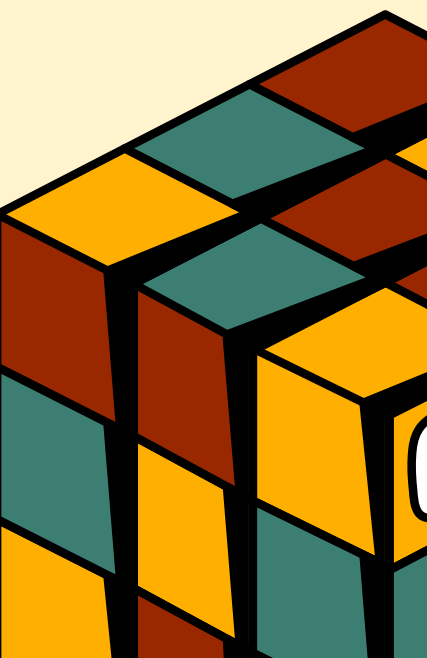
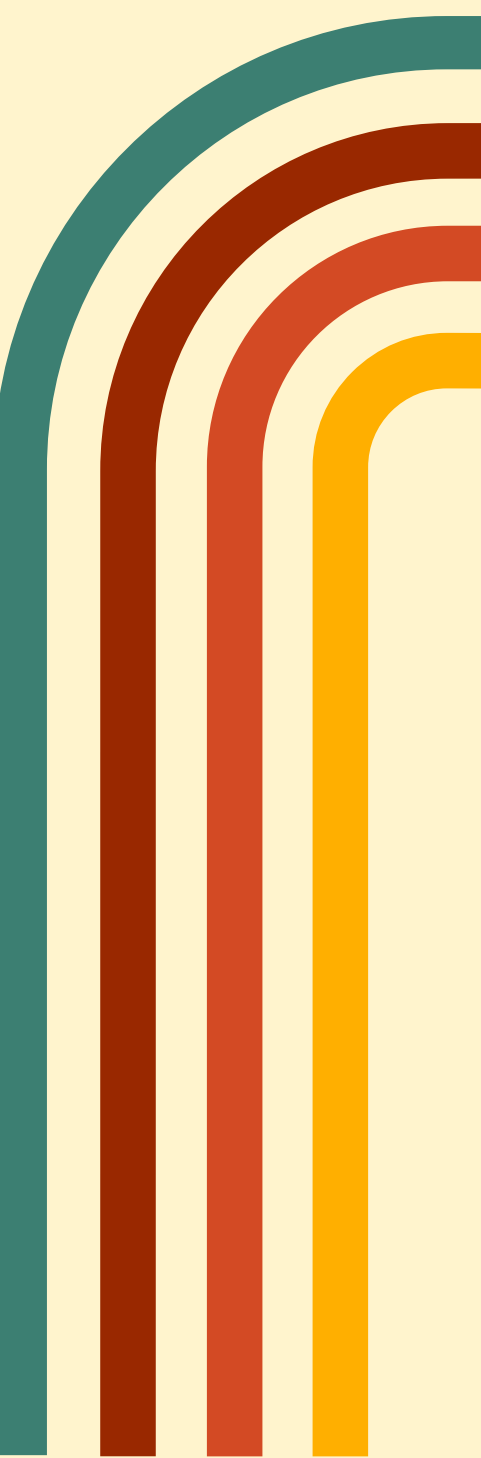
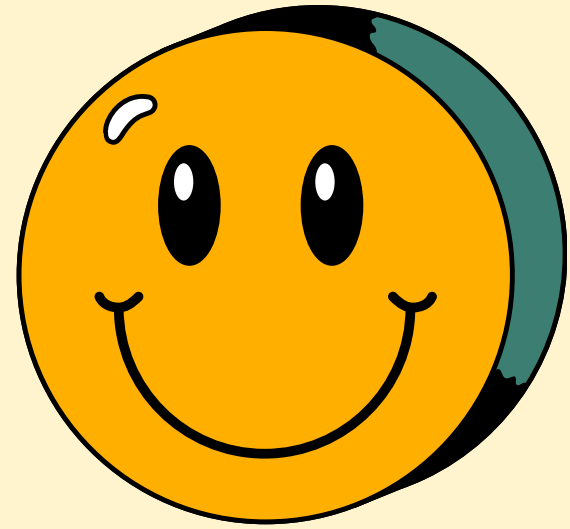




# SQL PROJECT

ON PIZZA SALES



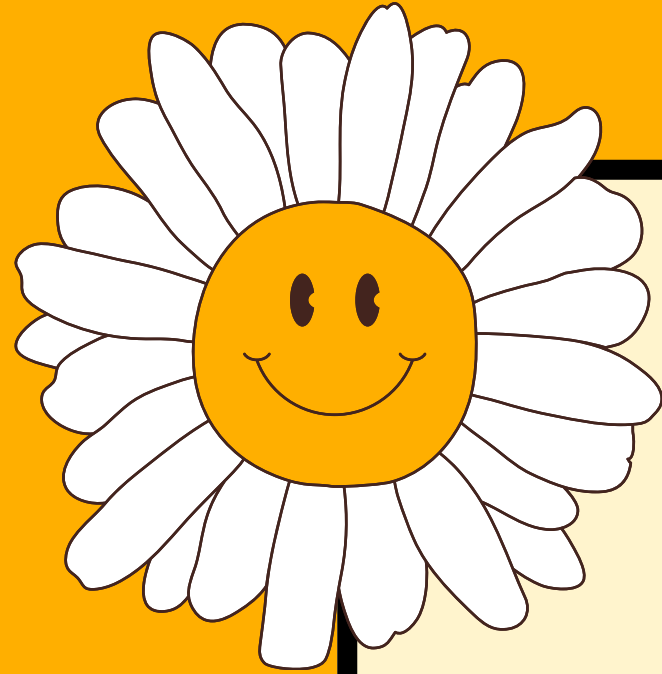


# Team Member

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**Atharva Kalyani**  
LEADER



# Introduction

"In my SQL project on pizza sales, I've tackled seven queries to uncover insights like customer preferences, popular toppings, and sales trends. These queries inform strategic decision-making for optimizing sales and enhancing customer satisfaction in the pizza industry."

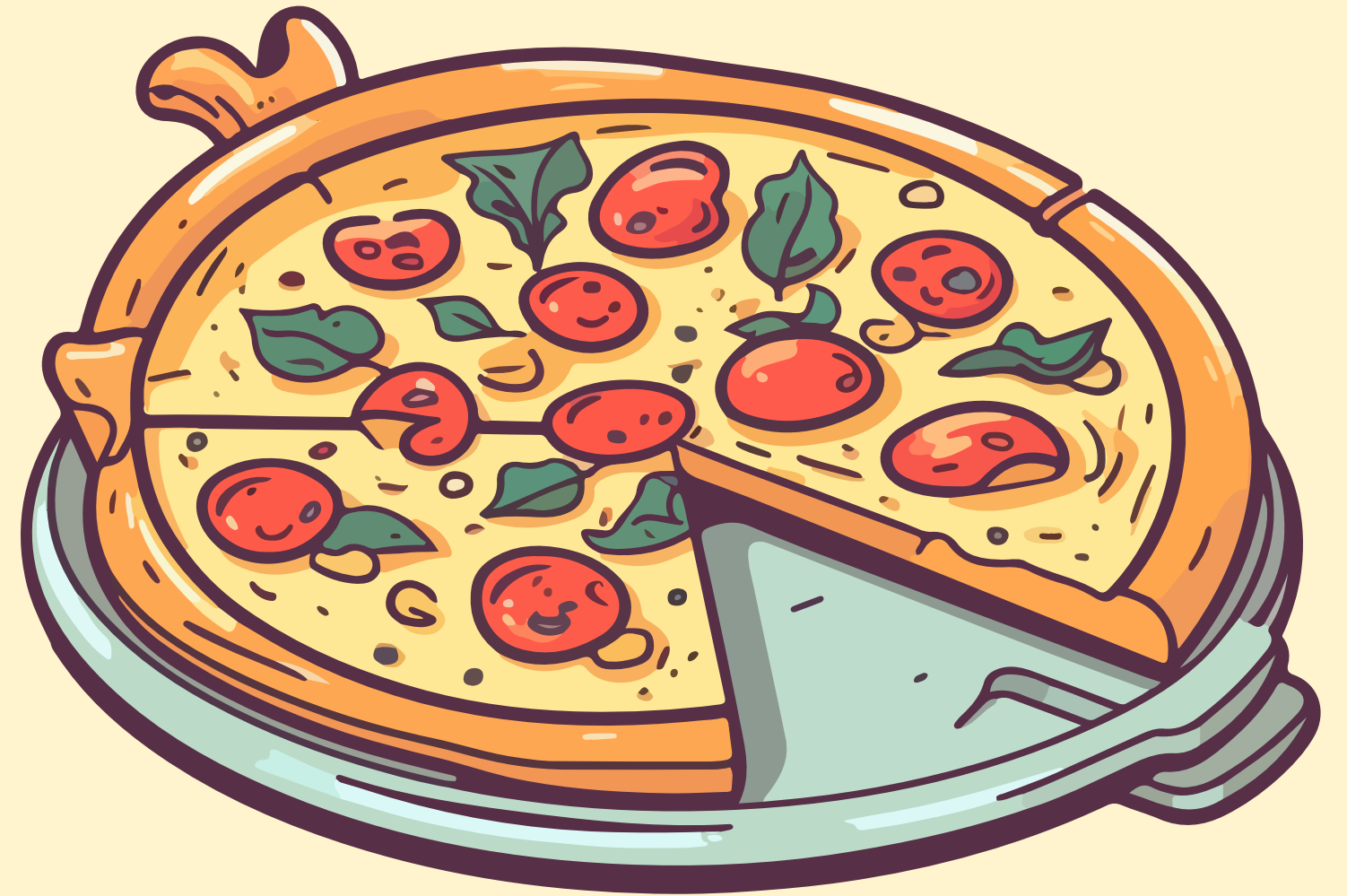


Background

# Background project

## Current scenario:

"In response to a desire for business expansion, the pizza company seeks to leverage SQL analysis for informed strategic planning. By harnessing data insights, they aim to identify growth opportunities, refine marketing strategies, and enhance operational efficiency to propel their business forward."





# Sales Performance Analysis

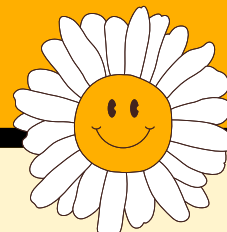
## Current Sales Trends

over the past years  
company's sales going  
down because of some  
reasons



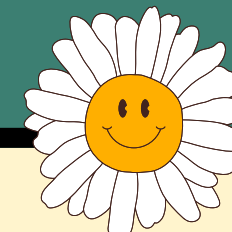
## Market Insights

Using SQL analysis, we can identify  
current sales trends by examining  
recent sales data, including  
popular pizza types, peak sales  
hours, and customer  
demographics, enabling strategic  
adaptation to evolving market  
preferences.

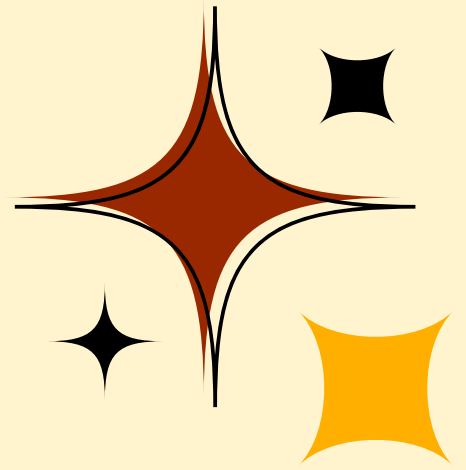


## Customer Feedback

Direct feedback from our  
customers has  
highlighted areas for  
improvement

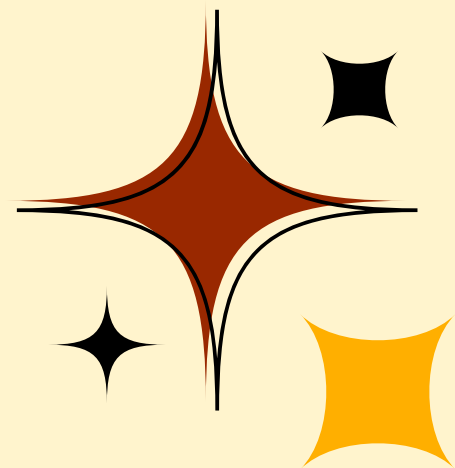


# RETRIVE THE TOTAL NO OF ORDERS PLACED



```
SELECT COUNT(ORDER_ID) AS TOTAL_ORDERS FROM ORDERS;
```

	TOTAL_ORDERS
▶	21350



# CALCULATE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

**SELECT**

ROUND(SUM(order\_details.QUANTITY \* pizzas.price),  
2) **AS** TOTAL\_SALES

**FROM**

order\_details

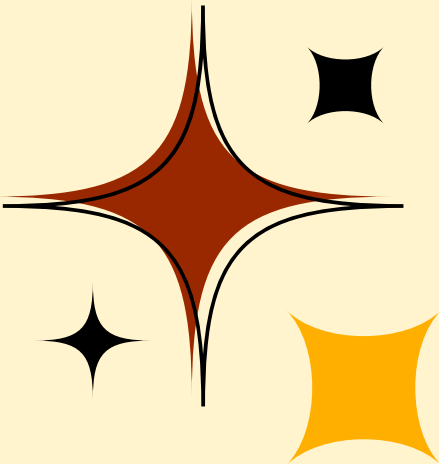
**JOIN**

pizzas **ON** pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id


	TOTAL_SALES
▶	817860.05



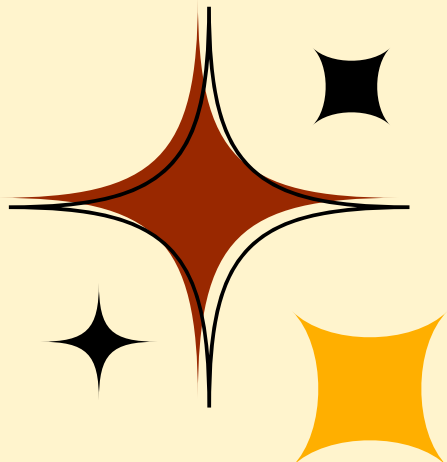
# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICED PIZZA



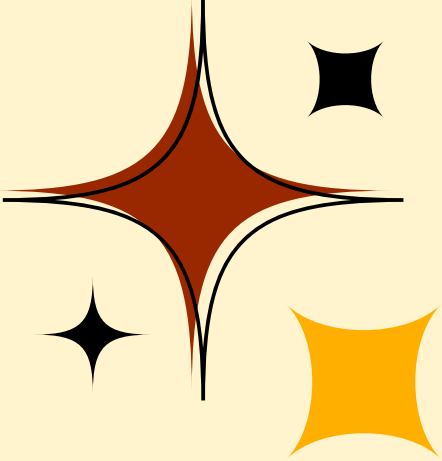
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.NAME, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```




	NAME	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95



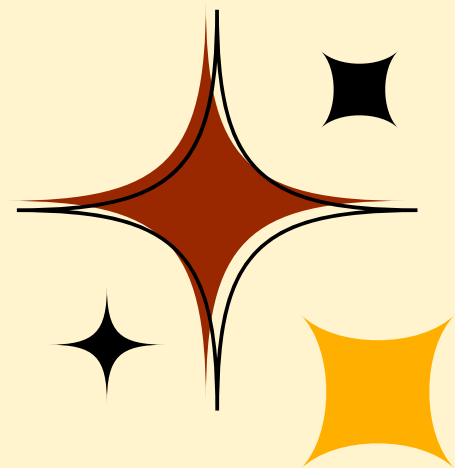
# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON QUANTITY ORDERED



```
SELECT
    QUANTITY, COUNT(ORDER_DETAILS_ID)
FROM
    order_details
GROUP BY QUANTITY;
```



	QUANTITY	COUNT(ORDER_DETAILS_ID)
▶	1	47693
	2	903
	3	21
	4	3



# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.ORDER_DETAILS_id) AS ORDER_COUNT
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
        order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY ORDER_COUNT DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

	size	ORDER_COUNT
▶	L	18526

# LIST OF TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZAS ALONG WITH THERE QUANTITIES

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY1
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY QUANTITY1 DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	QUANTITY1
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

# DETERMINE DISTRUBATION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
SELECT
    HOUR(OREDR_TIME), COUNT(ORDER_ID)
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(OREDR_TIME);
```

	HOUR(OREDR_TIME)	COUNT(ORDER_ID)
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA BASED ON REVENUE

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.QUANTITY * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

Thank  
You

