Functional Programming in Python

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Agenda

- Overview
- FP Features
- Code
- Questions

"I have never considered Python to be heavily influenced by functional languages, no matter what people say or think. I was much more familiar with imperative languages such as C and Algol 68 and although I had made functions first-class objects, I didn't view Python as a functional programming language."

Guido van RossumPython BDFL

Source: <u>http://python-history.blogspot.com/2009/04/origins-of-pythons-functional-features.html</u>

History of FP in Python

- Python 2
 - · first-class functions introduced
 - higher-order functions such as map, filter, reduce, and apply introduced
 - apply later was deprecated in 2.3 in favor for extended call syntax fn(*args, **kwargs)
 - Anonymous function support
 - support for using closures (via inner functions)
 - Initial support for comprehensions (mainly list comprehensions)
- Python 3
 - reduce reduced to functools namespace
 - · apply function removed
 - · comprehensions were improved
 - new comprehensions were introduced (generator, dictionary, set)
 - back ported to Python 2.7

FP Features

- First-class Functions
- Higher-Order Functions
- Callable Objects
- Closures
- Iterator Protocol
- Generators
- Comprehensions
- Decorators

Recursion

- Considered not "Pythonic" in many situations
 - Examples: recursion is used to loop through a collection of some sort ("iteration by another name")
- Generally discouraged except in a relatively small number of cases.
- Disadvantages in Python:
 - No TCO
 - very limited stack depth (~1000)

First-Class Functions

- Created at runtime
- Assigned to a variable or element in a data structure
- passed as an argument to a function
- returned as function result

First-Class Functions

- Python 2 and 3 both support first-class functions
- Support includes:
 - anonymous functions (lambdas)
 - user-defined functions
 - callable objects

Higher Order Functions

- Definition: A function that takes a function as an argument or returns a function as a result is called a higher-order function.
- Built-in higher order functions: sorted, map, filter, reduce, apply (removed in Python 3)

Higher Order Functions

	Python 2	Python 3
sorted	returns a list	returns a list
map	returns a list	returns an iterable
filter	returns a list	returns an iterable
reduce	part of stdlib	moved to functools
apply	deprecated	removed

Callables

- can determine if something is callable by callable() method
- 7 types
 - 1. User-defined functions
 - 2. built-in functions
 - 3. built-in methods
 - 4. methods
 - 5. Classes
 - 6. Class instances (if __call__ is implemented for Class)
 - 7. generator functions

Source: Fluent Python

Closures

"a closure is a function with an extended scope that encompasses *nonglobal* variables referenced in the body of the function but not defined there"

- Luciano Ramalho

Fluent Python

Closures

- nonglobal variables
 - usually variables defined in the scope that the actual function is defined (module scope, program scope, global scope, etc.)

Iterator Protocol

Methods to be implemented

- __next__
- ___iter___

 Any object that implements the iterator protocol is an iterable object.

Iterator Protocol

- Advantages
 - Custom Objects can be used in Comprehensions (later)
 - Python standard library higher-order functions that act on standard Python collections can also act on custom objects now
 - Allows one to write very lazy data structures in Python.
 - Mixed with OO and subclassing from Sequence, allows one to create Streams that act very close to their Haskell Equivalent

Generators

- A special kind of iterable object
- fully implements iterator interface
- generator typically yield results using yield keyword
- generator expressions vs generator functions

Comprehensions

- List comprehensions have been around the longest
- Recent versions of Python (2.7 and later) include:
 - generator comprehensions
 - set comprehensions
 - dict comprehensions

Comprehensions

- Advantages
 - Leads to a more declarative style of iterating and transforming collections of data
- Disadvantages
 - Nested comprehensions can lead to unreadable and unmaintainable code
 - after 2 or 3 levels, it would be better and preferable to extract functions and call them instead

Decorators

- callable that takes a function as an argument
- may perform processing with the decorated function and returns the function itself
- replaces function with another function or callable object
- executed at import-time

Packages

- operator
 - Provides methods for standard intrinsic operators
 - provides methods for generating functions to access members of tuples and instance members
- functools module
 - Methods for partial application
 - convenience functions for decorators
 - back ported to Python 2.7

Code

Is that it?

- Only scratched the surface
- Awesome Third-Party Library system:
 - multipledispatch
 - more_itertools
 - hypothesis
 - pyrsistent

Summary

- Use of Functional Programming in Python:
 - leads to cleaner code
 - code that concentrates on the "what" instead of the "how"
 - lazier code that is computed on demand
 - Code that still follows the "Python Way"