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Assignment 1

Atla keerthana

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Atlakeerthana/Assignment1/blob/main/Assignment1/assignment1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Atlakeerthana/Assignment1/blob/main/Assignment1/main.tex

1 Question No. 2.5

Draw a $\triangle ABC$ with side a = 7cm, $\angle B = 45^{\circ}$, $\angle A = 105^{\circ}$.

2 EXPLANATION

Given,

$$\angle A = 105^{\circ}, \angle B = 45^{\circ} \text{ and } a = 7$$
 (2.0.1)

we first need to find $\angle C$:

Finding $\angle C$

In $\triangle ABC$,

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^{\circ} \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$105^{\circ} + 45^{\circ} + \angle C = 180^{\circ} \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$150^{\circ} + \angle C = 180^{\circ} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\angle C = 180^{\circ} - 150^{\circ} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\angle C = 30^{\circ} \tag{2.0.7}$$

(2.0.8)

By law of sines

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c} \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\frac{\sin 105^{\circ}}{a} = \frac{\sin 45^{\circ}}{b} = \frac{\sin 30^{\circ}}{c}$$
 (2.0.11)

we have:

$$\frac{\sin 105^{\circ}}{a} = \frac{\sin 45^{\circ}}{b} \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$b \sin 105^{\circ} = a \sin 45^{\circ}$$
 (2.0.15)

$$a\sin 45^{\circ} - b\sin 105^{\circ} = 0 \tag{2.0.16}$$

$$a(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) - b(\frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{2 \cdot \sqrt{2}}) = 0 \tag{2.0.17}$$

(2.0.18)

similarly,

$$\frac{\sin 105^{\circ}}{a} = \frac{\sin 30^{\circ}}{c} \tag{2.0.20}$$

$$c \sin 105^{\circ} = a \sin 30^{\circ}$$
 (2.0.21)

$$a\sin 30^{\circ} - c\sin 105^{\circ} = 0 \tag{2.0.22}$$

$$a(\frac{1}{2}) - c(\frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{2 \cdot \sqrt{2}}) = 0$$
 (2.0.23)

Then, AX=B

Which can be expressed as the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0\\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\cdot\sqrt{2}} & 0\\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\cdot\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a\\b\\c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7\\0\\0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.24)

by solving(2.0.24), we get values:

$$\implies a = 7;$$
 (2.0.25)

$$\implies b = 5.12;$$
 (2.0.26)

$$\implies c = 3.62;$$
 (2.0.27)

Now, vertices of given $\triangle ABC$ can be written as,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3.62 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.28}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.29}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.30}$$

Now, $\triangle ABC$ can be plotted using vertices a ,b and c Plot of the angle $\triangle ABC$:

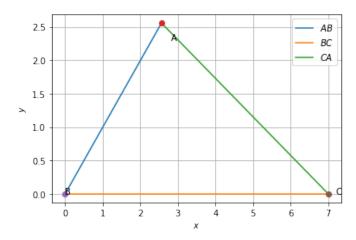


Fig. 2.1: △*ABC*