

Introduction to Addressing Modes

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ECE 212 Lab Section H11

March 7, 2020

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1 Introduction

As we learned in class, assembly language stores data in memory based on addresses. In this lab, we will investigate several different ways to address memory that is stored in memory. We also experiment with the differences between reading and writing to memory using these different addressing modes.

In part A of the lab, we wrote a program that adds adjacent contents of two arrays stored at different memory locations using three different methods to access memory:

- Register Indirect With Offset,
- Indexed Register Indirect, and
- Postincrement Register.

The resulting array from adding the contents with each of the different addressing mode types are stored in three different locations before being output afterwards to the MTTY console. Note that for the first type of addressing mode (Register Indirect With Offset), we only perform the addition for the first 3 adjacent values to demonstrate that we understand this type of addressing.

In part B of the lab, we created a function that calculated the area underneath a curve given the data points using the trapezoidal rule. Using the data points stored in memory (x and y data points), it is mathematically trivial to calculate the area formed by the data points. Note that the distance between each x data point is either one, two, or four units.

2 Design

2.1 Part A

b

2.2 Part B

c

3 Testing

3.1 Part A

d

3.2 Part B

e

4 Questions

f

5 Conclusion

g

6 Appendix

6.1 Part A MTTY Screenshots

```

Multi-threaded TTY
File Edit TTY Transfer Help
Port Baud Parity Data Bits Stop Bits Local Echo No Reading
COM1 115200 None 8 1 [x] Display Errors [x] No Writing
Font... Comm Events... Flow Control... Timeouts... Disconnect [x] CR => CR/LF [x] No Events
[x] Autowrap [x] No Status

Welcome to lab2 test program, please select
Press 1 to test part a
Press 2 to test part b
Press 3 to test part c
1
Number of Entries = 12
Address of First Array = 0x43A00000
Address of Second Array = 0x43500000
Address of Stored Sum Array = 0x43C00000
Contents of Sum Array are: 185 201 153
Welcome to lab2 test program, please select
Press 1 to test part a
Press 2 to test part b
Press 3 to test part c
2
Number of Entries = 12
Address of First Array = 0x43A00000
Address of Second Array = 0x43500000
Address of Stored Sum Array = 0x43200000
Contents of Sum Array are: 185 201 153 265 153 169 330 362 391 423 456 489
Welcome to lab2 test program, please select
Press 1 to test part a
Press 2 to test part b
Press 3 to test part c
3
Number of Entries = 12
Address of First Array = 0x43A00000
Address of Second Array = 0x43500000
Address of Stored Sum Array = 0x43F00000
Contents of Sum Array are: 185 201 153 265 153 169 330 362 391 423 456 489
Welcome to lab2 test program, please select
Press 1 to test part a
Press 2 to test part b
Press 3 to test part c

```

Figure 1: Screenshot of MTTY output for part A.

6.2 Part B MTTY Screenshots

```

Waiting 2sec to start 'A' to abort
Configured IP = 10.0.0.101
Configured Mask = 255.255.255.0
MAC Address= 00:03:f4:0b:f4:ca
Application started
Welcome to lab2 Part 2 'area under the curve' test program
Press 1 to test your program
1
The total area underneath the curve is = 0

Welcome to lab2 Part 2 'area under the curve' test program
Press 1 to test your program
Waiting 2sec to start 'A' to abort
Configured IP = 10.0.0.101
Configured Mask = 255.255.255.0
MAC Address= 00:03:f4:0b:f4:ca
Application started
Welcome to lab2 Part 2 'area under the curve' test program
Press 1 to test your program
1
The total area underneath the curve is = 443843

```

Figure 2: Screenshot of MTTY output for part B.

