Aim: Write C program to simulate the Single level directory organization technique.

```
Program:
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
struct{
char dname[10],fname[10][10];
int fcnt;
}dir;
void main(){
  int i,ch;
  char f[30];
  dir.fcnt = 0;
  printf("Enter name of directory:");
  scanf("%s", dir.dname);
  while(1)
  {
    printf("1. Create File\t2. Delete File\t3. Search File \n 4. Display Files\t5. Exit\nEnter your choice:");
    scanf("%d",&ch);
    switch(ch) {
    case 1: printf("Enter the name of the file:");
         scanf("%s",dir.fname[dir.fcnt]);
         dir.fcnt++;
         break;
    case 2: printf("Enter the name of the file:");
```

```
scanf("%s",f);
    for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)
    if(strcmp(f, dir.fname[i])==0)
    printf("File %s is deleted ",f);
    strcpy(dir.fname[i],dir.fname[dir.fcnt-1]); break; } }
    if(i==dir.fcnt)
    printf("File %s not found",f);
    else
    dir.fcnt--;
    break;
case 3: printf("Enter the name of the file:");
    scanf("%s",f);
    for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)
    if(strcmp(f, dir.fname[i])==0)
    printf("File %s is found ", f);
    break;
    if(i==dir.fcnt)
    printf("File %s not found",f);
    break;
case 4: if(dir.fcnt==0)
       printf("\nDirectory Empty");
    else
               {
    printf("\nThe Files are:");
    for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)</pre>
```

```
printf("\t%s",dir.fname[i]);
}
break;
default: exit(0);
}
}
```

Output:

```
input
Enter name of directory:dir
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the name of the file:f1
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the name of the file:f2
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the name of the file:f3
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:4
The Files are: f1
                                f3
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:2
Enter the name of the file:f2
File f2 is deleted 1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:3
Enter the name of the file:f3
File f3 is found
1.Create File 2.Delete File 3.Search File 4.Display Files 5.Exit
Enter your choice:
```

Aim: write a c program to simulate two level directory organization technique

Program:

```
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
struct{
char dname[10],fname[10][10];
int fcnt;
}dir[10];
void main(){
int i,ch,dcnt,k;
char f[30], d[30];
dcnt=0;
while(1){
printf("\n\n1. Create Directory\t2. Create File\t3. Delete File");
printf("\n4. Search File\t\t5. Display\t6. Exit\t Enter your choice --");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch){
case 1: printf("\nEnter name of directory -- ");
scanf("%s", dir[dcnt].dname);
dir[dcnt].fcnt=0;
dcnt++;
printf("Directory created");
case 2: printf("\nEnter name of the directory -- ");
scanf("%s",d);
for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0){
printf("Enter name of the file -- ");
scanf("%s",dir[i].fname[dir[i].fcnt]);
dir[i].fcnt++;
printf("File created");
break;
```

```
if(i==dcnt)
printf("Directory %s not found",d);
break;
case 3: printf("\nEnter name of the directory -- ");
scanf("%s",d);
for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++){}
if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0){
printf("Enter name of the file -- ");
scanf("%s",f);
for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++){</pre>
if(strcmp(f, dir[i].fname[k])==0){
printf("File %s is deleted ",f);
dir[i].fcnt--;
strcpy(dir[i].fname[k],dir[i].fname[dir[i].fcnt]);
goto jmp;
}}
printf("File %s not found",f);
goto jmp;
}}
printf("Directory %s not found",d);
jmp : break;
case 4: printf("\nEnter name of the directory -- ");
scanf("%s",d);
for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++){</pre>
if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0){
printf("Enter the name of the file -- ");
scanf("%s",f);
for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++){}
if(strcmp(f, dir[i].fname[k])==0){
printf("File %s is found ",f);
goto jmp1;
}
```

```
printf("File %s not found",f);
goto jmp1;
}
}
printf("Directory %s not found",d);
jmp1: break;
case 5: if(dcnt==0)
printf("\nNo Directory's ");
else{
printf("\nDirectory\tFiles");
for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
printf("\n%s\t\t",dir[i].dname);
for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++)</pre>
printf("\t%s",dir[i].fname[k]);
}
}
break;
}
}
```

