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### Reference

Date	Description	Writer
	COBEE User Guide	EasiRun Europa GmbH
1st Edition, 17 September 2010	OpenCOBOL-1.1-06FEB2009-Programmers-Guide	Gary Cutler

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## 1. Introduction

The purpose of this guide is to explain how to install, configure and use the Eclipse plug-ins COBEE.

You will edit and compile both local COBOL programs and mainframe COBOL programs WITHOUT INSTALLATION OF MAINFRAME RESOURCES.

### 1.1 What's new

#### **Improvements in COBEE 3.5:**

- COBEE 3.5 is fully qualified with the very latest Eclipse version such as Kepler (4.3) and Luna (4.4).
- Support of listings coming from the remote Micro Focus® compiler: the COBOL programs and copybooks are marked with the compilation messages in the Problems view.
- Preprocessing capabilities:
  - Custom processing can be called before the GNU Cobol Check Syntax and Unfolding.
  - A standard post processing is proposed so that the messages are marked in the right place in the source code.

(a support of custom macro instructions has been implemented and distributed as a custom plug-in)

#### This release solves the following bugs:

**5320** FTP Access supports use of non standard TCP/IP port







### 1.2 Prerequisites

Ensure that the workstation has at least 2GB of RAM.

Supported OS: Windows XP SP3, Windows 7.

Ensure that a Java JRE 6 or 7 is present on the workstation.(JRE 8 is not yet fully qualified.)

This COBEE 3.5 Release must be installed on Eclipse Helios 3.6.2, Indigo 3.7.2, Kepler 4.3.x or Luna 4.4.x (32bits or 64bits).

FTP Access module requires installation of a REXX interpreter on the workstation such as Regina REXX Interpreter (version 3.6 or 3.8.2 recommended)<sup>1</sup>.

#### Resources:

You downloaded COBEE\_3.5.x\_Release-demo.zip from the COBEE site.

Once you have unzipped the downloaded file, you've got the following directories and files:

- **Demo\_workspace** which contains preconfigured resources for this "quickstart"
- **Products** which contains the plug-ins
- COBEE\_V3.5\_DemoReadme.txt
- COBEE\_V3.5\_Quickstart.pdf: this file!
- COBEE\_V3.5\_User\_Guide.pdf
- releaseNotes.txt

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  For the users of Open Object Rexx (ooRexx), some scripts of COBEE are not fully compatible.





# 2. Installation

Retrieve Eclipse for Windows from http://www.eclipse.org/downloads.

Note: This document has been produced with Eclipse Indigo. The examples also work with Eclipse versions listed in the prerequisites.

- 1 Launch Eclipse and select a new workspace (temporary used for COBEE plug-in installation).
- 2 Installation of plug-ins: Select in the menu "Help ► Install New Software..."

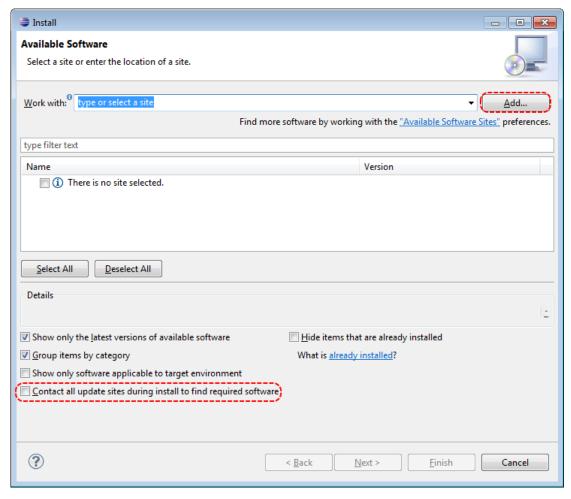


3 Add local plug-in archives: Click the "Add..." button.





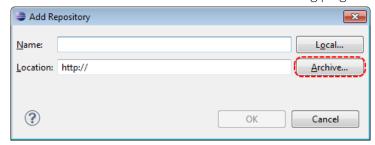




Tip:

To save time, you should uncheck "Contact all update sites during install to find required software".

4 In the dialog box, click on the "Archive..." button then select the directory Products where the COBEE plugin are stored and choose one archive file containing plugins to be installed.

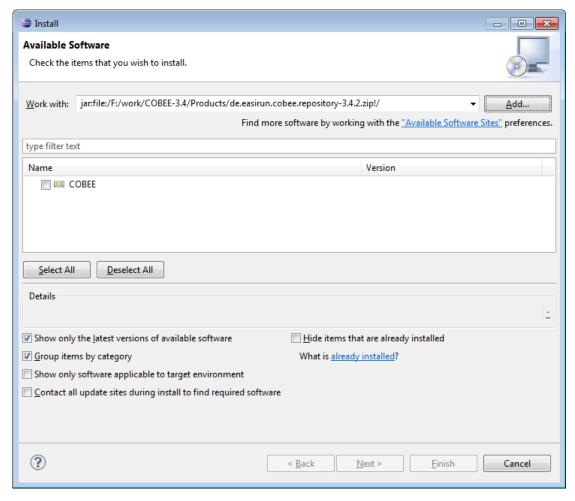


The component appear alone in the window:









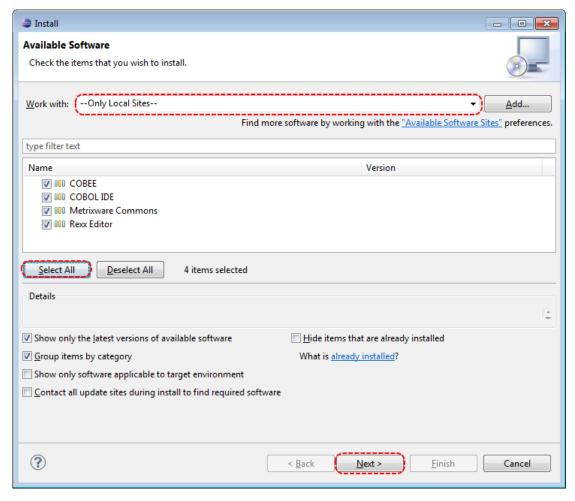
Repeat from step 3 for each archive.

5 Check plug-ins: Select "-Only Local Sites-", click on "Select All" button and click on "Next" button.









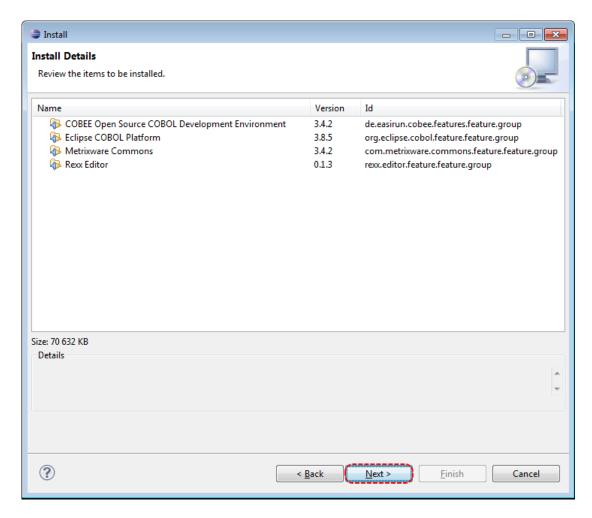
Be patient: "calculating requirements and dependencies" can take a while in some case.