6.3 Part A Assembler Code

```

1  /*Part A *****/
2  MOVEA.L #0x43000000, %a1
3  MOVE.L (%a1), %d3 /* d1 is the size of our array*/
4  MOVEA.L #0x43000004, %a1
5  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a2 /* address of first array */
6  MOVEA.L #0x43000008, %a1
7  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a3 /* address of second array */
8  MOVEA.L #0x4300000C, %a1
9  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a4 /* where to store adjacent sums */
10
11 MOVE.L (%a2), %d1 /* make a copy of first array value */
12 MOVE.L (%a3), %d2 /* make a copy of second array value */
13 ADD.L %d1, %d2 /* add first array value and second array value and put result into d2*/
14 MOVE.L %d2, (%a4) /* move added value into address at a4 */
15
16 MOVE.L 4(%a2), %d1 /*increment first array index and move new value into d1*/
17 MOVE.L 4(%a3), %d2 /*increment second array index and move new value into d2*/
18 ADD.L %d1, %d2 /*add values together*/
19 MOVE.L %d2, 4(%a4) /*put added value into incremented array a4*/
20
21 /*repeat above process*/
22 MOVE.L 8(%a2), %d1
23 MOVE.L 8(%a3), %d2
24 ADD.L %d1, %d2
25 MOVE.L %d2, 8(%a4)
26
27 /*Part B *****/
28
29 MOVE.L #0, %d2 /* Store 0 into d2*/
30
31 MOVEA.L #0x43000010, %a1
32 MOVEA.L (%a1), %a4 /*store address for result array*/
33
34 loop_partB:
35 CMP.L %d2, %d3 /*compare zero and d3 */
36 BEQ next /* exit part B*/
37
38 MOVE.L (%a2, %d2*4), %d1 /* add 4 to d2 and add to a2. Store value in d1 */
39 ADD.L (%a3, %d2*4), %d1 /* Add d2 with 4, a3 and d1. Store value in d1 */
40 MOVE.L %d1, (%a4, %d2*4) /* move the value of d1 into the value of d2+4+a4*/
41 ADDI.L #1, %d2 /* Add 1 to d2*/
42 BRA loop_partB /* loop */
43

```

```

44  /*Part C *****/
45
46  next:
47
48  MOVEA.L #0x43000014, %a1 /*initialize value of a1*/
49  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a4 /*initialize a4 with value at a1*/
50
51  loop_partC:
52  CMPI.L #0, %d3 /*compare d3 to 0*/
53  BEQ exit /* if equal, exit */
54
55  MOVE.L (%a2)+, %d1 /*put value of first array value into d1 and increment a3*/
56  ADD.L (%a3)+, %d1 /* add value in second array to d1 and increment a3*/
57  MOVE.L %d1, (%a4)+ /* move value in d1 to array with results and increment the array */
58  SUBI.L #1, %d3 /*subtract 1 from d3*/
59  BRA loop_partC
60
61  exit:
62
63  /*End of program *****/

```

6.4 Part B Assembler Code

```

1  /*Write your program here*****/
2  MOVEA.L #0x43000000, %a1
3  MOVE.L (%a1), %d3 /* load value for data points at address a1 into d3*/
4
5  MOVEA.L #0x43000004, %a1
6  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a2 /*load array for x points in a2*/
7
8  MOVEA.L #0x43000008, %a1
9  MOVEA.L (%a1), %a3 /*load array for y points in a3*/
10
11 MOVEA.L #0x43000010, %a1
12 MOVEA.L (%a1), %a4 /*load results array in a4*/
13
14 CLR.L %d2 /*clear d2*/
15
16 loopVals:
17 CMPI.L #1, %d3 /* compare 1 to data point */
18 BEQ exit /* if equal, go to exit */
19
20 SUBI.L #1, %d3 /*reduce counter by 1*/
21
22 /* Load x vals, calculate delta x */

```

```
23  MOVE.L 4(%a2), %d0
24  SUB.L (%a2)+, %d0
25
26  /* Load y vals, calculate sum of y */
27  MOVE.L 4(%a3), %d1 /* increment y array and put new val into d1 */
28  ADD.L (%a3)+, %d1 /* post increment a3 after adding current a3 val to d1*/
29
30  loop_X:
31  CMPI.L #1, %d0 /*compare value 1 with d0*/
32  BEQ area /*if equal, calculate area*/
33  LSR.L #1, %d0 /*logical shift right by 1 in d0*/
34  LSL.L #1, %d1 /*logical shift left by 1 in d1*/
35  BRA loop_X
36
37  area:
38  ADD.L %d1, %d2 /*add d1 and d2*/
39  BRA loopVals
40
41  exit:
42  LSR.L #1, %d2 /* divide by 2 */
43  MOVE.L %d2, (%a4) /* store in results */
44
45  /*End of program *****/
```