

MPL Experiment - 5

\* Aim: To Implement Navigation, Routing, and Gestures in Flutter.

\* Theory:

Navigation and Routing in Flutter.

In Flutter, screens are referred to as routes. Navigation between these routes is managed using the Navigator class. Flutter provides multiple ways to navigate between screens:

1. Using Navigator.push() and Navigator.pop()
  - `Navigator.push(context, MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => SecondScreen()))` is used to navigate from one screen to another.
  - `Navigator.pop(context)` is used to return to the previous screen.

2. Named Routes

- Named routes allow better management of navigation in larger apps by defining routes in a central location.
- `Navigator.pushNamed(context, '/second')` is used to navigate to a named route.
- `Navigator.pop(context)` is used to return to the previous route.

Gestures in Flutter: Gestures allow users to interact with UI elements using touch-based.



actions like tap, drag, swipe and pinch. The GestureDetector widget in Flutter listens for user gestures and responds accordingly.

1. Single Gesture Handling (GestureDetector):  
Used to detect single gestures like tap, double tap, long press, drag, etc.

2. Multiple Gesture Handling (RawGestureDetector):  
Used when handling multiple gestures simultaneously. The AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer class enables recognition of multiple gestures within the same widget tree.

\* Conclusion: This experiment demonstrated how to implement navigation, routing, and gestures in a Flutter application. By using Navigator.push() and Navigator.pop(), we successfully transitioned between screens. Additionally, named routes provided a structured approach to navigation management.

For Gestures, the GestureDetector widget enabled user interaction through touch-based actions. The RawGestureDetector facilitated handling multiple gestures simultaneously. Understanding navigation and gestures is fundamental for building interactive and user-friendly Flutter applications.

## 1. Basic Navigation Using Navigator.push() and Navigator.pop()

### Code:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() {
  runApp(const MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Navigation Basics',
      theme: ThemeData(
        primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
      ),
      home: const FirstRoute(),
    );
  }
}

class FirstRoute extends StatelessWidget {
  const FirstRoute({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: const Text('First Route'),
      ),
      body: Center(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          child: const Text('Open Second Route'),
          onPressed: () {
            Navigator.push(
              context,
              MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => const SecondRoute()),
            );
          },
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

```

    );
  }
}

```

```

class SecondRoute extends StatelessWidget {
  const SecondRoute({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

```

```

  @override

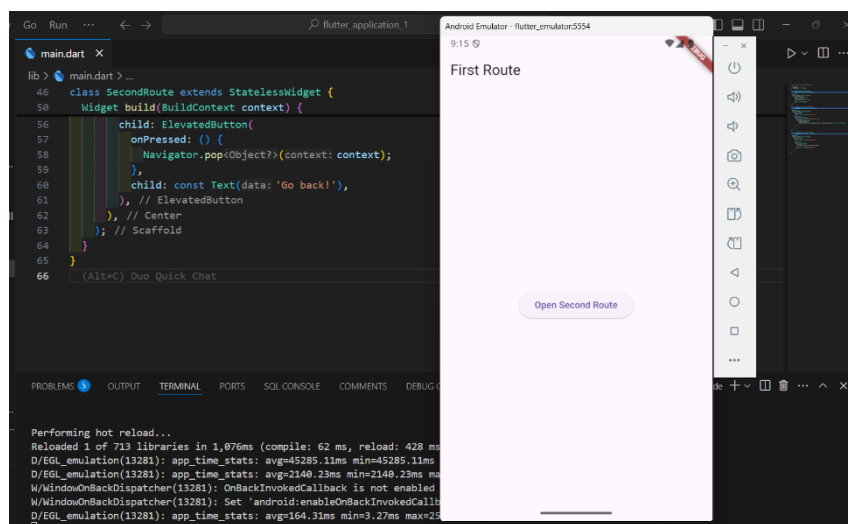
```

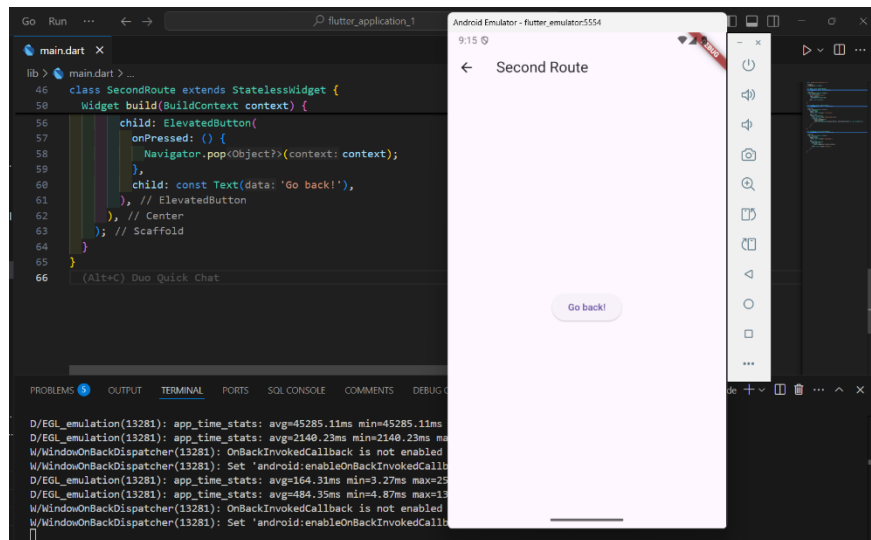
```

  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: const Text('Second Route'),
      ),
      body: Center(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          onPressed: () {
            Navigator.pop(context);
          },
          child: const Text('Go back!'),
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

**Output:**





## 2. Navigation Using Named Routes

### Code:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
void main() {
  runApp(const MyApp());
}
```

