Concepts of programming languages Prolog

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What is logic programming?

Logic programming is a type of programming paradigm which is largely based on formal logic. Any program written in a logic programming language is a set of sentences in logical form, expressing facts and rules about some problem domain. In logic programing, rules are written in the form of clauses:

and are read declaratively as logical implications:

H - head of the rule; B1, ..., Bn - the body; H. - facts ulty of Science Universiteit Utrecht

Sciences

What is Prolog?

Prolog(PROgramming in LOGic) is a logic programming language that allows us to "program" with declarative knowledge. The language was first conceived by a group around Alain Colmerauer in Marseille, France, in the early 1970s and the first Prolog system was developed in 1972 by Colmerauer with Philippe Roussel. It was developed from a foundation of logical theorem proving and originally used for research in natural language processing.

What is Prolog?

- ► A general-purpose logic programming language.
- ► One of the first and most popular logic programming language available.
- Originally intended as a way to process natural language.

SWI Prolog (http://www.swi-prolog.org/) one of the most mature implementations of Prolog.

Application of Prolog

Prolog is still being used nowadays in various industrial, medical & commercial areas to:

- build expert systems that solve complex problems without the help of humans (e.g. automatically planning, monitoring, controlling and troubleshooting complex systems)
- build decision support systems that aid organizations in decision-making (e.g. decision systems for medical diagnoses)
- online support service for customers, etc.

Knowledge database

Prolog programs have two parts: a database (of facts and rules), and an interactive "query" tool Prolog databases are "consulted" (loaded), and then the query tool is used to "make queries" (ask questions) about the database How queries are answered is generally beyond the control of the programmer; Prolog uses a depth-first search to figure out how to answer queries "Programs" written in Prolog are "executed" by performing queries