

◆ Definition:

A **sentence** is a group of words that **expresses a complete thought**.

It always has a **subject** (who/what the sentence is about) and a **predicate** (what is said about the subject).

It also **starts with a capital letter** and **ends with a full stop (.), question mark (?), or exclamation mark (!)**.

◆ Structure of a Sentence:

A sentence usually has two main parts:

1. **Subject** → The person or thing performing the action.
2. **Predicate** → The part that tells what the subject does or is.

Example:

👉 *Rafi plays football.*

- **Subject:** Rafi
 - **Predicate:** plays football
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◆ Types of Sentences (by Function):

1. **Declarative Sentence (Statement)**
 - Used to give information or state a fact.
 - ✓ *Example:* I am learning English.
 2. **Interrogative Sentence (Question)**
 - Used to ask a question.
 - ✓ *Example:* Are you learning English?
 3. **Imperative Sentence (Command or Request)**
 - Used to give an order or make a request.
 - ✓ *Example:* Please close the door.
 4. **Exclamatory Sentence (Strong Feeling)**
 - Used to express emotions like surprise, joy, anger, etc.
 - ✓ *Example:* What a beautiful day it is!
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◆ Types of Sentences (by Structure):

1. **Simple Sentence** – One independent clause.
✓ Example: I like apples.
 2. **Compound Sentence** – Two or more independent clauses joined by *and, but, or, so, yet*.
✓ Example: I like apples, and I also like bananas.
 3. **Complex Sentence** – One independent + one or more dependent clauses.
✓ Example: I like apples because they are sweet.
 4. **Compound-Complex Sentence** – Two or more independent + one or more dependent clauses.
✓ Example: I like apples because they are sweet, and I eat them every day.
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◆ Rules for Writing a Correct Sentence:

1. Must have a **subject and predicate**.
 2. Must **express a complete thought**.
 3. Must begin with a **capital letter**.
 4. Must end with **proper punctuation** (., ?, !).
 5. Must have **proper grammar and structure**.
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