Output:

```
input
                           2. Create File 3. Delete File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter
1. Create Directory
                                             6. Exit Enter your choice --1
1. Search File
Enter name of directory -- dir1
Directory created
1. Create Directory
                           2. Create File 3. Delete File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice --2
4. Search File
Enter name of the directory -- dirl
Enter name of the file -- fl
File created
1. Create Directory
                           2. Create File 3. Delete File
4. Search File
                           Display
                                             6. Exit Enter your choice --2
Enter name of the directory -- dir1
Enter name of the file -- f2
                           2. Create File 3. Delete File
1. Create Directory
                           Display
                                             6. Exit Enter your choice --1
4. Search File
Enter name of directory -- dir2
Directory created
1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File
4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice --2
Enter name of the directory -- dir2
Enter name of the file -- f3
File created
```

```
Enter name of the file -- f3
File created
                          2. Create File 3. Delete File
1. Create Directory
4. Search File
                          Display
                                           6. Exit Enter your choice --5
Directory
                 Files
dir1
dir2
                          £3
                          2. Create File 3. Delete File
1. Create Directory
                          5. Display
                                          6. Exit Enter your choice --4
4. Search File
Enter name of the directory -- dirl
Enter the name of the file -- f2
File f2 is found
                          2. Create File 3. Delete File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice --3
1. Create Directory
4. Search File
                          Display
Enter name of the directory -- dirl
Enter name of the file -- f2
File f2 is deleted
                          2. Create File5. Display6. Exit Enter your choice --5
1. Create Directory
4. Search File
Directory
                 Files
dir1
dir2
                          £3
1. Create Directory
                          2. Create File 3. Delete File
                                         6. Exit Enter your choice --^C
                          Display
4. Search File
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Aim: write a c program to simulate contiguous file allocation method

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct fileTable{
char name[20];
int sb, nob;
int end;
}ft[30];
int isExists(char f[],int n){
int i;
for(i=0;i< n;i++){
if(strcmp(f, ft[i].name)==0){
return 1;
}
return 0;
}
int isValid(int base,int end_address,int n){
int i,flag=0;
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
if(ft[i].sb <= base && ft[i].end > base)
return 0;
if(ft[i].sb <= end_address && ft[i].end >= end_address)
return 0;
if(base < ft[i].sb && end_address > ft[i].end)
return 0;
if(base < ft[i].sb && end_address > ft[i].sb && end_address < ft[i].end)
return 0;
}
return 1;
```

```
void main(){
int i, j, n,nblocks,flag,check;
char s[20];
printf("Enter no of files : ");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\n No of blocks : ");
scanf("%d",&nblocks);
for(i=0;i< n;i++){}
printf("\nEnter file name %d:",i+1);
scanf("%s",ft[i].name);
/* check whether name already exists */
check = isExists(ft[i].name,i);
while(check == 1){
printf("\nFile name already exists");
printf("\nEnter the name of the file -- ");
scanf("%s",ft[i].name);
check = isExists(ft[i].name,i);
}
printf("Enter starting block of file %d:",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].sb);
printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
/* check whether it in block range */
while(ft[i].sb + ft[i].nob > nblocks)
{
printf("\n Block size has exceeded\n");
printf("Enter starting block of file %d:",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].sb);
printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
ft[i].end = ft[i].sb + ft[i].nob;
/* checking whether another file exists at that location */
```

```
flag = isValid(ft[i].sb,ft[i].end,i);
while(flag == 0){
printf("\nAnother file exists at that location\n");
printf("Enter starting block of file %d:",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].sb);
printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
if(ft[i].sb + ft[i].nob > nblocks)
printf("\n Block size has exceeded");
ft[i].end = ft[i].sb + ft[i].nob;
flag = isValid(ft[i].sb,ft[i].end,i);
printf("\nThe files are--\n");
printf("\n File no Filename stblock no.blocks blocksoccupied\n");
for(i=0;i< n;i++){
printf("\%d\t\%s\t\%d\t\%d\t",i+1,ft[i].name,ft[i].sb,ft[i].nob);
for(j=0;j<ft[i].nob;j++){
printf(" %d",ft[i].sb+j);
printf("\n");
printf("\nEnter the file name to be searched -- ");
scanf("%s",s);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(strcmp(s,ft[i].name)==0)
break;
if(i==n)
printf("\nFile Not Found");
else{
printf("\nFILE \ NAME \ START \ BLOCK \ NO \ OF \ BLOCKS \ BLOCKS \ OCCUPIED\n");
printf("\n%s\t\t\%d\t",ft[i].name,ft[i].sb,ft[i].nob);
for(j=0;j<ft[i].nob;j++)</pre>
```

```
printf("%d, ",ft[i].sb+j);
}
Output:
```

f1

```
< 2 3
                                            input
Enter no of files: 3
 No of blocks : 20
Enter file name 1:f1
Enter starting block of file 1:3
Enter no of blocks in file 1:3
Enter file name 2:f2
Enter starting block of file 2:6
Enter no of blocks in file 2:2
Enter file name 3:f3
Enter starting block of file 3:8
Enter no of blocks in file 3:2
The files are--
 File no Filename stblock no.blocks blocksoccupied
       f1
             3 3 3 4 5
                                 6 7
                                 8 9
Enter the file name to be searched -- fl
```

