MapReduce Assignment

Group Case Study

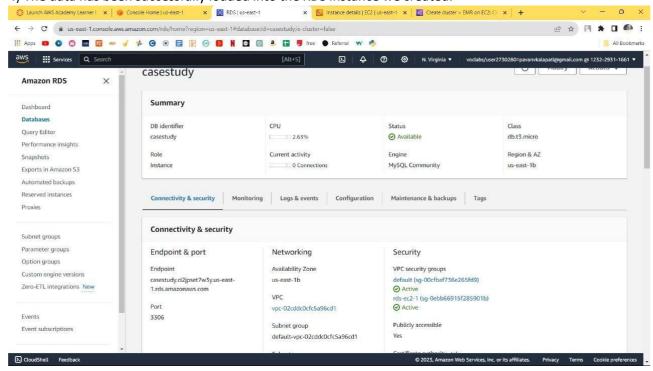
Prepared By

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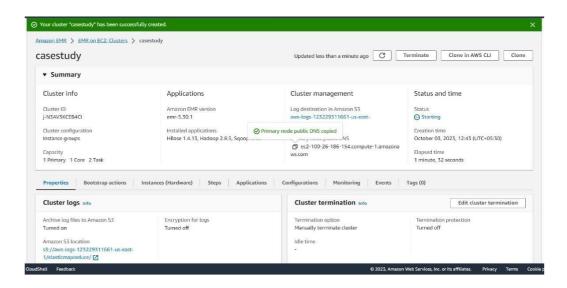
Task 1

Create an RDS instance in your AWS account and upload the data to the RDS instance

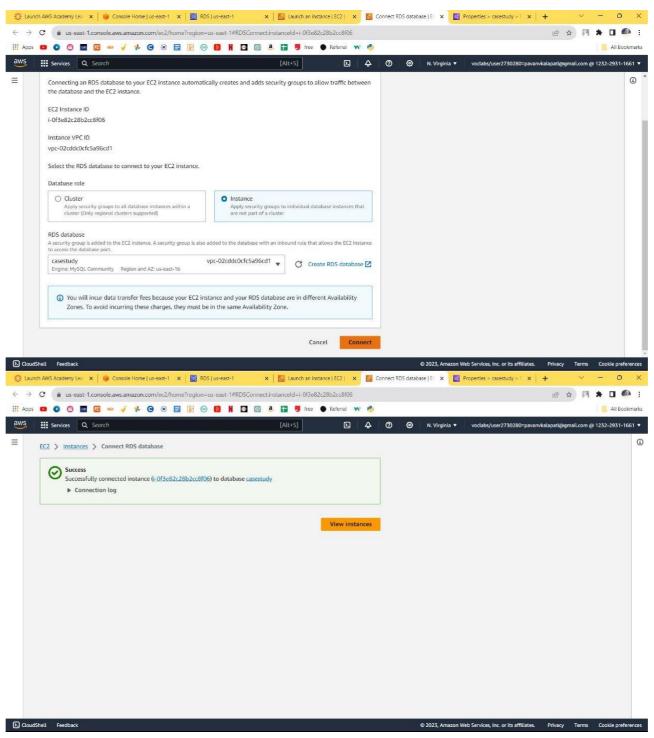
- 1) We've generated an RDS instance using the Learner Lab and initiated an EMR cluster.
- 2) We obtained the necessary files for this task, namely yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv and yellow_tripdata_201702.csv.
- 3) We've established a connection from EMR to the RDS instance, created a table, and imported records from the CSV files.
- 4) The data has been successfully loaded into the RDS instance we created.



EMR Cluster:



Connecting RDS with EMR EC2 instance:



Connecting EMR instance with PuTTy and then downloading yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv & yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv :

```
| Massissa | Incomparison | Massissa | Massi
```

Connecting RDS with EMR Instance:

Hostname: casestudy.ci2jpset7w3y.us-east-1.íds.amazonaws.com Command:

mysql -h case-study-dbb.ck4jzoqb1yn7.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com -P 3306 -u root -p

```
create database
yellow_taxi;
use yellow_taxi;
Creating table—
CREATE TABLE taxi
vendorID INT,
tpep_pickup_datetime DATETIME,
tpep_dropoff_datetime DATETIME,
passenger_count INT, trip_distance
DOUBLE, puLocationID INT,
doLocationID INT, rateCodeID INT,
store_and_fwd_flag VARCHAR(255),
payment_type INT, fare_amount
DOUBLE, extra DOUBLE, mta_tax
DOUBLE, improvement_surcharge
DOUBLE, tip_amount DOUBLE,
tolls_amount DOUBLE, total_amount
DOUBLE, congestion_Surcharge
DOUBLE, airport_fee DOUBLE
);
```

```
o your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'decribe table taxi' at line 1
MySQL [yellow_taxi]> describe taxi;
  vendorID | int
tpep_pickup_datetime | datetime
tpep_dropoff_datetime | datetime
passenner_count
                                                                       YES
                                                                                                 NULL
                                                                                                  NULL
NULL
                                                                          YES
YES
  passenger_count
trip_distance
puLocationID
                                                                          YES
YES
                                                                                                  NULL
NULL
NULL
NULL
NULL
NULL
                                            | int
                                           | int
| double
| double
| double
                                                                                                  NULL
  extra
mta_tax
                                                                          YES
YES
   improvement_surcharge |
tip_amount |
                                              double
double
                                                                          YES
YES
YES
                                                                                                  NULL
NULL
NULL
  total_amount
congestion_Surcharge
                                              double
double
19 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Load Data into Above table

```
LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv'
INTO TABLE taxi
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
IGNORE 1 LINES;

LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv'
INTO TABLE taxi
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
IGNORE 1 LINES;
```

```
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MySQL [(none)]> use yellow taxi;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed

MySQL [yellow taxi]> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv'
-> INTO TAMBLE taxi
-> FIBLOS TERMINATED BY '\.'
-> LINES T
```

Task 2. Use Sqoop command to ingest the data from RDS into the HBase Table.

The following steps were followed for data ingestion from RDS into HBase table

1) Load the data to RDS instance Following screen short for reference from previous step (i.e. Task 1)

```
MySQL [yellow_taxi]> select count(*) from taxi;

+-----+

| count(*) |

+-----+

| 18880595 |

+-----+

1 row in set (1 min 2.43 sec)
```

```
Section of the context of apply server, display result vertically.

(b) Decided context of apply server, display result vertically.

(c) Decided context of apply server,

(d) Decided context of apply server,

(d) Decided context of apply server,

(e) Decided context of apply server,

(f) Decided context of apply server,

(g) Decided c
```

2) Exit form RDS and load the table data in to the hbase.

Created the hbase table: hbasetaxi, set the column-family as cf. Copied the data from the RDS taxi table

Sqoop import command:

sqoop import \

- --connect "jdbc:mysql://casestudy.ci2jpset7w3y.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com:3306/yellow_taxi" \
- --username root \
- --password 123456789 \
- --table taxi \
- --columns

"vendorID,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime,passenger_count,trip_distance,puLocationID,doLoc

- --hbase-create-table \
- --hbase-table hbasetaxi \
- --column-family trip_details \
- --hbase-row-key "vendorID,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime" \
- --split-by tpep_dropoff_datetime \
- -m 8

Screenshots for reference:

```
compared to the control of the contr
```

After the mapreduce
Lets check for the hbasetaxi by running
Scan 'hbasetaxi'
In hbase shell

```
COLUMN=Tity_details:Rirport_fee, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:DiffuentionID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=214

column=Tity_details:DiffuentionID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=214

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:ID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=214

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:ID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:ID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:ID, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.3

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount, timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.3

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.3

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.3

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=1

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_amount_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_column=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_column=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_column=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_column=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Rate_column=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:Dit_timestamp=1678600360710, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:Dit_timestamp=1678600360716, value=0.0

column=Tity_details:Ratecode:Dit_tim
```

Bulk import data from two files in the dataset on your EMR cluster to your HBase Table using the relevant codes.

- 1) In this task, our objective is to import data from two CSV files, namely "yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv" and "yellow_tripdata_2017-04.csv," into an HBase table.
- 2) We will initiate a new HBase table specifically for this task.

Note: Since the datasets do not contain a primary key, we will need to modify these datasets by adding a primary column ID. Given the large size of the dataset, we will split the files and work with them in smaller portions for further processing.

Create new HBase table -

```
hbase(main):001:0> create 'trip_data_batch', 'cf' 0 row(s) in 1.6310 seconds

=> Hbase::Table - trip_data_batch hbase(main):002:0> [
```

Batch Insert command and Execution -

[root@ip-172-31-44-105 hadoop]# python file/batch_insert.py

HBase Table Records After Import -

