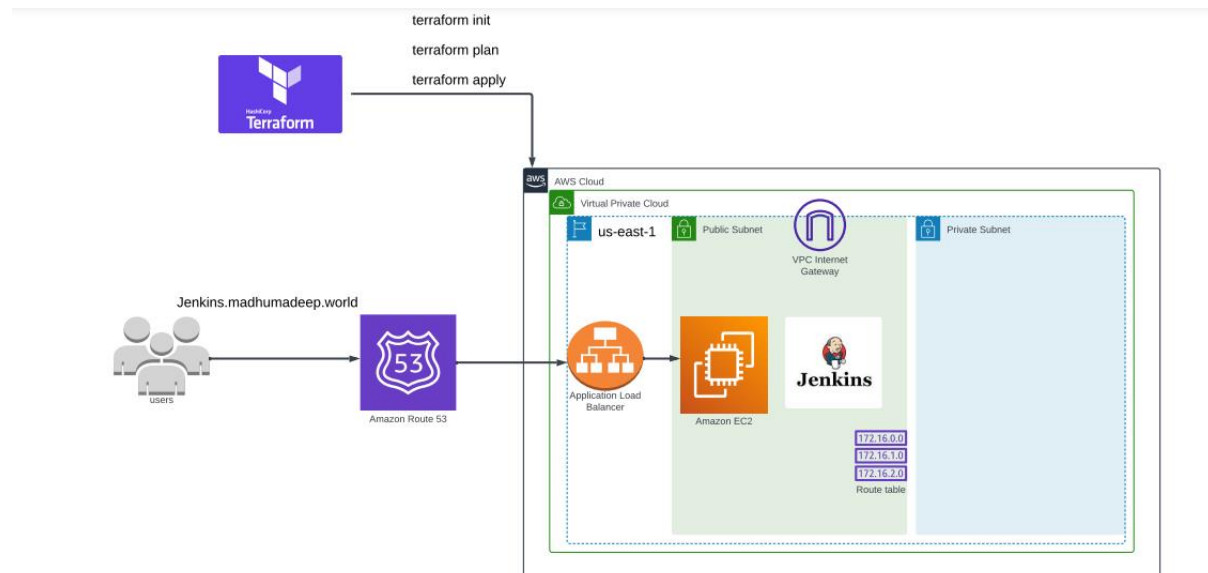


Deploying REST API on AWS with Terraform and Jenkins Magic

Step:1 Infrastructure Setup

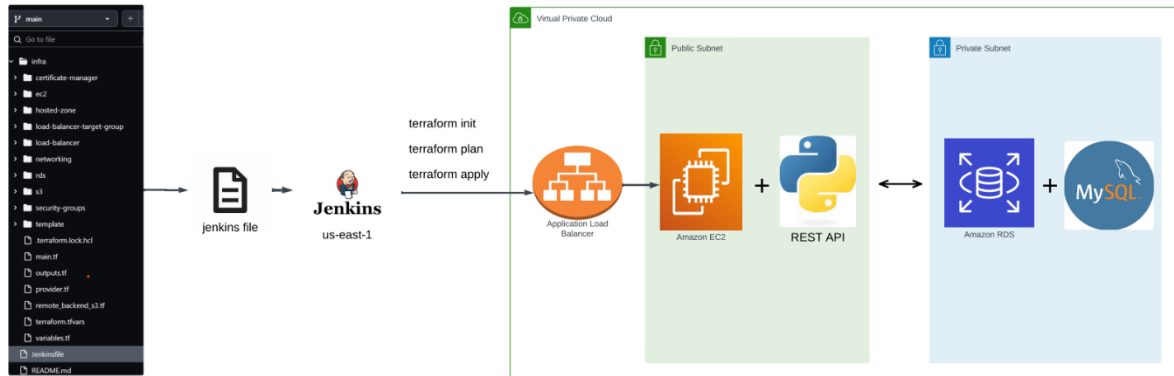


GitHub URI: <https://github.com/Madeep9347/terraform-route53.git>

1. Create a VPC, Subnets, Route Tables, Internet Gateway, EC2 Instance and Security Groups.
2. Install Jenkins in the EC2 instance using User data.
3. Create Target Group and Application Load Balancer.
4. For Target Group use the Target port as 8080 and use Listener port HTTP (80) for Application Load Balancer.
5. Try to access the Jenkins using DNS name of Application Load Balancer.
6. Create a Hosted Zone in Route53 and Create simple record for Application Load Balancer.
7. Create SSL/TLS Certificate for Domain name and push that Certificate into Route53 as a Record.
8. Create another Listener HTTPS (443) and Redirect the traffic from HTTP to HTTPS.
9. Now Try to access the Jenkins using Domain name.

