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## Nat Arignment -1

din: Solve 8 puggle problem using A\* algorithm

Objective: To Phidy and implement A\* algorithm for 8 puzzle problem

Theory:

1 → Best-first search methods.

But first search is a traversal technique that decides which node is to do be visited meet by checking which node is the most promising one then check it. For this it uses an evaluation function to decide the traversal. Best first technique of tree traversal comes under the category of heuristic search or informed search technique. The cost of nodes is stored in a priority queve. This makes implementation of best-first search is same as that of breadth first search. We will use the priority queve just like we use a queue for BFS.

→ OR graphs

The AND-OR graph is useful for representing the solution of problem that can solved by decomposing them with a set of smaller problems, all of which must be then be solved. This decomposition, there or reduction, generates arcs that we call AND-OB arcs. One AND arcs may point to any number of successor modes, all of which must be solved in order for the arc to point to a solution. Just as in an OR graph, several arcs may emerge

from a single mode, indicating a variety of ways in which the original problem might be solved. This is only the structure is called not simply an AND-graph but rather an AND-OR graph.

Jhe 8-puzzle Problem is a puzzle invented and popularized by neges polmer chapman in the 1820's It is played on a 3-by-3 grid with 8 squale block labeled I to 8 and a blank square. Your goal is to realrange the block 80 that they are in order you are permitted to side blocks horizontally or vertically into the blank space

→ Dota structure and other detailes about

A\* algorithm

A\* search is most commonly known form of best first search. It uses heuristic function h(n) and cost gtn) A\* search algorithm finds the shortest path through the search space using heuristic function this search algorithm expands less rearch tree and provides optimal result fister. A\* algorithm is similar to UCS except that uses g(n) + h(n) enstead g g(n).

In A\* search algorithm we use search heuristic as well as the cost to leach the mode. Hence are can combine both cost as following and this sum is called as

titnes number. f(n) = g(n) + h(n)

Enput: initial state Output: Solution State with optimal path algorithm: A\* programming language : C, C++, Python, etc of using heuristic function? What is the advantage Mewristic function. Heuristic is a function which is used in informed search and it finds the most promising path. It takes the wrent state of the adject and its input and output produces the estimation of how close ad agent Ihe heuristic method might not always give the bit solut. but it guarrented to find a good solut in leasonable time. Henistic function estimates however dose a state is to the goal. Admissibility of the heuristic function is given as. h(n) < = h \* (n)Advantages using heuristic function Feedback to designers.

I you can obtain foodback early in the design -> Assigning the correct heutistic can help suggest the test connective measure to design.

## & Explain A\* algorithm with example

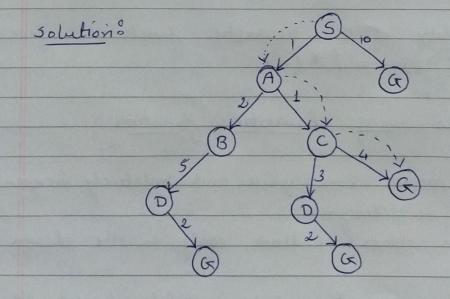
At algorithm is a searching algorithm that searches for the shortest path between the initial and the final state It is used in various application such as maps.

Exemple of in this example, we will braverse the given graph using the A\* algorithm the heuristic value of all states is given in the below table so we will calculate the f(n) of each state using the formula

f(n) = 9(n) + h(n), where 9(n) is the cost to each any node from start state.

Here we will us OPEN and ClosE list.

B	State	h(n)
2/5	5	5
(A) (D)	A	3
3 7	ß	4
1/ 0 4	C	2
(S) 10 (G)	D	6
	G	0



initialization : {(5,5)} iteration L: {(5->A,4), (5->6,10)} iteration 2: { (5-> A-> (, 4), (5-> A-> B, 7), (5-> 6, 10)} iteration  $3:\{(S\rightarrow A\rightarrow C\rightarrow (K,6),(S\rightarrow A\rightarrow C\rightarrow O,11),(S\rightarrow A\rightarrow B,7),(S\rightarrow (K,10))\}$ iteration 4: will give the final result as 5--> A---> C---> G It provides optimal path with cost 4. 3 laplain different houristic function that can be used for the eight suzzle problem. The function for 8 purple problem can be given as f(n) = g(n) + h(n)where h(n) is the heuristic function which given be given as -> h(n) = The number of misplaced tiles

→ h(n) = The sum of the distance of the tiles from their goal positions. (Manhatten distance)

```
1 def print puzzle(arr):
 2
       print(20*'-')
 3
       for i in range(len(arr)):
 4
           print(arr[i],end =" ")
           if(i==2 \text{ or } i==5 \text{ or } i==8):
 5
 6
               print('')
 7
 8 def misplaced_elements(curr,goal):
9
       count = 0
       for i in range(len(goal)):
10
11
           if(goal[i]!=curr[i]):
12
               count +=1
13
       return count
14
15 def puzzle sol(current, goal, function value, Node number):
16
       print puzzle(current)
17
       if((current==goal)!=True):
18
           Node_number += 1
19
           index of empty = current.index(' ')
       #-----for Index 0-----
20
           if(index_of_empty == 0):
21
22
               arr1 = current.copy()
23
               arr1[1] = current[0]
24
               arr1[0] = current[1]
25
               c1 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr1,goal)
26
               if(c1<=function value):</pre>
27
                   function_value = c1
28
                   current = arr1.copy()
29
               arr3 = current.copy()
30
               arr3[3] = current[0]
               arr3[0] = current[3]
31
32
               c3 = Node_number + misplaced_elements(arr3,goal)
33
               if(c3<=function value):</pre>
34
                   function value = c3
35
                   current = arr3.copy()
36
37
               puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
38
       #-----for Index 1------
           elif(index_of_empty == 1):
39
40
               arr2 = current.copy()
               arr2[2] = current[1]
41
42
               arr2[1] = current[2]
43
               c2 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr2,goal)
44
               if(c2<=function_value):</pre>
45
                   function_value = c2
46
                   current = arr2.copy()
47
               arr4 = current.copy()
48
               arr4[4] = current[1]
49
               arr4[1] = current[4]
50
               c4 = Node_number + misplaced_elements(arr4,goal)
51
               if(c4<=function_value):</pre>
52
                   function value = c4
                   current = arr4.copy()
53
54
               arr0 = current.copy()
55
               arr0[0] = current[1]
56
               arr0[1] = current[0]
               c0 = Node_number + misplaced_elements(arr0,goal)
57
58
               if(c0<=function_value):</pre>
59
                   function value = c0
                   current = arr0.copy()
```

