Assignment

Sept23/ DBT/ 008 Database Technologies Diploma in Advance Computing September 2023

Aggregate Functions.

USE student_phone, student_address, faculty_phone, faculty_address, batch_students, course_batches, student_qualifications, faculty_qualifications, course_modules, modules, faculty, student, course, student_cards, and student_order relation to solve the following queries.

Count total number of students.
select count(*) from student;
2. Count total number of students who are born in 1986.
select count(*) from student where year(dob)=1986;
3. Count total number of students whose namefirst starts with the letter 'B'.
select count(*) from student where namefirst like ('b%');
4. Count total number student who were born in 'July.
select count(*) from student where monthname(dob)='july';
5. Display studentID and count the student who are having more than two phones.
Select studentid, count(*) from student_phone group by studentid having count(number) >2;
6. Count unique universities from student_qualifications table.
select university,count(*) from student_qualifications group by university having count(university)=1;
7. Display the university name and the count of those students who have done 'BE'
select name ,university,count(*) from student_qualifications where name='be' group by university;
8. Count how many students has done 'BE'.
select name ,count(*) from student_qualifications where name='be' group by name;
9. Count how many students has not done 'BE'.
select count(*) from student_qualifications where name!='be';
10. Find the maximum marks student got in 'BE'.
select max(marks) from student_qualifications where name='be';

11. Find the minimum marks student got in 'BE'.
select min(marks) from student_qualifications where name='be';
12. Count how many course_batches have started on '2016-02-01'.
select count(*) from course_batches where starton='2016-02-01';
13. Count the number of students who have more than 60% in 'BE'.
select count(*) from student_qualifications where marks>=60 and name='be';
14. Count the number of students who have more than 60% in 'BE' and done from 'Harvard university'.
select count(*) from student_qualifications where marks>=60 and name='be' and university='harvard university';
15. Count number of courses.
select count(*) from course;
16. Count how many distinct universities from student_qualifications table.
select count(distinct university) from student_qualifications;
17. Find the maximum marks any student has got in "BE".
select max(marks) from student_qualifications where name='be';