



**TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY  
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING  
THAPATHALI CAMPUS**

**A Minor Project**

**On**

**Formula Encyclopedia 2.0**

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## **CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL**

The undersigned certify that they have read and recommended to the Department of Electronics and Computer Engineering, IOE, Thapathali Campus, a project work entitled “Formula Encyclopedia 2.0” submitted by Atul Shreewastav, Bidhan Acharya, Nischal Paudel and Yugratna Humagain. The Project was carried out under special supervision and within the time frame prescribed by the syllabus. We found the students to be hardworking, skilled and ready to undertake any related work to their field of study.

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## **ABSTRACT**

This project is intended to organize some of the basic formulas that are required in our engineering journey using C++ programming language with the help of QT Framework and MySQL. This will enable students to focus on the actual problem rather than wasting time searching for formulas. This will help boost productivity of students and also enable them to have a quick recap over all the formulas.

*Keywords: C++, formula, g++, MinGW, MySQL, QT6*

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# **1 INTRODUCTION**

“Formula Encyclopedia 2.0” is the improvised version of our first project “Formula Encyclopedia” related with all the formula required for the students. As finding a certain formula can get difficult, in general, this program is made to provide the users formula required in the engineering journey of BCT.

## **1.1 Background**

Formula is an important part of problem-solving in engineering. In some cases, finding a formula for a certain problem can get hectic. In turn when not being able to find certain formula the progress in the problem halts. As there can be multiple formulas for a single problem the task of finding appropriate formulas can be very difficult for students.

## **1.2 Motivation**

When we first created "Formula Encyclopedia," it was riddled with bugs and had an entirely CLI-based user interface, so we decided to change it and create a GUI using the same ideas but a different methodology. We first investigated a wide range of potential Frameworks that were on the market and ultimately chose to work with QT because it had a simpler user interface and made it simpler for us to develop a GUI-based program than other Frameworks that were on the market. By giving them easy access to the necessary formulas of their choice, this app will help students enjoy the task of solving problems.

## **1.3 Problem Definition**

All of us, team members, in some way or the other have experienced the need of one stop solution for referring to formulas for different subjects on the go. It is such a hassle for a student to go and look back for formulas while solving several questions. As an engineering student there are tons and tons of formulas to remember which is not really feasible. This application will help tackle these problems and have better focus on studies.

## **1.4 Objectives**

The main objectives of our project are listed below:

- To develop an application that compiles most of the formulas
- To increase the efficiency of students in solving problems.

## **2 LITERATURE REVIEW**

There is no direct resemblance to our work on the web or other sources but the techniques that we will be using to develop this app are widely using in almost every sectors. Database Management, QT widgets such as QPushButton, QComboBox, QListWidget, QLineEdit, QStackedWidget, etc. also formulas are the fundamental elements of our project. [1][2][3]

### **2.1 Database Management**

A database management system (DBMS) is a software package designed to store, retrieve, query and manage data. User interfaces (UIs) allows data to be created, read, updated and deleted by authorized entities. The management system that we used in our software is MYSQL.

MySQL, the most popular Open-Source SQL database management system, is developed, distributed, and supported by Oracle Corporation. MySQL databases are relational i.e. Instead of placing all the data in one huge warehouse, a relational database keeps the data in individual tables. Physical files that are designed for speed contain the database structures. The logical model provides a flexible programming environment with objects like databases, tables, views, rows, and columns. One-to-one, one-to-many, unique, compulsory or optional, and "pointers" between distinct tables are a few examples of the rules you might build up to regulate the relationships between various data fields. [4][5]

### **2.2 QT Widgets**

The Qt Widgets Module provides a set of UI elements to create classic desktop-style user interfaces. Widgets are the primary elements for creating user interfaces in Qt. Widgets can display data and status information, receive user input, and provide a container for other widgets that should be grouped together. A widget that is not embedded in a parent widget is called a window. The QWidget class provides the basic capability to render to the screen, and to handle user input events. All UI elements that Qt provides are either subclasses of QWidget, or are used in connection with a QWidget subclass.

Some of the most used QT Widgets that are used in our program is listed below:

### **2.2.1 QPushButton**

A command button is offered by the QPushButton widget. The push button, often known as a command button, is arguably the widget that is used the most frequently in graphical user interfaces. To instruct the computer to carry out a task or provide an answer, press (click) a button. OK, Apply, Cancel, Close, yes, no, and Help are examples of common buttons.

### **2.2.2 QComboBox**

A QComboBox offers a way to provide the user a list of options while using the least amount of screen real estate possible. A ComboBox is a selection widget that shows the currently selected item and can open a list of additional things to choose from. An editable ComboBox enables the user to change each item in the list.

### **2.2.3 QListWidget**

QListWidget is a convenience class that provides a list view similar to the one supplied by QListView, but with a classic item-based interface for adding and removing items. QListWidget uses an internal model to manage each QListWidgetItem in the list.

### **2.2.4 QLabel**

For displaying text or a picture, use QLabel. There is no feature for user interaction. A focus mnemonic key for another widget can be specified by altering the label's visual look in a variety of ways.

### **2.2.5 QStackedWidget**

QStackedWidget can be used to create a user interface similar to the one provided by QTabWidget. It is a convenience layout widget built on top of the QStackedLayout class.

## **2.3 Formulas**

The formulas are the key element of our project. Formulas are a mathematical relationship or rule expressed in symbols among different parameters used to solve problems. These formulas took years of challenging work of scientists, scholars, mathematicians, professors to be deduced and are widely used in to solve various problems in different fields. Being able to access it easily will really boost up the efficiency of learning that topic and help to approach a problem logically.

