

```
In [1]: # full code in one cell

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, MinMaxScaler

df = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')

print("Missing values before filling:\n", df.isnull().sum())

df['sepal_length'].fillna(df['sepal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['sepal_width'].fillna(df['sepal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['petal_length'].fillna(df['petal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['petal_width'].fillna(df['petal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['species'].fillna(df['species'].mode()[0], inplace=True)

print("\nMissing values after filling:\n", df.isnull().sum())

print("\nData types before conversion:\n", df.dtypes)

df['species'] = df['species'].astype('category')

print("\nData types after conversion:\n", df.dtypes)

le = LabelEncoder()
df['species_encoded'] = le.fit_transform(df['species'])

scaler = MinMaxScaler()
numerical_cols = ['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width']
df[numerical_cols] = scaler.fit_transform(df[numerical_cols])

print("\nFinal DataFrame:\n", df.head())
```

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, LabelEncoder
```

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv('Iris.csv')
```

```
In [3]: df.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa

```
In [4]: df.isnull().sum()
# preprocessing
```

```
Out[4]: sepal_length    2  
        sepal_width     1  
        petal_length    2  
        petal_width     1  
        species         3  
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [6]: df['sepal_length'].fillna(df['sepal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)  
df['sepal_width'].fillna(df['sepal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)  
df['petal_length'].fillna(df['petal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)  
df['petal_width'].fillna(df['petal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Chatura Karankal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7324\800527030.py:1: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df['sepal_length'].fillna(df['sepal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Chatura Karankal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7324\800527030.py:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

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For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df['sepal_width'].fillna(df['sepal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Chatura Karankal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7324\800527030.py:3: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df['petal_length'].fillna(df['petal_length'].mean(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Chatura Karankal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7324\800527030.py:4: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df['petal_width'].fillna(df['petal_width'].mean(), inplace=True)
```

```
In [7]: df['species'].fillna(df['species'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Chatura Karankal\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7324\2314026490.py:1: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.

The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
df['species'].fillna(df['species'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

```
In [8]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[8]: sepal_length    0
        sepal_width    0
        petal_length    0
        petal_width    0
        species        0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [9]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.829054	3.057718	3.771622	1.205369
std	0.818843	0.431196	1.751089	0.758733
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.300000	1.300000
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

```
In [10]: df.columns.tolist()
```

```
Out[10]: ['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width', 'species']
```

```
In [11]: df.shape
```

```
Out[11]: (150, 5)
```

```
In [12]: df.dtypes
```

```
Out[12]: sepal_length    float64
        sepal_width    float64
        petal_length    float64
        petal_width    float64
        species        object
        dtype: object
```

```
In [13]: df['species']=df['species'].astype('category')      #data formatting
```

```
In [14]: df.dtypes
```

```
Out[14]: sepal_length    float64
sepal_width    float64
petal_length    float64
petal_width    float64
species        category
dtype: object
```

```
In [15]: scaler=MinMaxScaler()#    normalization
cols=['sepal_length','sepal_width','petal_length','petal_width']
df[cols]=scaler.fit_transform(df[cols])
df.head()
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	0.222222	0.625000	0.067797	0.041667	setosa
1	0.166667	0.416667	0.067797	0.041667	setosa
2	0.111111	0.500000	0.050847	0.041667	setosa
3	0.083333	0.458333	0.084746	0.041667	setosa
4	0.194444	0.666667	0.067797	0.041667	setosa

```
In [16]: label_encoder=LabelEncoder()
```

```
In [18]: df['species_encoded']=label_encoder.fit_transform(df['species'])
```

```
In [19]: df.head()
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species	species_encoded
0	0.222222	0.625000	0.067797	0.041667	setosa	0
1	0.166667	0.416667	0.067797	0.041667	setosa	0
2	0.111111	0.500000	0.050847	0.041667	setosa	0
3	0.083333	0.458333	0.084746	0.041667	setosa	0
4	0.194444	0.666667	0.067797	0.041667	setosa	0

```
In [ ]:
```