LISTA 6 - PROBABILIDADE 1

$$3x + 2 = 1 \rightarrow 4x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(X=K) = 3x \rightarrow P(X=K) = 3 \perp \rightarrow P(X=K) = 3$$

$$P(X=C) = x \rightarrow P(X=C) = \perp$$

a)
$$P(x=0) = P(x=c) \cdot P(x_2=c) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(X=1) = P(X_1 = c) \cdot P(X_2 = K) + P(X_4 = K) \cdot P(X_2 = c)$$

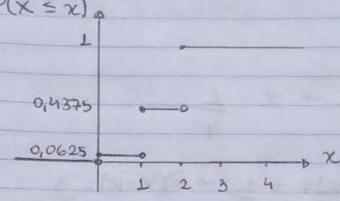
$$P(X=1) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{46} + \frac{3}{16} = \frac{6}{16}$$

$$P(X=2) = P(x_1=k) \cdot P(x_2=k) = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$$

$$P(x \le 1) = P(x \le 0) + P(x = 1) = 1 + 6 = 7$$

$$P(X \le 2) = P(X \le 1) + P(X = 2) = \frac{7}{16} + \frac{9}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$$

$$P(X \le x)_{A}$$



$$E(x) = 0 \cdot \underline{L} + 1 \cdot \underline{6} + 2 \cdot \underline{9} = 0 + \underline{6} + \underline{18} = \underline{29}$$

$$E(x) = 3$$

$$2$$

$$V(x) = 0^{2} \cdot 1 + 1^{2} \cdot 6 + 2^{2} \cdot 9 = 0 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 9$$

$$16 \quad 16 \quad 16 \quad 16 \quad 16$$

$$V(x) = 0 + 6 + 36 = 42 = 21$$

$$16 \quad 16 \quad 16 \quad 8$$

$$P(X=0) = 15 \cdot 15 \cdot 15 = 3.375$$
 $20 \ 20 \ 20 \ 8000$



$$P(X=2) = 15 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 15 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 3\left(\frac{375}{8000}\right)$$

$$P(X=2) = 1.125$$

$$8000$$

$$P(x=3)=5.5.5=125$$
 $20.20.20.8000$

$$P(x=0) = 15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 = 2.730$$

20 19 18 6.840

$$P(x=1) = 15 \cdot 14 \cdot 5 + 15 \cdot 5 \cdot 14 + 5 \cdot 15 \cdot 14 = 3 \left(\frac{1050}{6840}\right)$$

$$P(x=1) = 3.150$$

$$6840$$

$$P(x=2) = 15 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot 15 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 15 = 3 \left(\frac{300}{6840}\right)$$

$$P(x=2) = \frac{900}{6840}$$

$$P(x=3) = \frac{5}{20} \cdot \frac{4}{18} \cdot \frac{3}{18} = \frac{60}{6840}$$

* Con PEPOSIGIO P(X = 0) = P(X=0) = 3.375 8.000

 $P(x \le 1) = P(x \le 0) + P(x = 1) = 3.375 + 3.375 = 6.750$ 8000 8000

 $P(x \le 2) = P(x \le 1) + P(x = 2) = 6.750 + 1.125 = 7.875$ 8000 8000

 $P(x \le 3) = P(x \le 2) + P(x = 3) = 7.875 + 125 = 8000$ - 8.000 8000 8000

Q421875 0

* SEM REPOSIÇÃO P(X =0) = P(X=0) = 2.730 6.840

$$P(X \le L) = P(X \le 0) + P(X = L) = 2730 + 3150 = 5.880$$

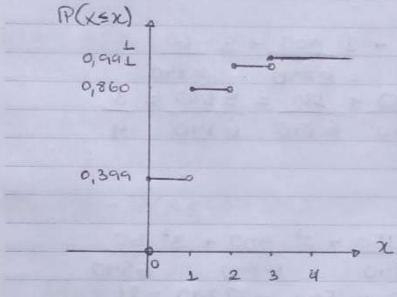
6.840 6.840 6.840

$$P(x \le 2) = P(x \le 1) + P(x = 2) = 5.880 + 900 = 6.780$$

 6.840 6.840

$$P(x \le 3) = P(x \le 2) + P(x = 3) = 6.780 + 60 = 6840$$

$$6.840 \quad 6.840$$



d) = * Con REPOSIÇÃO

E(x) = Ex P(x=x)

$$E(x)=0.3375+1.3.375+2.1.125+3.125$$

$$8.000$$

$$8.000$$

$$3.000$$

$$8.000$$

$$8.000$$

$$3.000$$

$$3.000$$

$$3.000$$

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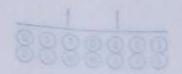
$$3.000$$

$$3.000$$

$$3.000$$

$$3.000$$

V(x)= Ex2 P(x=x)