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
```

```
@override
```

```
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return MaterialApp(
    title: 'Named Route Navigation',
    theme: ThemeData(
      primarySwatch: Colors.green,
    ),
    initialRoute: '/',
    routes: {
      '/': (context) => const HomeScreen(),
      '/second': (context) => const SecondScreen(),
    },
  );
}
```

```
class HomeScreen extends StatelessWidget {
```

```

const HomeScreen({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Scaffold(
    appBar: AppBar(
      title: const Text('Home Screen'),
    ),
    body: Center(
      child: ElevatedButton(
        child: const Text('Click Here'),
        onPressed: () {
          Navigator.pushNamed(context, '/second');
        },
      ),
    ),
  );
}

```

```

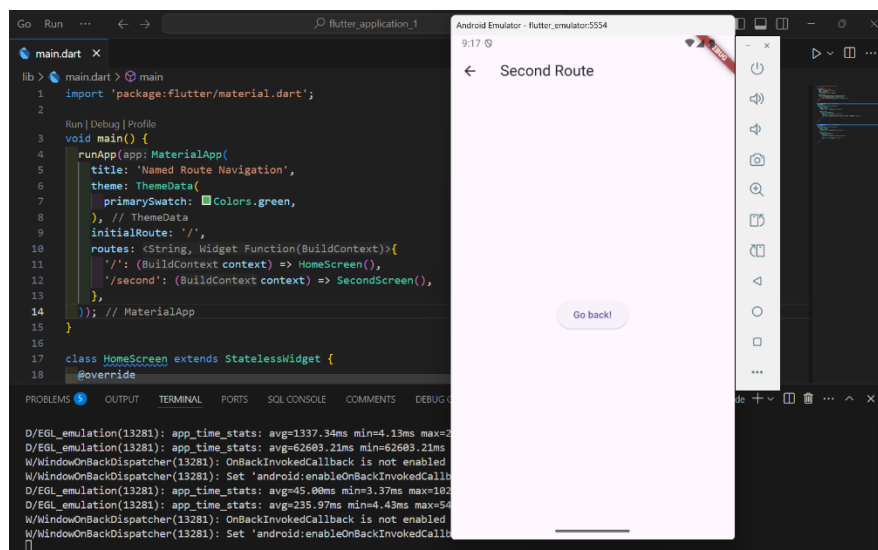
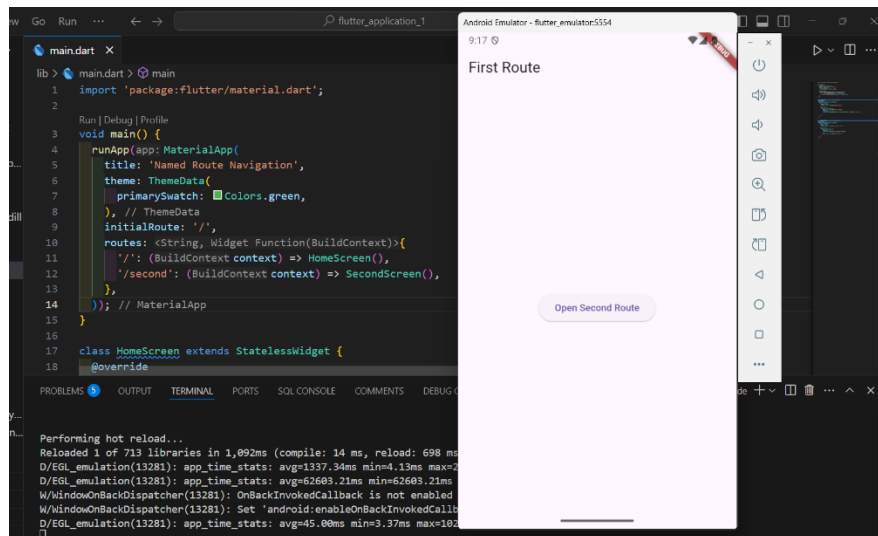
class SecondScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  const SecondScreen({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: const Text("Second Screen"),
      ),
      body: Center(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          onPressed: () {
            Navigator.pop(context);
          },
          child: const Text('Go back!'),
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