### **3 METHODOLOGY**

Formula Encyclopedia works on the principle of extracting the data from the database using MYSQL. Numbers of formula are stored and sorted in the database on the basis of subjects. The subjects are:

- Engineering Mathematics
- Engineering Physics
- Engineering Chemistry
- Electrical Circuit Theory
- Electromagnetics
- Applied Mechanics

#### **3.1 Designing the Home Screen**

Homepage is a gate way of any program which allows user to access various features of the program. The homepage of our application contains 2 buttons labelled as Login and Exit. The homepage buttons were created using QPushButton class. A simple background relevant to our project was selected for the homepage.

#### **3.2 Rendering and Designing the Login Page window**

At first, we render a window using inbuilt class QDialog of QT library. A window is created and opened directly when the login button on homepage is clicked. A top pane with the project name and logo was added using QWidget and QLabel. A QGroupBox class object was added for creating the login section of the UI. At first a QComboBox class object was added to select the type of user logging in. Then, two QLineEdit class objects were used to enter the username and password. A QPushButton class object was used as the login button which would connect to a MySQL database and match the credentials with the user entered values and login and render a new window according to the user type (Admin, User, Guest) if the match is successful.

#### **3.3 Rendering and Designing the Admin Mode window**

The Admin Mode window consists of 4 QPushButton class objects three being used to manage users by the admin and the fourth one is used to log out of the admin mode. The three different user management buttons are:

- Register a User
- Delete a User
- View Users

Clicking each of these buttons renders a new QStackedWidget class objects and create a new page according to the button clicked and perform the user management operation.

### **3.4 Rendering and Designing the User Mode window**

The User Mode window consists of QPushButton class objects which are used to view formulas of the different subjects. Each subject button is paired with a beautiful thumbnail of the respective subject to give a sleek look and feel to the UI. The different subject buttons are:

- Applied Mechanics
- Engineering Chemistry
- Electric Circuit Theory
- Electromagnetism
- Engineering Mathematics
- Engineering Physics

Clicking each of these buttons renders a new QStackedWidget class objects and create a new page according to the button clicked and loads up the formula images stored in a MySQL database.

The top of the User Mode page contains a QStackedWidget which contains two QComboBox and a QPushButton class object. The QComboBox objects and QPushButton are used to navigate to different titles within the list of subjects.

### **3.5 Rendering and Designing the Guest Mode window**

The Guest Mode window consists of two QPushButton class object which offers users to get a preview of limited number of formulas. To access the entire database, they have to be registered by an admin as a user.

## 4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Formula Encyclopedia 2.0 is a Graphical User Interface based app i.e., there are GUI components and inputs can be given from the keyboard as well as mouse by simply clicking on the buttons and icons and desired output will be displayed.

### 4.1 Formula Encyclopedia 2.0

Formula Encyclopedia 2.0 is a simple QT based GUI application so user can directly give input to the application by simply clicking on different buttons. The app runs a match through a database and displays the desired output.