 $V(x) = 0^{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 875 + L^{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 375 + 2^{2} \cdot 1 \cdot L25 + 3^{2} \cdot 125$ $8.000 \quad 8.000 \quad 8.000 \quad 8.000$ $V(x) = 0 + 3 \cdot 375 + 4500 + 1125 = 9.000 = 9$ $8.000 \quad 8.000 \quad 8.000 \quad 8.000 \quad 8$

* SET REPOSIÇÃO

E(N= Ex P(x=x)

E(x) = 0.2.730 + 1.3.150 + 2.900 + 3.60 6.840 6.840 6.840 6.840 E(x) = 0 + 3.150 + 1800 + 180 = 5130 = 36.840 6.840 6.840 6.840 9

V(x)= E x2 P(x=x)

 $V(x) = 0^2 \cdot 2.730 + 1^2 \cdot 3.150 + 2^2 \cdot 900 + 3^2 \cdot 60$ $6.840 \quad 6.840 \quad 6.840 \quad 6.840$ V(x) = 0 + 3.150 + 3.600 + 540 = 7290 = 81 $6.840 \quad 6.840 \quad 6.840 \quad 6.840 \quad 76$

(3)
(a) (1,1)=2(1,2);(2,1)=3
(1,3);(3,1);(2,2)=4
(2,3);(3,2)=5

 $P(x=2)=\frac{2}{5}\frac{1}{4}=\frac{2}{20}$

 $P(x=3) = \frac{2 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 4} + \frac{2 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 4} = \frac{4}{20} + \frac{4}{20} = \frac{8}{20}$

$$P(X=4) = \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{20} + \frac{2}{20} + \frac{2}{20} = \frac{6}{20}$$

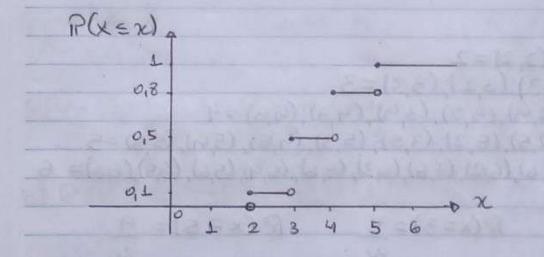
$$P(x=5)=\frac{2}{5}\cdot\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{5}\cdot\frac{2}{4}=\frac{2}{20}+\frac{2}{20}=\frac{4}{20}$$

$$5) P(x \le 2) = P(x = 2) = \frac{2}{20}$$

$$P(x \le 3) = P(x = 2) + P(x = 3) = 2 + 8 = 10$$

$$P(X \le 4) = P(X \le 3) + P(X = 4) = 10 + 6 = 16$$

$$P(x \le 5) = P(x \le 4) + P(x = 5) = 46 + 4 = 20$$



$$E(x) = 2 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 8 + 4 \cdot 6 + 5 \cdot 4 = 4 + 24 + 24 + 20$$

$$20 \quad 20 \quad 20 \quad 20 \quad 20 \quad 20$$

$$E(x) = \frac{72}{20} = \frac{18}{5}$$

$$V(x) = \sum x^2 \cdot P(x = x)$$

$$V(x) = 2^{2} \cdot 2 + 3^{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} + 4^{2} \cdot \frac{6}{6} + 5^{2} \cdot \frac{4}{9} = \frac{8}{20} + \frac{72}{20} + \frac{96}{20} + \frac{100}{20}$$

$$V(x) = \frac{348}{20} = \frac{87}{5}$$

$$P(x>1) = P(x=2) = 1$$

$$X = \max(a, b)$$

 $Y = a + b$

a)
$$((4,1)=1$$

 $(1,2)(2,1); (2,2)=2$
 $5_{x}=(1,3)(3,1)(2,3); (3,2); (3,3)=3$
 $(1,4)(4,1)(2,4); (4,2); (3,4); (4,3); (4,4)=4$
 $(4,5); (5,1); (2,5); (5,2); (3,5); (5,3); (4,5); (5,4); (5,5)=5$
 $(4,6); (6,1); (2,6); (6,2); (3,6); (6,3); (4,6); (6,4); (5,6); (6,5); (6,6)=6$

$$P(x=1)=1$$
 $P(x=3)=5$ $P(x=5)=9$
36 36

$$P(x=2)=\frac{3}{36}$$
 $P(x=4)=\frac{7}{36}$ $P(x=6)=\frac{11}{36}$

$$(1,1)=2$$

$$(1,2);(2,1)=3$$

$$(1,3);(3,1);(2,2)=4$$

$$(1,4);(4,1);(2,3);(3,2)=5$$

$$(1,5);(5,1);(2,4);(4,2);(3,3)=6$$

$$S_{7}=(1,6);(6,1);(2,5);(5,2);(3,4);(4,3)=7$$

$$(2,6);(6,2);(3,5);(5,3);(4,4)=8$$

$$(3,6);(6,3);(4,5);(5,4)=9$$

$$(4,6);(6,4);(5,5)=10$$

$$(5,6);(6,5)=11$$

$$(6,6)=12$$

$$P(Y=2) = 1$$
 $P(Y=6) = 5$ $P(Y=10) = 3$
36

$$P(Y=3)=2$$
 $P(Y=4)=6$ $P(Y=11)=2$ 36

$$P(Y=4)=3$$
 $P(Y=8)=5$ $P(Y=42)=1$
36 $P(Y=4)=36$

$$P(Y=5)=\frac{4}{36}$$
 $P(Y=9)=\frac{4}{36}$

b)
$$P(x \le 1) = P(x = 1) = 1$$
36

$$P(x \le 2) = P(x \le L) + P(x = 2) = 4 + 3 = 9$$

36 36 36

$$P(x=3) = P(x=2) + P(x=3) = 4 + 5 = 9$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

[andaia]

 $P(x \le 4) = P(x \le 3) + P(x = 4) = 9 + 7 = 16$ $\frac{36}{36} = \frac{36}{36}$

 $P(x \le 5) = P(x \le 4) + P(x = 5) = 16 + 9 = 25$ 36 36 36

 $P(x \le 6) = P(x \le 5) + P(x = 6) = 25 + 11 = 36$ 36 36 36

P(X \le X)

9694

0,444

0

0,25

0,144

0,02+

0,02+

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

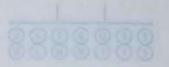
 $P(Y \le 2) = P(Y = 2) = 1$

 $P(Y \le 3) = P(Y \le 2) + P(Y = 3) = 1 + 2 = 3$ $36 \quad 36 \quad 36$

 $P(Y \le 4) = P(Y \le 3) + P(Y = 4) = 3 + 3 = 6$ $36 \quad 36 \quad 36$

 $P(Y \le 5) = P(Y \le 4) + P(Y = 5) = 6 + 4 = 10$ $36 \ 36 \ 36$

 $P(Y \le G) = P(Y \le 5) + P(Y = G) = 10 + 5 = 15$



$$P(Y \le 7) = P(Y \le 6) + P(Y = 7) = 15 + 6 = 21$$
36 36 36

$$P(Y \le 8) = P(Y \le 7) + P(Y = 8) = 21 + 5 = 26$$

36 36 36

$$P(Y \le 9) = P(Y \le 8) + P(Y = 9) = 26 + 4 = 30$$

36 36 36

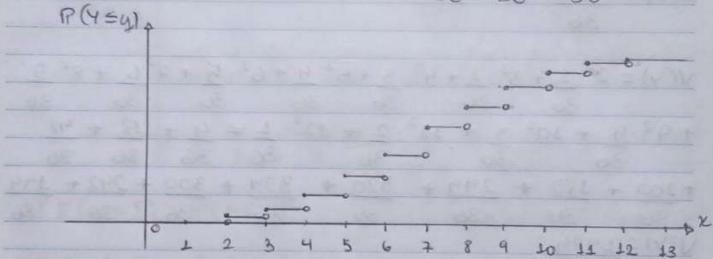
$$P(Y \le 10) = P(Y \le 9) + P(Y = 40) = 30 + 3 = 38$$

