lib/main/fast-power_trace.ath

```
1 # setup-trace, a procedure For tracing an eval execution using code
2 # compiled from rewrite rules. 'G' ("Gas") can be used to control
  # number of trace steps via the number of 'G's around a term to be
4 \# evaluated. The following function inserts one G so the rule
5 # effectively becomes a rule for G rather than for the root function
6 # of the rule, and evaluation of the compiled code takes one step and
1 # stops.
9 declare G: (T) [T] -> T
n define (setup-trace E) :=
    match E {
12
13
      (forall (some-list L) (= left right)) => (forall* L (= (G left) right))
    | (forall (some-list L) (iff left right)) => (forall* L (iff (G left) right))
14
   | (forall (some-list L) (if cond (= left right))) =>
15
          (forall* L (if cond (= (G left) right)))
    | (forall (some-list L) (if cond (iff left right))) =>
17
          (forall* L (if cond (iff (G left) right)))
18
19
20
  # Example:
22
23 #-----
24 load "fast-power"
26 #-----
27 extend-module Monoid {
29 extend-module fast-power {
31 define trace-axioms := (map setup-trace axioms)
33 } # fast-power
34 } # Monoid
36 module Test1 {
38 open Monoid
40 datatype Exp := xone | a | (* Exp Exp)
41
42 define M1 := (renaming [+ \star <0> xone])
44 assert (M1 fast-power.trace-axioms)
45
46 (red-code G)
47
48 (reduce (G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
49 (reduce (G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
50 (reduce (G G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
51 (reduce (G G G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
52 (reduce (G G G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
53 (reduce (G G G G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S zero))))
54 (reduce (G G G G G G (fast-power a (S S S S S S S S S S zero))))
55
56 define (gas-up t k) :=
57
   match k {
      (S k) => (gas-up (G t) k)
58
    | zero => t
60
62 define (run f n m format) :=
    letrec {loop := lambda (k)
63
                      let \{t := (reduce (gas-up (f a (int->nat n)) (int->nat k)));
64
                           _{-} := (print "k = "k" " (format t) "\n")}
65
                      match t {
                        ((some-symbol f) (some-list args)) =>
67
```

```
check {
                              (equal? f \star) => ()
69
                              (negate (equal? k m)) => (loop (plus k 1))
                            | else => ()
71
72
73
                         } }
     (loop 1)
74
75
76
   (run fast-power 10 8 id)
77
78
   (run fast-power 10 1 id)
79
81 define (display t) :=
    letrec {count := lambda (t)
82
83
                         match t {
                           (++ x y) => (plus (count x) (count y))
84
                         };
86
             v->s := val->string}
87
    match t {
88
     (fpp_1 x n) =>
89
         (join "(fpp_1 a^" (v->s (count x)) " " (v->s (nat->int n)) ")")
90
91
    | (fpp_2 x n) =>
          (join "(fpp_2 a^" (v->s (count x)) " " (v->s (nat->int n)) ")")
92
93
    | (pap_1 x y n) =>
         (join "(pap_1 a^" (v->s (count x)) " a^" (v->s (count y)) " "
94
95
                (v->s (nat->int n)) ")")
    | (pap_2 x y n) =>
96
97
         (join "(pap_2 a^" (v->s (count x)) " a^" (v->s (count y)) " "
                (v->s (nat->int n)) ")")
98
    | _ => (join "a^" (v->s (count t)) "\n")
100
101
102
   (run fast-power 13 8 display)
103
   (run fast-power 10 8 display)
105
   (run fast-power 100 20 display)
106
107
   (run fast-power 1000 20 display)
108
109
110
  # Instead of starting from the beginning for each k, start from the
   # (k-1)st term:
111
112
   define (run1 f n m format) :=
113
     letrec {loop := lambda (t k)
                        let {t := (reduce (G t));
115
                              _{-} := (print "k = "k" " (format t) "\n")}
116
                        match t {
117
                           ((some-symbol f) (some-list args)) =>
118
                            check {
                              (equal? f \star) => ()
120
121
                            | (negate (equal? k m)) => (loop t (plus k 1))
                            | else => ()
122
123
                         } }
124
     (loop (f a (int->nat n)) 1)
125
126
   (run1 fast-power 13 8 display)
127
128
129
   (run1 fast-power 10 8 display)
130
131
   (run1 fast-power 100 20 display)
132
   (run1 fast-power 1000 20 display)
134
135 (run1 fast-power 4095 40 display)
136
137 } # Test1
```