1.HTML - Formatting Elements

- Several tags exist to further amplify text elements. These formatting tags can make text bold, italic, sub/superscripted, and more.

Tag	Description	Example
	The tag specifies bold text.	Bold Text
<i>	The <i> tag specifies italic text.	<i>Italic Text</i>
	The tag specifies emphasis text	Emphasized Text
<sup>	The <sup> tag defines superscript text. Superscript text appears half a character above the baseline. Superscript text can be used for footnotes, like $_{WWW}$ [1].	This text contains ^{superscript} text.
<sub>	The <sub> tag defines subscript text. Subscript text appears half a character below the baseline. Subscript text can be used for chemical formulas, like H2O.	An example of _{subscripted Text}
<tt>	The <tt> tag defines teletype text.	<tt>T text is teletype his pe text.</tt>
<blink>	The <blink> tag is used for blinking the text.	<blink> blinking text tag</blink>

Ex :

    <body>

        <p>This is Boldtext</p>

        <p>This is <i>Italic</i>text</p>

        <p>This is <u>Underlined</u>text</p>

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<p>This is <strike>Striked</strike>text</p>

<p>This is <sub>Subscript</sub>text</p>

<p>This is <sup>Superscript</sup>text</p>

<p>This is <big>Big</big>text</p>

<p>This is <small>Small</small>text</p>
```
    </body>

2.   *Images*

- Image tag has two important attributes :
- Src : It tells the location of 'image' file.
- Alt : It is the alternate text which is displayed if image is not found.

Ex :

```
<img src="logo.jpg" alt="logo.jpg" width="20%">

 <br>

<img src="logoa.jpg" alt="Missinglogo.jpg" width="20%">
```