**Ouput:**





### 3. Gesture Example Using GestureDetector

#### Code:

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
void main() => runApp(MyApp());
```

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
```

```
  @override
```

```
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
```

```
    return MaterialApp(
```

```
      title: 'Gesture Example',
```

```
      theme: ThemeData(
```

```
        primarySwatch: Colors.green,
```

```
    ),
```

```
    home: MyHomePage(),
```

```

    );
  }
}

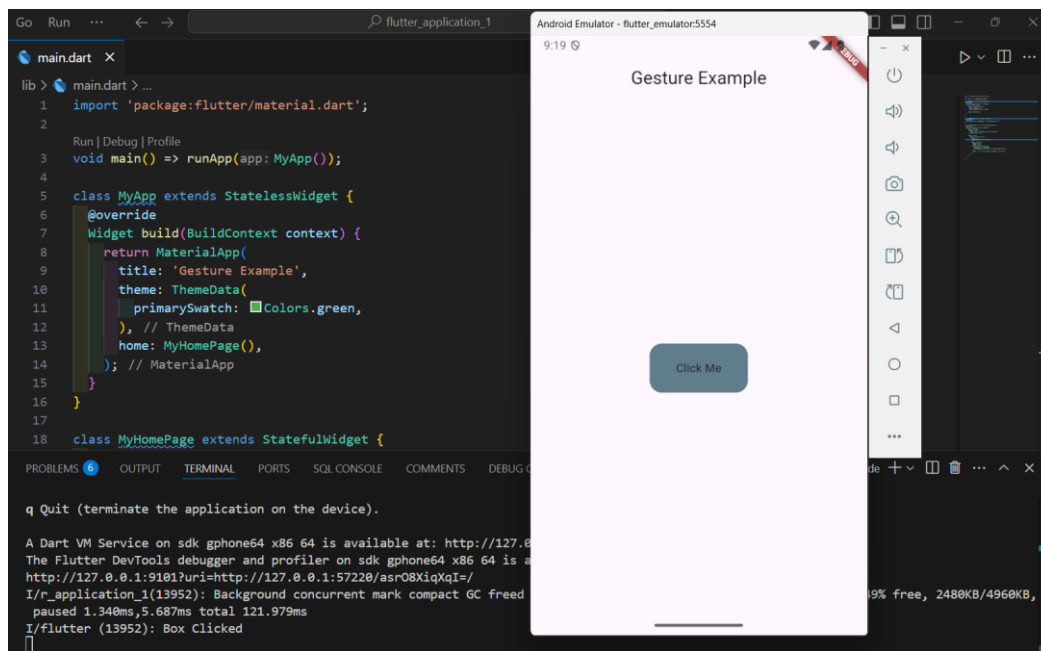
class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
  @override
  MyHomePageState createState() => MyHomePageState();
}

class MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: const Text('Gesture Example'),
        centerTitle: true,
      ),
      body: Center(
        child: GestureDetector(
          onTap: () {
            print('Box Clicked');
          },
          child: Container(
            height: 60.0,
            width: 120.0,
            decoration: BoxDecoration(
              color: Colors.blueGrey,
              borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(15.0),
            ),
            child: const Center(child: Text('Click Me')),
          ),
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

**Output:**





#### 4. Multiple Gesture Handling Using RawGestureDetector

**Code:**

```
import 'package:flutter/gestures.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
void main() {
  runApp(const MyApp());
}
```

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
```

```
  @override
```

```
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Multiple Gestures Demo',
      theme: ThemeData(
        primarySwatch: Colors.blue,
      ),
      home: const GestureDemoScreen(),
    );
  }
}
```

```
class GestureDemoScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  const GestureDemoScreen({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
```

```

@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Scaffold(
    appBar: AppBar(
      title: const Text('Multiple Gestures Demo'),
    ),
    body: Center(
      child: RawGestureDetector(
        gestures: {
          AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer:
            GestureRecognizerFactoryWithHandlers<
              AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer>{
              () => AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer(),
              (AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer instance) {
                instance.onTap = () => print('Parent container tapped');
              },
            },
        ),
      ),
    ),
    behavior: HitTestBehavior.opaque,
    child: Container(
      color: Colors.green,
      width: double.infinity,
      height: double.infinity,
      child: Center(
        child: RawGestureDetector(
          gestures: {
            AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer:
              GestureRecognizerFactoryWithHandlers<
                AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer>{
                () => AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer(),
                (AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer instance) {
                  instance.onTap = () => print('Nested container tapped');
                },
              },
          ),
        ),
      ),
    ),
    child: Container(
      color: Colors.deepOrange,
      width: 250.0,
      height: 350.0,
      child: const Center(
        child: Text(
          "Tap Me",
          style: TextStyle(
            color: Colors.white,

```

```

        fontSize: 18,
        fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
      ),
    ),
  ),
),
),
),
),
),
),
),
),
);
}
}

/// Custom Gesture Recognizer to allow multiple gestures
class AllowMultipleGestureRecognizer extends TapGestureRecognizer {
  @override
  void rejectGesture(int pointer) {
    acceptGesture(pointer);
  }
}

```

## Output:

