

## PIZZA SALES SQL QUERIES

### A. KPI's

#### 1. Total Revenue:

```
SELECT SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue FROM pizza_sales;
```

Results		Messages
	Total_Revenue	
1	817860.05083847	

#### 2. Average Order Value

```
SELECT (SUM(total_price) / COUNT(DISTINCT order_id)) AS Avg_order_Value
FROM pizza_sales
```

Results		Messages
	Avg_order_Value	
1	38.3072623343546	

#### 3. Total Pizzas Sold

```
SELECT SUM(quantity) AS Total_pizza_sold FROM pizza_sales
```

Results		Messages
	Total_pizza_sold	
1	49574	

#### 4. Total Orders

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders FROM pizza_sales
```

Results		Messages
	Total_Orders	
1	21350	

#### 5. Average Pizzas Per Order

```
SELECT CAST(CAST(SUM(quantity) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) /
CAST(COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS DECIMAL(10,2))
AS Avg_Pizzas_per_order
FROM pizza_sales
```

	Avg_Pizzas_per_order
1	2.32

## B. Daily Trend for Total Orders

```
SELECT DATENAME(DW, order_date) AS order_day, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY DATENAME(DW, order_date)
```

Output:

	order_day	total_orders
1	Saturday	3158
2	Wednesday	3024
3	Monday	2794
4	Sunday	2624
5	Friday	3538
6	Thursday	3239
7	Tuesday	2973

## C. Monthly Trend for Orders

```
select DATENAME(MONTH, order_date) as Month_Name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id)
as Total_Orders
from pizza_sales
GROUP BY DATENAME(MONTH, order_date)Output
```

	Month_Name	Total_Orders
1	February	1685
2	June	1773
3	August	1841
4	April	1799
5	May	1853
6	December	1680
7	January	1845
8	September	1661
9	October	1646
10	July	1935
11	November	1792
12	March	1840

#### D. % of Sales by Pizza Category

```
SELECT pizza_category, CAST(SUM(total_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as
total_revenue,
CAST(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) from pizza_sales)
AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS PCT
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_category
```

#### Output

	pizza_category	total_revenue	PCT
1	Classic	220053.10	26.91
2	Chicken	195919.50	23.96
3	Veggie	193690.45	23.68
4	Supreme	208197.00	25.46

#### E. % of Sales by Pizza Size

```
SELECT pizza_size, CAST(SUM(total_price) AS DECIMAL(10,2)) as
total_revenue,
CAST(SUM(total_price) * 100 / (SELECT SUM(total_price) from pizza_sales)
AS DECIMAL(10,2)) AS PCT
```

```
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_size
ORDER BY pizza_size
```

**Output**

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Management Studio interface with the 'Results' tab selected. The results are displayed in a table:

	pizza_size	total_revenue	PCT
1	L	375318.70	45.89
2	M	249382.25	30.49
3	S	178076.50	21.77
4	XL	14076.00	1.72
5	XXL	1006.60	0.12

**F. Total Pizzas Sold by Pizza Category**

```
SELECT pizza_category, SUM(quantity) as Total_Quantity_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 2
GROUP BY pizza_category
ORDER BY Total_Quantity_Sold DESC
```

**Output**

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Management Studio interface with the 'Results' tab selected. The results are displayed in a table:

	pizza_category	Total_Quantity_Sold
1	Classic	14888
2	Supreme	11987
3	Veggie	11649
4	Chicken	11050

**G. Top 5 Pizzas by Revenue**

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue DESC
```

	pizza_name	Total_Revenue
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
4	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
5	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25

## H. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Revenue

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(total_price) AS Total_Revenue
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Revenue ASC
```

	pizza_name	Total_Revenue
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.4998130798
2	The Green Garden Pizza	13955.75
3	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	15277.75
4	The Mediterranean Pizza	15360.5
5	The Spinach Pesto Pizza	15596

## I. Top 5 Pizzas by Quantity

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold DESC
```

### Output

	pizza_name	Total_Pizza_Sold
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
4	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

## J. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Quantity

```
SELECT TOP 5 pizza_name, SUM(quantity) AS Total_Pizza_Sold
FROM pizza_sales
```

```
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Pizza_Sold ASC
```

**Output**

	pizza_name	Total_Pizza_Sold
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	490
2	The Mediterranean Pizza	934
3	The Calabrese Pizza	937
4	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	950
5	The Soppressata Pizza	961

**K. Top 5 Pizzas by Total Orders**

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders DESC
```

	pizza_name	Total_Orders
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2329
2	The Hawaiian Pizza	2280
3	The Pepperoni Pizza	2278
4	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2273
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2225

**L. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Total Orders**

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders ASC
```



	pizza_name	Total_Orders
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	480
2	The Mediterranean Pizza	912
3	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	918
4	The Calabrese Pizza	918
5	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	938

## **NOTE**

If you want to apply the pizza\_category or pizza\_size filters to the above queries you can use WHERE clause. Follow some of below examples

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE pizza_category = 'Classic'
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders ASC
```