_layer_allowed_to_send | data_for_network_layer;

    // Give selective repeat a chance to start
    sleep(2);

    i = 0;
    j = 0;
    while( true ) {
        // Wait until we are allowed to transmit
        Wait(&event, events_we_handle);

        switch(event.type) {
            case network_layer_allowed_to_send:
                Lock( network_layer_lock );
                if( i < nrOfMessagesToSend && network_layer_enabled[target-1] )
                    // Signal element is ready
                    logLine(info, "Sending_signal_for_message_#%d\n", i);
                    network_layer_enabled[target-1] = false;
                    Signal(network_layer_ready, NULL);
                    i++;
                }
                Unlock( network_layer_lock );
                break;
            case data_for_network_layer:
                Lock( network_layer_lock );

```

```

        e = DequeueFQ( for_network_layer_queue );
        logLine(succes , "Received_message:_%s\n" , ( (char *) e->val)

                Unlock( network_layer_lock );

                j++;
                break;
        }

        if( i >= nrOfMessagesToSend) {

                logLine(info , "Station_%d_done.__(\'sleep(5)\')\n" , ThisStation)
                /* A small break, so all stations can be ready */
                sleep(5);
                printf("All_messages_sent\n");
                Stop();
        }
}

void log_event_received(long int event) {
    char *event_name;
    switch(event) {
        case 1:
            event_name = "frame_arrival";
            break;
        case 2:
            event_name = "timeout";
            break;
        case 4:
            event_name = "network_layer_allowed_to_send";
            break;
        case 8:
            event_name = "network_layer_ready";
            break;
        case 16:
            event_name = "data_for_network_layer";
            break;
        default:
            event_name = "unknown";
            break;
    }
    logLine(trace , "Event_received_%s\n" , event_name);
}

void selective_repeat() {
    seq_nr ack_expected[nrOfStations];           /* lower edge of sender's window */
    seq_nr next_frame_to_send[nrOfStations];      /* upper edge of sender's window */
    seq_nr frame_expected[nrOfStations];          /* lower edge of receiver's window */
    seq_nr too_far[nrOfStations];                 /* upper edge of receiver's window */
    int i, packet_dest, sender_index, frame_sender;
    /* index into buffer pools */
    frame r;                                       /* scratch variable */
    packet pck;                                   /* scratch variable */
    packet out_buf[nrOfStations][NR_BUFS];       /* buffers for the outbound stream */
    packet in_buf[nrOfStations][NR_BUFS];        /* buffers for the inbound stream */
    boolean arrived[nrOfStations][NR_BUFS];      /* inbound bit map */

```

```

seq_nr nbuffered[nrOfStations];                                /* how many output buffers current
event_t event;
long int events_we_handle;
unsigned int timer_id;

write_lock = malloc(sizeof(mlock_t));
network_layer_lock = (mlock_t *)malloc(sizeof(mlock_t));

Init_lock(write_lock);
Init_lock( network_layer_lock );

logLine(trace , "Starting_selective_repeat_%d\n", ThisStation);

packet_dest = 0;
for (i = 0; i < nrOfStations; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < NR_BUFS; j++){
        arrived[i][j] = false;
        timer_ids[i][j] = -1;
    }
    nak_possible[i] = false;
    ack_timer_id[i] = -1;
    enable_network_layer(i);      /* initialize */
    ack_expected[i] = 0;          /* next ack expected on the inbound stream */
    next_frame_to_send[i] = 0;    /* number of next outgoing frame */
    frame_expected[i] = 0;        /* frame number expected */
    too_far[i] = NR_BUFS;        /* receiver's upper window + 1 */
    nbuffered[i] = 0;            /* initially no packets are buffered */
}

events_we_handle = frame_arrival | timeout | network_layer_ready;

/*
// If you are in doubt how the event numbers should be, comment in this, and you
printf("%#010x\n", 1);
printf("%#010x\n", 2);
printf("%#010x\n", 4);
printf("%#010x\n", 8);
printf("%#010x\n", 16);
printf("%#010x\n", 32);
printf("%#010x\n", 64);
printf("%#010x\n", 128);
printf("%#010x\n", 256);
printf("%#010x\n", 512);
printf("%#010x\n", 1024);
*/

while (true) {
    // Wait for any of these events
    Wait(&event, events_we_handle);
    log_event_received(event.type);

    switch(event.type) {
        case network_layer_ready:      /* accept, save, and transmit a new frame
            //printf("Station: %d Case: network_layer_ready\n", ThisStation );
            logLine(trace , "Network_layer_delivers_frame_-_lets_send_it\n");
            from_network_layer(&pck);
            packet_dest = pck.dest-1;

```

