

Measures of Shape

**Data Science for Quality Management:
Describing Data Numerically**

with **Wendy Martin**

Learning objectives:

Discriminate between skewness & kurtosis

Calculate the sample skewness & kurtosis

Measures of Shape

Measures of shape reflect the type of distribution sampled.

- Skewness is concerned with the symmetrical nature of the distribution, and
- Kurtosis is concerned with the peakedness of the distribution.

Skewness

- Skewness is the degree of departure from symmetry of a distribution
- Symbols
Population (γ_3) and
Sample (g_3)

Skewness

- Measures “lopsidedness”
- Symmetric distributions have zero skewness



Skewness: Calculations

- The most important group of measures of skewness and kurtosis use the third and fourth moments about the mean
- Moments about the mean are the average of the deviations from the mean raised to some power

Skewness: Calculations

- The r^{th} moment about the mean is:

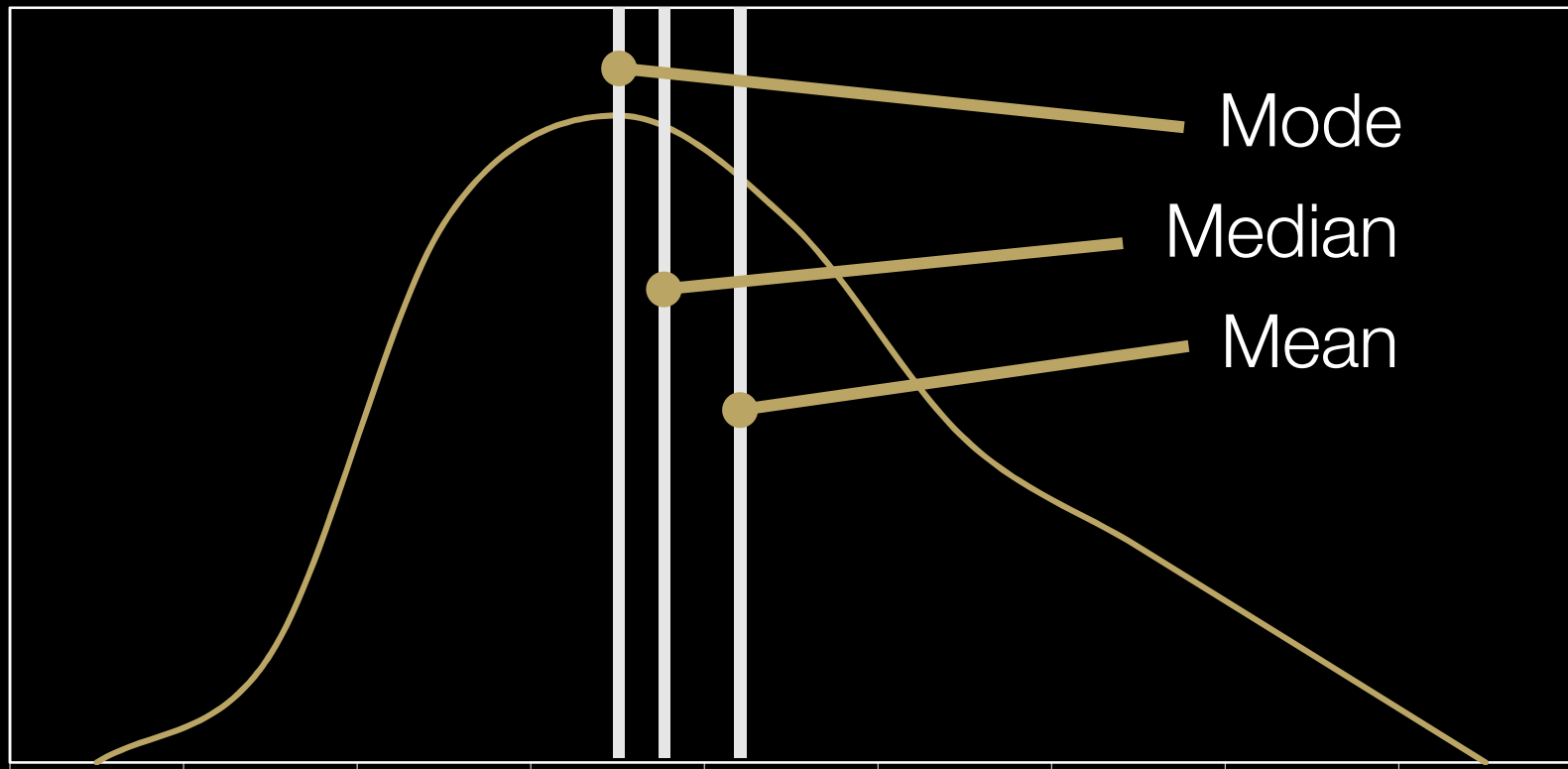
$$m_r = \frac{\sum (X - \bar{X})^r}{n}$$