6 Review and confirm by clicking on "Next" button. Three items are to be installed:







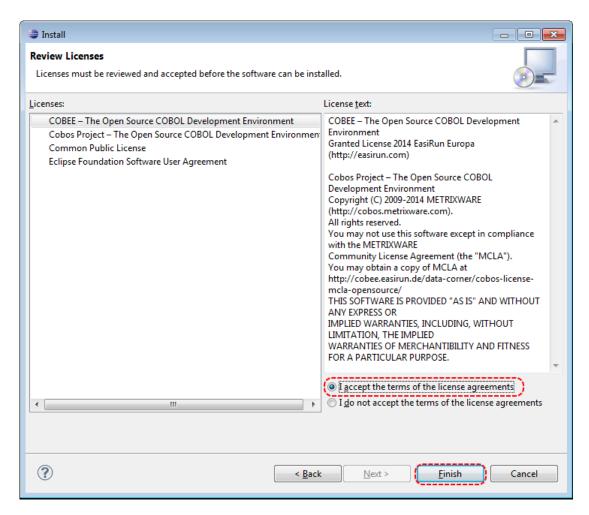


7 Accept the terms of the license agreements and click on "Finish" button.

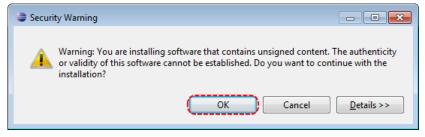








It is possible that a security warning appears during the installation phase. Click on **"OK"** button to continue the installation.

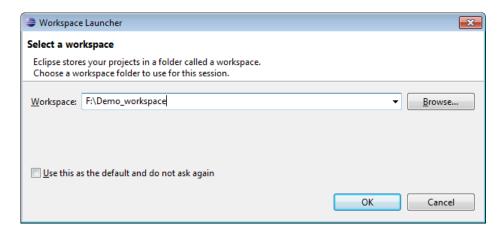


9 When the installation is finished, restart Eclipse and select the Demo\_workspace directory that you have unzipped from COBEE\_3.5.x\_Release-demo.zip file.

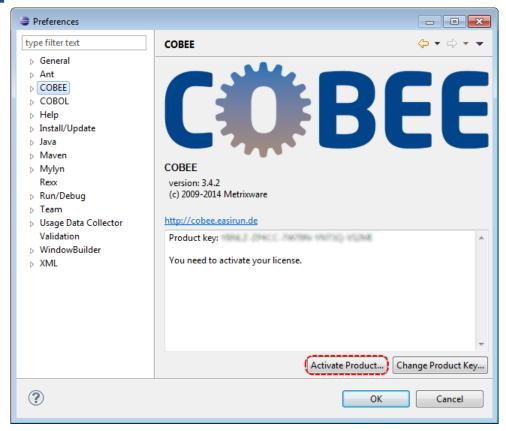








10 Go to "Window ► Preferences ► COBEE" and click on the "Activate Product..." button.

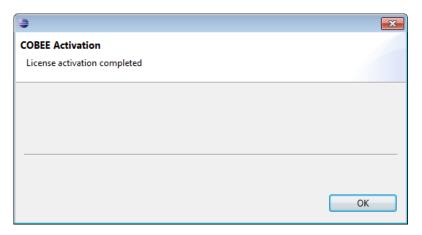


11 A popup indicates that the license is activated



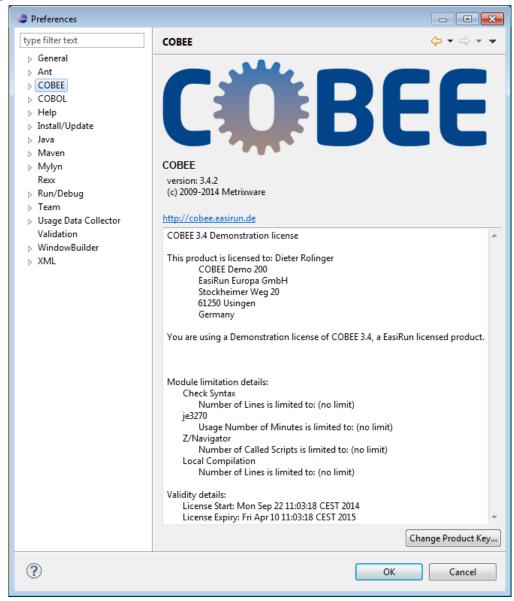






Just click OK

12 The Demo license is displayed.



Click OK.

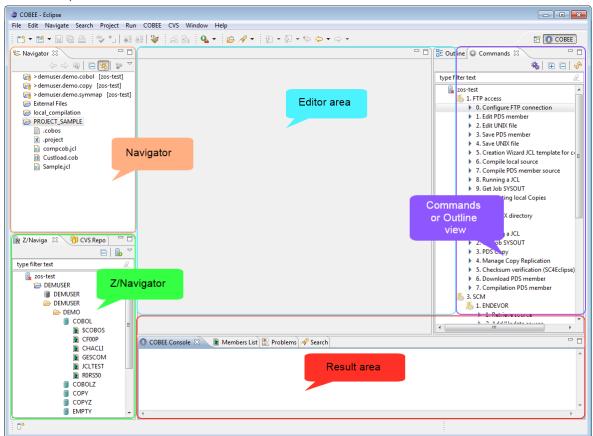
13 You are ready to use COBEE in standalone configuration (without installing COBEE components on the







mainframe).



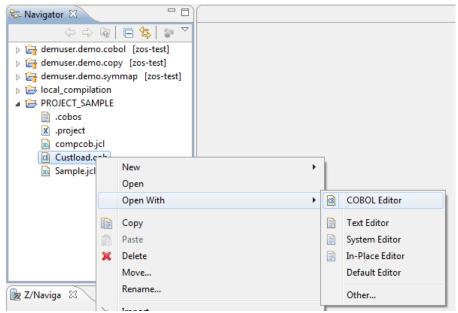
**COBEE** perspective





### 3. Editing a COBOL program

1 Open the program "Custload.cob" from PROJECT\_SAMPLE project with the COBOL Editor by right-clicking on it in the "Navigator" view and by choosing "Open With ► COBOL Editor"



Custload.cob shows off in the Editor.

```
*A-1-B--+---2---+---3----+---4----+---5----+---6----+---7--I-+----8
           IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
           PROGRAM-ID.
                             CUSTLOAD.
          * COBOS Project - The Open Source COBOL Development Environment
          * Copyright (C) 2009-2011 METRIXWARE (http://cobos.metrixware.com)
          * All rights reserved.
   8
          ^{st} You may not use this file except in compliance with the METRIXWARE
          * Community License Agreement (the "MCLA").
  10
          ^{\ast} You may obtain a copy of MCLA at http://www.metrixware.com/mcla
  11
  12
          * THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR
  13
          * IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE IMPLIED
  14
          * WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTIBILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
  15
  16
  17
          * Loading of SEQUENTIAL FILE CUSTIN - INPUT-FILE - into INDEXDd FILE CUSTOUT - OUTPUT-FILE -
  18
  19
  20
  21

    * Unfolded source sample

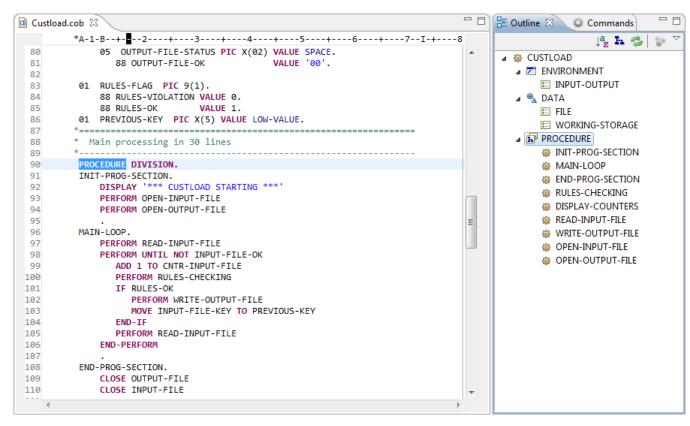
                                           OBX/METRIXWARE 20/08/2012
  22
  23
  24
  25
           ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
  26
  27
           INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
           FILE-CONTROL.
  29
               SELECT INPUT-FILE
  30
                  ASSIGN TO CUSTIN
  31
                   ORGANIZATION IS SEQUENTIAL
```

2 Activate the Outline View on the right side. Click on the word PROCEDURE in Outline View.









(for "mainframers") Forget ISPF!

