# **The Power of Proximity**

Using Network Science to Analyze the Link Between Coaching Communities and Team Success in the National Football League

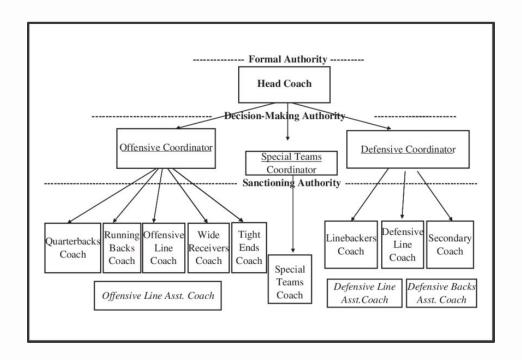
Atul Venkatesh, Sid Singh, Charlie Betts

# Setting the Scene

#### **A Recent Test Case**



# **Coaching Staff Hierarchy**



"NFL coaches clearly affect points scored and the point margin.

The estimates imply that coaches explain 18 to 25 percent of within-team, between-season variation in points allowed and point margins...They significantly affect the number of fumbles and penalties a team commits."

- Christopher R. Berry and Anthony Fowler, University of Chicago

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# Data Collection

#### **Data Collection Methods**

1. Who?

How?

3. Why?

Head Coaches, Coordinators, Positional Coaches and Quality Control Coaches from 2010-2024

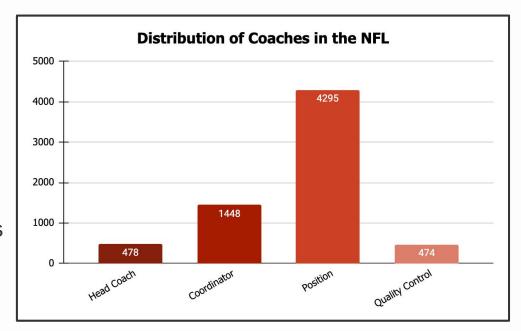
Coaching Data: pro-football-history.com. Influence and Coaching Standings Data: NFLFastR.

**Decision-Making** Ladder

### **Summary Statistics**

#### 6695 total coaches

- 478 head coaches
- 1448 coordinators
- 4295 positional coaches
- 474 quality control coaches



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# Data Wrangling

# **Weighting Coaching Positions**

- 10 → Head Coaches
- $7.5 \rightarrow \text{Coordinators}$
- 5 → Positional Coaches
- 2.5 → Quality Control Coaches

### **Determining Connections**

6695 coaches → 44435 connections

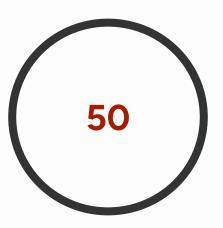
Strength of Connection (SoC): Sum of Coaching Weights For example:

- $\rightarrow$  Head Coach Coordinator: 10 + 7.5 = 17.5
- $\rightarrow$  Coordinator Positional Coach: 7.5 + 5 = **12.5**
- → Positional Coach Quality Control Coach: 5 + 2.5 = 7.5

Sum of SoC for every year two coaches coached together = Aggregated Closeness Score