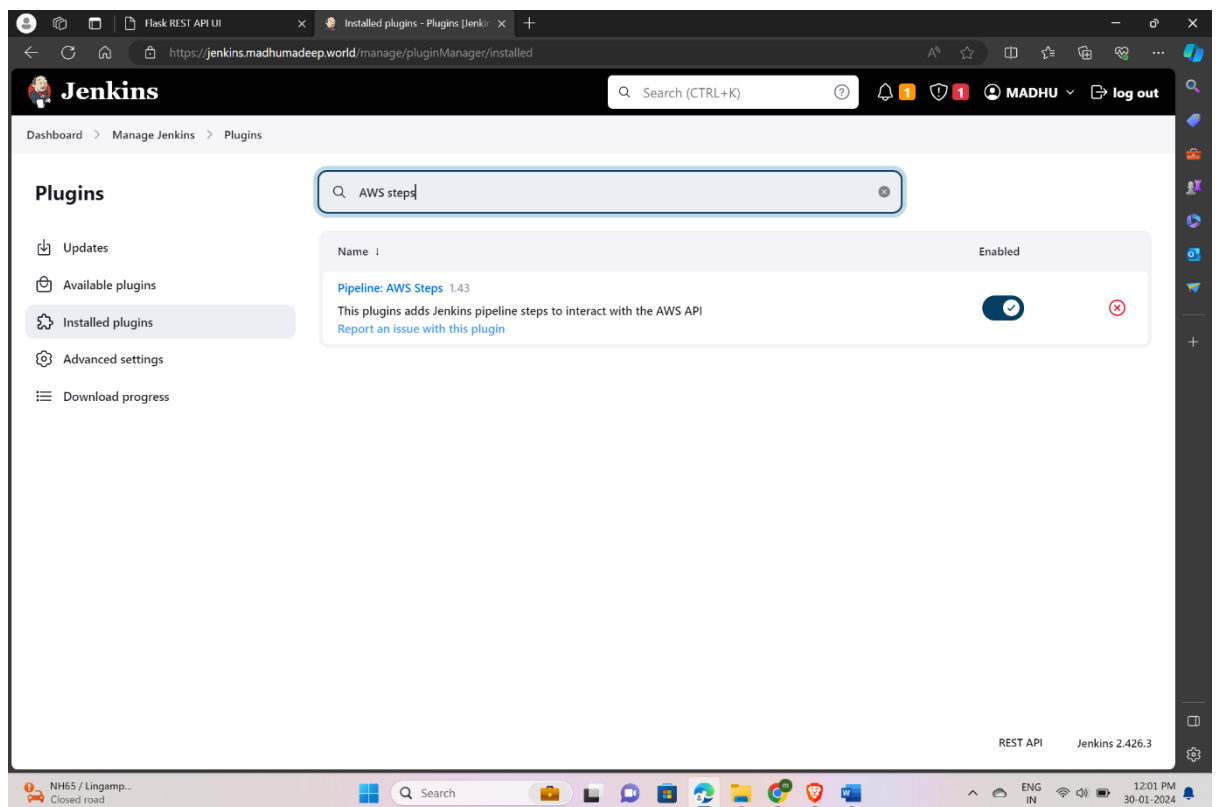
Note: You can clone the GitHub Repository and made some changes when ever it needs like(public key, AMI ID, Domain name).

Step 2: Jenkins Automation for Application Deployment



GitHub Repository : https://github.com/Madeep9347/devops-REST_API-project.git

1. Install the Plugins and create a user in Jenkins and Goto Manage Jenkins→Plugins→Available Plugins and Install Plugin AWS Steps for Storing the AWS Access keys and Secret Keys.



