Android Practicals QB:

1. Create an Android application to pass the data from one activity to another activity in the same application using intent.

```
\rightarrow
```

```
Activity_main.xml:
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter some text"
    android:layout_centerInParent="true"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/buttonSendData"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Send Data"
    android:layout_below="@id/editText"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="20dp"/>
</RelativeLayout>
Activity_second.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/textViewReceivedData"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Received data will appear here"
    android:layout centerInParent="true"/>
</RelativeLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
```

package com.example.practical

import android.content.Intent import android.os.Bundle import android.view.View

```
import android.widget.Button
import android.widget.EditText
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    val editText = findViewById<EditText>(R.id.editText)
    val buttonSendData = findViewById<Button>(R.id.buttonSendData)
    buttonSendData.setOnClickListener {
       val userInput = editText.text.toString()
       // Create an Intent to start SecondActivity
       val intent = Intent(this, SecondActivity::class.java)
       // Put the data into the Intent
       intent.putExtra("userData", userInput)
       // Start SecondActivity
       startActivity(intent)
     }
}
SecondActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.widget.TextView
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class SecondActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_second)
    val textView = findViewById<TextView>(R.id.textViewReceivedData)
    // Get the data from the Intent
    val receivedData = intent.getStringExtra("userData")
    // Set the data to the TextView
    textView.text = receivedData
  }
}
```

```
AndroidManifest.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
  <application
     android:allowBackup="true"
     android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
     android:label="@string/app_name"
     android:theme="@style/Theme.AppCompat.DayNight">
     <activity android:name=".SecondActivity" />
     <activity
       android:name=".MainActivity"
       android:exported="true">
       <intent-filter>
          <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
          <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
       </intent-filter>
     </activity>
  </application>
</manifest>
2. Write a program using Kotlin to implement control structures and loops. if-else Statement, for Loop,
while Loop, do- while Loop.
\rightarrow
fun main() {
  val number = 7
  if (number \% 2 == 0) {
    println("$number is even.")
  } else {
    println("$number is odd.")
  }
  println("\nFor Loop Example:")
  for (i in 1..5) {
    println("i = \$i")
  println("\nWhile Loop Example:")
  var count = 1
  while (count \leq 5) {
    println("count = $count")
    count++
  }
  println("\nDo-While Loop Example:")
```

```
var counter = 1
  do {
    println("counter = $counter")
    counter++
  } while (counter <= 5)
3. Create an Android application to display Toast message on pressing the Back button.
\rightarrow
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:gravity="center"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/welcomeText"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Press the Back button to see the Toast"
    android:textSize="18sp"
    android:textColor="@android:color/black"
    android:layout_marginBottom="20dp"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/backButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Simulate Back Press"
    android:layout_marginTop="20dp"/>
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.widget.Toast
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
```

```
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
  }
  override fun onBackPressed() {
    // Show a Toast message when the back button is pressed
    Toast.makeText(this, "Back button pressed!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
  }
}
4. Create an Android application using linear layout and insert 10 games in the list view and display the
selected game in the text view.
\rightarrow
Activity main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/selectedGameTextView"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Selected Game will appear here"
    android:textSize="18sp"
    android:layout_marginBottom="20dp"/>
  <ListView
    android:id="@+id/gamesListView"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.view.View
import android.widget.AdapterView
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter
import android.widget.ListView
import android.widget.TextView
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
```