```

        nbuffered[packet_dest] = nbuffered[packet_dest]+1;
/* expand the window */
memcpy(&out_buf[packet_dest][next_frame_to_send[packet_dest] % NR_BUFS],
//from_network_layer(&out_buf[next_frame_to_send % NR_BUFS]); /*
send_frame(DATA, next_frame_to_send[packet_dest], frame_expected[packet_dest]);
/* transmit the frame */
inc(next_frame_to_send[packet_dest]); /* advance upper window
//printf("Next frame to send is now: %d\n", next_frame_to_send[packet_dest]);
break;

case frame_arrival: /* a data or control frame has arrived */

    from_physical_layer(&r); /* fetch incoming frame
    //printf("Station: %d Case: frame_arrival from station %d\n", ThisStation, r.fromStation);
    frame_sender = r.fromStation;
    sender_index = r.fromStation-1; /* I'm not very smart*/
    packet_dest = sender_index;
    if (r.kind == ACK){
        printf("Received_ACK-message_from_%d_for_r.ack_%d\n", r.fromStation, r.ack);
    }
    if (ThisStation == 1 ){
        printf("frame_sender=%d, sender_index=%d\n", frame_sender, sender_index);
    }

    if (r.kind == DATA) {
        printf("Received_data-frame_from_%d_message_%d\n", r.fromStation, r.seq);
        /* An undamaged frame has arrived. */
        if ((r.seq != frame_expected[sender_index]) && r.seq < frame_expected[sender_index])
            send_frame(NAK, 0, frame_expected[sender_index]);
        } else {
            start_ack_timer(frame_sender);
        }
        if (between(frame_expected[sender_index], r.seq) && r.seq < frame_expected[sender_index])
            /* Frames may be accepted in any order
            arrived[sender_index][r.seq % NR_BUFS] = 1;

/* mark buffer as full */
in_buf[sender_index][r.seq % NR_BUFS] = 1;

/* insert data into buffer */
while (arrived[sender_index][frame_expected[sender_index]] && frame_expected[sender_index] < too_far[sender_index])
    /* Pass frames and advance window
    to_network_layer(&in_buf[sender_index][frame_expected[sender_index]]);
    nak_possible[sender_index] = true;
    arrived[sender_index][frame_expected[sender_index]] = 1;
    inc(frame_expected[sender_index]);

/* advance lower edge of receiver's window */
inc(too_far[sender_index]);

/* advance upper edge of receiver's window */
start_ack_timer(frame_sender);

/* to see if (a separate ack is needed */
    }
    }
}
if ((r.kind==NAK) && between(ack_expected[sender_index], r.seq) && r.seq < ack_expected[sender_index])
    printf("NAK_%s_%d\n", "Received_NAK,sending_ack", r.seq);
    send_frame(DATA, (r.ack+1) % (MAX_SEQ + 1), frame_expected[sender_index]);
}
//printf("Expecting ack -> %d frame_ack -> %d next_frame_to_send -> %d\n", ack_expected[sender_index], r.ack, next_frame_to_send[packet_dest]);
logLine(info, "Are_we_between_so_we_can_advance_window", ThisStation, r.fromStation, r.ack, frame_expected[sender_index], next_frame_to_send[packet_dest]);

```

```

        while (between(ack_expected[sender_index], r.ack, next
            logLine(debug, "Advancing_window_%d\n", ack_e
            nbuffered[sender_index] = nbuffered[sender_ino

/* handle piggybacked ack */
        stop_timer(ack_expected[sender_index]% NR_BUF

/* frame arrived intact */
        inc(ack_expected[sender_index]);

/* advance lower edge of sender's window */
    }
    break;

case timeout: /* Ack timeout or regular timeout. Muligvis fejl her.*/
    // Check if it is the ack_timer
    // Get station for which timer ran out
    timer_id = event.timer_id;
    //printf("Looking for %d! \n", timer_id );
    sender_index = -1;
    for (int x = 0; x < nrOfStations; x++) {
        //printf("Looking at ACK_timers[%d] -> %d \n", x, ack_
        if (ack_timer_id[x] == timer_id){
            sender_index = x;
            break;
        } else {
            for (int t = 0; t < NR_BUFS; t++){
                //printf("Looking at timer_ids[%d][%d] \n", x, t,
                if (timer_ids[x][t] == timer_id){
                    sender_index = x;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (sender_index != -1){
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    if (sender_index == -1){
        printf("SENDER_INDEX_IS_-1!\n");
    }
    //printf("Timer subject -> %d timer_id -> %d ack_timer_id -> %d\n",
    logLine(info, "Message_from_timer:_%s'\n", (char *) event.msg

    if( timer_id == ack_timer_id[sender_index] ) { // Ack timer ti
        logLine(trace, "Timeout_with_id:_%d-_acktimer_id_is_%d\n",
        free(event.msg);
        ack_timer_id[sender_index] = -1;
        printf("Explicit_Ack_sending_for_frame:_%d_to_%d\n", t
        send_frame(ACK, 0, frame_expected[sender_index], out_bu