2. Goto to manage Jenkins → credentials → global → Add credentials (access key and secret key).

The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'New credentials' form in a web browser. The breadcrumb trail is 'Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Credentials > System > Global credentials (unrestricted)'. The form has the following fields:

- Kind:** A dropdown menu with 'AWS Credentials' selected.
- Scope:** A dropdown menu with 'Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)' selected.
- ID:** A text input field containing 'madeepaws-credentials'.
- Description:** An empty text input field.
- Access Key ID:** A text input field containing 'AKIAQFOG7VM56G3D6HNM'.
- Secret Access Key:** A password input field with masked characters. Below it is a red error message: 'Please specify the Secret Access Key'.

A blue 'Create' button is at the bottom left of the form.

3. Create pipeline job and configure and select “pipeline script from SCM” and add GitHub repository URL, Branch and Jenkins file name.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Configure' page for a pipeline job. The breadcrumb trail is 'Dashboard > rest-api > Configuration'. The left sidebar has 'General', 'Advanced Project Options', and 'Pipeline' (selected). The main content area is for 'Git' configuration:

- Repositories:** A section with a 'Repository URL' field containing 'https://github.com/Madeep9347/devops-REST_API-project.git'. Below it is a 'Credentials' dropdown menu with '- none -' selected and a '+ Add' button. An 'Advanced' dropdown is also present.
- Branches to build:** A section with a 'Branch Specifier (blank for 'any')' field containing '*/main'. Below it is an 'Add Branch' button.

At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Apply' buttons.

4. Clone the GitHub Repository and make changes the necessary changes in Jenkins file like(credentials id, repository URL).

```
stage('Terraform Init') {  
    steps {  
        withCredentials([[class: 'AmazonWebServicesCredentialsBinding', credentialsId: 'aws-credentials-madhu']]) {  
            dir('infra') {  
                sh 'echo "=====Terraform Init====="'  
                sh 'terraform init'  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

5. Automated the creation of a new VPC, Subnets, Internet gateway, Route tables, EC2 instance (public subnet), security groups, target group, Application Load Balancer, S3 bucket for state file storage, and RDS MySQL database (private subnet) using Terraform.
6. Deployed the REST API application into the EC2 instance created in the public subnet.
7. For REST API application use this git Repository
<https://github.com/Madeep9347/python-mysql-devops-REST-API-PROJECT.git>
8. Change the RDS endpoint in app.py

```
def get_db_connection():  
    connection = pymysql.connect(  
        host='mydb.ct9rghzekso.eu-central-1.rds.amazonaws.com', ###enter your rds end point  
        user='dbuser',  
        password='dbpassword',  
        db='devprojdb',  
        charset='utf8mb4',  
        cursorclass=pymysql.cursors.DictCursor  
    )  
    return connection
```

9. Run the job with needed parameters.

Dashboardrest-api

Status

Changes

Build with Parameters

Configure

Delete Pipeline

Full Stage View

Rename

Pipeline Syntax

Pipeline rest-api

This build requires parameters:

☒ PLAN_TERRAFORM

Check to plan Terraform changes

☒ APPLY_TERRAFORM

Check to apply Terraform changes

☐ DESTROY_TERRAFORM

Check to apply Terraform changes

Build

Cancel

Build History

trend

Filter builds...

#12

Jan 29, 2024, 11:50 AM

#11

Jan 29, 2024, 11:43 AM

#10

Jan 29, 2024, 11:30 AM

#9

Jan 29, 2024, 11:26 AM

#8

Jan 29, 2024, 11:26 AM

27°C

Haze

Search

ENG IN

12:41 PM

30-01-2024

Dashboardrest-api

Status

Changes

Build with Parameters

Configure

Delete Pipeline

Full Stage View

Rename

Pipeline Syntax

rest-api

Add description

Disable Project

Stage View

Average stage times:
(Average full run time: ~3min 45s)

	Declarative: Checkout SCM	Clone Repository	Terraform Init	Terraform Plan	Terraform Apply	Terraform Destroy
#12 Jan 29 17:20 No Changes	262ms	686ms	16s	9s	5min 5s	117ms
#11 Jan 29 17:13 No Changes	253ms	687ms	16s	115ms	120ms	4min 46s
#10 Jan 29 17:00 No Changes	251ms	688ms	16s	9s	4min 13s	116ms
#9 Jan 29 16:56 No Changes	509ms	706ms	16s	130ms	124ms	3min 29s

Build History

trend

Filter builds...

#12

Jan 29, 2024, 11:50 AM

