### Cost Estimation Overview



## Now...let's start estimating costs...

Science and engineering are often about using your best estimates; fortunately, there are tools and methods to help...



# **Cost Estimation Techniques**

Cost Estimation: an integral part of the investment analysis process

- Provides information necessary to establish price
- Determines if product (or service) can be sold profitably (Revenues > Costs)
- Defines how much capital (\$) can be justified
- Establishes benchmarks for future improvements in our estimation process!

## **Cost Estimation Techniques**

#### Two general approaches to cost estimation:

#### Top-Down Approach:



Uses historical data from similar efforts, accounting for inflation, size, energy consumption, etc.

Usually a rough, "back-of-the-envelope" calculation

Often used early in the planning process

#### Bottoms-Up Approach:



Breaks project down into small elements Costs estimated for each piece Add the individual costs together

Much more detailed approach; often done when accuracy is important

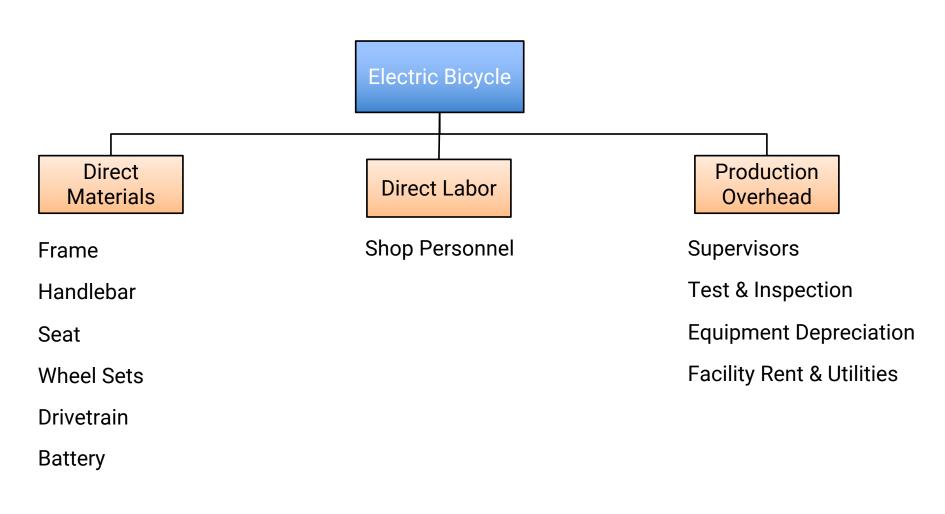
### A Top-Down Approach

How would you approach a top-down cost estimate for an electric bicycle, especially if your company made electric bicycles?

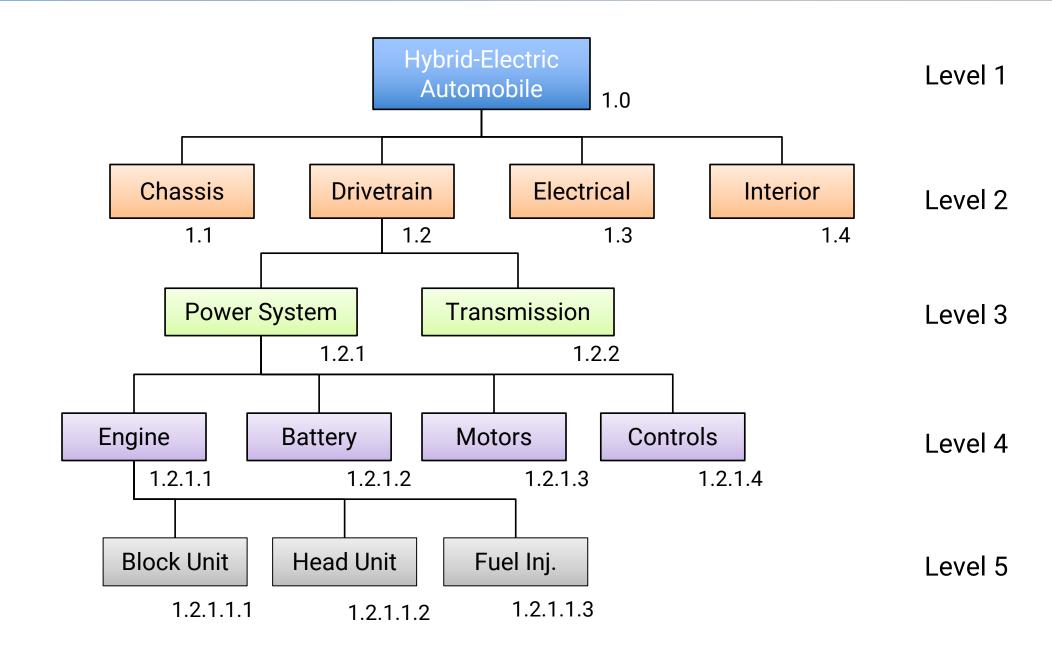


### The Work Breakdown Structure - "WBS"

This WBS is a bottoms-up approach to cost estimation...