3 In the editor, put your mouse above the word CNTR-INPUT-FILE on line 99

```
MAIN-LOOP.
                                                                                                         WRITE-OUTPUT-FILE
 97
               PERFORM READ-INPUT-FILE
                                                                                                         @ OPEN-INPUT-FILE
 98
               PERFORM UNTIL NOT INPUT-FILE-OK
                                                                                                         OPEN-OUTPUT-FILE
 99
                   ADD 1 TO CNTR-INPUT-FILE
100
                   PERFORM R
                                05 CNTR-INPUT-FILE PIC 9(5) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO.
101
                   IF RULES-
102
                      PERFOR
                                File "PROJECT_SAMPLE\Custload.cob" (line 71)
                      MOVE I
103
                   END-IF
104
                   PERFORM READ-INPUT-FILE
105
106
                END-PERFORM
```

You can see line definition of the variable under the mouse pointer.

4 Click on variable CNTR-INPUT-FILE on line 99 and hit F3

```
<u>- П</u>
*A-1-B--+---2---+---3----+---4----+---5----+---6----+---7--I-+---8
              05 OUTPUT-FILE-ADR.
  61
                 10 OUTPUT-FILE-STREET PIC X(20).
 62
                 10 OUTPUT-FILE-POSTCODE PIC X(5).
 63
                 10 OUTPUT-FILE-CITY
 64
                                      PIC X(20).
 65
              05 FILLER PIC X(10).
 66
          WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
 67
                            PIC X(16) VALUE '*WORKING-STORAGE'.
 68
          01 FILLER
 69
           01 COUNTERS.
  70
              05 CNTR-INPUT-FILE PIC 9(5) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO.
  71
  72
              05 CNTR-OUTPUT-FILE PIC 9(5) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO.
                                  PIC 9(5) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO.
 73
              05 CNTR-ANO
                                                                                   Ε
                 88 NO-WARN VALUE ZERO.
 74
 75
 76
          01 FILE-STATUS.
 77
              05 INPUT-FILE-STATUS PIC X(02)
                                             VALUE SPACE.
                                              VALUE '00'.
 78
                 88 INPUT-FILE-OK
                                              VALUE '10'
 79
                 88 INPUT-FILE-EOF
 80
              05 OUTPUT-FILE-STATUS PIC X(02) VALUE SPACE.
81
                 88 OUTPUT-FILE-OK
                                              VALUE '00'.
```



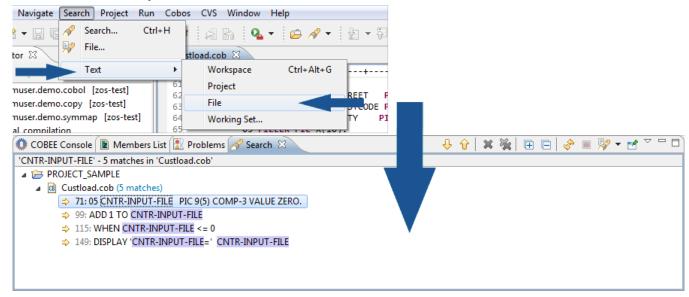




Focus is given to the actual line definition in the program (or in a Copy as well)



To view all occurrences of this variable, select menu "Search ▶ Text ▶ File".



Double clicking on an occurrence in the Search View will position the editor on this occurrence, of course.

5 Let's insert a statement: place the cursor at the end of line 94 and hit enter. Key 'di' and hit Ctrl + Space.

```
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
                                                                                                         END-PROG-SECTION
  91
            INIT-PROG-SECTION.
                                                                                                         RULES-CHECKING
                DISPLAY '*** CUSTLOAD STARTING ***'
  92
                                                                                                        DISPLAY-COUNTERS
  93
                PERFORM OPEN-INPUT-FILE
                                                                                                         READ-INPUT-FILE
  94
                PERFORM OPEN-OUTPUT-FILE
  95
               di
                                                                                                         WRITE-OUTPUT-FILE
  96
                                                                                       DISPLAY-COUNTERS.
           MAIN-L DISPLAY-COUNTERS
  97
               PE W DISABLE
  98
                                                                                       File "PROJECT_SAMPLE\Custload.cob" (line 148)
  99
                PE W DISPLAY
$100
                   DISPLAY - DISPLAY statement
 101
                   W DIVIDE
 102
                   DIVIDE - DIVIDE statement
 103
 104
                   DIVIDE_BY_GIVING - DIVIDE statement
 105
                   DIVIDE_BY_REMAINDER - DIVIDE statement
 106
                EN DIVIDE_INTO_GIVING - DIVIDE statement
 107

➡ DIVIDE_INTO_REMAINDER - DIVIDE statement

 108
            END-PR W DIVISION
 109
```

Variables and labels along with their definition line are shown first, then COBOL keywords with or without pattern.

6 Double Click on DISPLAY statement pattern

```
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
 91
           INIT-PROG-SECTION.
               DISPLAY '*** CUSTLOAD STARTING ***'
 92
 93
               PERFORM OPEN-INPUT-FILE
                                                                                        Ε
 94
               PERFORM OPEN-OUTPUT-FILE
 95
               DISPLAY Identifier
 96
 97
           MAIN-LOOP.
 98
               PERFORM READ-INPUT-FILE
 99
                PERFORM UNTIL NOT INPUT-FILE-OK
$100
                   ADD 1 TO CNTR-INPUT-FILE
                   PERFORM RULES-CHECKING
```







7 Now, replace identifier by any string you want...e.g.: 'Hello world!'

```
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
           INIT-PROG-SECTION.
DISPLAY '*** CUSTLOAD STARTING ***'
  91
  92
  93
               PERFORM OPEN-INPUT-FILE
               PERFORM OPEN-OUTPUT-FILE
  94
 95 DISPLAY 'Hello world!'
 96
97
98
          MAIN-LOOP.
              PERFORM READ-INPUT-FILE
 99
               PERFORM UNTIL NOT INPUT-FILE-OK
                 ADD 1 TO CNTR-INPUT-FILE
⇒100
                  PERFORM RULES-CHECKING
101
```

8 Finally, save the file (press **Ctrl + S** or push 📓 button from the toolbar).







#### The main additional keyboard shortcuts are:

- **Ctrl + Space**: invoke auto-completion.
- **Ctrl + Shift + Y**: change selected characters to lowercase
- Ctrl + Shift + X: change selected characters to uppercase
- Ctrl + Shift + Z: set CAPS ON (like in ISPF Editor)
- Ctrl + L: go to the N line in a source file
- Alt + Shift + A: Toggle Block Selection (useful for block indentation updating)
- Ctrl + Q: return to the last edition in a file
- Ctrl + E: go to another opened editor. A pop-up window appears with the choice of opened editors
- **F3**: go to the definition of the variable
- Ctrl + Shift + V: check syntax of the code (shortcut for menu "COBEE > 👺 Check Syntax")
- Ctrl + Shift + U: unfold of the code (shortcut for menu "COBEE ▶ 1 Unfold COBOL source")
- Ctrl + Shift + C: remote compilation¹ (shortcut for menu "COBEE ► Use Compilation")





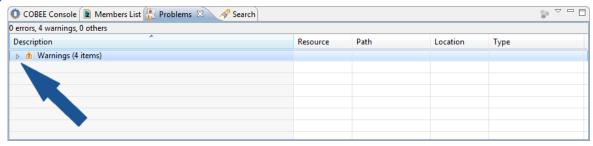
# 4. Checking the syntax of a COBOL program

### 4.1 CUSTLOAD program

- 1 Now, we will check the syntax of the program "Custload.cob".
- 2 Select menu "COBEE ► Check syntax"



- 3 Once the check syntax has been achieved, 4 warnings are found in this program.
- 4 In the Problems view, expand the Warnings line to see the messages.