Skewness: Calculations

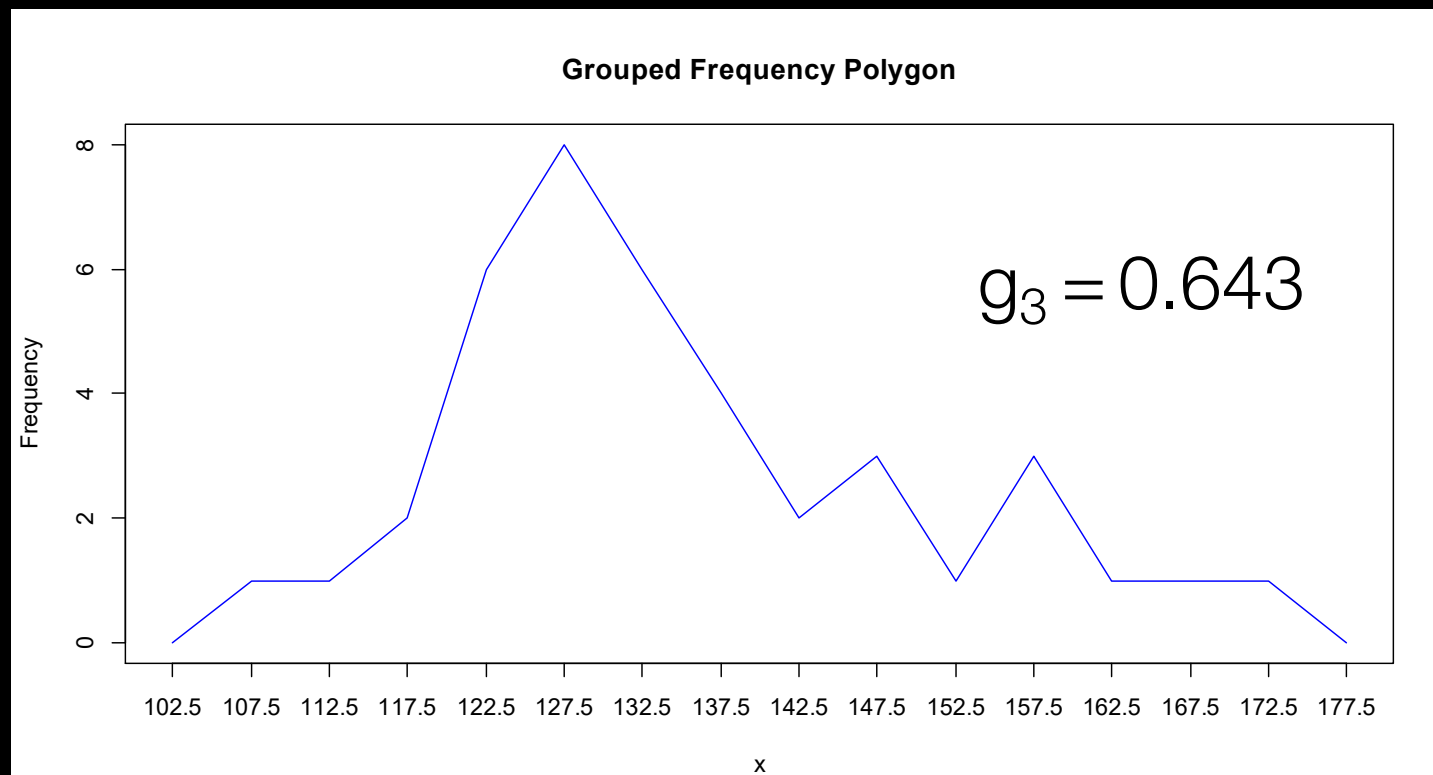
- A measure of skewness may then be calculated as follows
- The sign displays the direction of skewness

$$g_3 = \left[\frac{\sqrt{n(n-1)}}{n-2} \right] x \frac{m_3}{m_2^{3/2}}$$

Skewed Distributions



Skewed Distributions



How to Calculate in RStudio

- In R Studio:

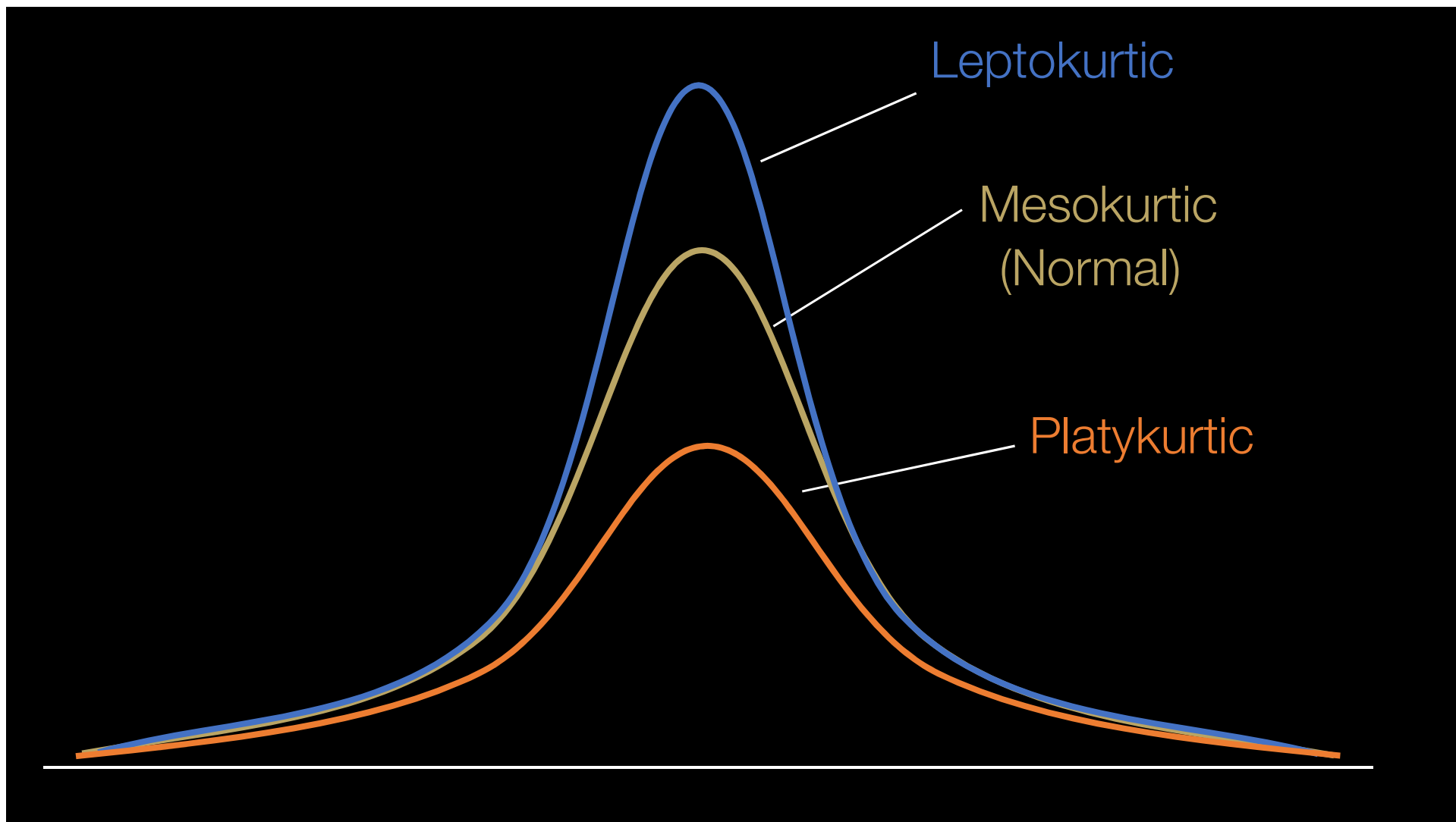
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> skewness(castings$weight)
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Kurtosis

- Kurtosis is the degree of peakedness of a distribution
- An intermediate distribution, with zero kurtosis, is known as a **mesokurtic** distribution

Kurtosis

- A symmetrical **leptokurtic** distribution has a higher peak and has heavier tails, and has positive kurtosis
- A symmetrical **platykurtic** distribution has a lower peak and lighter tails, and has negative kurtosis