36 36 36

$$P(Y \le 11) = P(Y \le 10) + P(Y = 11) = 33 + 2 = 35$$

36 36 36

$$P(Y \le 12) = P(Y \le 11) + P(Y = 12) = 35 + 1 = 36$$



$$E(x)=1.1+2.3+3.5+4.7+5.9+6.11$$

 36 36 36 36 36 36 36

$$V(x) = 1^{2} \cdot 1 + 2^{2} \cdot 3 + 3^{2} \cdot 5 + 9^{2} \cdot 7 + 5^{2} \cdot 9 + 6^{2} \cdot 11$$

$$V(x) = 1 + 12 + 95 + 112 + 225 + 396 = 791$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$E(Y) = 2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 4 + 6 \cdot 5 + 7 \cdot 6 + 8 \cdot 5$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$+ 9 \cdot 4 + 10 \cdot 3 + 11 \cdot 2 + 12 \cdot 1 = 1 + 6 + 12$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$+ 20 + 30 + 42 + 40 + 36 + 30 + 22 + 12$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$E(Y) = 251$$

$$V(y) = 2^{2} \cdot 1 + 3^{2} \cdot 2 + 4^{2} \cdot 3 + 5^{2} \cdot 4 + 6^{2} \cdot 5 + 7^{2} \cdot 6 + 8^{2} \cdot 5$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$+ 9^{2} \cdot 4 + 10^{2} \cdot 3 + 11^{2} \cdot 2 + 12^{2} \cdot 1 = 4 + 13 + 48$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$+ 100 + 180 + 294 + 320 + 324 + 300 + 242 + 144$$

$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

$$V(y) = 1974$$

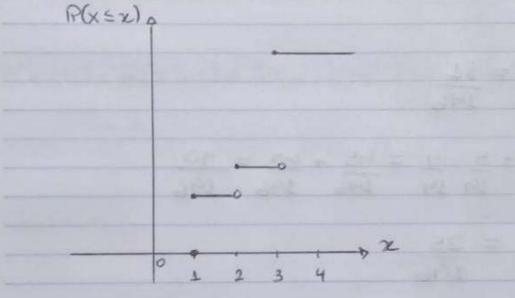
$$36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36 \quad 36$$

b) P(05 x 53) = P(x=1)+P(x=2)+P(x=3)=1

$$P(0 < x < 2) = P(x = 1) = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$P(X \le 2) = P(X \le 1) + P(X = 2) = 2 + 1 = 3 + 7 + 7 + 7$$

$$P(x \le 3) = P(x \le 2) + P(x = 3) = \frac{3}{7} + \frac{4}{7} = \frac{7}{7}$$



$$E(x) = 1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{7} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{12}{7} = \frac{16}{7}$$

$$V(x) = 1^2 \cdot \frac{2}{7} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{1}{7} + 3^2 \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{11}{7} + \frac{36}{7} = \frac{42}{7}$$

(Jandala)

e) 4=3x

E(Y)= E(3x) + E(Y)= 3 E(x) - > E(Y)= 3 16 = 58 7

 $V(Y) = V(3x) \rightarrow V(Y) = 3^2 \cdot V(x) \rightarrow V(Y) = 9 \cdot \frac{42}{7} = \frac{378}{7}$

G X= N- DE BOLAS BRADIAS Y=N- DE BOLAS VERDES

a) COM REPOSIGO

Sx = {0,1,2}

P(x=0)=9 9=81

P(X=1)=9 5 + 5 9 = 55 + 45 = 90

P(x=2)=5 5 = 25 14 14 196

5,= {0,1,2}

P(Y=0) = 11 11 = 121 14 14 = 126

 $P(Y=1) = 11 \quad 3 \quad + \quad 3 \quad 11 \quad = \quad 33 \quad + \quad 35 \quad = \quad 66$ $14 \quad 14 \quad 14 \quad 14 \quad 196 \quad 196 \quad 196$

$$P(x=0) = \frac{9}{14} \cdot \frac{8}{13} = \frac{72}{182}$$

$$P(x=1) = 9 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 9 = 45 + 45 = 90$$
 $14 \cdot 13 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 \cdot 132 \cdot 182 \cdot 182$

$$P(x=2) = \frac{5}{14} \cdot \frac{4}{13} = \frac{20}{182}$$

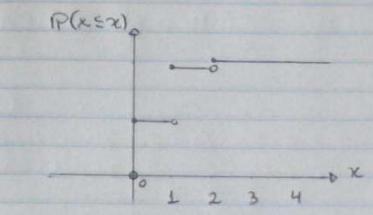
$$P(Y=0) = 11 \cdot 10 = 110$$
 $11 \cdot 13 = 182$

