#### **Assignment 2 - Numpy Array Operations**

This assignment is part of the course "Data Analysis with Python: Zero to Pandas". The objective of this assignment is to develop a solid understanding of Numpy array operations. In this assignment you will:

- 1. Pick 5 interesting Numpy array functions by going through the documentation: <a href="https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/routines.html">https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/routines.html</a>
- 2. Run and modify this Jupyter notebook to illustrate their usage (some explanation and 3 examples for each function). Use your imagination to come up with interesting and unique examples.
- 3. Upload this notebook to your Jovian profile using jovian.commit and make a submission here: <a href="https://jovian.ml/learn/data-analysis-with-python-zero-to-pandas/assignment/assignment-2-numpy-array-operations">https://jovian.ml/learn/data-analysis-with-python-zero-to-pandas/assignment/assignment-2-numpy-array-operations</a>
- 4. (Optional) Share your notebook online (on Twitter, LinkedIn, Facebook) and on the community forum thread: <a href="https://jovian.ml/forum/t/assignment-2-numpy-array-operations-share-your-work/10575">https://jovian.ml/forum/t/assignment-2-numpy-array-operations-share-your-work/10575</a>.
- 5. (Optional) Check out the notebooks shared by other participants and give feedback & appreciation.

The recommended way to run this notebook is to click the "Run" button at the top of this page, and select "Run on Binder". This will run the notebook on <a href="maybinder.org">mybinder.org</a>, a free online service for running Jupyter notebooks.

Try to give your notebook a catchy title & subtitle e.g. "All about Numpy array operations", "5 Numpy functions you didn't know you needed", "A beginner's guide to broadcasting in Numpy", "Interesting ways to create Numpy arrays", "Trigonometic functions in Numpy", "How to use Python for Linear Algebra" etc.

**NOTE**: Remove this block of explanation text before submitting or sharing your notebook online - to make it more presentable.

# 5 numpy functions I learnt

numpy is a library which contains lots of inbuilt functions which help in the calculation and hence, is an important for data analysis. The functions which i chose are:

- fabs
- sort
- · bitwise\_and
- stack
- argmax

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```
!pip install jovian --upgrade -q
```

```
jovian.commit(project='numpy-array-operations')
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Let's begin by importing Numpy and listing out the functions covered in this notebook.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
function1 = np.fabs
function2 = np.sort
function3 = np.bitwise_and
function4 = np.stack
function5 = np.argmax
```

# Function 1 - np.fabs

This function converts the negative values in the data to positive. It fails when data contains complex values.

In the above example, we can see that all the negative values has been converted to positive.

```
# Example 2 - working
arr2 = [[5.87, -6.5, 7.7],
        [8.5, 9.6, -10.8]]

np.fabs(arr2)

array([[ 5.87, 6.5 , 7.7 ],
```

```
In the above example, we can see that fabs function work with float values also.
```

[8.5, 9.6, 10.8]])

```
arr3 = [[5, -6, 7],
       [8, 9, complex(-10, 3)]]
np.fabs(arr3)
```

-----

TypeError: ufunc 'fabs' not supported for the input types, and the inputs could not be safely coerced to any supported types according to the casting rule ''safe''

we can see that fabs doesn't work with complex number. We can use absolute to find absolute values of complex data.

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### Function 2 - np.sort

It returns a sorted copy of an array.

Above example shows the working of sort function. It sorts the array along the default axis.

In the above example, the array is sorted along the first axis.

```
# Example 3 - breaking (to illustrate when it breaks)
z = np.array([[1,4],[3,1]])
np.sort(z, axis=3)
```

```
AxisError Traceback (most recent call last)

/tmp/ipykernel_485/2234985819.py in <module>

1  # Example 3 - breaking (to illustrate when it breaks)

2  z = np.array([[1,4],[3,1]])

----> 3 np.sort(z, axis=3)
```

AxisError: axis 3 is out of bounds for array of dimension 2

In the above example, the axis mentioned is out of bounds.

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# Function 3 - np.bitwise\_and

Compute the bitwise and of two arrays element-wise.

```
# Example 1 - working
np.bitwise_and(13, 17)
```

I

13 = 00001101, 17 = 00010001. The bitwise AND of 13 and 17 is 000000001, which represents 1.

```
# Example 2 - working
x = np.array([2,5,255])
y = np.array([3,14,16])
np.bitwise_and(x, y)
array([2, 4, 16])
```

Explanation about example

```
# Example 3 - breaking (to illustrate when it breaks)
x = np.array([2,255])
y = np.array([3,14,16])
x&y
```

```
3 y = np.array([3,14,16])
----> 4 x & y
```

ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (2,) (3,)

As can be seen from the error, the size of two operands are different and bitwise and can't be performed.

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# Function 4 - np.stack

It joins the sequences of arrays along a new axis.

In the above example, array b is joined to a along axis 0.

In the above example, a and b are joined along axis -1 i.e., last dimension.

```
# Example 3 - breaking (to illustrate when it breaks)
np.stack((a, b), axis=5)
```

```
result_ndim = arrays[0].ndim + 1
axis = normalize_axis_index(axis, result_ndim)
431
sl = (slice(None),) * axis + (_nx.newaxis,)
```

AxisError: axis 5 is out of bounds for array of dimension 2

It fails to join the two arrays as axis is out of bound. It can be resolved by replacing axis with 0 or -1.

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### Function 5 - np.full

It returns a new array of given shape and type, filled with fill\_value.

```
# Example 1 - working
np.full((2,2),fill_value='inf')
array([['inf', 'inf'],
        ['inf', 'inf']], dtype='<U3')</pre>
```

In the above example, we can see that an array of size (2,2) is created and filled with value 'inf'.

An array of size (2, 2) is created and filled with value 1 and 2.

```
# Example 3 - breaking (to illustrate when it breaks)
np.full((1,3),(2,2))
```

```
<__array_function__ internals> in copyto(*args, **kwargs)
```

ValueError: could not broadcast input array from shape (2,) into shape (1,3)

As can be seen from the error, if there is size difference between shape and fill\_value,error occurs.

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### Conclusion

Summarize what was covered in this notebook, and where to go next

#### Reference Links

Provide links to your references and other interesting articles about Numpy arrays:

- Numpy official tutorial: <a href="https://numpy.org/doc/stable/user/quickstart.html">https://numpy.org/doc/stable/user/quickstart.html</a>
- ...

jovian.commit()		