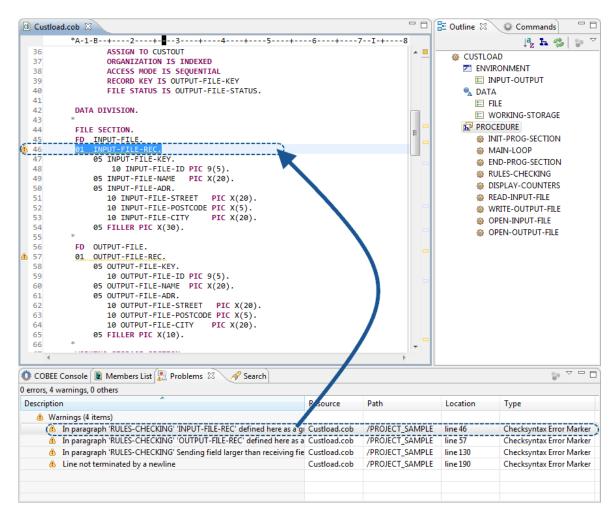


5 Simply double-clicking a message in the Problems view gives focus on the line in error in the COBOL editor.









### 4.2 CF00P program

In general, COBOL programs contain copybooks. Let's see how it works in COBEE.

1 Open the program "cf00p.cob" from demuser.demo.cobol project with the COBOL Editor.

```
□ cf00p.cob 🖾
         *A-1-B--+---2---+---3----+---4----+---5----+---6---+---7--I-+----8
          IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
                                                                                    Ε
  3
  4
          PROGRAM-ID.
                           CF00P.
  5
                       O.BOITEUX/METRIXWARE.
  6
         * COBOS Project - The Open Source COBOL Development Environment
  8
         * Copyright (C) 2009-2011 METRIXWARE (http://cobos.metrixware.com)
         * All rights reserved.
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 10
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 13
         * You may obtain a copy of MCLA at http://www.metrixware.com/mcla
 14
15
```

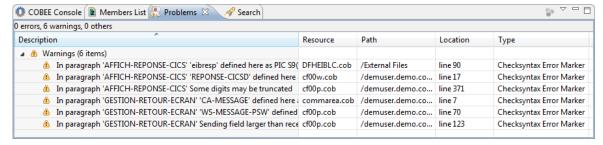
2 Check syntax (select menu "COBEE ► Check syntax" or push 👺 or hit "Ctrl + Shift + V").





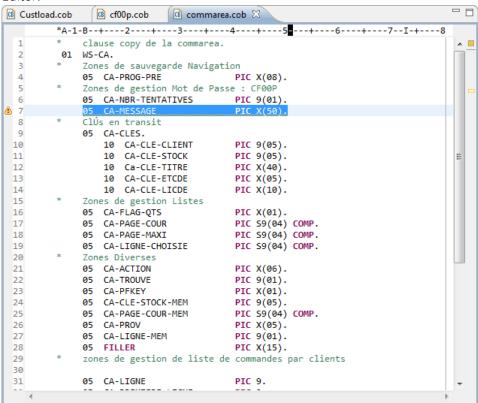


3 Once the check syntax has been achieved, 6 warnings are found in this program.



In the column "Resource", you can see that some messages refer to files outside the main program: these copybooks are included in the program at syntax checking.

4 Double click on the warning of the copybook "commarea.cob". This copybook shows off in the COBOL Editor.



A marker is placed in front of the line addressed by the warning and the line is highlighted.



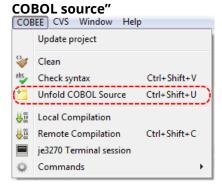


### 5. Unfolding a COBOL program

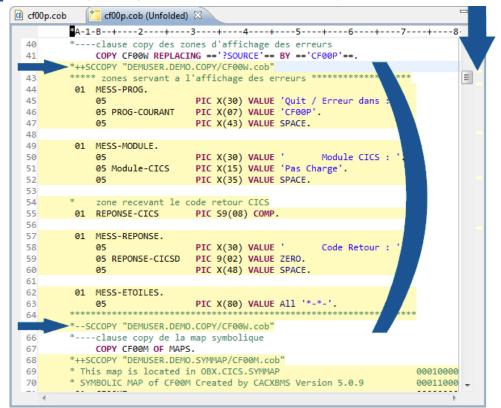
This function displays the original program including source code, copybooks and SQL includes which are used by the program. The expanded file (Unfolded) is opened in a new tab <u>in read-only mode</u>. The expanded copybooks are displayed on a yellow background, indicating their path on the start line beginning with "++SCCOPY" and ending with "-SCCOPY".

#### 5.1 CF00P program

1 Check that the program "cf00p.cob" is active in the COBOL Editor, select menu "COBEE ➤ Unfold



2 After Unfold, you will get a new tab with the name "cf00p.cob (Unfolded)".



You can browse through the source code by clicking on the yellow markers on the right.



Тір:

To view the list of copybooks, position the cursor over SCCOPY and select menu "Search ➤ Text ➤ File".







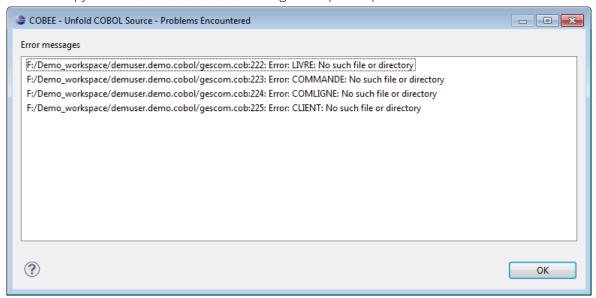
#### 5.2 GESCOM program

OK, now let's see how we manage to make it with mainframe COBOL programs. For successful **Check syntax**, **Unfold**, **Auto-completion**, etc...we need to access copybooks used by the programs we are working on.

One solution is to replicate the copybooks in a network place, and configure the .cobos file. Note: if you want to understand how copybooks paths are specified, open the .cobos file. For more information, select menu "Help ► Help Contents ► COBEE ► Chapter 5 Viewing and ... ► Configuring a project".

One another very simple solution is to retrieve copybooks from a compilation sysout. Let's run this scenario with a COBOL program we have compiled from COBEE (and sysout is still available).

- 1 Open the program "gescom.cob" from demuser.demo.cobol project with the COBOL Editor.
- 2 Unfold (select menu "COBEE ➤ Unfold COBOL source" or push 🛅 button).
- After Unfold, you will get a new tab with the name "gescom.cob (Unfolded)" but a popup shows off because copybooks are not available according to the paths specified in .cobos file:

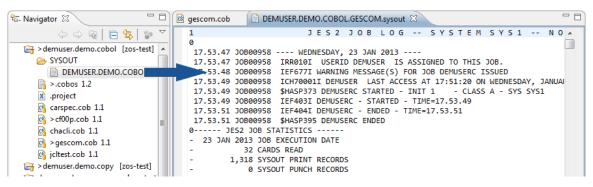


- 4 Close the "gescom.cob (Unfolded)".
- If you want to look at the sysout content, you can retrieve the sysout in the Navigator View in demuser.demo.cobol/SYSOUT and double click on it.