$$P(Y=1) = \frac{11}{14} \cdot \frac{3}{13} + \frac{3}{14} \cdot \frac{11}{13} = \frac{33}{182} + \frac{35}{182} = \frac{66}{182}$$

$$P(Y=2)=3\cdot 2=6$$
 $14 \cdot 13 \cdot 182$

 $P(x \le 1) = P(x \le 0) + P(x = 1) = 81 + 90 = 171$

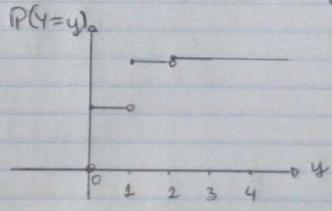
 $P(x \le 2) = P(x \le 1) + P(x = 2) = 171 + 25 = 196$



 $P(Y \le 0) = P(Y = 0) = \frac{121}{196}$

 $P(Y \le J) = P(Y \in O) + P(Y = J) = 121 + 66 = 187$

P(452)=P(451)+P(4=2)=187+9=196 196 196 196

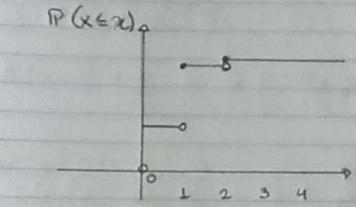


* SEN REPOSIÇÃO

$$P(X \le 0) = P(x = 0) = \frac{32}{132}$$

$$P(x = 1) = P(x = 0) + P(x = 1) = \frac{72}{182} + \frac{90}{182} = \frac{162}{182}$$

$$P(x \le 2) = P(x \le 1) + P(x = 2) = \frac{162}{182} + \frac{20}{182} = \frac{182}{182}$$



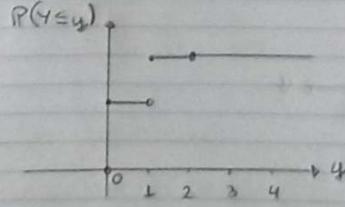
$$P(Y \le 0) = P(Y = 0) = 10$$
182

$$P(Y \le L) = P(Y \le O + P(Y = L) = 110 + 66 = 176$$

 182 182 182

$$P(Y \le 2) = P(Y \le 1) + P(Y = 2) = 176 + 6 = 182$$

$$182 \quad 182 \quad 182$$



d) + Con REPOSIÇÃO

E(x)=ExP(x=x)

E(x) = 0.81 + 1.90 + 2.25 = 0 + 90 + 50 = 140 196 196 196 196 196

V(x)= \(\si \x^2 \p(x=\x)

 $V(x) = 0^2 \cdot 81 + 1^2 \cdot 90 + 2^2 \cdot 25 = 0 + 90 + 100 = 190$

E(4) = Z y IP (4 = 4)

E(Y) = 0.12L + 1.66 + 2.9 = 0 + 66 + 18 = 89

V(Y) = [y2. P(Y=4)

 $V(Y) = 0^2 \cdot 101 + 1^2 \cdot 66 + 2^2 \cdot 9 = 0 + 66 + 36 = 102$

* SEN PEPOSIGIO

E(XF [x. P(x=x)

E(x)=0.72+1.90+2.20=0+90+40=130 182 182 182 182 182 182

V(x)= [x2 P(x=x)

$$V(x)=0^2 \cdot 72 + c^2 \cdot 90 + 2^2 \cdot 20 = 0 + 90 + 80 = 170$$

$$182 \quad 182 \quad 182 \quad 182 \quad 182 \quad 182$$

E(4) = E y P(4 = 4)

$$E(Y) = 0.110 + 1.66 + 2.6 = 0 + 66 + 12 = 78$$
 182
 182
 182
 182
 182
 182

V(4)= [y2. P(4=4)

$$V(4) = 0^2 \cdot 110 + 1^2 \cdot 66 + 2 \cdot 6 = 0 + 66 + 29 = 90$$

 182 182 182 182 182 182 182

(3)
$$((K,K,K)=0)$$

 $S_{X}=\{(K,K,C);(K,C,K);(C,K,K)=1$
 $((K,C,C);(C,K,C);(C,C,K)=2$
 $((C,C,C)=3$

$$P(x=0) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$P(x=1) = \underbrace{L \cdot 1}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{2} + \underbrace{L \cdot 1}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{2} + \underbrace{1}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{2} = 3 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{3}{8}$$