#11

Jan 29, 2024, 11:43 AM

#10

Jan 29, 2024, 11:30 AM

#9

Jan 29, 2024, 11:26 AM

#8

Jan 29, 2024, 11:26 AM

27°C

Haze

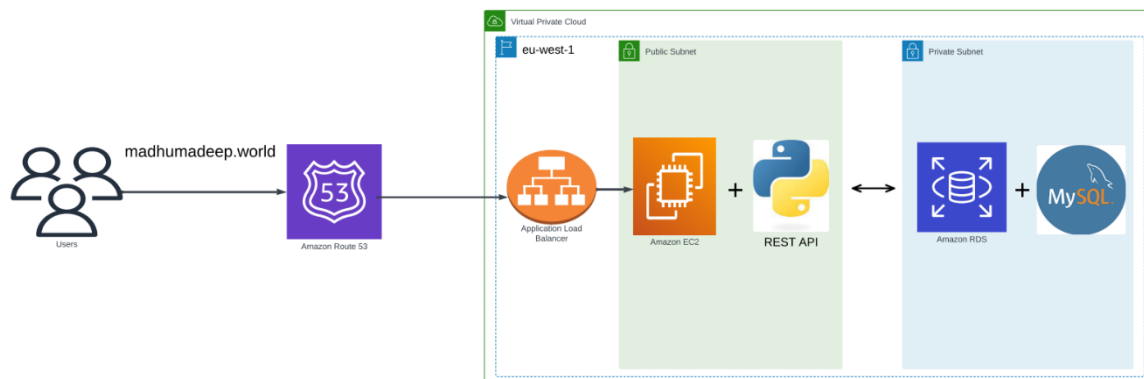
Search

ENG IN

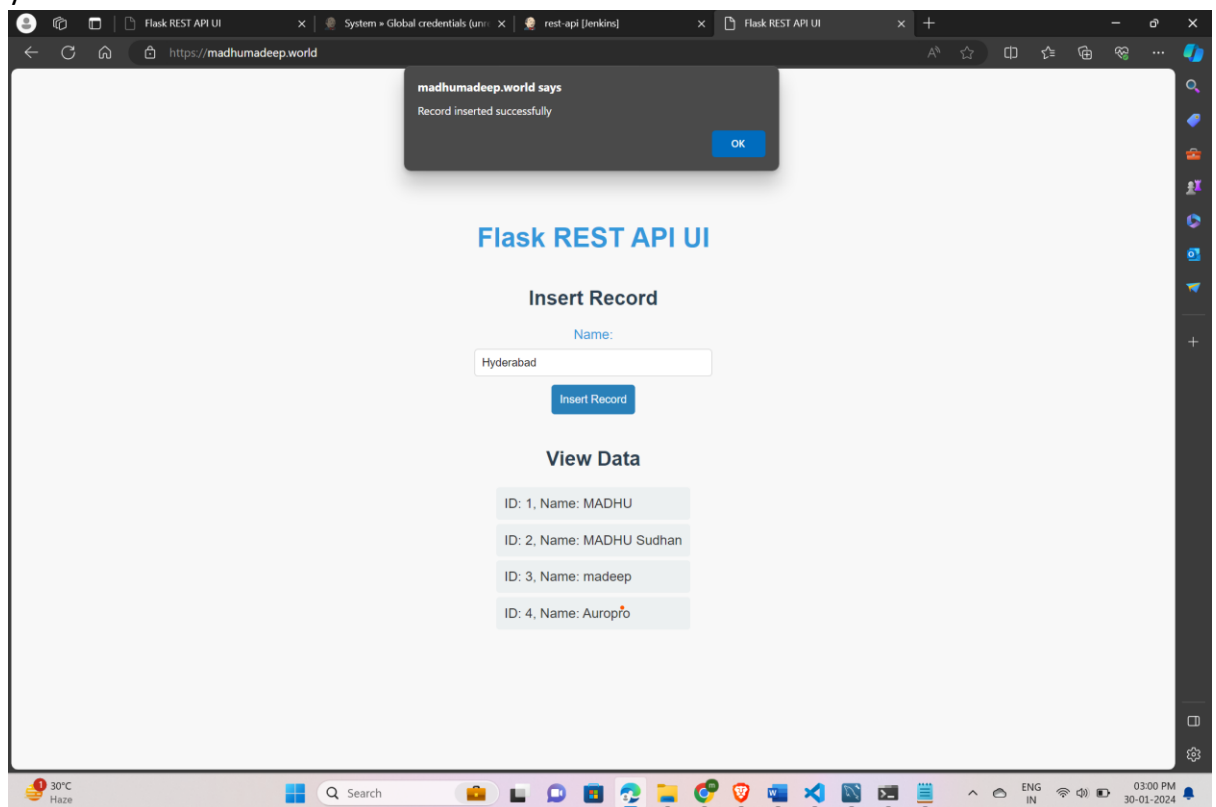
12:42 PM

30-01-2024

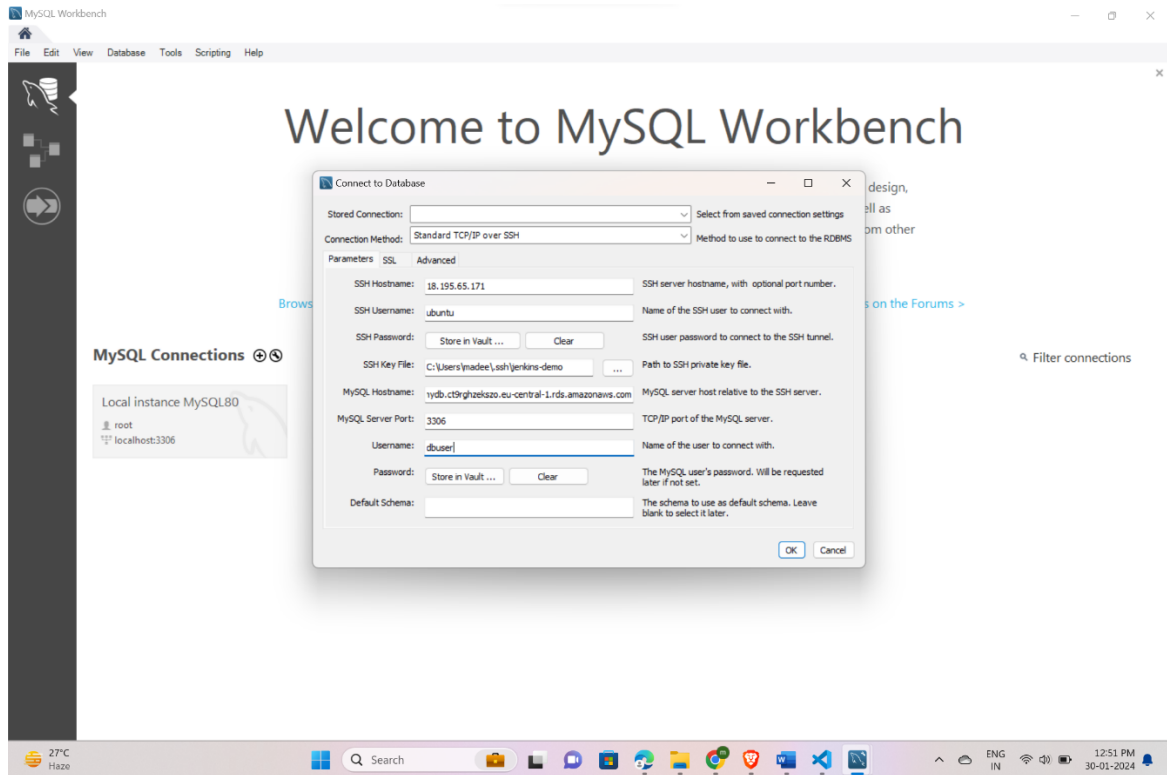
Step 3: Application Deployment and Database Management



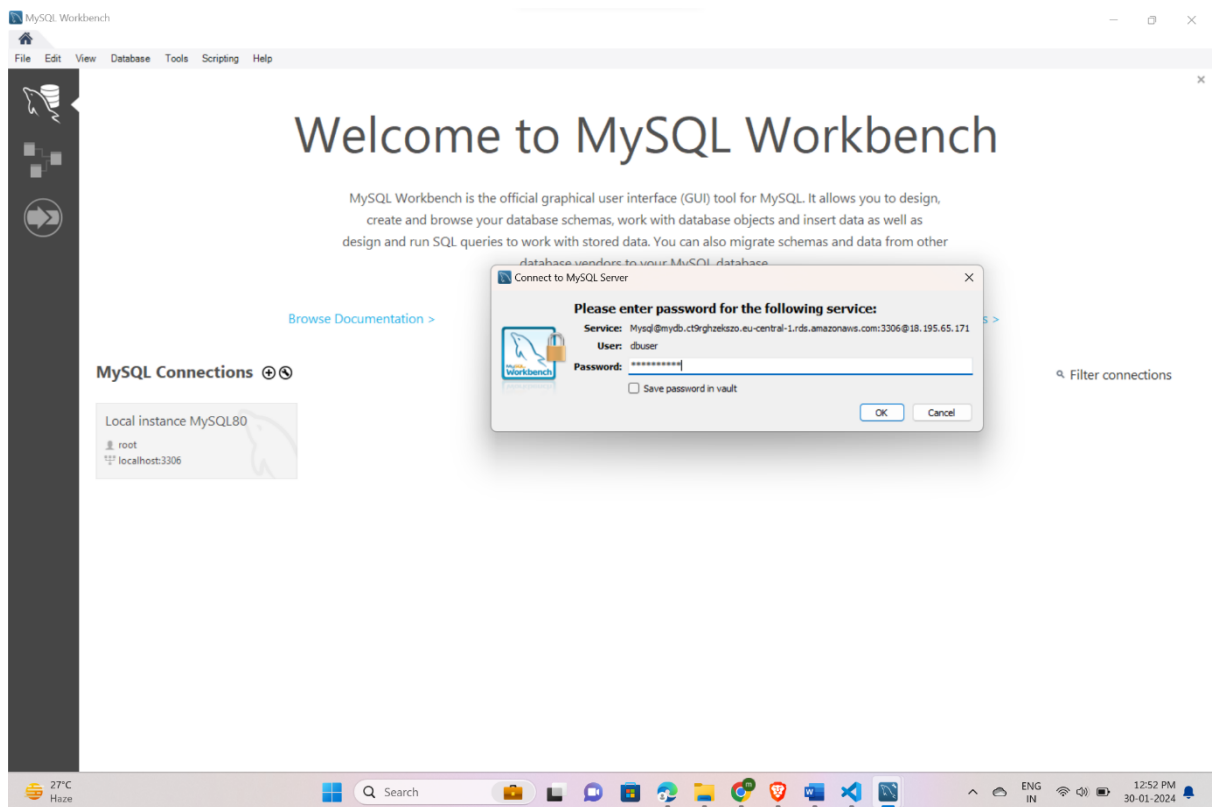
1. Now enter your dns name in browser you can access your REST API application then you can enter the records into the database.

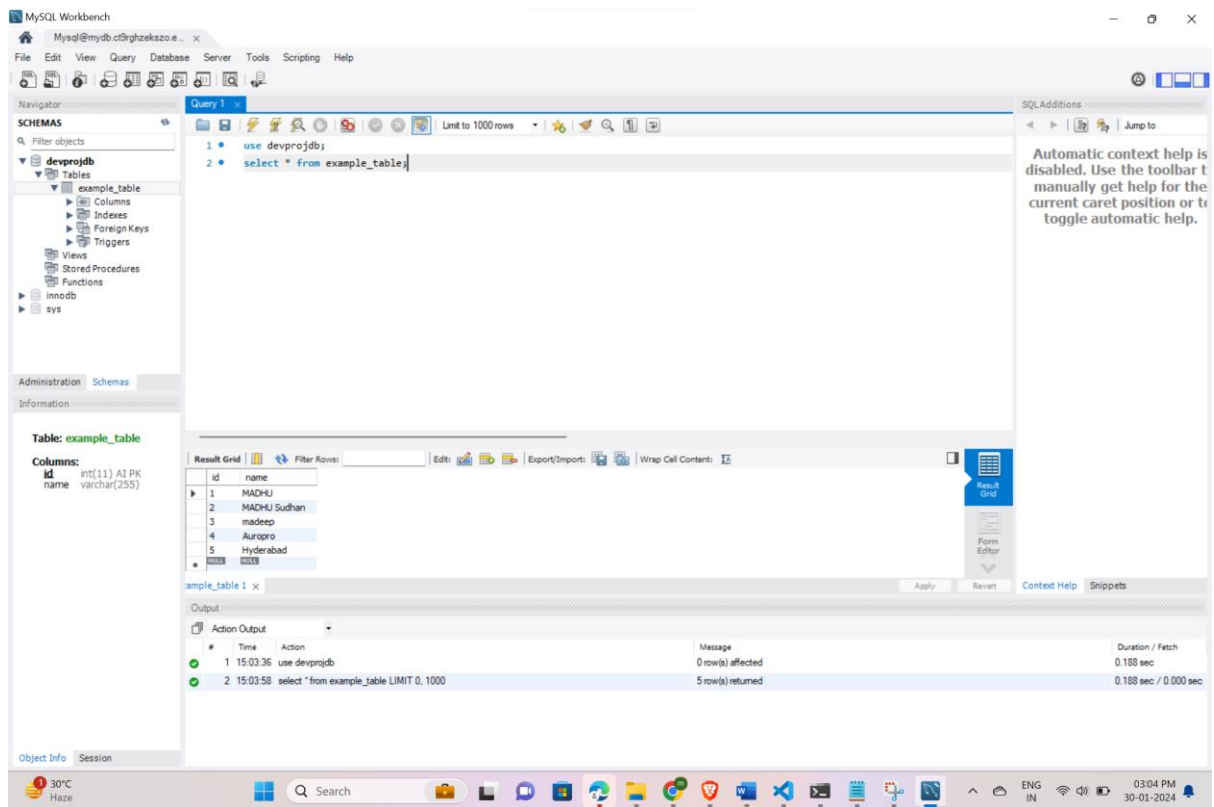


2. Now Try to connect using Local MySQL installed in your system using ssh.



Note: SSH Hostname= public Ip of ec2, SSH username=ubuntu, SSH password= your private key, MYSQL Hostname= endpoint of RDS database.





3. Connect RDS database through EC2 instance .

