## Milltern Review 03/28/2023

Part I: Loss Fn Based Approaches  $L(y,y),y=h_{\theta}(x)$   $D=\{(x^{(i)},y^{(i)}),\dots(x^{(m)},y^{(m)})\}$   $D=\{(y,h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}),h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})\}\}$   $L(y,h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})$ 

$$\sigma(\gamma)$$

Perception  $L(y,\hat{y}) = \max(0, -y.\hat{y}) L(y,\hat{y}) = \max(0, 1-y.\hat{y}) \Theta$   $\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1}{2$ 

Low 11011 -> Reduce overfit

Part II: Non-Parametric Approaches Deusion Mee KNN y (ni < t) No training (Store Date in Mem) Test: ŷ = y (i+) Loss for minEL (m(n), y) where it = argmin ||x(i) - x||2 DT Also: Greed, Algo

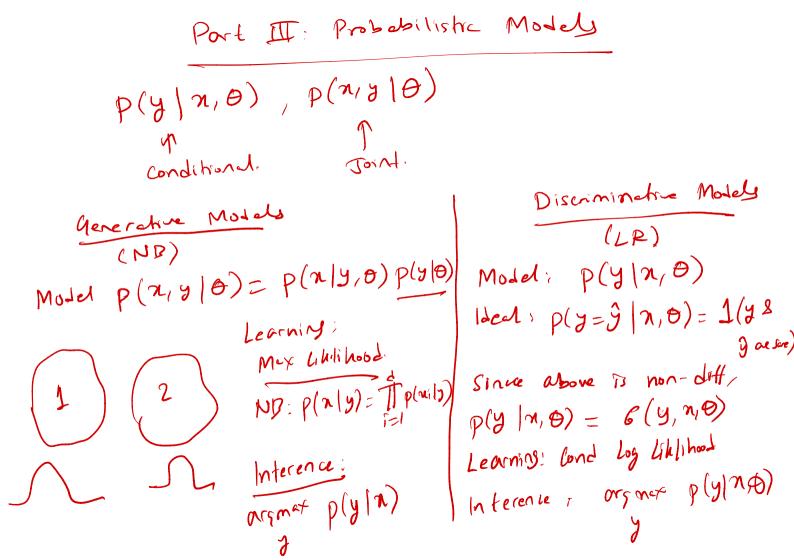
· Normaliza imparfent

· Caceful with prelievant attributes . High interence time /cost, High Memory

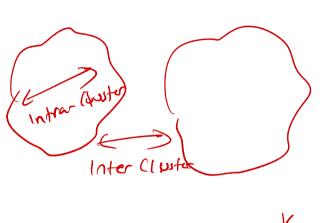
Achieve Certainty or instances of "same Class" on the same

Side ofter splitting - Entropy

-> kD trees to reduce late time arg max HCY) - H(Y((nic+3)



## Port It: Unsupervised Learning



MIN 
$$\geq 2 ||x_5 - y_1||^2$$
 $S_1 - S_{N_1} N_1 - y_N$ 
 $f = 1 ||S \in S_1||$ 

As: Fix  $y_1$ , optimize

MJ, FTX S, optimize
M.