override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    val games = listOf(
       "Minecraft", "Fortnite", "Among Us", "Call of Duty", "Apex Legends",
       "Valorant", "FIFA 21", "PUBG Mobile", "GTA V", "Rocket League"
    )
    val gamesListView: ListView = findViewById(R.id.gamesListView)
    val selectedGameTextView: TextView = findViewById(R.id.selectedGameTextView)
    val adapter = ArrayAdapter(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, games)
    gamesListView.adapter = adapter
    gamesListView.onItemClickListener = AdapterView.OnItemClickListener { _, _, position, _ ->
       val selectedGame = games[position]
       selectedGameTextView.text = "Selected Game: $selectedGame"
    }
  }
}
5. Create an application to create Image Flipper and Image Gallery. On clicking on the image, display the
information about the image.
**Download any 3 imgs with name image 1, image 2, image 3 and paste them in res/drawable folder.
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">
  <ImageSwitcher
    android:id="@+id/imageSwitcher"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="300dp"
    android:layout_alignParentTop="true"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
    android:src="@drawable/image1"
    android:inAnimation="@android:anim/fade_in"
    android:outAnimation="@android:anim/fade_out"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/nextButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Next Image"
```

android:layout_below="@id/imageSwitcher" android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"

```
android:layout_marginTop="20dp" />
  <GridView
    android:id="@+id/gridView"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_below="@id/nextButton"
    android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
    android:columnWidth="100dp"
    android:numColumns="3"
    android:horizontalSpacing="10dp"
    android:verticalSpacing="10dp"
    android:stretchMode="columnWidth"
    android:gravity="center"/>
</RelativeLayout>
ImageAdapter.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.content.Context
import android.view.LayoutInflater
import android.view.View
import android.view.ViewGroup
import android.widget.BaseAdapter
import android.widget.ImageView
import android.widget.Toast
class ImageAdapter(private val context; Context, private val imageIds: IntArray) : BaseAdapter() {
  override fun getCount(): Int {
    return imageIds.size
  }
  override fun getItem(position: Int): Any {
    return imageIds[position]
  }
  override fun getItemId(position: Int): Long {
    return position.toLong()
  }
  override fun getView(position: Int, convertView: View?, parent: ViewGroup?): View {
    val imageView: ImageView
    if (convertView == null) {
       imageView = ImageView(context)
       imageView.layoutParams = ViewGroup.LayoutParams(200, 200)
       imageView.scaleType = ImageView.ScaleType.CENTER_CROP
     } else {
```

```
imageView = convertView as ImageView
     }
    imageView.setImageResource(imageIds[position])
    imageView.setOnClickListener {
       // Show image info on click
       Toast.makeText(context, "Image $position clicked", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
     }
    return imageView
}
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.widget.ImageSwitcher
import android.widget.Button
import android.widget.GridView
import android.widget.Toast
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
import android.widget.ImageView
import android.widget.AdapterView
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var imageSwitcher: ImageSwitcher
  private lateinit var nextButton: Button
  private lateinit var gridView: GridView
  private val imageIds = intArrayOf(
    R.drawable.image1,
    R.drawable.image2,
    R.drawable.image3
  )
  private var currentImageIndex = 0
  private val imageAdapter: ImageAdapter by lazy {
    ImageAdapter(this, imageIds)
  }
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    imageSwitcher = findViewById(R.id.imageSwitcher)
    nextButton = findViewById(R.id.nextButton)
```

```
gridView = findViewById(R.id.gridView)
    // Set up ImageSwitcher for the Image Flipper
    imageSwitcher.setFactory {
       ImageView(this).apply {
         setImageResource(imageIds[currentImageIndex])
       }
     }
    // Button to manually flip the images
    nextButton.setOnClickListener {
       currentImageIndex = (currentImageIndex + 1) % imageIds.size
       imageSwitcher.setImageResource(imageIds[currentImageIndex])
     }
    // Set up the GridView with ImageAdapter for the Image Gallery
    gridView.adapter = imageAdapter
    // Item click listener to show information when an image is clicked
     gridView.setOnItemClickListener { _, _, position, _ ->
       Toast.makeText(this, "Image at position $position clicked", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
     }
  }
}
6. Write a program using Kotlin to implement control structures and loops. if-else statement, for Loop, while
loop, when loop.
\rightarrow
fun main() {
  // If-Else Statement Example
  val number = 10
  if (number > 0) {
    println("The number is positive.")
  \} else if (number < 0) {
    println("The number is negative.")
  } else {
    println("The number is zero.")
  }
  // For Loop Example
  println("\nFor Loop Example: Print numbers from 1 to 5")
  for (i in 1..5) {
    println(i)
  }
  // While Loop Example
  println("\nWhile Loop Example: Print numbers less than 5")
  var count = 0
  while (count < 5) {
    println(count)
```