### The WBS in Product Cost Estimation



### Approaches to Cost Estimation

#### I. Order of Magnitude – top-down, "back of the envelope" estimate

- Common early in the process (Level 1 of WBS)
- Considerable uncertainty (perhaps +/- 50%)
- Requires little time
- But doesn't cost much to do

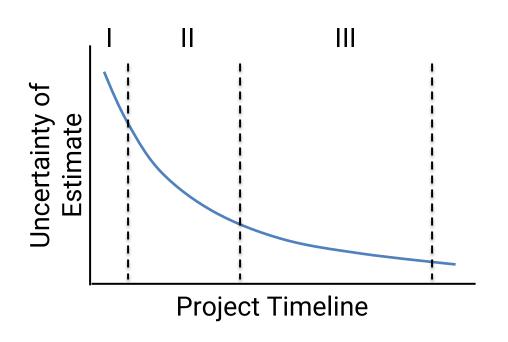
#### II. Budget (Semi-Detailed) Estimate – more detailed

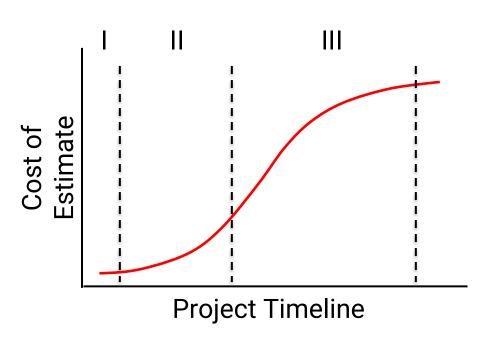
- Covers first few Levels of WBS
- More accurate (+/- 20%)
- Takes more time to conduct due to additional research
- Costs start to increase

#### III. Detailed Estimate – bottoms-up approach; complete WBS

- Very accurate, but takes more time to research
- Used in final stages of engineering design and production
- Uncertainty is very low (+/- 5%)
- Costs increase dramatically

### Approaches to Cost Estimation





- I. Initial Estimate: High Uncertainty, Little Time & Cost
- III. Final Estimate: Low Uncertainty, Considerable Time & Cost

## **Example: Initial Cost Estimates**

Your boss is heading to a meeting in 15 minutes and asks you to estimate the cost to produce a 100 hp compressor.

You do a little research and find out the prices of comparable compressors range between \$30,000-35,000.

You know your company have a Costs of Goods Sold (COGS) of 60%, so it would likely cost your company \$18,000-21,000 to produce.

As your boss is running to the meeting, you state that while a "rough order of magnitude", a reasonable cost estimate is between \$18,000-21,000.

Time to generate the estimate: 10 minutes (0.167 hrs)

Cost of Engineering Time: \$100/hr

Cost of the Estimate: \$17

# Example: A Little More Accuracy

You are the Project Leader estimating the cost of designing, engineering and building a complex satellite system.

You meet with your team of 6 people every week for 4 hours for the next six months. How much are you spending just for the meetings?

$$(6 \text{ people}) * (4 \text{hrs/wk}) * (26 \text{wks}) = 624 \text{ hours}$$

Assuming \$100/hr as an average cost of each person:

And this is just for the meetings!

The next step is for each person to estimate the costs of each element of their part of the project...

# Main Takeaways...

- Estimating costs is part of what we do as scientists and engineers, and we need to get comfortable with the uncertainty associated with them.
- Early in the project timeline, estimates are high-level, often "back-of-the-envelope" estimates that might have a high degree of uncertainty but did not cost much to obtain and are therefore appropriate at this point in the project.
- As the project progresses, knowledge is gained and estimates get much more accurate. However, all that knowledge costs money so these estimates ultimately are more expensive to obtain.

Cost estimation is part of any project, from a top-down approach at the beginning to a comprehensive, bottoms-up WBS approach prior to final design!

# Cost Estimation Techniques



#### **Credits & References**

Slide 1: One arrow hitting center target, horizontal banner by Olivier Le Moal, Adobe Stock (36961324.jpeg).

Slide 2: Pensive office worker wondering looking at side by Antonioguillem, Adobe Stock (201792382.jpeg).

Slide 5: Black electric bike isolated with clipping path by eshma, Adobe Stock (222853589.jpeg).

Slide 14: One arrow hitting center target, horizontal banner by Olivier Le Moal, Adobe Stock (36961324.jpeg).