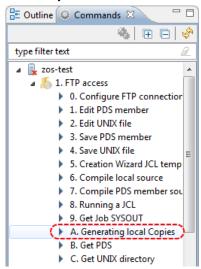




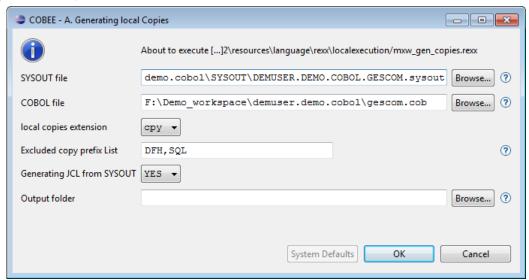
The sysout is opened in the Text Editor.

Warning: If you encounter "resource is out of sync ...", you have to press Refresh key (F5)

Give back focus to "gescom.cob" and launch the COBEE command "1. FTP access ► A. Generating local Copies" from the Command view.



7 Select the sysout and click OK.



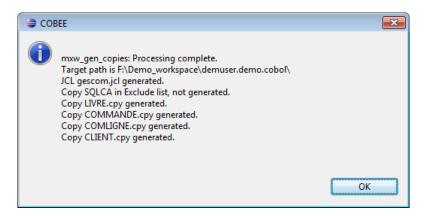
Note: in this example, we exclude CICS and DB2 copybooks.

8 A pop-up is displayed showing the list of copybooks and the generated JCL.

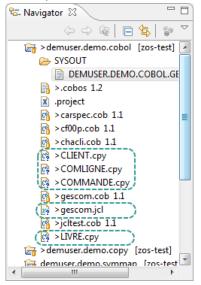








9 The copies and the JCL are stored along with the source file.



Note: COBEE don't look for copybooks systematically first in the directory of the program (if you want to explore this directory, you MUST specify it in the .cobos file). You can of course store the copybooks in another place.

10 Now, we can **unfold** the source file.







```
📁 gescom.cob (Unfolded) 🗵
gescom.cob
               DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOL.GESCOM.sysout
           *A-1-B--+---2---+---3----+----4----+---5----+---6----+---7----+----8
 251
           EXEC SQL INCLUDE LIVRE END-EX
*++SCCOPY "DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOL/LIVRE.cpy"
 252
                                                  FND-FXFC.
 253
 254
                 EXEC SQL DECLARE LIVRE TABLE
 255
                                                                        Copybook file in the
 256
                                                                            project folder
                    LIV_REF
                                                        SMALLINT
 257
                                                       NOT NULL,
CHAR (40),
CHAR (20),
 258
 259
                    LIV_TIT
                    LIV_AUT
LIV_PRX
 260
                                                       DECIMAL (7, 2),
 261
                    LIV_QTE
LIV_SEU
                                                       SMALLINT,
 262
                                                       SMALLINT,
 263
                    LIV_GEN
                                                       CHAR (2)
 264
 265
                 END-EXEC.
 266
 267
 268
            01 DCL-LIVRE.
 269
                 03 DCL-LIV-REF
                                                       PIC S9(4) COMP.
 270
 271
                03 DCL-LIV-TIT
                                                       PIC X(40).
 272
                03 DCL-LIV-AUT
                                                       PIC X(20).
 273
                03 DCL-LIV-PRX
                                                       PIC S9(5)V9(2) COMP-3.
 274
                03 DCL-LIV-QTE
                                                       PIC S9(4) COMP.
                                                       PIC S9(4) COMP.
 275
                03 DCL-LIV-SEU
            03 DCL-LIV-GEN PIC
*--SCCOPY "DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOL/LIVRE.cpy"
EXEC SQL INCLUDE COMMANDE END-EXEC.
 276
                                                       PIC X(2).
 277
 278
            *++SCCOPY "DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOL/COMMANDE.cpy"
 279
 280
 281
                 EXEC SQL DECLARE COMMANDE TABLE
```

Note: Copybooks retrieving is useful also for Check Syntax, auto-completion and Hover.

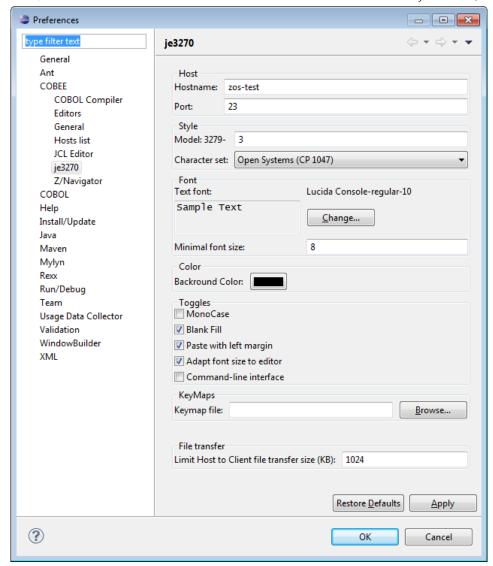




# 6. Using 3270 Emulator inside eclipse

Powerful COBEE extension is designed for mainframe COBOL development enhancement. First of all, 3270 access to mainframe remains the basic way of working with a mainframe (but not the most comfortable, as already shown in this document)

1 Go to "Window ► Preferences ► COBEE ► je3270" and adjust the values for your environment (at least, Host name field must be filled with IP address or DNS name of your host)



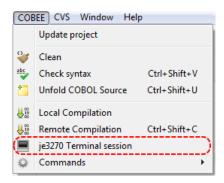
You will be able to define a customized key map.

2 Launch the 3270 emulator from menu "COBEE ► je3270 Terminal session":









3 Your favorite welcome screen is displayed! Enter your credentials.

You are now at home in your usual mainframe environment BUT inside eclipse!

A button bar appears above the je3270 window with useful functions. Additional shortcuts are defined in keymap file (see Help Contents / 3270 Terminal for further information)

Note: F10 key is well interpreted by je3270 but in the same time trapped by eclipse, activating File Menu. You have to retype F10 to give focus back to je3270. A bottle of good champagne for a fix of this issue!





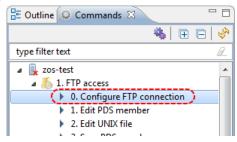
## 7. Configure FTP access

First, you must configure the FTP connection to use "FTP access" commands.

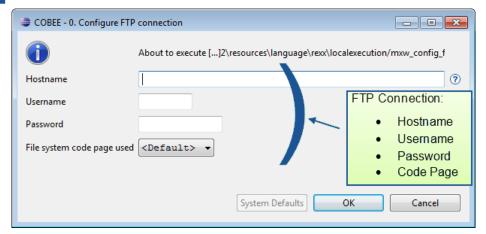
"FTP Access" module provides another way of working with mainframe sources without any mainframe installation. This module requires installation of a REXX interpreter on the workstation such as Regina REXX Interpreter.

In this quick start, we are going to use for this purpose the "FTP Access" facility. At this time, you should have installed a REXX interpreter (type "rexx -v" from a DOS prompt)

1 Double-click on **"1. FTP access ➤ 0. Configure FTP connection"** in the Commands view:



2 Fill in the form fields:

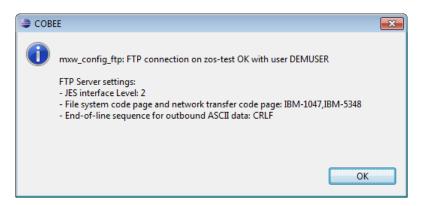


- 3 Click on "**OK**" button to check the data.
- 4 If the connection is successful, data connection is saved in workspace and a popup shows you the JES interface level.