```
count++
  }
  // When Loop Example
  println("\nWhen Loop Example: Check the day of the week")
  val dayOfWeek = 3
  when (dayOfWeek) {
     1 -> println("Monday")
    2 -> println("Tuesday")
    3 -> println("Wednesday")
    4 -> println("Thursday")
    5 -> println("Friday")
    6 -> println("Saturday")
    7 -> println("Sunday")
    else -> println("Invalid day number")
}
7. Create an Android application which automatically displays a Toast message when the user turns the
Airplane mode on or off using broadcast receiver.
activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:id="@+id/main"
android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
<TextView
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Hello World!"
app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
MyReceiver.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.content.BroadcastReceiver
```

import android.content.Context import android.content.Intent import android.widget.Toast

class MyReceiver : BroadcastReceiver() {

```
override fun onReceive(context: Context?, intent: Intent?) {
if (intent?.action == Intent.ACTION_AIRPLANE_MODE_CHANGED) {
val isAirplaneModeEnabled = intent.getBooleanExtra("state", false)
val message = if (isAirplaneModeEnabled) "Airplane Mode Enabled" else "Airplane Mode
Disabled"
Toast.makeText(context, message, Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show()
}
}
}
AndroidManifest.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.RECEIVE_BOOT_COMPLETED"/>;
<application
android:allowBackup="true"
android:dataExtractionRules="@xml/data_extraction_rules"
android:fullBackupContent="@xml/backup rules"
android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
android:label="@string/app name"
android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic_launcher_round"
android:supportsRtl="true"
android:theme="@style/Theme.Practical"
tools:targetApi="31">
<activity
android:name=".MainActivity"
android:exported="true">
<intent-filter>
<action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
<category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
</intent-filter>
</activity>
<receiver android:name=".MyReceiver"
android:exported="true">
<intent-filter>
<action android:name="android.intent.action.AIRPLANE_MODE" />
</intent-filter>
</receiver>
</application>
</manifest>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import androidx.activity.enableEdgeToEdge
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
import androidx.core.view.ViewCompat
```

```
import androidx.core.view.WindowInsetsCompat
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
enableEdgeToEdge()
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
ViewCompat.setOnApplyWindowInsetsListener(findViewById(R.id.main)) { v, insets ->
val systemBars = insets.getInsets(WindowInsetsCompat.Type.systemBars())
v.setPadding(systemBars.left, systemBars.top, systemBars.right, systemBars.bottom)
insets
}
}
}
8. Write an Android application demonstrating response to event/user interaction for Checkbox, Radio
button, Button, Spinner.
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  android:gravity="center">
  <CheckBox
    android:id="@+id/checkbox"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="I agree to the terms and conditions" />
  < Radio Group
    android:id="@+id/radioGroup"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:orientation="vertical">
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/radioOption1"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Option 1" />
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/radioOption2"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
```

android:text="Option 2" />

```
< Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/radioOption3"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:text="Option 3" />
  </RadioGroup>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Click Me" />
  <Spinner
    android:id="@+id/spinner"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
</LinearLayout>
MainACtivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.view.View
import android.widget.*
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var checkbox: CheckBox
  private lateinit var radioGroup: RadioGroup
  private lateinit var radioButton1: RadioButton
  private lateinit var radioButton2: RadioButton
  private lateinit var radioButton3: RadioButton
  private lateinit var button: Button
  private lateinit var spinner: Spinner
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    checkbox = findViewById(R.id.checkbox)
    radioGroup = findViewById(R.id.radioGroup)
    radioButton1 = findViewById(R.id.radioOption1)
    radioButton2 = findViewById(R.id.radioOption2)
    radioButton3 = findViewById(R.id.radioOption3)
    button = findViewById(R.id.button)
```