```
hbase(main):004:0> scan 'trip_data_batch'

ROW

COLUMN+CELL

column=cf:DDLocationID, timestamp=1683444168419, value=42

column=cf:RatecodeID, timestamp=1683444168419, value=231

column=cf:RatecodeID, timestamp=1683444168419, value=1

column=cf:vendorID, timestamp=1683444168419, value=1

column=cf:corpestion_surcharge, timestamp=1683444168419, value=

column=cf:corpestion_surcharge, timestamp=1683444168419, value=

column=cf:corpestion_surcharge, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0.5

column=cf:rare_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=30.5

column=cf:imrovement_surcharge, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0.5

column=cf:fare_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0.5

column=cf:passenger_count, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0.5

column=cf:passenger_count, timestamp=1683444168419, value=1

column=cf:store_and_fwd_flag, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0

column=cf:tore_and_fwd_flag, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0

column=cf:torls_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0

column=cf:total_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0

column=cf:total_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0

column=cf:total_amount, timestamp=1683444168419, value=0-10-03-2017 00:59

column=cf:tope_pickup_datetime, timestamp=1683444168419, value=01-03-2017 00:58

column=cf:tpep_pickup_datetime, timestamp=1683444168419, value=00.5

column=cf:tpep_pickup_datetime, timestamp=168344168419, value=00.5

column=cf:tpep_pickup_datetime, timestamp=1683444168419, value=00.5

column=cf:tpep_pickup_datetime, timestamp=1683444168419, value=00.5

column=cf:tpep_pickup_datetime, ti
```

```
# connecting to HBase server and opening the table
HBase Table Records After Import -
Code -
1) Create HBase Table
create 'trip_data_batch', 'cf'
2) Ingest Batch data code -
batch_ingest.py
import csv
import happybase
import glob
# Define the HBase table and column family
table_name = 'trip_data_batch'
column_family = 'cf'
# connecting to HBase server and opening the table
connection = happybase.Connection(host='ec2-3-80-189-243.compute-1.amazonaws.com')
table = connection.table(table name)
csv_dir_path = '/home/hadoop/files/file'
csv_files = glob.glob(csv_dir_path + '/*.csv')
# open CSV file and read the data
for file in csv_files:
       with open(file, 'r') as csvfile:
               reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)
               for row in reader:
# defining row key and column values for each row
                       row_key = row['ID']
                       column_values = {
                               f'{column family}:VendorID': row['VendorID'],
                               f'{column_family}:tpep_pickup_datetime':
row['tpep_pickup_datetime'],
                               f'{column family}:tpep dropoff datetime':
row['tpep_dropoff_datetime'],
                               f'{column_family}:passenger_count': row['passenger_count'],
                               f'{column_family}:trip_distance': row['trip_distance'],
                               f'{column_family}:RatecodeID': row['RatecodeID'],
                               f'{column_family}:store_and_fwd_flag': row['store_and_fwd_flag'],
                               f'{column_family}:PULocationID': row['PULocationID'],
                               f'{column family}:DOLocationID': row['DOLocationID'],
                               f'{column_family}:payment_type': row['payment_type'],
                               f'{column_family}:fare_amount': row['fare_amount'],
                               f'{column_family}:extra': row['extra'],
                               f'{column_family}:mta_tax': row['mta_tax'],
```

Task 4. Write MapReduce codes to perform the tasks using the files you've downloaded on your EMR Instance:

a) Which vendors have the most trips, and what is the total revenue generated by that vendor?

Code File reference: mrtask a.py

Code execution screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mrtask_a.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_a.hadoop.20230312.203403.902112
Running step 1 of 2...
reading from STDIN
Running step 2 of 2...
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_a.hadoop.20230312.203403.902112/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_a.hadoop.20230312.203403.902112/output...
5583181 "VeriFone Inc."
Removing temp directory /tmp/mrtask_a.hadoop.20230312.203403.902112...
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ [
```

Comment: VeriFone Inc. holds the highest number of trips in the yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv dataset, totaling **5,583,181 trips**.