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```
puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
 61
 62
        #-----for Index 2-----
            elif(index of empty == 2):
 63
                arr5 = current.copy()
 64
 65
                arr5[5] = current[2]
 66
                arr5[2] = current[5]
 67
                c5 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr5,goal)
 68
                if(c5<=function value):</pre>
 69
                    function value = c5
 70
                    current = arr5.copy()
 71
                arr1 = current.copy()
 72
                arr1[1] = current[2]
 73
                arr1[2] = current[1]
 74
                c1 = Node_number + misplaced_elements(arr1,goal)
 75
                if(c1<=function value):</pre>
 76
                    function_value = c1
                    current = arr1.copy()
 77
 78
 79
                puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
 80
        #-----for Index 3-----
 81
            elif(index of empty == 3):
 82
                arr4 = current.copy()
                arr4[3] = current[4]
 83
 84
                arr4[4] = current[3]
 85
                c4 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr4,goal)
 86
                if(c4<=function value):</pre>
 87
                    function value = c4
 88
                    current = arr4.copy()
 89
                arr6 = current.copy()
 90
                arr6[3] = current[6]
 91
                arr6[6] = current[3]
                c6 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr6,goal)
 92
 93
                if(c6<=function value):</pre>
 94
                    function value = c6
 95
                    current = arr6.copy()
 96
                arr0 = current.copy()
 97
                arr0[3] = current[0]
 98
                arr0[0] = current[3]
 99
                c0 = Node_number + misplaced_elements(arr0,goal)
                if(c0<=function value):</pre>
100
                    function value = c0
101
102
                    current = arr0.copy()
103
                puzzle_sol(current,goal,function value,Node number)
        #-----for Index 4-----
104
105
            elif(index of empty == 4):
106
                arr5 = current.copy()
107
                arr5[4] = current[5]
                arr5[5] = current[4]
108
                c5 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr5,goal)
109
110
                if(c5<=function value):</pre>
111
                    function value = c5
112
                    current = arr5.copy()
113
                arr7 = current.copy()
114
                arr7[4] = current[7]
                arr7[7] = current[4]
115
116
                c7 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr7,goal)
                if(c7<=function value):</pre>
117
                    function_value = c7
118
                    current = arr7.copy()
119
                arr3 = current.copy()
120
```

localhost:4649/?mode=python 2/4

```
arr3[3] = current[4]
121
122
                arr3[4] = current[3]
                c3 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr3,goal)
123
                if(c3<=function value):</pre>
124
                    function value = c3
125
126
                    current = arr3.copy()
                arr1 = current.copy()
127
128
                arr1[1] = current[4]
129
                arr1[4] = current[1]
130
                c1 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr1,goal)
                if(c1<=function_value):</pre>
131
132
                    function value = c1
133
                    current = arr1.copy()
134
                puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
        #-----for Index 5-----
135
            elif(index_of_empty == 5):
136
                arr8 = current.copy()
137
138
                arr8[5] = current[8]
                arr8[8] = current[5]
139
                c8 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr8,goal)
140
141
                if(c8<=function value):</pre>
142
                    function value = c8
143
                    current = arr8.copy()
144
                arr4 = current.copy()
145
                arr4[4] = current[5]
146
                arr4[5] = current[4]
                c4 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr4,goal)
147
148
                if(c4<=function value):</pre>
                    function_value = c4
149
150
                    current = arr4.copy()
151
                arr2 = current.copy()
152
                arr2[5] = current[2]
153
                arr2[2] = current[5]
154
                c2 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr2,goal)
                if(c2<=function value):</pre>
155
                    function value = c2
156
157
                    current = arr2.copy()
158
                puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
159
        #-----for Index 6-----
            elif(index of empty == 6):
160
                arr7 = current.copy()
161
162
                arr7[7] = current[6]
                arr7[6] = current[7]
163
                c7 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr7,goal)
164
                if(c7<=function value):</pre>
165
166
                    function value = c7
167
                    current = arr7.copy()
                arr3 = current.copy()
168
                arr3[3] = current[6]
169
170
                arr3[6] = current[3]
                c3 = Node number + misplaced elements(arr3,goal)
171
172
                if(c3<=function value):</pre>
173
                    function_value = c3
174
                    current = arr3.copy()
175
                puzzle_sol(current,goal,function_value,Node_number)
        #-----for Index 7------
176
177
            elif(index_of_empty == 7):
                arr8 = current.copy()
178
179
                arr8[7] = current[8]
                arr8[8] = current[7]
180
```

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223 current = [1,2,3,'\_',4,6,7,5,8]

224 final\_hx = misplaced\_elements(current,goal)
225 function value = Node number + final hx

226 puzzle sol(current, goal, function value, Node number)

localhost:4649/?mode=python 4/4