```
spinner = findViewById(R.id.spinner)
    val spinnerItems = arrayOf("Option A", "Option B", "Option C")
    val spinnerAdapter = ArrayAdapter(this, android.R.layout.simple_spinner_item, spinnerItems)
    spinnerAdapter.setDropDownViewResource(android.R.layout.simple spinner dropdown item)
    spinner.adapter = spinnerAdapter
    checkbox.setOnCheckedChangeListener { _, isChecked ->
      if (isChecked) {
         Toast.makeText(this, "Checkbox Checked", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
       } else {
         Toast.makeText(this, "Checkbox Unchecked", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
       }
    }
    radioGroup.setOnCheckedChangeListener { _, checkedId ->
      when (checkedId) {
         R.id.radioOption1 -> Toast.makeText(this, "Option 1 Selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
         R.id.radioOption2 -> Toast.makeText(this, "Option 2 Selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
         R.id.radioOption3 -> Toast.makeText(this, "Option 3 Selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
      }
    }
    button.setOnClickListener {
      Toast.makeText(this, "Button Clicked", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
    }
    spinner.onItemSelectedListener = object : AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener {
      override fun onItemSelected(parentView: AdapterView<*>?, view: View?, position: Int, id: Long) {
         val selectedItem = parentView?.getItemAtPosition(position) as String
         Toast.makeText(this@MainActivity, "$selectedItem Selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
       }
      override fun onNothingSelected(parentView: AdapterView<*>?) {
    }
  }
9. Create the media API in Android to play an audio file.
**Add an Audio file named audio_sample.mp3 to res/raw
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
```

}

```
android:orientation="vertical"
  android:gravity="center"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/playButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Play Audio" />
  <SeekBar
    android:id="@+id/seekBar"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:max="100"
    android:progress="0"
    android:enabled="false" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.media.MediaPlayer
import android.os.Bundle
import android.os.Handler
import android.widget.Button
import android.widget.SeekBar
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var mediaPlayer: MediaPlayer
  private lateinit var playButton: Button
  private lateinit var seekBar: SeekBar
  private val handler = Handler()
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    playButton = findViewById(R.id.playButton)
    seekBar = findViewById(R.id.seekBar)
    mediaPlayer = MediaPlayer.create(this, R.raw.audio_sample)
    playButton.setOnClickListener {
       if (mediaPlayer.isPlaying) {
         mediaPlayer.pause()
```

```
playButton.text = "Play Audio"
       } else {
         mediaPlayer.start()
         playButton.text = "Pause Audio"
         updateSeekBar()
       }
    }
    seekBar.setOnSeekBarChangeListener(object : SeekBar.OnSeekBarChangeListener {
       override fun onProgressChanged(seekBar: SeekBar?, progress: Int, fromUser: Boolean) {
         if (fromUser) {
            mediaPlayer.seekTo(progress)
         }
       }
       override fun onStartTrackingTouch(seekBar: SeekBar?) {}
       override fun onStopTrackingTouch(seekBar: SeekBar?) {}
    })
    // Listen to when the media file is completed
    mediaPlayer.setOnCompletionListener {
       playButton.text = "Play Audio"
       seekBar.progress = 0
    }
  }
  private fun updateSeekBar() {
    seekBar.max = mediaPlayer.duration
    handler.postDelayed(object : Runnable {
       override fun run() {
         seekBar.progress = mediaPlayer.currentPosition
         handler.postDelayed(this, 1000)
       }
     \}, 0)
  override fun onPause() {
    super.onPause()
    mediaPlayer.release()
  }
10. Create an Android application, with one button and an image view, also set the background image in the
application, the image should be changed on each click of the button (Use two images).
** Add an images named image 1 and image 2 to res/drawable folder.
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>