```

ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-24: ~
madhep@Madhu: ~$ ssh -i "aws_key.pem" ubuntu@52.59.244.80
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.2.0-1017-aws x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Tue Jan 30 09:36:19 UTC 2024

System load:  0.06787109375   Processes:    117
Usage of /:   27.8% of 7.57GB   Users logged in: 1
Memory usage: 35%             IPv4 address for eth0: 10.0.1.24
Swap usage:   0%

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

60 updates can be applied immediately.
33 of these updates are standard security updates.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

*** System restart required ***
Last login: Tue Jan 30 09:34:55 2024 from 183.82.126.165
ubuntu@ip-10-0-1-24: ~$ mysql -h mydb.ct9rhgzkzszo.eu-central-1.rds.amazonaws.com -u dbuser -P 3306 -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 57
Server version: 5.7.44 Please upgrade to 8.0 or opt-in to the paid RDS Extended Support service before 5.7 reaches end of standard support o
n 29 February, 2024: https://a.co/hQqiIn0

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> show databases;

```



```
owners.  
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.  
  
mysql> show databases;  
+-----+  
| Database |  
+-----+  
| information_schema |  
| devprojdb |  
| innodb |  
| mysql |  
| performance_schema |  
| sys |  
+-----+  
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)  
  
mysql> use devprojdb;  
Reading table information for completion of table and column names  
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A  
  
Database changed  
mysql> show tables;  
+-----+  
| Tables_in_devprojdb |  
+-----+  
| example_table |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)  
  
mysql> select * from example_table;  
+----+-----+  
| id | name |  
+----+-----+  
| 1 | MADHU |  
| 2 | MADHU Sudhan |  
| 3 | madeep |  
| 4 | Auropuro |  
| 5 | Hyderabad |  
+----+-----+  
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)  
  
mysql> 
```

GitHub Repositories:

<https://github.com/Madeep9347/terraform-route53.git>

https://github.com/Madeep9347/devops-REST_API-project.git

<https://github.com/Madeep9347/python-mysql-devops-REST-API-PROJECT.git>

Domain names:

<https://jenkins.madhumadeep.world/>

<https://madhumadeep.world>