# **Clustering Analysis**

# **Pruning**

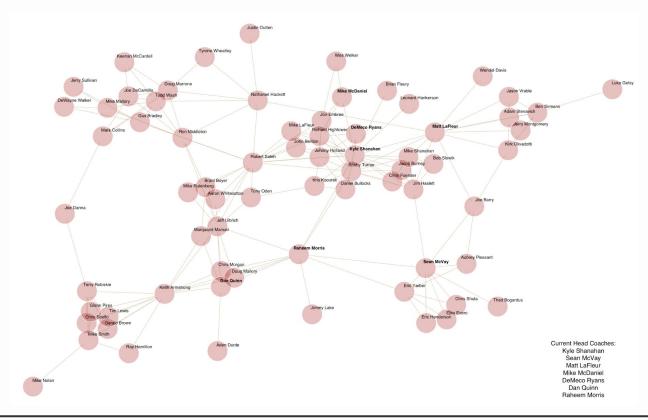


Connection Strength Threshold

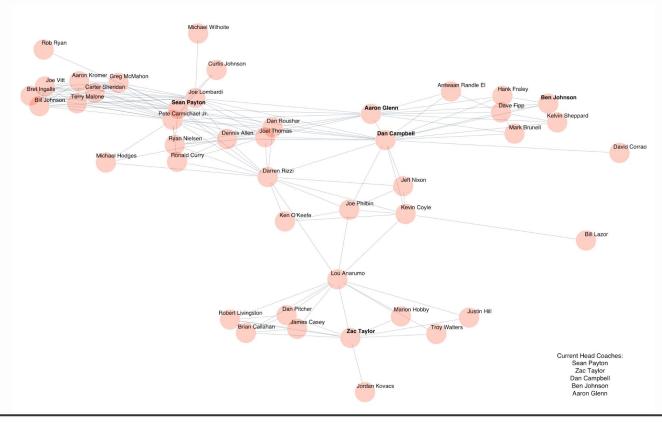
### **Conducting the Clustering Algorithm**

- Conducted a fast-greedy modularity maximizing clustering algorithm
- The algorithm split the network into 19 distinct communities
- 13 were determined to be significant (have several big names)
- Each significant community was named after a coach we know had influence on their edges

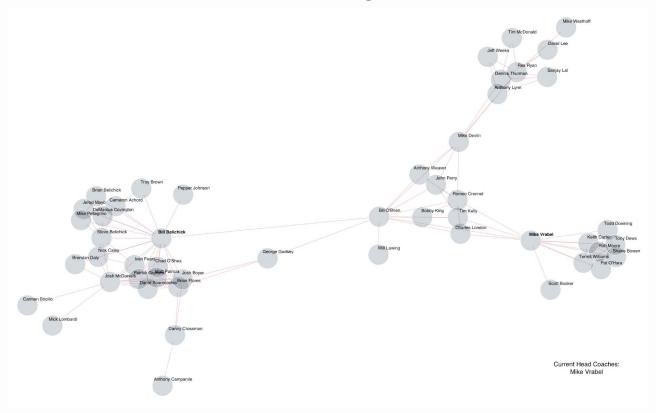
# **The Shanahan Community**



# **The Payton Community**



# **The Belichick Community**



#### **Other Communities**

- Andy Reid Community Includes Nick Sirianni + Jonathan Gannon
- Pete Carroll Community Includes Dave Canales + Brian Schottenheimer
- Ron Rivera Community Includes Sean McDermott + Brian Daboll
- Mike Tomlin Community No active head coach
- John Harbaugh Community Includes Mike Macdonald
- Vic Fangio Community Includes Jim Harbaugh
- Jason Garrett/Jon Gruden Community No active head coach
- Marvin Lewis/Mike Zimmer Community Includes Kevin O'Connell + Kevin Stefanski
- Mike McCarthy Community Includes Kellen Moore
- Bruce Arians Community Includes Todd Bowles

# "Six Degrees of Kyle Shanahan"

#### **Motivation and Methods**

How much *influence* does Kyle Shanahan have in the network?

Distance Calculation: 1/(Aggregated closeness score) + 1/(years coached)

Conducted an algorithm to determine the shortest path from every coach to Shanahan.

Bacon with a twist





### **Results**

How close are major Head Coaches to Kyle Shanahan?						
Coach Name Path						
1	Matt LaFleur Kyle Shanahan - Matt LaFleur		0.18			
2	DeMeco Ryans	Kyle Shanahan - DeMeco Ryans	0.213			
3	Mike McDaniel	Kyle Shanahan - Mike McDaniel	0.213			
4	Raheem Morris	Kyle Shanahan - Raheem Morris	0.27			
5	Sean McVay	Kyle Shanahan - Bobby Turner - Sean McVay	0.35			
6	Mike Tomlin	Kyle Shanahan - Danny Smith - Mike Tomlin	0.444			
7	Pete Carroll	Kyle Shanahan - Brian Schneider - Pete Carroll				
8	Shane Steichen	Kyle Shanahan - Robert Saleh - Gus Bradley - Shane Steichen				
9	Kevin O'Connell	Kyle Shanahan - Bobby Turner - Sean McVay - Wes Phillips - Kevin O'Connell	0.682			
10	Sean McDermott	Kyle Shanahan - Matt LaFleur - Ben Sirmans - Rob Boras - Sean McDermott	0.765			
11	Dan Campbell	Kyle Shanahan - John Benton - Darren Rizzi - Dan Campbell	0.781			
12	Mike Vrabel	K vie Shanahan - Jim Haslett - Mike Vrahel				
13	Andy Reid	Kyle Shanahan - Jon Embree - Joe Cullen - Andy Heck - Andy Reid	0.817			
14	Mike Macdonald	Kyle Shanahan - Jon Embree - Joe Cullen - Mike Macdonald	0.82			

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# **Predicting Team Success**

#### **Motivation**

Is the *Harbaugh effect* a global phenomenon?