Here JES interface Level is 2.

Note: JES interface Level differences is described in "IP User's Guide and Commands" documentation from IBM.





## 8. Compiling a local source on mainframe

COBEE is specially designed to easily develop mainframe applications. Also, you can compile a local program on the mainframe and retrieve the SYSOUT locally.

The error messages are displayed in the Problems view synchronized with the source in the editor.

Z/Navigator plug-in is designed to process mainframe files directly from eclipse but requires scripts installation on mainframe.

If you are comfortable with JCL editing, try adapting the JCL sample supplied for a batch program. If not, feel free to go to next sequence: Editing a PDS member page 35.

In the PROJECT\_SAMPLE project:

- 1 Open *Custload.cob* in COBOL Editor.
- 2 Open *compcob.jcl* in JCL Editor

```
    Custload.cob

                🔟 compcob.jcl 🔀
  //xxxxxxxxx JOB 'COMPILES', CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=H, REGION=0M
  //* COBOL compile and link sample
                                      Cobos 2.3 ZOSV1R11
  //* for local ource compilation
                                 Do not change this line (job card)
  //*
  //* Important notice:
  //* This JCL is used by REXX FTP procedure mxw_cob_compile_ftp that
  //* insert the PROC invocation statement at the end.
  //*
  //* Copy this JCL into your workspace and tailor it to your needs.
  //* Do not change the parameter names.
  //* COBOS Project - The Open Source COBOL Development Environment
  //* Copyright (C) 2009-2012 METRIXWARE (http://cobos.metrixware.com)
  //* All rights reserved.
                                        Do not change these 2 lines
  //COMPIL PROC PGMNAME=,
                                                             SOURCE NAME
                                                     TARGET LOAD LIBRARY
             LOADLIB=
  //COBOL EXEC PGM=IGYCRCTL, PARM='LIB, SIZE(4000K)'
  //STEPLIB DD DSN=IGY420.SIGYCOMP, DISP=SHR
                                                              COBOL v4.2
           DD DSN=DFH410.CICS.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
  //* K
                                                               CICS v4.1
  //*
            DD DSN=DSN910.DB9G.SDSNEX1T,DISP=SHR
                                                                DB2 v9.1
       DD DSN=DSN910.SDSNLOAD,DISA=SHR
  //SYSUT1 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1))
                                                    You can change the
  //SYSUT2 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)
                                                   parameters of COBOL
  //SYSUT3 DD UNIX=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
                                                          compiler
  //SYSUT4 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1))
  //SYSUT5 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1))
  //SYSUT6 DD UNIT=SYSDA SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
  //SYSUT7 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1))
                                                 Adapt STEPLIB lines with
  //SYSLIN DD DSNAME=&&LOADSET,UNIT=SYSALLDA,
                                                  the COBOL environment
  //
             DISP=(MOD, PASS), SPACE=(TRK, (3,3)),
                                                     of your mainframe
  //
             DCB=(BLKSIZE=3200)
```

*Custload* program requires neither CICS nor SQL. So, you can leave the comment lines in STEPLIB. Check the COBOL STEPLIB and, if necessary adapt the DSNAME according with the version of Enterprise





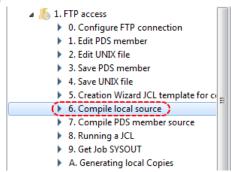


COBOL in use (here IGY420 qualifier for COBOL 4.2 compiler).

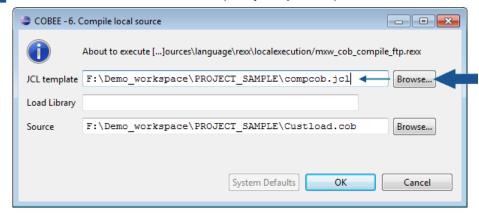
```
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*SYSLIB DD DSN=DFH410.CICS.SDFHC0B,DISP=SHR
         DD DSN=ESSAI.JEU230.COPY,DISP=SHR
                                                  YOUR COPYLIBS THERE
//*
//LINKED EXEC PGM=HEWL, COND=(8, LT, COBOL), REGION=1024K
//SYSLIB DD DSNAME=CEE.SCEELKED,DISP=SHR
                                                          LE LIBRARY
         DD DSNAME=DFH410.CICS.SDFHLOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSLIN OD DSNAME=&&LOADSET,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//SYSLMOD DD DSNAME=&LOADLIB(&PGMNAME), DISP=SHR
//SYSUT1 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(TRK, (10,10))
                                                 Adapt SYSLIB lines with
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
                                                 the COBOL environment
//
          PEND
                                                    of your mainframe
```

*Custload* program does not require copies and object modules. So, leave the comment lines in SYSLIB (COBOL and LINKED).

- 3 Select Custload.cob tab ( © Custload.cob ≅ ).
- 4 Double-click on "1. FTP access ▶ 6. Compile local source" in the Commands view:



5 Fill in the form fields and select *compcob.jcl* as JCL template with the "**browse**" button:

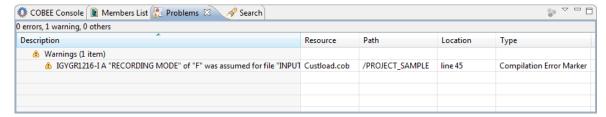


- 6 Click on "**OK**" button to launch the compilation.
- 7 See the result in the "Problems" view:









You should see a warning at line 45.

8 On the warning line, Right-click and select "Open Sysout" in context menu:

```
Custload.cob
                compcob.jcl
                                CUSTLOAD.sysout 🔀
     000036
                                  ASSIGN TO CUSTOUT
     000037
                                  ORGANIZATION IS INDEXED
     000038
                                  ACCESS MODE IS SEQUENTIAL
     000039
                                  RECORD KEY IS OUTPUT-FILE-KEY
     000040
                                  FILE STATUS IS OUTPUT-FILE-STATUS.
     000041
     000042
                           DATA DIVISION.
     000043
     000044
                           FILE SECTION.
     000045
                           FD INPUT-FILE.
     000046
                           01 INPUT-FILE-REC.
     000047
                               05 INPUT-FILE-KEY.
     000048
                                   10 INPUT-FILE-ID PIC 9(5)
     000049
                               05 INPUT-FILE-NAME PIC X(20).
     000050
                               05 INPUT-FILE-ADR.
     000051
                                  10 INPUT-FILE-STREET PIC X(20).
                                                                               Ξ
     000052
                                  10 INPUT-FILE-POSTCODE PIC X(5).
     000053
                                  10 INPUT-FILE-CITY
                                                       PIC X(20).
     000054
                               05 FILLER PIC X(30).
  1PP 5655-S71 IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS 4.2.0
                                                                   CUSTLOAD Da
     LineID PL SL ----+-*A-1-B--+---2---+---3----+---4----+---5----+-
     000055
     000056
                           FD OUTPUT-FILE.
     000057
                           01 OUTPUT-FILE-REC.
     000058
                               05 OUTPUT-FILE-KEY.
     000059
                                  10 OUTPUT-FILE-ID PIC 9(5).
     000060
                               05 OUTPUT-FILE-NAME PIC X(20).
     000061
                               05 OUTPUT-FILE-ADR.
     000062
                                  10 OUTPUT-FILE-STREET
     000063
                                  10 OUTPUT-FILE-POSTCODE PIC X(5).
     000064
                                   10 OUTPUT-FILE-CITY
                                                         PIC X(20).
     000065
                               05 FILLER PIC X(10).
```

The sysout opens in the text editor and the warning line is selected.



