```
In [8]:
```

canny edge detection edges = cv.Canny(img, 250, 250)plt.subplot(121),plt.imshow(img plt.title('Original Image'), pl plt.subplot(122),plt.imshow(ed plt.title('Edge Image'), plt.x'





In []:

Filter the image using filter
filtered_image_y = cv.filter2D
filtered_image_x = cv.filter2D

plt.subplot(2,2,1),plt.imshow()
plt.title('Gray scale'), plt.x
plt.subplot(2,2,2),plt.imshow()
plt.title('Sobel X'), plt.xticl
plt.subplot(2,2,3),plt.imshow()
plt.title('Sobel Y'), plt.xticl
plt.show()

Gray scale

Sobel Y





Edge detection

Different edge detection is applied:

- · Laplacian edge detection
- Sobel method
- Canny edge detection

```
In [3]:
         # Import necessary modules!
         import cv2 as cv
         import numpy as np
         from matplotlib import pyplot
In [4]:
         # read the image
         img1 = cv.imread('img/road_1.j|
In [5]:
         # remove noise
         img = cv.GaussianBlur(img1,(3,)
         # convolute with proper kernel.
         laplacian = cv.Laplacian(img,c)
         plt.subplot(2,2,1),plt.imshow()
         plt.title('Original'), plt.xti
         plt.subplot(2,2,2),plt.imshow()
         plt.title('Laplacian'), plt.xt:
         plt.show()
```



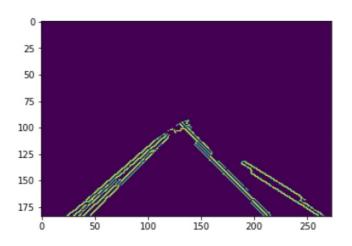


```
Python Program for Road Detect:
    # Import necessary modules!
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as pl'
    import matplotlib.image as img
    import cv2 as cv
```

In [2]:

```
image=cv.imread('img/road_1.jp@
height=image.shape[0]
width=image.shape[1]
img=np.copy(image)
def region_of_interst(img,vert)
    mask = np.zeros_like(img)
    #channel_count = img.shape
    match_mask_color = 255
    cv.fillPoly(mask, vertices
    masked image = cv.bitwise a
    return masked_image
region_of_interest_vertices =
    (0, height),
    (width / 2, height / 2),
    (width, height),]
gray=cv.cvtColor(image,cv.COLOL
canny=cv.Canny(gray, 100, 200)
cropped_image = region_of_intel
plt.imshow(cropped_image)
```

Out[2]:



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