In other words...

Does the **closeness of coaching staff** have a significant effect on team performance?



#### **Methods**

$$\text{Team Closeness Score} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (\text{Aggregated Closeness Score}_i + \text{Years Coached Together}_i)$$

Conducted 3 Regression Models

Predictor = Team Closeness Score

Controls = Strength of Schedule and Win Percentage Previous Year

	Method	Predictor	Outcome
Regression 1	Linear	Team Closeness Score	Win percentage
Regression 2	Logistic	Team Closeness Score	Made Playoffs (yes/no)
Regression 3	Logistic	Team Closeness Score	Won Division (yes/no)

#### Results

Table 1: Effect of coaching staff closeness on team win percentage

	Estimate	Std. Error	t Value	$\Pr(> t )$
Coefficients				200000
Intercept	1.6557	0.103874	15.940	<2.0e-16***
Closeness Score	0.0038	0.0004558	8.402	5.15e-13***
Lag Win %	0.2309	0.0369745	6.245	9.43e-10***
Strength of Schedule	-2.8151	0.2014151	-13.977	<2.0e-16***

Notes: \*\*\*/\*\*/\* denotes significance at the 5/1/.1 percent. Residual standard error: 0.1392 on 474 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.473, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4697 F-statistic: 141.8 on 3 and 474 DF, p-value: < 2e-16

Table 2: Effect of coaching staff closeness on team playoff probability

	Estimate	Std. Error	z Value	$\mathbf{Pr}(> z )$
Coefficients				
Intercept	13.3461	2.0616	6.474	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-16**}$
Closeness Score	0.0525	0.0092	5.726	$1.03 \times 10^{-7***}$
Lag Win %	2.3590	0.6689	3.527	$4.21e-4^{***}$
Strength of Schedule	-33.9313	4.3035	-7.885	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-16**}$

Notes: \*\*\*/\*\*/\* denotes significance at the 5/1/.1 percent. Null deviance: 642.41 on 477 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 472.73 on 474 degrees of freedom

AIC: 480.73

Interpreting table 2: An increase of 1 in Team Closeness Score leads to a 1.05% Increase in Playoff Probability

Table 3: Effect of coaching staff closeness on division winning probability

	Estimate	Std. Error	z Value	$\Pr(> z )$
Coefficients				•
Intercept	12.9996	2.2953	5.664	$1.48 \times 10^{-8***}$
Closeness Score	0.0418	0.0088	4.763	$1.91 \times 10^{-6***}$
Lag Win %	3.4843	0.7792	4.472	$7.76 \times 10^{-7***}$
Strength of Schedule	-35.6366	4.8895	-7.288	$3.14 \times 10^{-11**}$

Notes: \*\*\*/\*\*/\* denotes significance at the 5/1/.1 percent.

Null deviance: 538.69 on 477 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 389.81 on 474 degrees of freedom

AIC: 397.81

Interpreting table 3: An increase of 1 in Team Closeness Score leads to a 1.04% Increase in Division Winning Probability **07** 

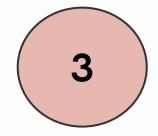
# Conclusions and Next Steps

#### **Conclusions**

1

Franchises might benefit from letting connections develop between staff. 2

An applicant's prior connections to existing coaches should be considered during hiring decisions.



Teams might benefit from letting head coaches have input into coaching staff additions



Coaching chemistry plays a significant role in team success.

### **Limitations**

Pre-2010 data could impact connection score/clustering

2 Coach value across a position might not be the same

**3** Confounding variables could impact team success

#### **Future Research**

Investigate hiring preferences

Conduct analyses regarding promotions and firings

Incorporate college coaching networks

# Thanks For Listening!