    } else {
        int timed_out_seq_nr = atoi( (char *) event.msg );
        logLine(debug, "Timeout_for_frame_-_need_to_resend_fra
        printf("Timer_%d_timed_out._Sending_frame_%d_to_%d\n",
        send_frame(DATA, timed_out_seq_nr, frame_expected[send

    }
    break;
}

if (nbuffered[packet_dest] < NR_BUFS) {
    //printf("Station: %d Enabling network_layer for %d \n", ThisStation,

```



```

        enable_network_layer(packet_dest);
    } else {
        //printf("station: %d Disabling network_layer for %d \n", ThisStation,
        disable_network_layer(packet_dest);
    }
}

void enable_network_layer(int NeighbourID) {

    Lock( network_layer_lock );
    logLine(trace, "enabling_network_layer\n");
    network_layer_enabled[NeighbourID] = true;
    //printf("Layer enabled for %d \n", NeighbourID+1 );
    Signal( network_layer_allowed_to_send, NULL );
    Unlock( network_layer_lock );
}

void disable_network_layer(int NeighbourID){
    Lock( network_layer_lock );
    logLine(trace, "disabling_network_layer\n");
    network_layer_enabled[NeighbourID] = false;
    Unlock( network_layer_lock );
}

void from_network_layer(packet *p) {
    FifoQueueEntry e;

    Lock( network_layer_lock );
    e = DequeueFQ( from_network_layer_queue );
    Unlock( network_layer_lock );

    if(!e) {
        logLine(error, "ERROR: _We_did_not_receive_anything_from_the_queue,_lik
    } else {
        memcpy(p, (packet *)ValueOfFQE( e ), sizeof(packet));
        free( (void *)ValueOfFQE( e ) );
        DeleteFQE( e );
    }
}

void to_network_layer(packet *p) {
    char * buffer;
    Lock( network_layer_lock );

    buffer = (char *) malloc ( sizeof(packet) * (MAX_PKT-8));
    packet_to_string(p, buffer);

    EnqueueFQ( NewFQE( (void *) p ), for_network_layer_queue );

    Unlock( network_layer_lock );

    Signal( data_for_network_layer, NULL);
}

```

```

void print_frame(frame* s, char *direction) {
    char temp[MAX_PKT+1];

    switch( s->kind ) {
        case ACK:
            printf( "%s: ACK_frame. Ack_seq_nr=%d\n", direction, s->ack );
            logLine( info, "%s: ACK_frame. Ack_seq_nr=%d\n", direction, s->ack );
            break;
        case NAK:
            printf( "%s: NAK_frame. Nak_seq_nr=%d\n", direction, s->ack );
            logLine( info, "%s: NAK_frame. Nak_seq_nr=%d\n", direction, s->ack );
            break;
        case DATA:
            printf( "%s: DATA_frame. Frame_seq_nr=%d\n", direction, s->ack );
            packet_to_string(&(s->info), temp);
            logLine( info, "%s: DATA_frame [seq=%d, ack=%d, kind=%d, (%s)]\n", direction, s->seq, s->ack, s->kind, temp );
            break;
    }
}

int from_physical_layer(frame *r) {
    r->seq = 0;
    r->kind = DATA;
    r->ack = 0;

    int source, dest, length;

    logLine( trace, "Receiving_from_subnet_in_station %d\n", ThisStation );
    FromSubnet(&source, &dest, (char *) r, &length);
    r->fromStation = source;

    return 0;
}

void to_physical_layer(frame *s, int reciever)
{
    /*
    int send_to;

    if (ThisStation == 1){
        send_to = 2;
    } else {
        send_to = 1;
    }
    */
    //print_frame(s, "sending");

    s->fromStation = ThisStation;
    s->sendTime = GetTime();

