

# HANDY RELEASE 0.7.9

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This document describes the V 0.7.9 release of the Handy development environment. It includes these sections:

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- Changes to HANDY:
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## HandyASM V0.04

Announcing, with no small amount of fanfare, the first distribution of HandyASM. I extend hearty congratulations to Carl Sassenrath, HandyASM's creator. The assembler is already great, and there are further enhancements and performance improvements still to come.

You might notice that HandyASM is a bit faster than the old assembler. You might also notice that HandyASM still has its problems.

For now, the new assembler has been installed on your system as HANDY:HandyASM. When HandyASM is debugged to the point where we'll commit to using it as our regular assembler, then we'll rename it to asm (and rename the old assembler to asm.old).

To facilitate the testing of HandyASM you now have two new script files, OldAsm and NewAsm, in your HANDY: directory. Invoking one or the other of these scripts will cause either the old or the new assembler to become the program named HANDY:asm. The intent is to provide you with a convenient way to switch between assembling with the old and the new (this will be especially handy for those of you who have automated the assembly process using script files). Here's how it works: as part of the V0.7.9 release HandyASM is copied to HANDY: and HANDY:asm is copied to HANDY:asm.old; when NewAsm is invoked HANDY:HandyASM is copied to HANDY:asm; when OldAsm is invoked HANDY:asm.old is copied to HANDY:asm.

Sooner or later we're going to have to make the leap and start using HandyASM full-time. My guess is that committing to the new assembler will be a one-way step because I'm sure that HandyASM's new features will immediately pervade our code, making it impossible for us to go back. Because we won't be able to go back, we shouldn't switch until we're sure that HandyASM is sufficiently robust. On the other hand we have to make the switch before too long as we're counting on HandyASM to provide the functionality needed to create ROM images larger than 64K (not to mention satisfying our desire to tap into HandyASM's great assembly speed). So we must do everything we can to help Carl work the kinks out of HandyASM; most importantly, as we discover bugs we must promptly provide him with thorough, detailed bug reports. As a first step in this direction, I ask each of you to do the following at your earliest possible convenience:

- Start by carefully reading the *HandyASM Implementation Notes* document included with this release

- If you agree with the changes that the new assembler will require you to make to your code, then make them. If you disagree, type your arguments against the changes into a file and submit the file to me right away
- Try to assemble your code, making further changes to your code as needed, and if you have problems with the assembler then create a text file with detailed bug reports. Get this bug report file into my hands right away

On the lighter side, all about HandyASM is not sweat and tension. Let's also make sure we expend some good energy considering ways we might craft HandyASM to better serve us. Nothing about HandyASM is cast in stone yet, and we have a pretty flexible arrangement with Carl regarding feature enhancements. So when musing upon possible assembler improvements allow yourself to think expansively, as you do when working on your Handycraft and Handebug wish lists. Please be sure to record any and all of your reasonable and semi-reasonable ideas.

Submit bug reports and enhancement requests to me as text files (separate files for bugs and enhancements, please) on an Amiga disk. As Carl promised (the guy never fails me), he has set up a bulletin board system for us to which we can post files and from which we can download new releases at our convenience.

Finally, HandyASM is complemented by a program named CmpBin, also found in HANDY:, which program compares and contrasts the binary images created by the old and new assemblers.

## Handebug V1.50

Handebug and the Handy monitor code both support a new data packet type, LARGE\_DATA, which is the data packet used by HandyASM whenever possible (perhaps you old Missing Linkers recognize this extension; we borrowed the packet type verbatim from you).

You might be interested to note that the old assembler was capable of creating only one type of data packet, which packet could contain a maximum of 255 bytes of data. Because of this small packet size, the time required to download, say, a 48K file would include the overhead of processing 192 data packet headers, with a Handebug / monitor handshake between each packet. To download a 48K file using the LARGE\_DATA packet type requires 1 handshake and the processing of 1 data packet header. We have noticed that downloading HandyASM binary files takes 20 - 30% less time.

## Changes to 6502:

This release includes several 6502: files, which files have been modified to work with the new assembler. These changes are supposed to be downwardly-compatible with the old assembler.

HPRINT users note: the newly-modified HPR\_CHARSET macro will generate an assembly warning about "unknown directive .CSET" which you can ignore. This warning doesn't occur when using HandyASM.

## Changes to HANDY:

As described above in the "HandyASM V0.04" section, HANDY: now contains the new HandyASM and CmpBin programs and the old assembler is copied to the file asm.old. If you enter the command NewAsm and then invoke the asm program you will get HandyASM. If you enter OldAsm, subsequent use of asm will get you the old assembler. The NewAsm and OldAsm script files are in HANDY: too.

handy which can download the monitor even off line and says "the file is not found".  
This is because the monitor is not yet supported by the new assembler. It must still be run from  
the ROM's monitor which is supported by the old assembler.

Also, HANDY contains a new monitor which supports the new LARGE\_DATA packet type  
generated by the new assembler as described above in the "Handebug V1.50" section. Note  
that this monitor is supposed to be completely downward-compatible with the old assembler,  
so you don't have to worry about binary files not downloading if compiled with the old assembler  
(poof).

## **Good News Bad News (Revised)**

I got the good news/bad news stuff a bit wrong. I did manage to get the numbers right: the normal  
production ROM's are going to cost a buck less than we thought; the OTP ROM's, which we'll  
have to use if you miss your ship date, will cost a buck more than we thought. I said that missing  
your date would be a buck worse per unit than it was before, but in fact it's now two bucks worse  
than before.

## **What You Must Do To Start Using This Release**

If you want to assemble using the new assembler, first enter the CLI command NewAsm. When  
you want to go back to the old assembler, enter OldAsm.

HPRINT users reminder: the HPR\_CHARSET macro will generate an assembly warning about  
"unknown directive .CSET" which you can ignore.

To edit source code you will need to switch to a windows environment. The new assembler  
does not support direct editing of source code so you will need to use a windows editor to edit  
the source code. If you are using a Macintosh or PC, you can use a windows editor such as  
Word Processor or WordStar. If you are using AT&T, DEC or VMS you can use a windows  
editor such as Edit or EditPlus. If you are using a VME you will be best off using a terminal window and the command line editor  
such as the VME editor or the VME command line editor.

After you have edited the source code you will need to assemble it. To do this you will need to enter the  
CLI command Asm. This will assemble the source code into object code.

After you have assembled the source code you will need to link it. To do this you will need to enter the  
CLI command Link. This will link the object code into a executable program.

After you have linked the object code you will need to run it. To do this you will need to enter the  
CLI command Run. This will run the executable program.

After you have run the executable program you will need to terminate it. To do this you will need to enter the  
CLI command Exit. This will exit the Handy system.

The new assembler is called "New Assembler" and it has a few differences from the old assembler.  
The most important difference is that it does not support direct editing of source code. Instead it  
uses a windows environment to edit source code. The new assembler also has a few new features.  
For example, it has a new monitor which supports the new LARGE\_DATA packet type generated  
by the new assembler. It also has a new monitor which supports the new LARGE\_PACKET type generated  
by the new assembler. These new monitors are not yet supported by the old assembler.