

# Two elements, monotonic loading, case: “epe” (elastic- plastic\*turn\*elastic)

```
SetDirectory[NotebookDirectory[]]
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\reserach\codes\SPP2256
```

Der Datensatz enthält die Werte ( $\tilde{\rho}$   $\tilde{\tau}$   $\tilde{\xi}$   $\tilde{\sigma}$ )

$\tilde{\xi}$ : “letzter” Wert der vorgegebenen Dehnung (Endpunkt des jeweils vorgegebenen Belastungspfad)

$\tilde{\sigma}$ : “letzter” Wert der ausgewerteten Spannung (Endpunkt des jeweils vorgegebenen Belastungspfad)

$\tilde{\tau}$ : Extremum entlang des Belastungspfad bzgl.  $\xi$

$\tilde{\rho}$ : Index bzgl.  $\tilde{\tau}$ : +1 Maximum, -1 Minimum

---

## Import des Datensatzes

```
D = Import["data-set-03.txt", "CSV"];
```

---

## Geometrie - Parameter

```
AA = 1.;
```

---

## Parameter des Optimierungsproblems

```
EE = 1.;
```

---

## Distanzfunktion (für die Suche im Datensatz)

```
Cξ = 500 000;
```

```
Cσ = 500 000-1;
```

```
Cρ = 1;
```

```
Cτ = 10 000 000;
```

```
fdist[ρ_, τ_, ξ_, σ_] := Cρ ρ^2 + Cτ τ^2 + Cξ ξ^2 + Cσ σ^2
```

# Algorithmus

## Dirichlet - Randbedingung (rechter Rand)

```
ubarmax = 0.019;  
ubar = 0.017;
```

## Startwerte

```
init1 = Random[Integer, {1, Length[D]}]; (*Random[Integer, {1,Length[D]}] *)  
 $\xi$ star[1] = D[[init1, 3];  
 $\sigma$ star[1] = D[[init1, 4];  
init2 = init1; (*Random[Integer, {1,Length[D]}] *)  
 $\xi$ star[2] = D[[init2, 3];  
 $\sigma$ star[2] = D[[init2, 4];
```

## Initialisierung(en)

```
posminold = {-1, -1};  
posmin = posminold;  
 $\rho$ algo[1] =  $\rho$ algo[2] = 1; (* fuer die vorgegebene  
monotone Belastung kann es sich nur um ein Maximum handeln *)  
 $\tau$ algo[1] =  $\tau$ algo[2] = 0.;
```

```

Monitor[
Do[
(* Calculate solutions *)
un =  $\xi\text{star}[1] - \xi\text{star}[2] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ubar}$ ;

 $\eta n = \frac{1}{EE} (\sigma\text{star}[1] - \sigma\text{star}[2])$ ;

(* update physically sound stresses and strains *)
 $\sigma\delta[1] = \frac{1}{2} (\sigma\text{star}[1] + \sigma\text{star}[2])$ ;
 $\sigma\delta[2] = \frac{1}{2} (\sigma\text{star}[1] + \sigma\text{star}[2])$ ;
 $\xi\delta[1] = \frac{1}{2} \left( \xi\text{star}[1] - \xi\text{star}[2] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ubar} \right)$ ;
 $\xi\delta[2] = \frac{1}{2} \left( \xi\text{star}[2] - \xi\text{star}[1] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ubar} \right)$ ;
 $\tau\text{algo}[1] = \frac{1}{2} \left( \xi\text{star}[1] - \xi\text{star}[2] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ubarmax} \right)$ ;
 $\tau\text{algo}[2] = \frac{1}{2} \left( \xi\text{star}[2] - \xi\text{star}[1] + \frac{1}{2} \text{ubarmax} \right)$ ;

Export["algorithm_sequence_step" <> ToString[iter] <> ".png", Show[
ListPlot[ $\mathcal{D}[\text{All}, 3 ;; 4]$ ], Graphics[{Red, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\delta[1]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[1]$ }]},
Graphics[{Blue, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\delta[2]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[2]$ }]}, PlotRange → All]];
(* determine closest points of the data set and check convergence *)
Print["current state: ", {0.,  $\tau\text{algo}[1]$ ,  $\xi\delta[1]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[1]$ });
Do[distances[i] =
Map[fdist[0.,  $\tau\text{algo}[i] - \#[[2]]$ ,  $\xi\delta[i] - \#[[3]]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[i] - \#[[4]]$ ] &,  $\mathcal{D}$ ], {i, 2}];
posmin = Table[Flatten[Position[distances[i], Min[distances[i]]][[1]], {i, 2}];
If[posmin == posminold, Print["Found solution in step ", iter, "!!!"];
Break[]];
posminold = posmin;
 $\xi\text{star}[1] = \mathcal{D}[\text{posmin}[[1]], 3]$ ;
 $\sigma\text{star}[1] = \mathcal{D}[\text{posmin}[[1]], 4]$ ;
 $\xi\text{star}[2] = \mathcal{D}[\text{posmin}[[2]], 3]$ ;
 $\sigma\text{star}[2] = \mathcal{D}[\text{posmin}[[2]], 4]$ ;
Print[Array[ $\xi\text{star}$ , 2]];
Print[Array[ $\sigma\text{star}$ , 2]];
Export["algorithm_sequence1_step" <> ToString[iter] <> ".png", Show[
ListPlot[ $\mathcal{D}[\text{All}, 3 ;; 4]$ ], Graphics[{Red, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\delta[1]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[1]$ }]},
Graphics[{Green, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\text{star}[1]$ ,  $\sigma\text{star}[1]$ }]}, PlotRange → All]];
Export["algorithm_sequence2_step" <> ToString[iter] <> ".png", Show[
ListPlot[ $\mathcal{D}[\text{All}, 3 ;; 4]$ ], Graphics[{Red, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\delta[2]$ ,  $\sigma\delta[2]$ }]},
Graphics[{Green, PointSize[.015], Point[{ $\xi\text{star}[2]$ ,  $\sigma\text{star}[2]$ }]}, PlotRange → All]];
If[iter == maxsteps, Print["No convergence in ", maxsteps, " steps!!!"];
Quit[]];
, {iter, maxsteps}]
, {iter, Array[ $\sigma\delta$ , 2], Array[ $\xi\delta$ , 2]}]

```

current state: {0., 0.00475, 0.00425, -55.5556}

{0.0037037, 0.0037037}

{277.778, 277.778}

current state: {0., 0.00475, 0.00425, 277.778}

{0.0042328, 0.0042328}

{388.889, 388.889}

current state: {0., 0.00475, 0.00425, 388.889}

Found solution in step 3!!!

**Array[ $\xi$ , 2]**

{0.00425, 0.00425}

**Array[ $\sigma$ , 2]**

{388.889, 388.889}

Analytische Lösung für den Fall "epe":

ubar

4

0.00425

$$210\,000 \left( \frac{\text{ubar}}{4} - \frac{\text{ubarmax}}{4} + \frac{500}{210\,000} \right)$$

395.