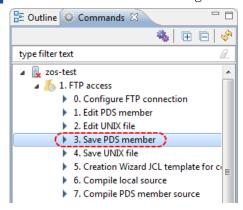


# **Editing a PDS member**

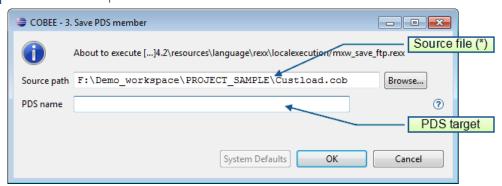
### 8.1 Saving a PDS member

In the PROJECT\_SAMPLE project, open Custload.cob in COBOL Editor (if not already done).

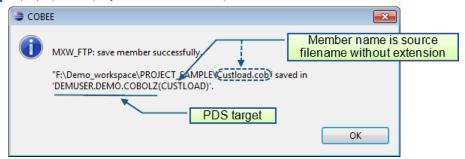
1 Save Custload.cob in a PDS using the COBEE command "1. FTP access ▶ 3. Save PDS member.



2 Fill the form and press "OK".



- (\*) Source file name must conform to the naming rules of a PDS member. You can use the "Browse" button to select the file containing the member to save.
- 3 A popup is displayed at the end of operation.



Here PDS target is DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOLZ and the member is CUSTLOAD.

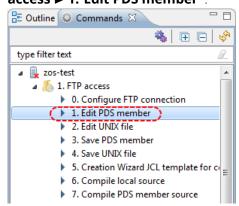




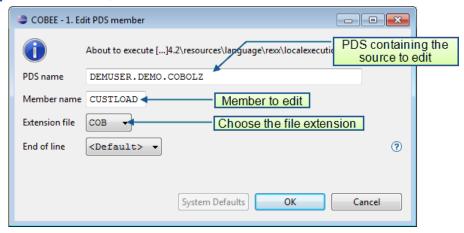


### 8.2 Opening a PDS member

1 Open a PDS member of your choice which is a COBOL program using the COBEE command "1. FTP access ➤ 1. Edit PDS member".



2 Fill the form and press "OK":



Here we edit the member "CUSTLOAD" in the PDS "DEMUSER.DEMO.COBOLZ" previously saved.





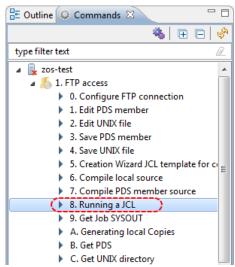
# 9. Managing a job

We need to submit a job and retrieve the result of its execution. We'll show you how to do it with an easy example.

### 9.1 Submitting a jcl

1 Edit the file *Sample.jcl*, adapt the JOB card (replace <userid> by your mainframe's user id in uppercase) and save it.

2 Submit the JCL by using the COBEE command "1. FTP access ▶ 8. Running a JCL".

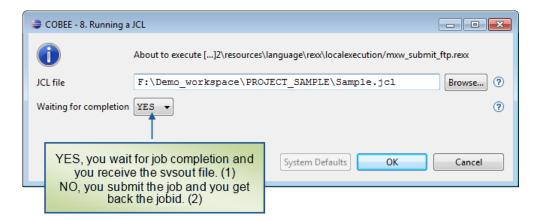


3 Fill the form and press "OK":

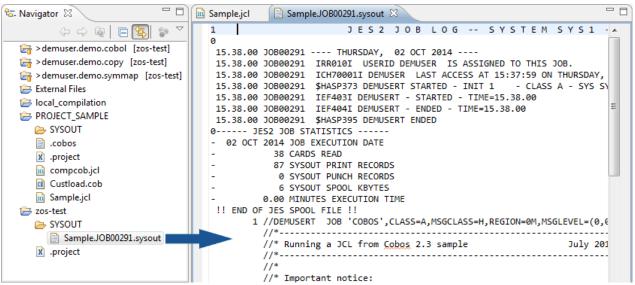




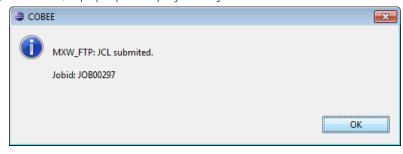




(1) The filename is <jclfilename>.<jobid>.sysout in the project <hostname>, folder SYSOUT.E.g.: Sample.jcl ♦ Sample.JOB00291.sysout



(2) If no wait, a pop-up is displayed so you can check status and retrieve output later (see below).



Here Jobid is JOB00297.

### 9.2 Retrieving a sysout

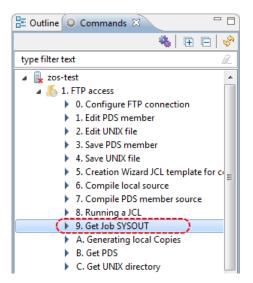
We'll get the sysout of the previously submitted job.

1 Retrieve the sysout of job by using the COBEEcommand "1. FTP access ▶ 9. Get Job SYSOUT".









2 Fill the form and press "OK":



Here we want to retrieve the sysout of job00297.

3 The sysout is opened in the Text Editor and is stored in the project <hostname>, folder SYSOUT.

```
- -
                             □ □ 🚾 Sample.jcl
📋 job00297.sysout 🛭 🗀
          JES2 JOB LOG -- SYSTEM SYS1 -
  15.53.01 JOB00297 ---- THURSDAY, 02 OCT 2014 ----
  >demuser.demo.copy [zos-test]
                                       15.53.01 JOB00297 IRR010I USERID DEMUSER IS ASSIGNED TO THIS JOB.

├── > demuser.demo.symmap [zos-test]

                                       15.53.02 JOB00297 ICH70001I DEMUSER LAST ACCESS AT 15:53:01 ON THURSDAY,
                                       15.53.02 JOB00297
                                                          $HASP373 DEMUSERT STARTED - INIT 1
                                                                                               - CLASS A - SYS SY
  External Files
                                       15.53.02 JOB00297 | IEF403I DEMUSERT - STARTED - TIME=15.53.02
15.53.02 JOB00297 | IEF404I DEMUSERT - ENDED - TIME=15.53.02
  local_compilation
  PROJECT_SAMPLE
                                       15.53.02 JOB00297 $HASP395 DEMUSERT ENDED
     SYSOUT
                                      0----- JES2 JOB STATISTICS --
                                         02 OCT 2014 JOB EXECUTION DATE
     .cobos
                                                  38 CARDS READ
     x .project
                                                  87 SYSOUT PRINT RECORDS
     compcob.jcl
                                                   0 SYSOUT PUNCH RECORDS
     Custload.cob
                                                   6 SYSOUT SPOOL KBYTES
     M Sample.jcl
                                                0.00 MINUTES EXECUTION TIME
                                       !! END OF JES SPOOL FILE !!
  zos-test
                                              1 //DEMUSERT JOB 'COBOS',CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=H,REGION=0M,MSGLEVEL=(0,6
     SYSOUT
       job00297.sysout
                                                //* Running a JCL from Cobos 2.3 sample
                                                                                                         July 201
        Sample.JOB00291.sysout
                                                //*---
     x .project
                                                //*
                                                //* Important notice:
```

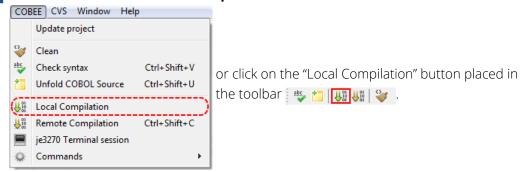




# **10. Local Compilation**

### 10.1 COLORS program

- 1 Open the program "colors.cbl" from "Local\_compilation" project with the COBOL Editor by right-clicking on it in the "Navigator" view and by choosing "Open With ► COBOL Editor".
- 2 Select menu "COBEE ► Local Compilation"



3 Once the compilation has been achieved, this popup is displayed.



Just click on "OK" button.

