## CA 3: Experiential Learning

### **Group Members:**

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### **Problem Statement:**

To create a C++ program for an Animal Information System that allows users to choose a particular animal from a given list and learn the basics of it like their diet and the region they are usually found in.

### Explanation:

This is a menu-driven code that allows the user to select any animal and get its details, this program contains the following details:

- 1. Name
- 2. Place in the Animal Kingdom
- 3. Type of Blood
- 4. Diet
- 5. Places usually found in

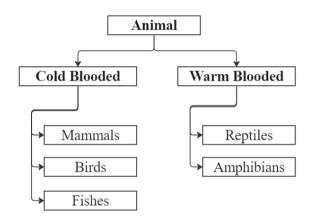
This code was written with the help of multilevel inheritance and polymorphism

Polymorphism is used in 2 ways:

- 1. Function overriding in a virtual function "virtual void sound\_made()".
- 2. Dynamic Binding is used while creating an array of pointers in base class animal to store the data of each animal.

Inheritance is used as shown in the diagram below.

## Class Diagram:



### Code snippets:

```
class Animal {
  public:
    string name, blood, kingdom, food, sounds, reg;

Animal(string name, string blood, string kingdom, string food, string sounds, string reg)
    : name(name), blood(blood), kingdom(kingdom), food(food), sounds(sounds), reg(reg) {
    }

    virtual void sound_made() {
        cout.setf(ios::left, ios::adjustfield); cout.width(20);
        cout<<"Sound: "<<sounds<<endl;
}</pre>
```

```
int main(){
    data_mammal();
    data bird();
    data_fish();
    data_reptile();
    data_amphibians();
    int choice;
        for(int i=0;i<max_animals;i++){</pre>
             cout<<i+1<<".";
cout.setf(ios::left, ios::adjustfield);</pre>
             cout.width(28);
             cout<<animals[i]->name;
             if((i+1)\%4==0){
                  cout<<endl;</pre>
        cout<<endl<<"\nEnter Choice (1-50 for Animals Mentioned 0 to Exit): ";</pre>
        cin>>choice;
        if(choice>=1 && choice<=max_animals){</pre>
             animals[choice-1]->put_data();
             cout<<endl;</pre>
        else if(choice!=0){
             cout<<"Invalid Option, Choose again"<<endl;</pre>
    }while(choice!=0);
```

# Input/Output:

1. Giraffe	2. Elephant	3. Humpback Whale	4. Kangaroo			
5. Killer Whale	6. Lion	7. Orangutan	8. Panda			
9. Polar Bear	10. Red Fox	11. American Robin	12. Australian Kookaburra			
13. Bald Eagle	14. Common Loon	15. Common Nightingale	16. European Swallow			
17. Indian Peafowl	18. Ostrich	<ol><li>Peregrine Falcon</li></ol>	20. Toucan			
21. Angelfish	22. Barracuda	23. Catfish	24. Clownfish			
25. Mackerel	26. Piranha	27. Salmon	28. Swordfish			
29. Tuna	30. Trout	31. American Alligator	32. Anole Lizard			
33. Boa Constrictor	34. Chameleon	35. Galapagos Tortoise	36. Gila Monster			
37. Green Iguana	38. King Cobra	39. Komodo Dragon	40. Nile Crocodile			
41. African Clawed Frog	42. American Bullfrog	43. European Common	44. Fire-bellied Toad			
45. Green Tree Frog	46. Japanese Giant Salamander	r 47. Moor Frog	48. Red-eyed Tree Frog			
49. Spotted Salamander	50. Yellow-eyed Tree Frog					
Enter Choice (1-50 for Animal	s Mentioned 0 to Exit): 42					
Animal Name American Bullfrog						
Blood Temperature Cold Bloo						
Kingdom Amphibians						
	small mammals, and other amphib	ione				
	ve deep, resonant croaks	14113				
	rica, including the United State	es and Canada				
commonly round in the en ranc	reas including the onicea seat	es and canada				
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# Github repository link:

https://github.com/Atharva-Gondhali/Animal-Hierarchy