#### 4.1.1 Block Diagram

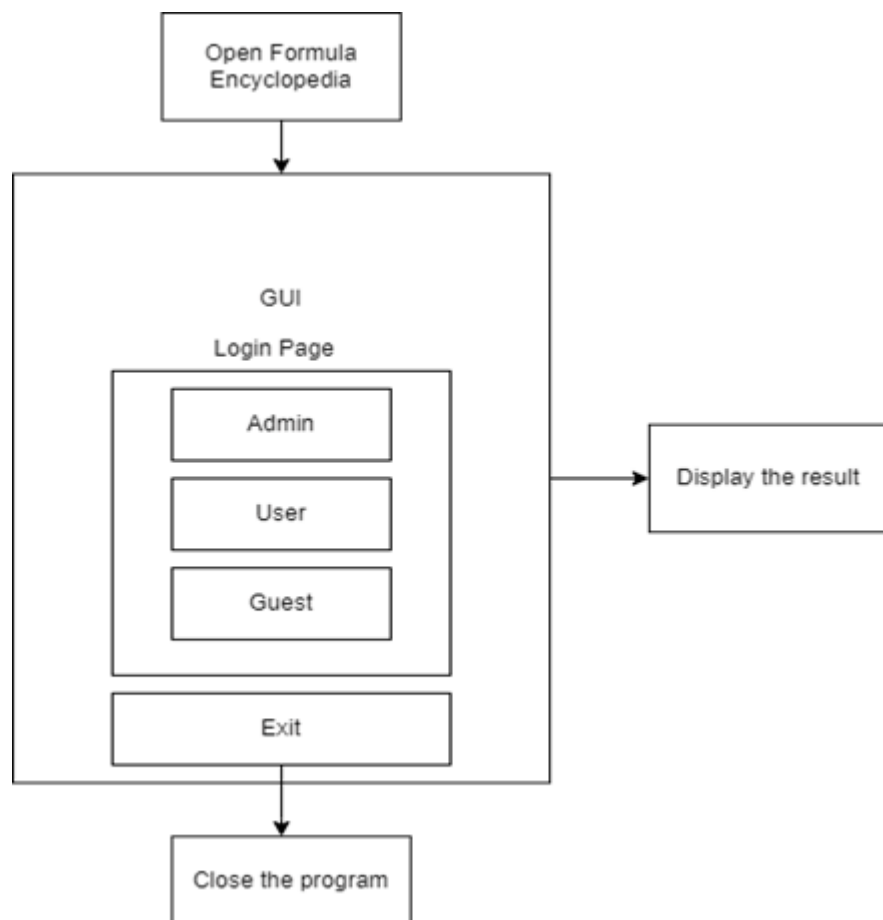


Figure 4-1: Block Diagram



#### 4.1.2 Data Flow Diagram

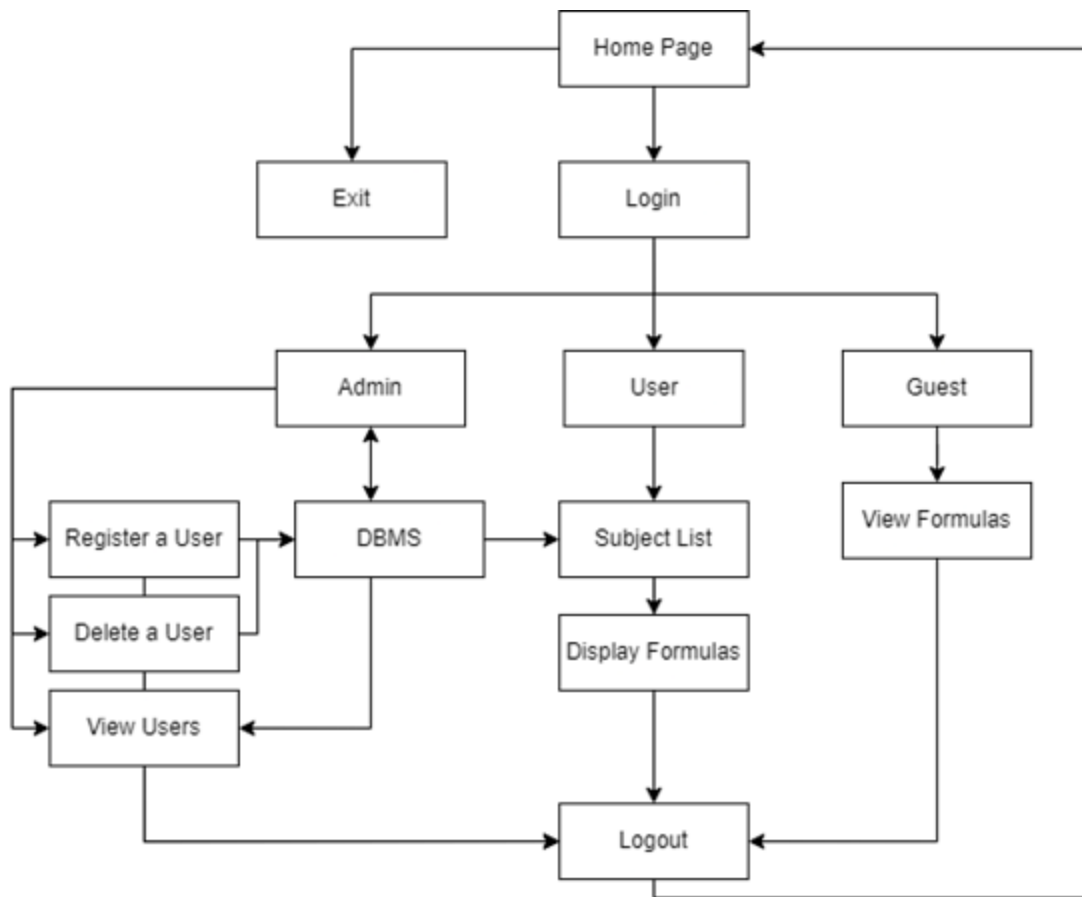


Figure 4-2: Data Flow Diagram

#### 4.2 Tools and Environment

- QT Creator 8.0.1 (Community)
- MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client
- MinGW 11.2.0 (64-bit)
- C++ Language (Standard: C17)

## 5 RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

With the end of the project, we have been able to secure our objective as we intended. Like we have described in the early part of the project, the “Formula Encyclopedia 2.0” comes with very handy functions embedded with it which eases the process for looking up formulas for the engineering students.

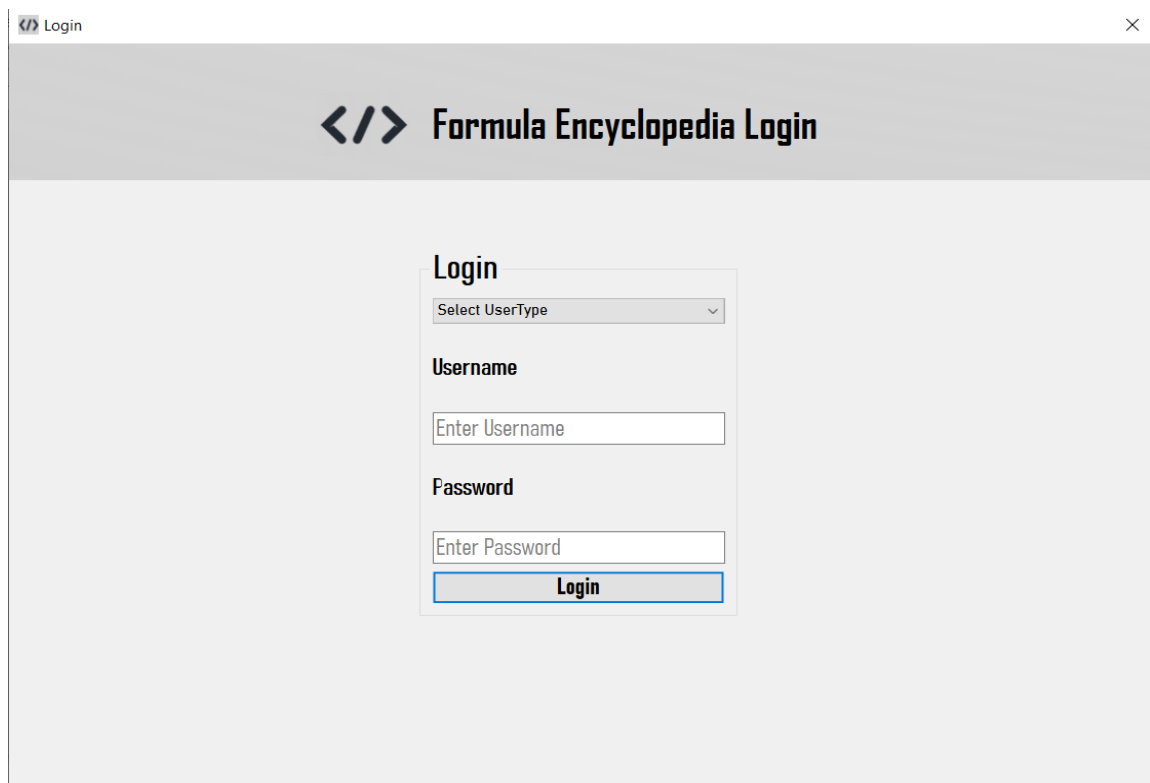
### 5.1 Homepage

This is the homepage for our project the “Formula Encyclopedia 2.0”.



Figure 5-1: HomeScreen

### 5.1.1 Login



The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Login". The header area is grey and contains a code icon (two arrows pointing left and right) followed by the text "Formula Encyclopedia Login". Below the header, the main content area is light grey. In the center, there is a white login form with a grey border. The form has a title "Login" in bold. Below the title is a dropdown menu labeled "Select UserType" with a downward arrow. Underneath the dropdown are two labels: "Username" and "Password", both in bold. Below each label is a text input field. The "Username" field has the placeholder text "Enter Username". The "Password" field has the placeholder text "Enter Password". At the bottom of the form is a button labeled "Login" in bold, which is highlighted with a blue border.

Figure 5-2: Login Page

When you select login option, the application redirects to a new window where user is required to enter its type, username and password in order to login and access the features of the application.

### 5.1.1.1 Admin Mode

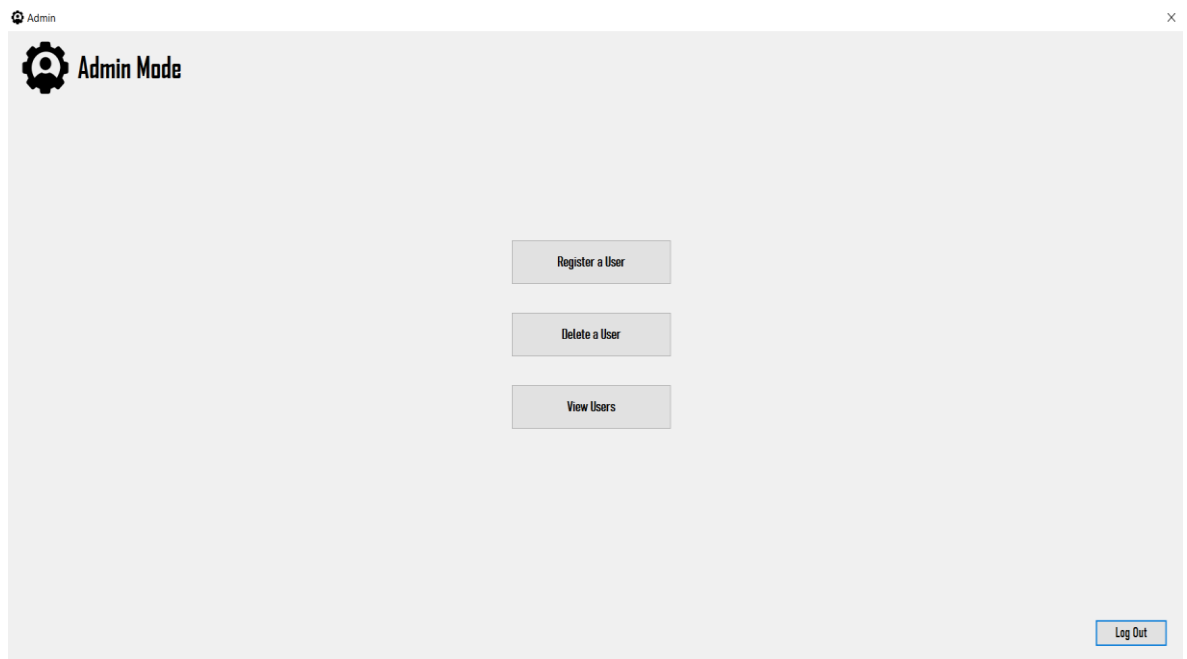


Figure 5-3: Admin Mode

If the user selects Admin Mode and enters the correct credentials for admin then the application is redirected to Admin window where Admin can manage the users.

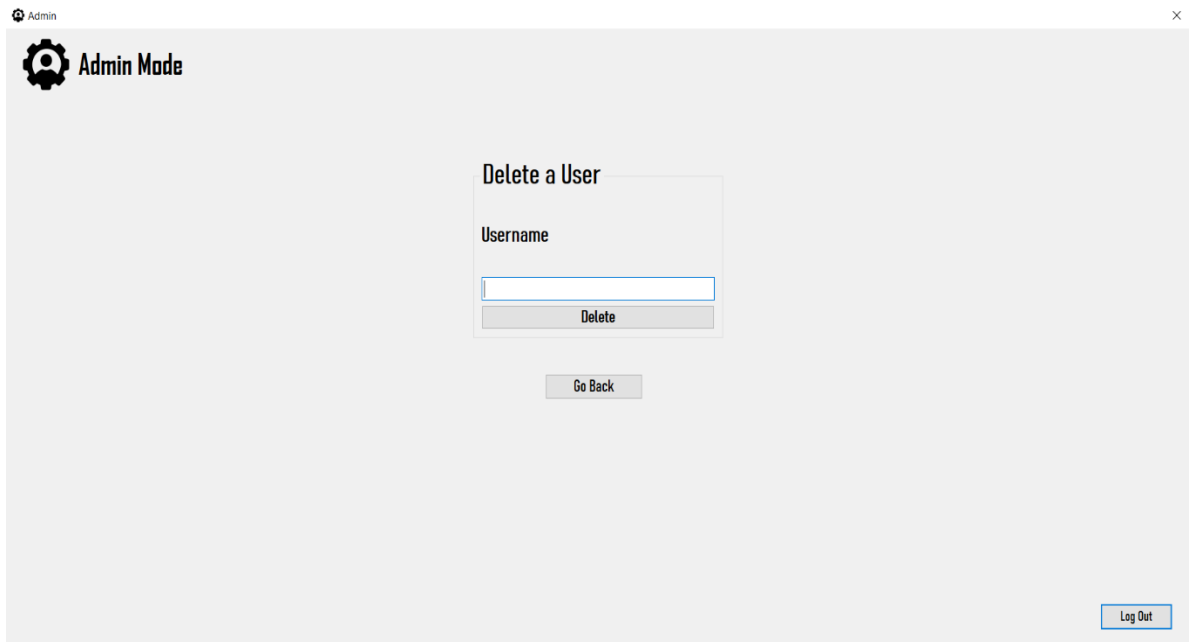
#### 5.1.1.1.1 Register a User

A screenshot of a web application window titled "Admin" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The main content area has a header with a gear icon and the text "Admin Mode". In the center, there is a "User Registration" form. The form contains two input fields: "Username" with a placeholder "Enter Username" and "Password" with a placeholder "Enter Password". Below the password field is a "Register" button. Below the "Register" button is a "Go Back" button. In the bottom right corner of the main content area, there is a "Log Out" button.

Figure 5-4: User Registration Page

In Register a User section, the admin can add a new user to the database.

#### 5.1.1.1.2 Delete a User



Admin Mode

Delete a User

Username

Delete

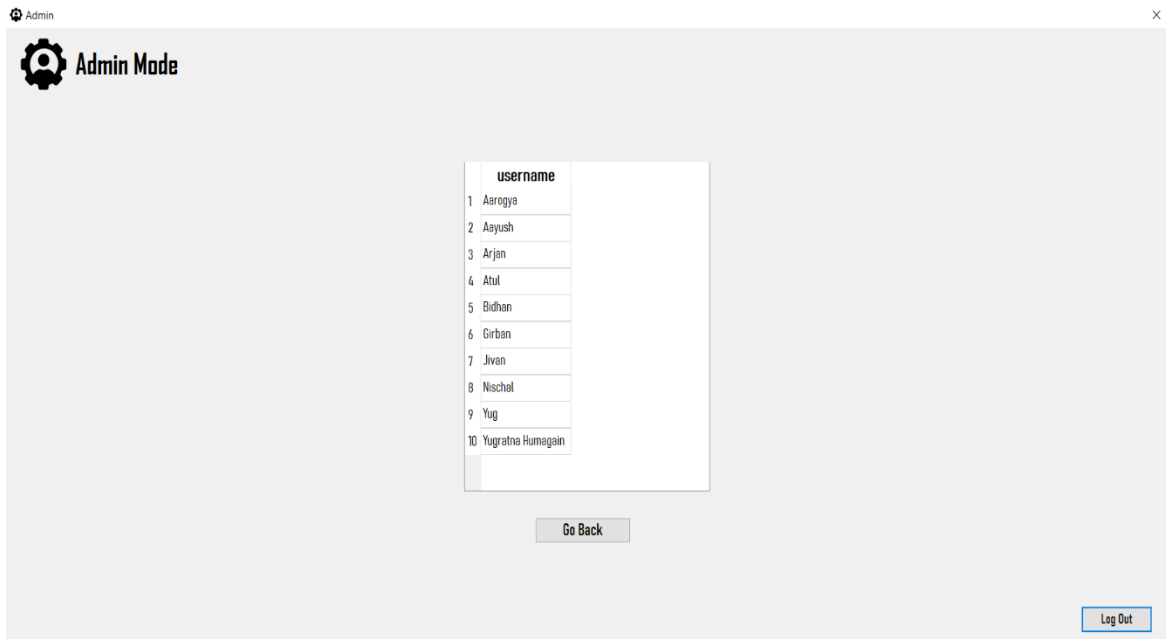
Go Back

Log Out

Figure 5-5: Delete User Page

In Delete a User section, the admin can remove a user from the database by entering the required username.

#### 5.1.1.1.3 View Users



Admin Mode

username
1 Aarogya
2 Aayush
3 Arjan
4 Atul
5 Bidhan
6 Girban
7 Jivan
8 Nischal
9 Yug
10 Yugratna Humagain

Go Back

Log Out

Figure 5-6: View Users Page

In View Users section, the admin can view the list of usernames stored in the database.

### 5.1.1.2 User mode

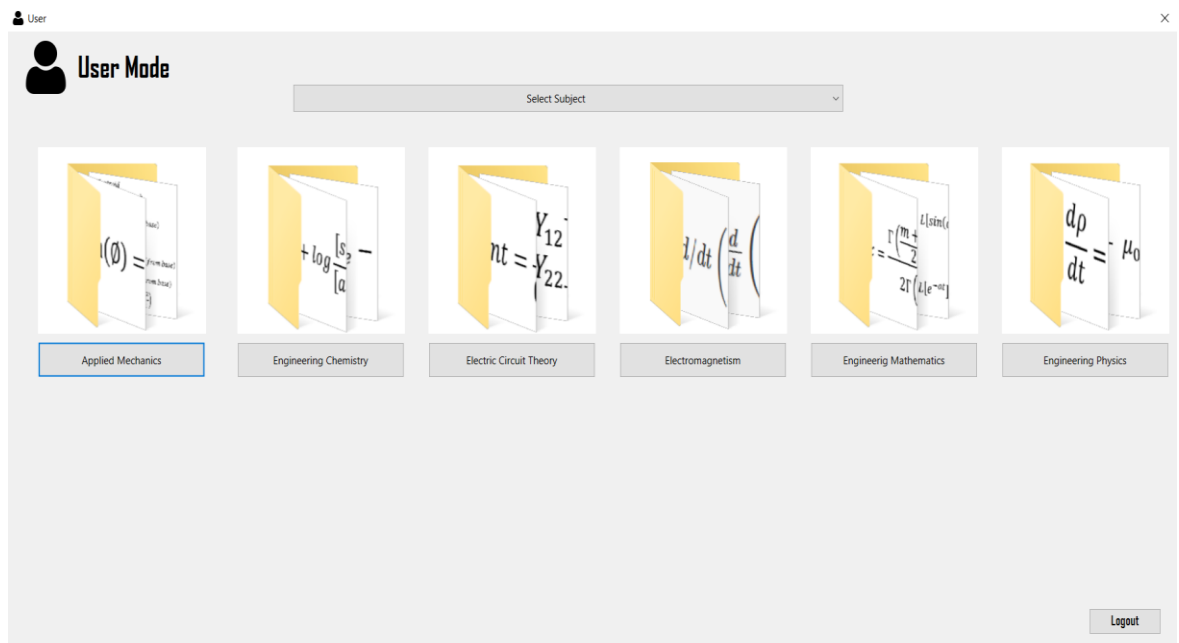


Figure 5-7: User Mode

If the user selects User Mode and enters the correct credentials for user then the application is redirected to User window where user can view formulas.