Code File reference:

mrtask_a_TC.py Code execution

screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mrtask_a TC.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_a_TC.hadoop.20230312.211218.095998
Running step 1 of 1...
reading from STDIN
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_a_TC.hadoop.20230312.211218.095998/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_a_TC.hadoop.20230312.211218.095998/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_a_TC.hadoop.20230312.211218.095998/output...
"Creative Mobile Technologies" 75347398.64700934
"VeriFone Inc." 91682368.32536966
Removing temp directory /tmp/mrtask_a_TC.hadoop.20230312.211218.095998...
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ [
```

Comment: VeriFone Inc. has generated a total revenue of **91,682,368.32**.

Code File reference: mrtask_b.py

Code execution screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mrtask_b.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_b.hadoop.20230312.215459.904500
Running step 1 of 2...
reading from STDIN
Running step 2 of 2...
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_b.hadoop.20230312.215459.904500/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_b.hadoop.20230312.215459.904500/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_b.hadoop.20230312.215459.904500...
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ [
```

Remarks: Location 132 generated most revenue in the file tested.

What are the different payment types used by customers and their count? The final results should be in a sorted format.

Code File reference: mrtask c.py

Code execution screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mrtask_c.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_c.hadoop.20230312.222032.987646
Running step 1 of 2...
reading from STDIN
Running step 2 of 2...
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_c.hadoop.20230312.222032.987646/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_c.hadoop.20230312.222032.987646/output...
14999 "4"
53815 "3"
3231928 "2"
6994699 "1"
Removing temp directory /tmp/mrtask_c.hadoop.20230312.222032.987646...
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ []
```

Remark: Credit card is mostly used followed by cash, then no charge and lowest one observed is dispute

1= Credit card, 2= Cash, 3= No charge, 4= Dispute, 5= Unknown, 6= Voided trip

What is the average trip time for different pickup locations?

Code File reference: mrtask_d.py

Code execution screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mTtask_d.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_d.hadoop.20230312.183025.917044
Running step 1 of 1...
reading from STDIN
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_d.hadoop.20230312.183025.917044/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_d.hadoop.20230312.183025.917044/output...
"1" 255689.0
"100" 64877691.0
"101" 7566.33333333333
"102" 77081.666666666667
"105" 4461.6666666666667
"105" 4461.6666666666667
"106" 637954.0
"107" 71554200.3333333333
"108" 13074.333333333334
"109" 28439.333333333334
"109" 28439.333333333334
"119" 4654.0
"111" 18669.5
"111" 4654.0
"112" 1945240.66666666666
"114" 47185916.3333333333
"119" 96017.0
"118" 358.3333333333333
"119" 96017.0
"12" 766627.5
"120" 14736.333333333333
"124" 46644.333333333333
"124" 4724.866666666668
"124" 46643.333333333333
"127" 34998.33333333333
"128" 1290.2.0
"129" 1769505.6666666666
"131" 1631.66666666666
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"131" 16531.66666666668
"133" 200180.66666666668
"133" 200180.66666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.66666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.66666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.666666666668
"133" 200180.666666666666
```

Remarks: Running map reduce job on yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv. Above screenshot has average trip time in seconds for each location.

Calculate the average tips to revenue ratio of the drivers for different locations in sorted format.

Code File reference: mrtask_e.py

Comment: The screenshot above was taken during the testing of the code designed to calculate the average tip-to-revenue ratio for drivers in various locations.

Furthermore, the analysis aims to understand how revenue changes over time by calculating the average trip revenue per month. This analysis is carried out by considering the time of day (day versus night) and the day of the week (weekday versus weekend) as factors for comparison.

Code File reference: mrtask_f.py

Code execution screenshot:

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ python mrtask_f.py < yellow_tripdata_2017-03.csv
No configs found; falling back on auto-configuration
No configs specified for inline runner
Creating temp directory /tmp/mrtask_f.hadoop.20230313.112115.944790
Running step 1 of 1...
reading from STDIN
job output is in /tmp/mrtask_f.hadoop.20230313.112115.944790/output
Streaming final output from /tmp/mrtask_f.hadoop.20230313.112115.944790/output.
"March" 33405953.39662997
"day" 46632269.931141086
"night" 5426591.436077364
"weekday" 17745196.803211816
"weekend" 6116198.478531879
Removing temp directory /tmp/mrtask_f.hadoop.20230313.112115.944790...
[hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$ [
hadoop@ip-172-31-77-47 ~]$
```

Observations/Findings:

- 1. The dataset predominantly consists of data for the month of March.
- 2. The average revenue for trips in March can be calculated.
- 3. On average, trip revenue during daytime hours exceeds that of nighttime hours. We assume nighttime to be between 11 PM and 5 AM.
- 4. The dataset suggests that the average trip revenue during weekdays surpasses that of weekends, with Saturday and Sunday considered as weekends.