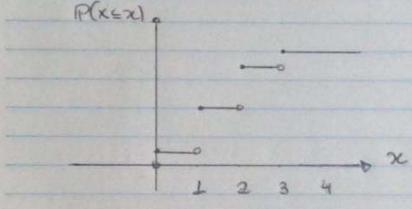
$$P(x=3)=\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{8}$$

b) P(x < 0) = P(x=0) = 1

P(x=1) = P(x=0) + P(x=1) = 1 + 3 = 4

 $P(x \le 2) = P(x \le 1) + P(x = 2) = 4 + 3 = 2$

 $P(x \le 3) = P(x \le 2) + P(x = 3) = \frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$

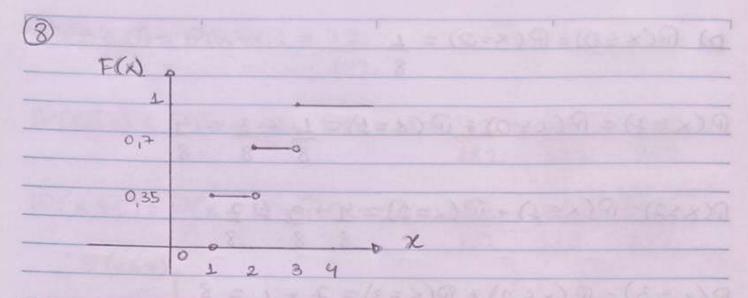


c) E(x) = [x P(x=x)

E(x)=0 $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$

V(x)= [x2.P(x=x)

 $V(x) = 0^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{8} + 1^{2} \cdot \frac{3}{8} + 2^{2} \cdot \frac{3}{8} + 3^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{8} = 0 + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{12}{8} + \frac{9}{8}$ $V(x) = \frac{24}{8}$



$$F(5) = P(x \le 5) = P(x = 5) = 0.35$$

F(10)=P(x≤10)=P(x≤5)+P(x=10)-P(x=10)=P(x≤10)-P(x≤5) P(x=10)=0,7-0,35=0,35

F(15)=P(X515)=P(X510)+P(X=15)-P(X515)-P(X510) P(X=15)=1-0,7=0,3

E(X)= [ix P(X=x)

E(x)=5.0,35+10.0,35+15.0,3=1,75+3,5+4,5E(x)=9,75

V(x) = \(\sigma^2 \cdot \P(x=x)

 $V(x) = 5^2 \cdot 0.35 + 10^2 \cdot 0.35 + 15^2 \cdot 0.3 = 8.75 + 35 + 67.5$ V(x) = 111, 25

9 4=4+x

E(Y) = E(4+x) + E(Y) = 4+ E(x) + E(Y) = 4+ 9,75

E(4) = 13,75

V(Y)=V(Y+X)~V(Y)=V(X)~V(Y)=14,75

(10)

X=ACHAR COMPONENTES PERFEITOS

 $S_{x} = \begin{cases} (D,D) = 0 \\ (D,P); (P,D) = 1 \\ (P,P) = 2 \end{cases}$

* Con REPOSITED

 $P(x=0) = 2 \cdot 2 = 4$ 25 25 625

 $P(x=1) = 2 \cdot 23 + 23 \cdot 2 = 46 + 46 = 92$ 25 25 25 25 625 625 625

P(x=2)=23-23=52925 25 625

 $E(x) = \sum x \cdot P(x=x)$

E(x) = 0.4 + 1.92 + 2.529 = 0 + 92 + 1.058 625 625 625 625 625E(x) = 1450

LUCRO ESPERADO = 1150 (100-50) = 92
625

& SEM REPOSITIO

 $P(x=0) = 2 \cdot 1 = 2$ 25 24 600

 $P(x=1) = 2 \cdot 23 + 23 \cdot 2 = 46 + 46 = 92$ 25 24 25 24 600 600 600

 $P(x=2) = 23 \cdot 22 = 506$ 25 24 600

 $E(x) = \sum x \cdot P(x = x)$

E(x) = 0.2 + 1.92 + 2.506 = 0 + 92 + 1012 600 600 600 600 E(x) = 1104

LUCRO ESPERADO = 1104 (100-50)= 92

11) x | x <-2 | -2 \(\times \) \(\times \

P(x=3)=F(35x45)-F(15x3)=97-94=93

P(X=4)=F(3 < x < 5)-F(1 < x < 3) = 0,7-94=93

F(0)=F(-2 \(\chi(1) \) = 0,25

F(4)=F(35x5)=0,7