#Set the number of simulations

```
num_simulations = 10000
```

This is assigned to count the number of times the bus is empty after running the simulations n(assigned) number of times

```
count = 0
```

#No of stops

```
stops = 10
```

#We simulate for each stop and all the given conditions that is

```
for (i in 1:num_simulations) {
  passengers_on_bus <- 0

  for (stop in 1:stops) {
    passengers_on_bus = passengers_on_bus - rbinom(1, passengers_on_bus, 0.2) #check for cond
ition 1, that is, likely to get o the bus independent of others with a 20% chance

    passengers_on_bus = passengers_on_bus + rbinom(1, 1, 0.5) #check for condition 2, that i
s, there is a 50%/40%/10% chance of 0/1/2 passengers getting on board
    passengers_on_bus = passengers_on_bus + rbinom(1, 1, 0.4)
    passengers_on_bus = passengers_on_bus + rbinom(1, 1, 0.1)

    # Ensure the number of passengers on the bus doesn't go negative
    passengers_on_bus = max(0, passengers_on_bus)
  }
  # Check if the bus is empty after the 10th stop and increment count if true
  if (passengers_on_bus == 0)
    count = count +1
}
```

#Check if the bus is empty after the 10th stop. If it is empty we increment count by 1

```
count
```

```
## [1] 63
```

#Calculate the probability

```
prob_empty = count / num_simulations
(prob_empty)
```

```
## [1] 0.0063
```