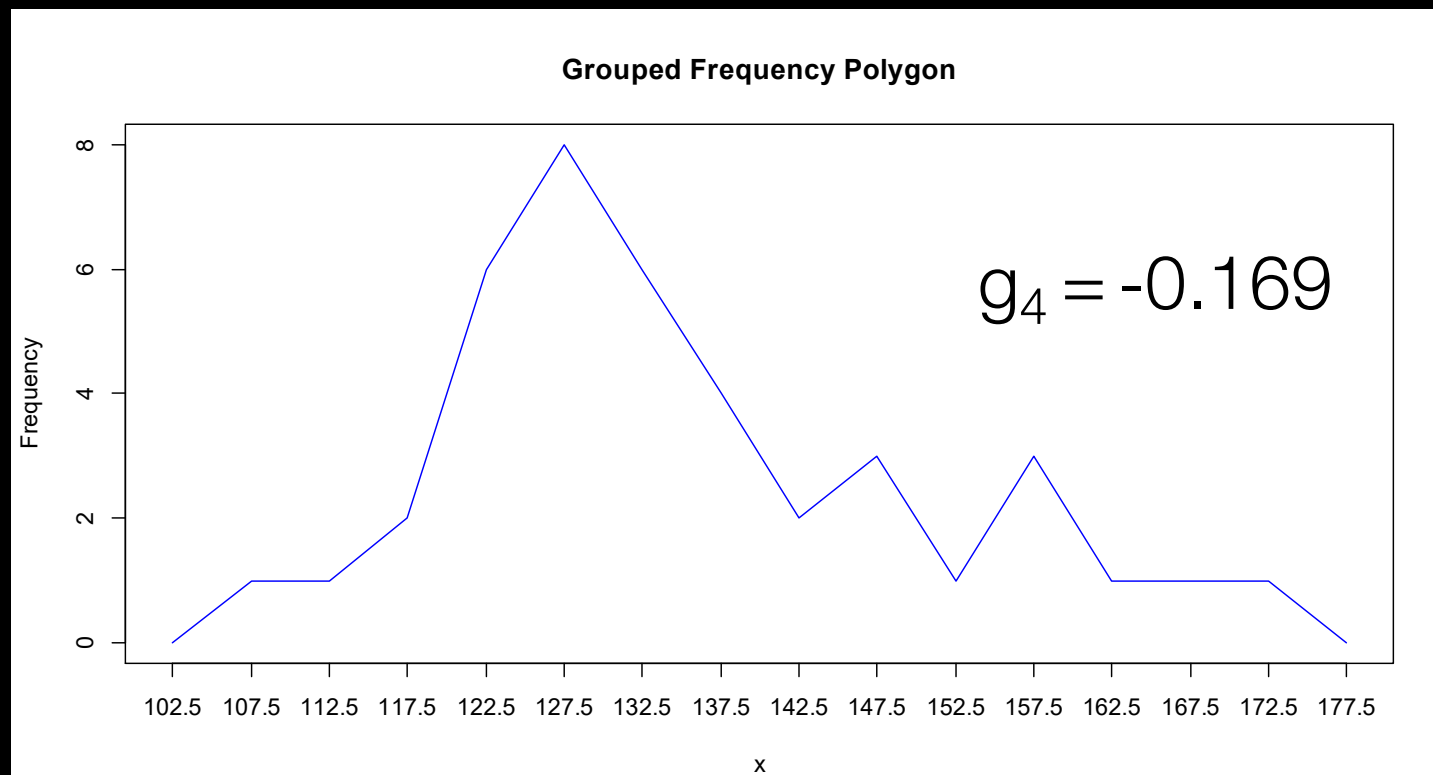


Kurtosis: Calculations

- Symbols
Population (γ_4) and
Sample (g_4)

$$g_4 = \left[\frac{(n-1)(n+1)}{(n-2)(n-3)} \right] \times \frac{m_4}{m_2^2} - 3 \left[\frac{(n-1)^2}{(n-2)(n-3)} \right]$$

Skewed Distributions



Sources

The material used in the PowerPoint presentations associated with this course was drawn from a number of sources. Specifically, much of the content included was adopted or adapted from the following previously-published material:

- Luftig, J. An Introduction to Statistical Process Control & Capability. Luftig & Associates, Inc. Farmington Hills, MI, 1982
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- Ouellette, S. Six Sigma Champion Training, ROI Alliance, LLC & Luftig & Warren, International, Southfield, MI 2005