4 In the "Navigator" view, you should see the executable "colors.exe" in "Output" folder.

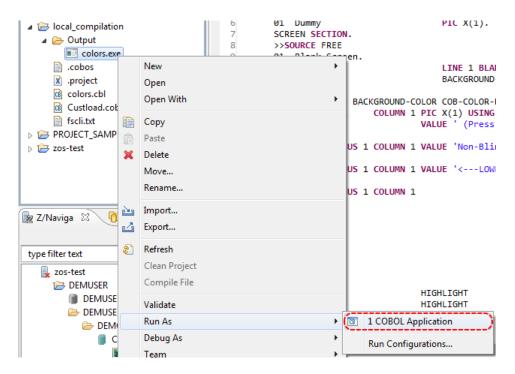


5 Right-click on "colors.exe" file and select "Run As ► COBOL Application"

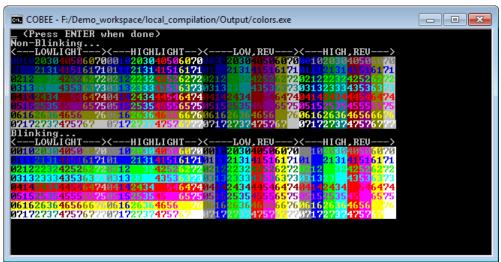








6 A console opens in which the program runs 1.



Press ENTER to quit the program.

**7** Press any key to close the console.

### 10.2 CUSTLOAD program

1 In "Navigator" view, select "Custload.cob" from "Local\_compilation" project, right-click and select "Properties"

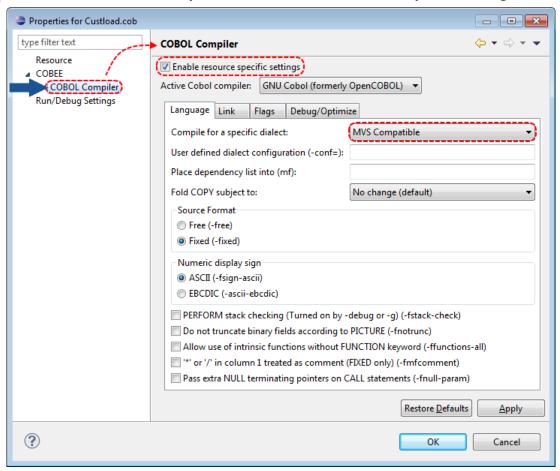
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>"The BLINK attribute modifies the visual appearance of the BACKGROUND-COLOR specification. The Windows console does not support blinking, so the visual effect of BLINK in the Windows version of OpenCOBOL is to provide the same sixteen colors to the BACKGROUND-COLOR palette as are possible with FOREGROUND-COLOR combined with LOWLIGHT/HIGHLIGHT." [OpenCOBOL-1.1-06FEB2009-Programmers-Guide]







2 Select "COBEE ► COBOL Compiler" and check "Enable resource specific settings"



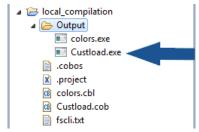
In "Language" tab, select "MVS Compatible" for a specific dialect and push "OK" button.

- 3 Open the program "Custload.cob" from "Local\_compilation" project with the COBOL Editor by right-clicking on it in the "Navigator" view and by choosing "Open With ► COBOL Editor".
- 4 In the editor, Right-click and select "COBEE ► Local Compilation".
- 5 Once the compilation has been achieved, this popup is displayed.



lust click on "OK" button.

6 In the "Navigator" view, you should see the executable "Custload.exe" in "Output" folder.









- 7 Right-click on "Custload.exe" file and select "Run As ► COBOL Application".
- 8 A console opens in which the program runs.

```
COBEE - F:/Demo_workspace/local_compilation/Output/Custload.exe

*** CUSTLOAD STARTING ***

ERROR OPEN INPUT-FILE STATUS=35

ERROR READ INPUT-FILE STATUS=47

CNIR-INPUT-FILE=00000

CNIR-OUTPUT-FILE=00000

CNIR-ANO =00000

Press any key to continue . . .
```

The program exits $^2$  with INPUT-FILE STATUS = 35.

- 9 Press any key to close the console.
- Modify the program to absorb the end of line characters contained in the input file. Under Windows, the end of line consists of two characters: CR & LF. So, in line 54, replace **X(10)** by **X(12)**.

```
FILE SECTION.
45
         FD INPUT-FILE.
         01 INPUT-FILE-REC.
46
             05 INPUT-FILE-KEY.
                 10 INPUT-FILE-ID PIC 9(5).
48
             05 INPUT-FILE-NAME PIC X(20).
50
            05 INPUT-FILE-ADR.
51
                10 INPUT-FILE-STREET
                                      PIC X(20).
                10 INPUT-FILE-POSTCODE PIC X(5).
52
                10 INPUT-FILE-CITY
54
            05 FILLER PIC X(12).
55
```

- 11 Save and compile the program again as in step 4.
- 12 Right-click on "Custload.exe" file and select "Run As ► Run Configuration...".
- 13 Select "COBOL Application" and Press the "New" button to create a new configuration.



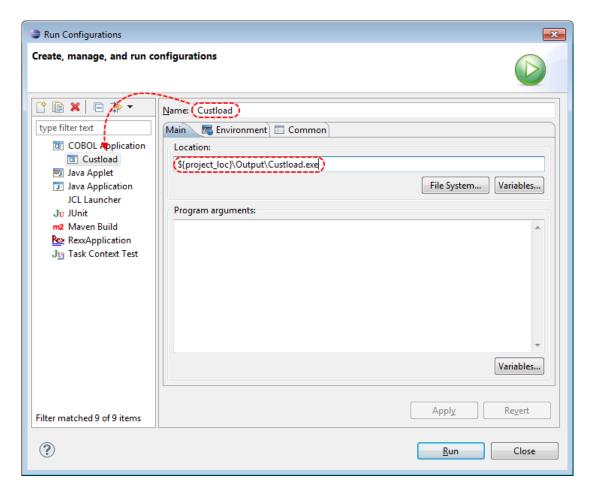
14 Name the configuration and select Custload.exe in "Main" tab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sometimes the program hangs. Press Ctrl+C to stop it immediately.

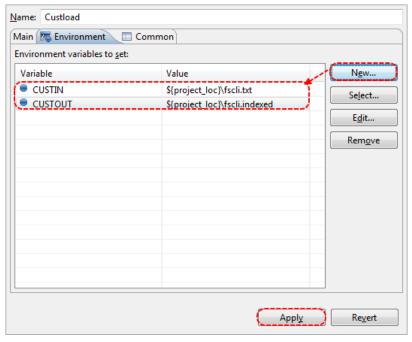








15 Select "Environment" tab and add 2 variables CUSTIN and CUSTOUT as shown in the following window:



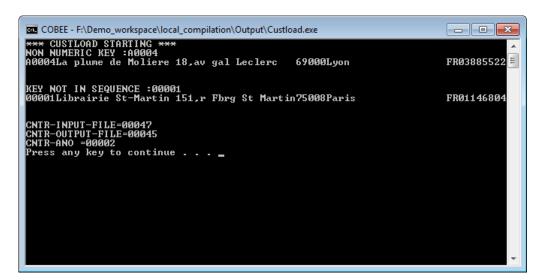
Click on "Apply" button to save the configuration.

16 Push "Run" button to execute the program.









Result: 47 input records, 45 output records, 2 anomalies

- 17 Press any key to close the console.
- 18 In "Navigator" view, refresh "Local\_compilation" project and check the presence of 'fscli.indexed'