#### 5.1.1.2.1 Viewing formula by title

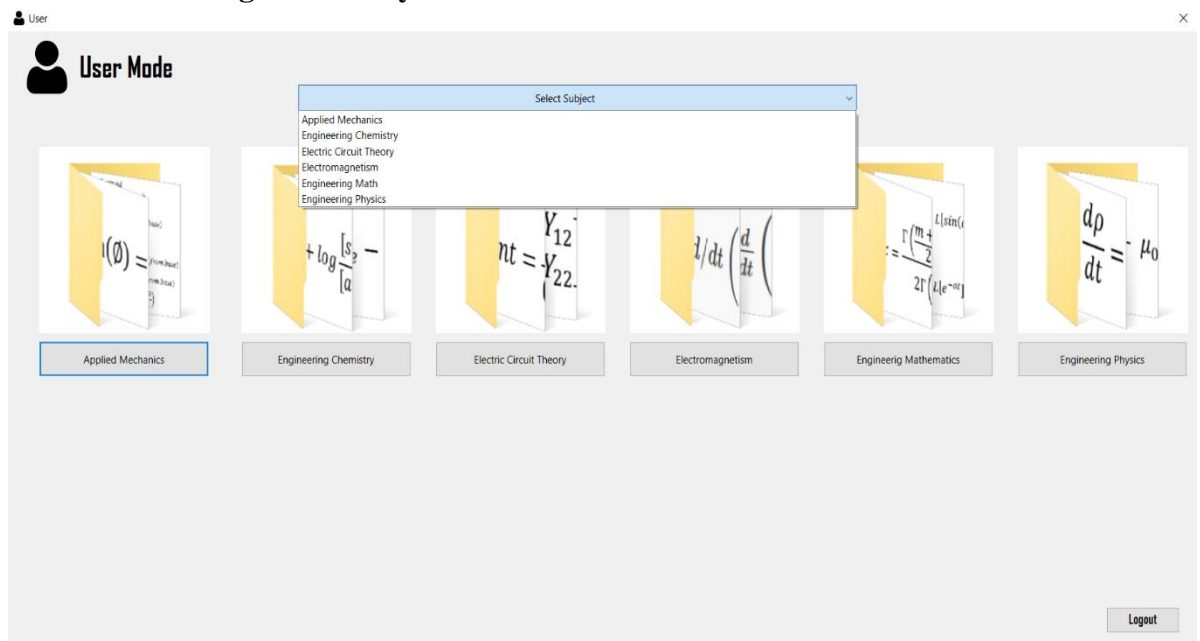


Figure 5-8: View Formula by accessing dropdown

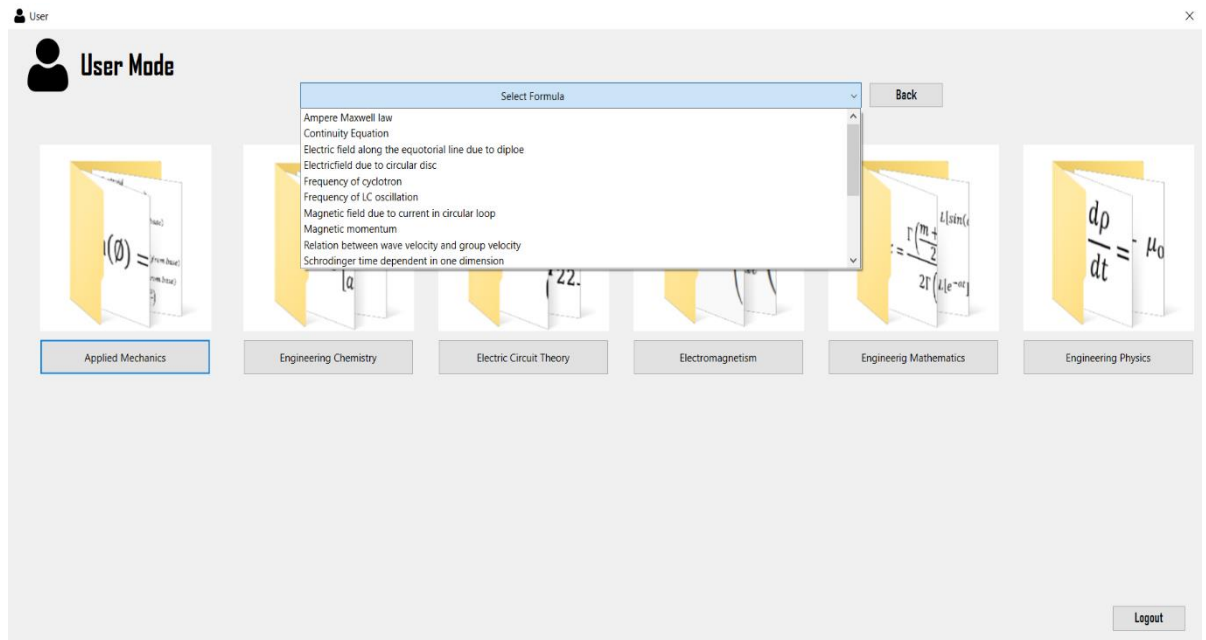


Figure 5-9: Selecting title of formula

From Combo box the user can select the subject and title of the formula respectively as per their wish.

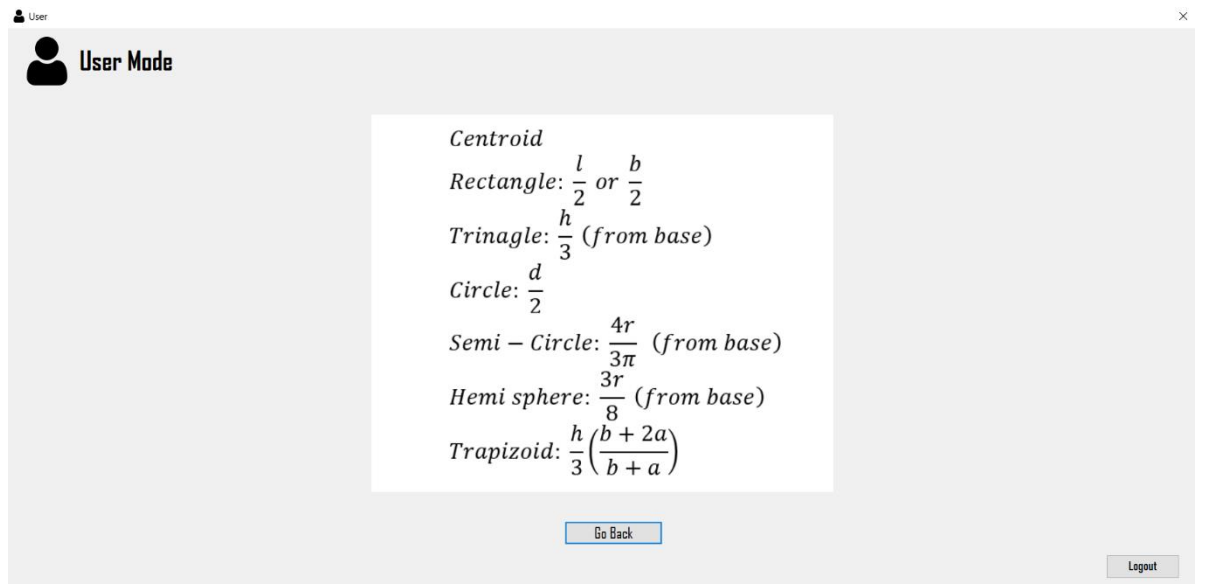


Figure 5-10: Viewing formula

### 5.1.1.2.2 View formula by subject

The screenshot shows a web application interface in 'User Mode'. A central panel displays a list of formulas for subject - I. The formulas are separated by horizontal lines, with their respective subject names written below each line. The formulas shown are:

- $$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{11} & Y_{12} \\ Y_{21} & Y_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Admittance parameter
- $$\text{starting point} = \frac{K}{(j\omega)^n}$$

Bode starting point
- $$V_C = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c dt$$

Capacitor voltage
- $$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

At the bottom of the list is a 'Go Back' button. In the bottom right corner of the interface is a 'Logout' button.

Figure 5-11 View formula by subject - I

The screenshot shows the same 'User Mode' interface, but with formulas for subject -II. The formulas are:

- $$E^o_{cell} = E^o_{cathode} - E^o_{anode}$$

Emf of cell
- $$pH = pK_a + \log \frac{[salt]}{[acid]}$$

Henderson equation for acidic buffer
- $$pH = 14 - pK_b - \log \frac{[salt]}{[base]}$$

Henderson equation for basic buffer solution

Similar to Figure 5-11, there is a 'Go Back' button at the bottom of the list and a 'Logout' button in the bottom right corner.