}

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:gravity="center"
  android:padding="16dp"
  android:background="@drawable/image1">
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/changeImageButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Change Background Image"
    android:textSize="18sp"/>
  <ImageView
    android:id="@+id/imageView"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
    android:src="@drawable/image1"/>
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.widget.Button
import android.widget.ImageView
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var changeImageButton: Button
  private lateinit var imageView: ImageView
  private var isImage1 = true
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    changeImageButton = findViewById(R.id.changeImageButton)
    imageView = findViewById(R.id.imageView)
    changeImageButton.setOnClickListener {
      if (isImage1) {
         findViewById<LinearLayout>(R.id.layout).setBackgroundResource(R.drawable.image2)
         imageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.image2)
       } else {
```

```
findViewById<LinearLayout>(R.id.layout).setBackgroundResource(R.drawable.image1)
         imageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.image1)
       }
       isImage1 = !isImage1
    }
  }
}
11. Create an Android application using linear layout and insert 10 animals in the list view and display the
appropriate Toast.
\rightarrow
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  android:gravity="center">
  <ListView
    android:id="@+id/animalListView"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.view.View
import android.widget.AdapterView
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter
import android.widget.ListView
import android.widget.Toast
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    val animalListView: ListView = findViewById(R.id.animalListView)
    val animals = arrayOf(
       "Lion", "Tiger", "Elephant", "Zebra", "Giraffe",
       "Monkey", "Bear", "Kangaroo", "Panda", "Koala"
```

```
)
    val adapter = ArrayAdapter(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, animals)
    animalListView.adapter = adapter
    animalListView.setOnItemClickListener { parent, view, position, id ->
       val selectedAnimal = parent.getItemAtPosition(position).toString()
       Toast.makeText(this, "Selected: $selectedAnimal", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
    }
  }
}
12. Create an Android application to demonstrate the use of a sub menu. The toast should appear by
selecting the sub menu item.
\rightarrow
**Create menu file in res/menu folder.
menu_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
  <item
    android:id="@+id/menu cut"
    android:title="Cut"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic menu cut"
    android:showAsAction="ifRoom"/>
  <item
    android:id="@+id/menu_copy"
    android:title="Copy"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic_menu_copy"
    android:showAsAction="ifRoom"/>
  <item
    android:id="@+id/menu_paste"
    android:title="Paste"
    android:icon="@android:drawable/ic_menu_paste"
    android:showAsAction="ifRoom"/>
</menu>
MainActivity.kt:
package com.example.practical
import android.os.Bundle
import android.view.Menu
import android.view.MenuItem
import android.widget.EditText
import android.widget.Toast
```

import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity

```
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var editText: EditText
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    editText = findViewById(R.id.editText)
  }
  override fun onCreateOptionsMenu(menu: Menu?): Boolean {
    menuInflater.inflate(R.menu.menu_main, menu)
    return true
  }
  override fun onOptionsItemSelected(item: MenuItem): Boolean {
    when (item.itemId) {
       R.id.menu cut -> {
         val cutText = editText.text.toString()
         editText.setText("") // Clear the text after cut
         Toast.makeText(this, "Cut: $cutText", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
         return true
       }
       R.id.menu_copy -> {
         val copyText = editText.text.toString()
         Toast.makeText(this, "Copied: $copyText", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
         return true
       R.id.menu_paste -> {
         val pasteText = "Pasted Text"
         editText.append(pasteText)
         Toast.makeText(this, "Pasted: $pasteText", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show()
         return true
       else -> return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item)
}
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
```

```
android:gravity="center">

<EditText
android:id="@+id/editText"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Type here"
android:padding="16dp"
android:textSize="18sp"
android:layout_marginBottom="20dp"/>

</LinearLayout>
```