3, 4, 5,

FILE NAME START BLOCK NO OF BLOCKS BLOCKS OCCUPIED

3

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

Aim: Write a c program to simulate linked file allocation method

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct fileTable{
  char name[20];
  int nob;
  struct block *sb;
}ft[30];
struct block{
  int bno;
  struct block *next;
};
int blockNum[100],top=0;
int isExists(int blno){
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<top;i++) {
    if(blockNum[i] == blno)
      return 1; }
  return 0;}
void main(){
  int i, j, n,nblocks,check,available;
  char s[20];
  struct block *temp;
  printf("Enter no of files :");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("No of blocks : ");
  scanf("%d",&nblocks);
  available = nblocks;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
    printf("Enter file name %d:",i+1);
    scanf("%s",ft[i].name);
```

```
printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
/* availability of blocks */
while(ft[i].nob > available)
  printf("\nSufficient blocks are not available\n");
  printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
  scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
available -= ft[i].nob;
/* whether the block is in range */
while(ft[i].nob > nblocks)
  printf("\n Block size has exceeded\n");
  printf("Enter no of blocks in file %d :",i+1);
  scanf("%d",&ft[i].nob);
ft[i].sb=(struct block*)malloc(sizeof(struct block));
temp = ft[i].sb;
printf("Enter block number :");
scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
while(temp->bno > nblocks)
  printf("Block size has exceeded\n");
  printf("Enter block number : ");
  scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
}
/* exists or not */
check = isExists(temp->bno);
while(check == 1)
                    {
  printf("It is already occupied");
  printf("Enter block number : ");
  scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
  check = isExists(temp->bno);
blockNum[top] = temp->bno;
top++;
temp->next=NULL;
for(j=1;j<ft[i].nob;j++)
```

```
temp->next = (struct block*)malloc(sizeof(struct block));
      temp = temp->next;
      printf("Enter block number : ");
      scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
      while(temp->bno > nblocks)
                                        {
        printf("\n Block size has exceeded\n");
        printf("Enter block number : ");
        scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
      /* exists or not */
      check = isExists(temp->bno);
      while(check == 1)
        printf("It is already occupied");
        printf(" Enter block number : ");
        scanf("%d",&temp->bno);
        check = isExists(temp->bno);
      }
      blockNum[top] = temp->bno;
      top++;
               }
    temp->next = NULL; }
  printf("The files are\n");
  printf("\nFILE NAME NO OF BLOCKS BLOCKS OCCUPIED");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++) {
  printf("\n %s\t\t\%d\t",ft[i].name,ft[i].nob);
  temp=ft[i].sb;
  for(j=0;j<ft[i].nob;j++) {
  printf("%d\t ",temp->bno);
  temp = temp->next;
  printf(" ");}
printf("\nEnter the file name to be searched -- ");
scanf("%s",s);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(strcmp(s,ft[i].name)==0)
```

}

```
break;
if(i==n)
printf("\nFile Not Found");
else{
printf("\nFILE NAME NO OF BLOCKS BLOCKS OCCUPIED");
printf("\n %s\t\t%d\t",ft[i].name,ft[i].nob);
temp=ft[i].sb;
for(j=0;j<ft[i].nob;j++){
printf("%d\t ",temp->bno);
temp = temp->next;
}}}
Output:
```

```
input
Enter no of files :3
No of blocks : 20
Enter file name 1:f1
Enter no of blocks in file 1:3
Enter block number :1
Enter block number : 3
Enter block number : 5
Enter file name 2:f2
Enter no of blocks in file 2:3
Enter block number :2
Enter block number : 4
Enter block number : 5
It is already occupied Enter block number : 6
Enter file name 3:
Enter no of blocks in file 3:3
Enter block number :10
Enter block number: 13
Enter block number : 15
The files are
FILE NAME
             NO OF BLOCKS
                              BLOCKS OCCUPIED
f1
                3
                                         5
                                 3
                                 4
                        10
                                         15
f3
                                 13
Enter the file name to be searched -- f2
FILE NAME NO OF BLOCKS BLOCKS OCCUPIED
                                         6
f2
                3
 ..Program finished with exit code 0
```