

- <header> for introductory content or navigational links.
- <footer> for footer content at the bottom of a page.
- <article> for self-contained content.
- <section> for thematic grouping of content.

HTML5 introduced new features and elements that enhance multimedia support, including:

- <audio> for audio files.
- <video> for video files.
- <canvas> for drawing graphics on the fly.



CSS

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a style sheet language used to describe the presentation of a document written in HTML or XML (including XML dialects such as SVG, MathML or XHTML). CSS describes how elements should be rendered on screen, on paper, in speech, or on other media.

CSS is among the core languages of the open web and is standardized across Web browsers according to W3C specifications. Previously, the development of various parts of CSS specification was done synchronously, which allowed the versioning of the latest

```
# Update a value
```

```
Person["age"] = 31
```

```
# Add a new key-  
value pair
```

```
Person["city"] =
```

```
"New York"
```

```
# Loop through keys and
```

```
values For key, value in
```

```
person.items():
```

```
    Print(f'{key}: {value}')
```

