## School of Information Technology and Engineering Department of Information Technology B. Tech. (IT)

## Database Management Systems (ITE1003)

**Maximum Marks: 50** 

## Model Question Paper

## Lab Final Assessment Test – November 2020

Instructions: Take screen shots of create table statement, insert statement, statement for constraint definition, data present in each table, queries along with their output and PL/SQL code along with testing.

1. Consider the following relational database schema. The primary keys are underlined. The foreign keys are self-explanatory.

ORDER(<u>Order\_id</u>, Order\_date, Customer\_contact\_number)

PRODUCT\_ORDERED(<u>Order\_id</u>, <u>Product\_id</u>, Quantity)

**Duration: Eighty Minutes** 

PRODUCT(Product\_id, Name, Description, Unit\_price, Expiry\_date)

Write down and test the necessary SQL statements for creating the above tables with necessary primary keys and foreign keys. (10)

- 2. Write down the necessary SQL statement to specify the constraints that (i) the product id must start with either an *A* or with *EA* or *JW* and (ii) unit price of a product cannot be negative. (5)
- **3.** Enter at least one row into each table and display the content of the tables. (5)
- **4.** Write down and test SQL statement to perform the following.
- (a) Display product name in upper case, product description with left padding character and total quantity of the product sold so far for each product in descending order of quantity sold. (4)
- (b) Display order id and bill amount of each order in ascending order of bill amount and descending order of order id, if the bill amount is zero display null. (4)
- (c) Display product name for which there was no order of quantity higher than 10 on July 10, 2020. (4)
- (d) Display product name which was found in every order for the last two months. (4)
- (e) Use nested query to display order date and order status of orders for product with unit price higher than Rs.100 and product description has a keyword *sports*. (4)
- **5.** Implement and test a PL/SQL procedure involving cursor to display the monthly salary of an employee based on her/his id and display a message according to the following rule.

If the salary is higher than Rs.200000/-, then display the message *Salary is high*, otherwise, display the message *Salary is low*. You may assume that the employee table has three columns namely, employee id, employee name and salary. (10)