    //printf("%d ToSubnet(%d, %d, (char *) s, sizeof(frame)\n", s->kind, ThisStation,
    ToSubnet(ThisStation, reciever, (char *) s, sizeof(frame));
}

void start_timer(seq_nr k, int NeighbourID) {

```

```

    int index = NeighbourID-1;
    char *msg;
    msg = (char *) malloc(100*sizeof(char));
    sprintf(msg, "%d", k); // Save seq_nr in message

    timer_ids[index][k % NR_BUFS] = SetTimer( frame_timer_timeout_millis, (void *)
    //printf("timer_ids index %d \n", index);
    //printf("Timer set at timer_ids[%d][%d] \n", index, k % NR_BUFS);
    logLine(trace, "start_timer_for_seq_nr=%d_timer_ids=[%d,%d,%d,%d]_%s\n", k
}

void stop_timer(seq_nr k, int NeighbourID) {
    int timer_id;
    char *msg;
    int index = NeighbourID-1;

    timer_id = timer_ids[index][k];
    logLine(trace, "stop_timer_for_seq_nr=%d_med_id=%d\n", k, timer_id);

    if (StopTimer(timer_id, (void *)&msg)) {
        logLine(trace, "timer_%d_stoppet._msg:_%s_\n", timer_id, msg);
        free(msg);
    } else {
        logLine(trace, "timer_%d_kunne_ikke_stoppes._Maaske_er_den_timet_ud?timer_ids=
    }
}

void start_ack_timer(int NeighbourID)
{
    int index = NeighbourID-1;
    if( ack_timer_id[index] == -1 ) {
        logLine(trace, "Starting_ack-timer\n");
        char *msg;
        msg = (char *) malloc(100*sizeof(char));
        strcpy(msg, "Ack-timer");
        ack_timer_id[index] = SetTimer( act_timer_timeout_millis, (void *)&msg);
        logLine(debug, "Ack-timer_startet_med_id=%d\n", ack_timer_id[index]);
    }
}

void stop_ack_timer(int NeighbourID)
{
    char *msg;
    int index = NeighbourID-1;

    logLine(trace, "stop_ack_timer\n");
    if (StopTimer(ack_timer_id[index], (void *)&msg)) {
        logLine(trace, "timer_%d_stoppet._msg:_%s_\n", ack_timer_id, msg);
        free(msg);
    }
    ack_timer_id[index] = -1;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{

```

```

StationName = argv[0];
ThisStation = atoi( argv[1] );

if (argc == 3)
    printf("Station_%d:_arg2_=%s\n", ThisStation, argv[2]);

mylog = InitializeLB("mytest");

LogStyle = synchronized;

printf( "Starting_network_simulation\n" );

/* processerne aktiveres */
ACTIVATE(1, FakeNetworkLayer1);
ACTIVATE(2, FakeNetworkLayer2);
ACTIVATE(3, FakeNetworkLayer3);
//ACTIVATE(4, FakeNetworkLayer4);
ACTIVATE(1, selective_repeat);
ACTIVATE(2, selective_repeat);
ACTIVATE(3, selective_repeat);
ACTIVATE(4, selective_repeat);

/* simuleringen starter */
Start();
exit(0);
}

/*
void FakeNetworkLayer2()
{
    long int events_we_handle;
    event_t event;
    int i, j;
    FifoQueueEntry e;
    char *buffer;
    packet *pack;

    from_network_layer_queue = InitializeFQ();
    5 = InitializeFQ();

    events_we_handle = network_layer_allowed_to_send | data_for_network_layer;

    j = 0;
    while( true ) {
        // Wait until we are allowed to transmit
        //printf("THIS IS LINE: %d.\n", __LINE__);
        printf("FakeNetworkLayer2 Waiting\n");
        Wait(&event, events_we_handle);

        switch(event.type) {
            case network_layer_allowed_to_send:
                printf("Station: %d Case: network_layer_allowed_to_send : Fak
                    Lock( network_layer_lock );
                    if( network_layer_enabled[0] && !EmptyFQ( from_network_layer_
        ) {
            logLine(info, "Signal from network layer for message\n

```

```

        network_layer_enabled[0] = false;
        ClearEvent( network_layer_ready ); // Don't want to s
        printf("Station: %d Signal: network_layer_ready\n", T
        Signal(network_layer_ready, NULL);
    }
        Unlock( network_layer_lock );
    break;
case data_for_network_layer:
    printf("Station: %d Case: data_for_network_layer\n", ThisStat
        Lock( network_layer_lock );

        e = DequeueFQ( for_network_layer_queue );
        logLine(succes, "Received message: %s\n", ( (char *) e->val )

    if( j < 2) {
        ( (char *) e->val)[0] = 'd';
        EnqueueFQ( e, from_network_layer_queue );
    }

        Unlock( network_layer_lock );

        j++;
        logLine(info, "j: %d\n", j );
        break;
}

if( EmptyFQ( from_network_layer_queue ) && j >= 2) {
    logLine(succes, "Stopping - received 20 messages and sent 10\n

);

    printf("Stopping - received 20 messages and sent 10\n");
    sleep(5);
    Stop();
}

}*/

```