Figure 5-12 View formula by subject -II



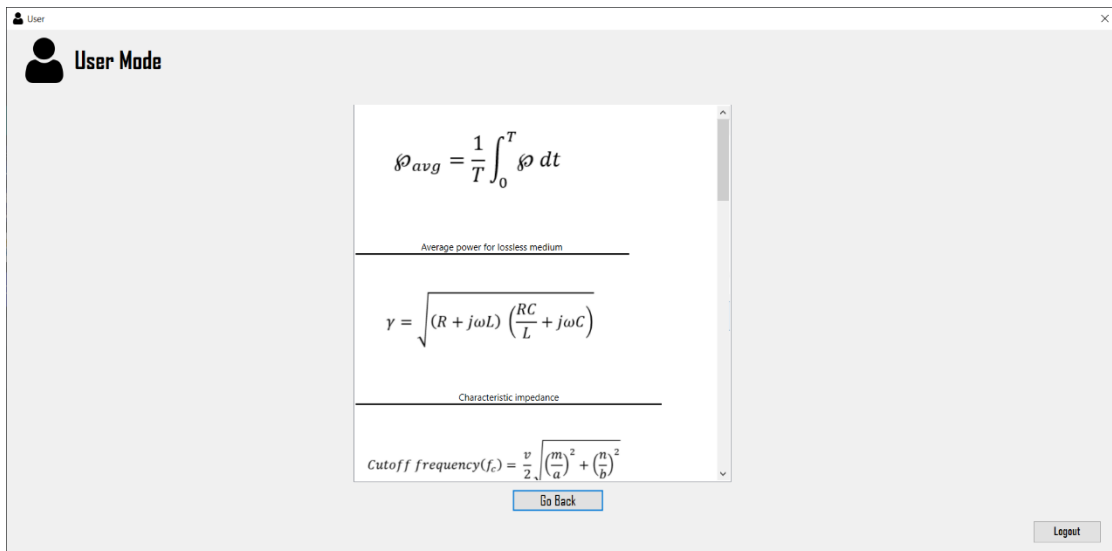


Figure 5-13 View formula by subject - III

By clicking the Push Button of required subject, the user is redirected to a new window where all the formulas of the selected subject are displayed.

### 5.1.1.3 Guest Mode

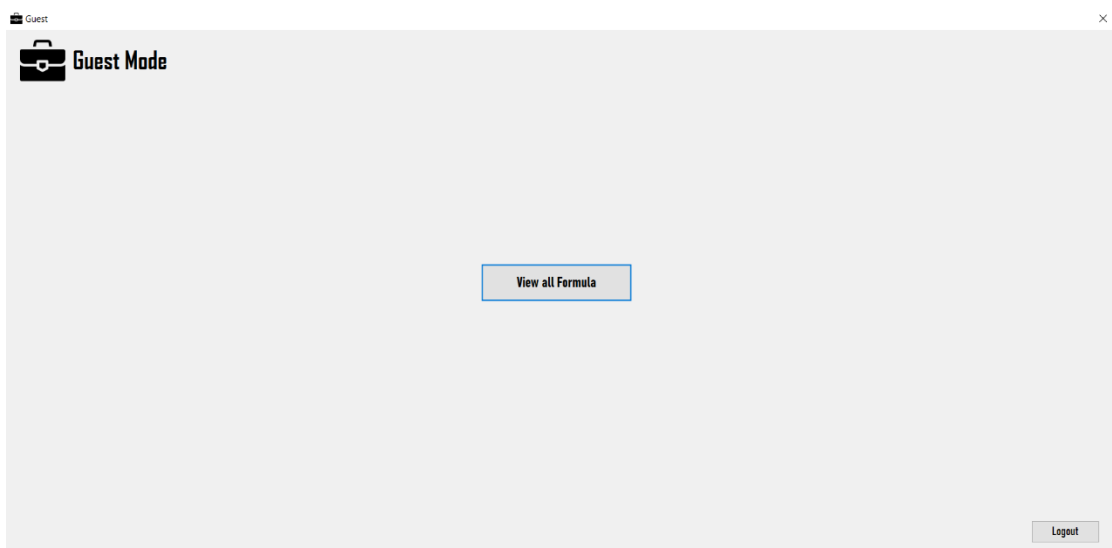



Figure 5-14 Guest Mode

If the user selects Guest Mode and logs in then the application is redirected to Guest window where user can get a preview of limited formulas.

Guest


**Guest Mode**

$E^o_{cell} = E^o_{cathode} - E^o_{anode}$	$x = \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta}, y = \frac{\Delta_2}{\Delta}, z = \frac{\Delta_3}{\Delta}$	$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Z_{11} & Z_{12} \\ Z_{21} & Z_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix}$
$\Phi_B = \frac{\mu_0 N I h}{2\pi} \ln(b/a)$	$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_S \text{curl } \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds$	$\frac{\hbar^2 d^2 \psi}{2m dx^2} + i\hbar \frac{d\psi}{dt} - V\psi = 0$
$\mu = \tan(\phi) = \frac{F}{R}$	$\nabla \cdot \vec{j} + \frac{d\rho}{dt} = 0$	$Q_r = \frac{f_r}{f_2 - f_1}$

Go Back

Logout

Figure 5-15 Formula in Guest Mode

## **6 CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT**

### **6.1 Conclusion**

Formula Encyclopedia 2.0, a GUI app developed by us as a project for the course of CT501, is a small project built within a limited time period. This program can be further brushed up to make it more user-friendly and more reliable with many more functionalities.

### **6.2 Limitations**

As we know, it is not possible to develop a program which can be 100% efficient and effective, so there are some drawbacks in our system and lack of some features due to time constraint which are listed as follows:

- There may be some glitches during runtime.
- The formula in our database is limited.
- The formula cannot be managed dynamically

### **6.3 Future Enhancement**

The formula database can be more diversified. Program can be made more memory efficient and faster. The aesthetics of the program can be improved by the use of external graphics libraries and modules.

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