**Experiment No.: 3**

**Aim**

Familirization of linux commands

**CO2**

Perform system administration tasks

**Procedure**

1.pwd-To print working directory

$pwd

**Output Screenshot**



2.ls-Used to list the files and contents

$ls

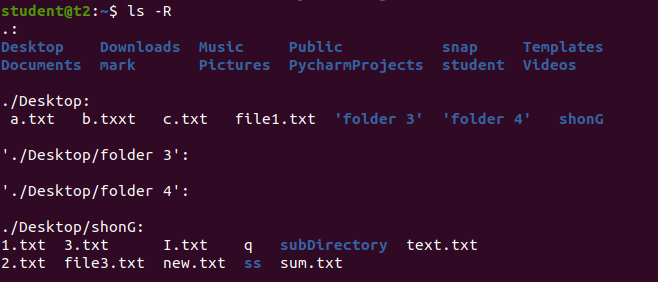
**Output Screenshot**



(a).ls-R-Detailed view of sub directory

$ls-R

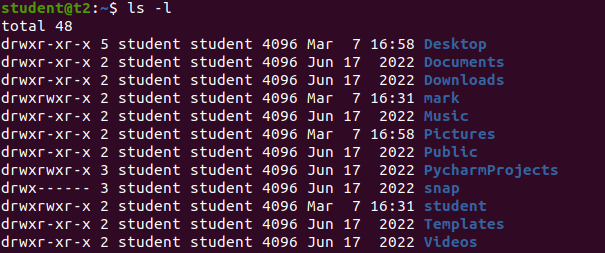
**Output Screenshot**



(b).ls-l-long listing of contents

$ls

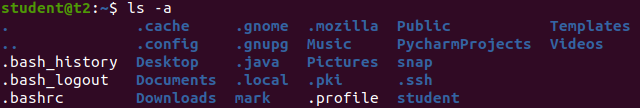
**Output Screenshot**



(c).ls-a-used to view hidden files

$ls-a

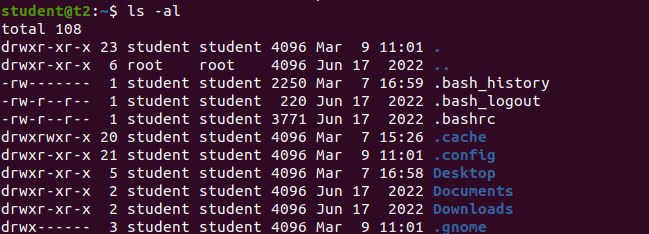
**Output Screenshot**



(d).ls-al-Detailed information can view along with hidden files.

$ls-al

**Output Screenshot**



(e).ls-t-To list the files sorted in order of last modified.

$ls-t

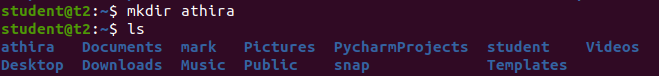
**Output Screenshot**



3.mkdir-To make a new directory

$ls-t

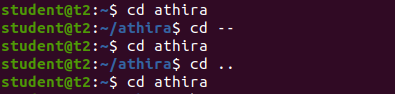
**Output Screenshot**



4.cd-To navigate through directory we used cd

$cd Athira

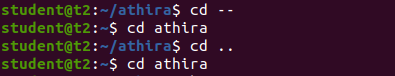
**Output Screenshot**



5.cd.. or cd-- -To move one directory up

$cd-- $cd..

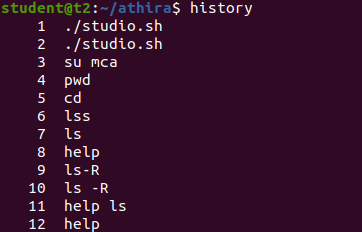
**Output Screenshot**



6.history-To view the history and commands which we have been executed for a long time.

$history

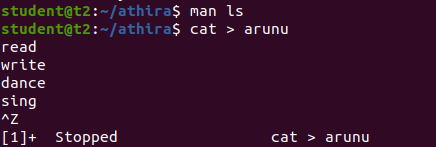
**Output Screenshot**



7.man-We can learn &understand with different commands write from the shell using man commands.

$manls

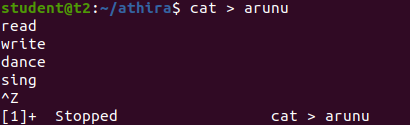
**Output Screenshot**



8.cat-To create a new file.

$cat > file name

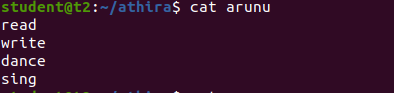
**Output Screenshot**



(a).cat filename-To display contents

$cat filename

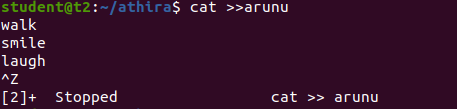
**Output Screenshot**



(b).cat>>-To append content to the file

$cat >> filename

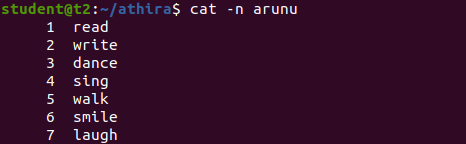
**Output Screenshot**



(c).cat-n-To display the the line number

$cat-n filename

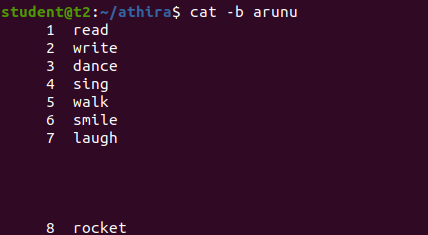
**Output Screenshot**



(d).cat-b-Removing the empty line numbering

$cat-b

**Output Screenshot**



**Result**

The program was executed and the result was successfully obtained. Thus CO1 was obtained.

**Experiment No.: 4**

**Aim**

Familiarization with Linux command.

**CO2**

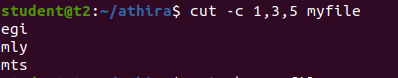
Perform system administration tasks.

**Procedure**

1. i. cut -c[filename]: To cut by character,for cutting out sections from each line of file and writting the result to standard output.

$ cut -c 1,3,5 file1

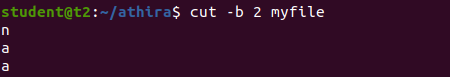
**Output Screenshot**



ii. cut -b :To cut by byte position

$ cut -b 2 file1

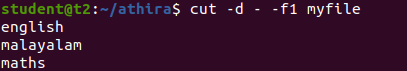
**Output Screenshot**



iii. cut -d : To cut by delimiter

$ cut -d - -f1 file1

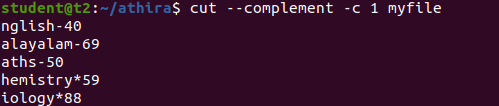
**Output Screenshot**



iv.. cut - complement : Cut by complement pattern

$ cut - - complement -c 1 file1

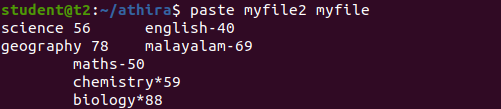
**Output Screenshot**



1. paste : Paste command is used to join files consist of lines from each file horizontally outputing lines.

i. $ paste file2 file

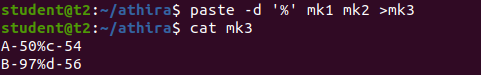
**Output Screenshot**



ii.$ paste -d ‘%’ mk1 mk2 >mk3

$ cat mk3

**Output Screenshot**



**Result**

The program was executed and the result was successfully obtained. Thus CO2 was obtained.