

<u>Capstone Project: 1</u> <u>Global Terrorism Analysis</u>

TEAM MEMBERS

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Points for Discussion

- Understanding Problem Statement
- Data Set Information
- Nan Value Handling
- Data Wrangling
- Variable Explanation
- Year wise analysis
- Region wise analysis
- Type of attack
- Analysis on India
- Terrorist group analysis
- Map
- How to Stop Terrorism
- Challenges
- Conclusion
- Q&A



Understanding Problem Statement

- Topic "Global Terrorism"
- Problem Statement -- Explore and Analyze the Global Terrorism dataset to discover the key finding to understand terrorism and their activities.
- Terrorism is the unlawful use of force or violence against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government or its citizens to fulfill certain political or social objectives.
- Law enforcement generally recognizes two types of terrorism: domestic and international.





Data Set Information

- The Global Terrorism Dataset is a open source database including terrorist attack all over the world from 1970 till 2017.
- This dataset includes systematic data of more than 180,000 attacks around the world.
- The database is maintained by researchers at the National Consortium for the Study of Terrorism and Response to Terrorism (START).



Data Processing and Nan value Handling

```
encoding = "ISO-8859-1",
```

- Data encoding
- Dataset contain 181691 records and 135 columns
- There is a significant amount of missing information
- We have dropped all the null columns and then we left with a Significantly fewer column
- We have used around 20 variables for the analysis

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype	
0	eventid	181691 non-null	int64	
1	iyear	181691 non-null	int64	
2	imonth	181691 non-null	int64	
3	iday	101601 non null	intel	
4 5	approxdate	9239 non-null	object	
6	resolution	2220 non-null	object	ı
7 -	country	181691 non-null	int64	
8		181691 non-null	object	
9	country_txt	181691 non-null	int64	
	region			
10	region_txt	181691 non-null	object	NULL values
11	provstate	181270 non-null	object	
12	city	181257 non-null	object	
13	latitude	177135 non-null	float64	
14	longitude	177134 non-null	float64	
15	specificity	181685 non-null	float64	
16	vicinity	181691 non-null	int64	
17	location	55495 non-null	object	
18	summary	115562 non-null	object	
19	crit1	181691 non-null	int64	
20	crit2	181691 non-null	int64	
21	crit3	181691 non-null	int64	
22	doubtterr	181690 non-null	float64	
23	alternative	29011 non-null	float64	
24	alternative txt	29011 non-null	object	
25	multiple	181690 non-null	float64	
26	success	181691 non-null	int64	
27	suicide	181691 non-null	int64	
28		181691 non-null	int64	
29	attacktype1	101031 11011-11011	00 (cct	_
30	attacktype2	6314 non-null	float64	
31	attacktype2_txt	6314 non-null	object	
32	attacktype2_txt	428 non-null	float64	
33	attacktype3_txt	428 non-null	object	
34		101031 non null	object	_
35	targtypel targtypel txt	181691 non-null	object	_
36	targsubtype1	171318 non-null	float64	
37	targsubtype1 txt	171318 non-null	object	
38	corp1	139141 non-null	object	
39		181055 non-null		
40	target1	180132 non-null	object float64	
	natlty1	180132 non-null		
41	natlty1_txt		object	
42	targtype2	11144 non-null	float64	



Data Wrangling

Cleaning and unifying dataset for easy access and analysis. Ex-(Orissa to Odisha)

More then 70% of the dataset contain null column or contain duplicate column

We have dropped all the duplicate column and then we left with a Significantly fewer column

Important columns:

year, month, day, longitude, latitude, region, country, state, attack type, target type, terrorist group, wound, kill, success rate, weapon type, property, location.

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	eventid	181691 non-null	int64
1	iyear	181691 non-null	int64
2	imonth	181691 non-null	int64
3	iday	181691 non-null	int64
4	approxdate	9239 non-null	object
5	extended	181691 non-null	int64
6	resolution	2220 non-null	object
7	country	181691 non-null	int64 🌞
8	country_txt	181691 non-null	object 🌘
9	region	181691 non-null	int64
10	region_txt	181691 non-null	object
11	provstate	181270 non-null	object
12	city Duplicate Values		object
13	latitude	177135 non-null	float64
14	longitude	177134 non-null	float64
15	specificity	181685 non-null	float64
16	vicinity	181691 non-null	int64
17	location	55495 non-null	object
18	summary	115562 non-null	object
19	crit1	181691 non-null	int64
20 21	crit2 crit3	181691 non-null 181691 non-null	int64 int64
22	doubtterr	181690 non-null	float64
23	alternative	29011 non-null	float64
24	alternative txt	29011 non-null	object
25	multiple	181690 non-null	float64
26	success	181691 non-null	int64
27	suicide	181691 non-null	int64
28	attacktype1	181691 non-null	int64
29	attacktype1 txt	181691 non-null	object
30	attacktype2	6314 non-null	float64
31	attacktype2 txt	6314 non-null	object 🏺
32	attacktype3	428 non-null	float64
33	attacktype3_txt	428 non-null	object 🔬
34	targtype1	181691 non-null	int64
35	targtype1_txt	181691 non-null	object 🌞
36	targsubtype1	171318 non-null	float64 🌲
37	targsubtype1_txt	171318 non-null	object 🍒
38	corp1	139141 non-null	object
39	target1	181055 non-null	object
40	natlty1	180132 non-null	float64
41	natlty1_txt	180132 non-null	object

42 targtype2

Variable Explanation



- event_id: The terrorist attacks have unique id which can be used for our future ref.
- **iYear**: Year in which attacks happened.
- iMonth: In which month the attacks has been takes place
- iday: In which day the attacks has been takes place.
- **Country_txt**: It gives the country name at which the attack took place.
- **Region_txt**: It gives the Region name at which the attack took place.
- **provstate**: It shows name of the state attacked.
- attacktype1_txt: It shows the weapon used in attack.

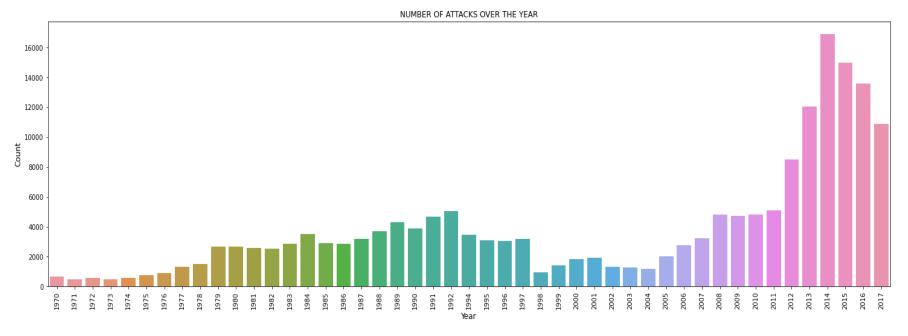


Variable Explanation (Continued)

- **targtype1_txt**: It gives us an idea about the victims of the terrorist attack.
- **Nkill:** No. of casualty killed.
- Nwound: No. of people wounded
- weapsubtype1_txt: It gives us a brief idea about the most used weapons.
- **gname**: It gives us an idea about the most active terrorist group in the world.
- **Propvalue**: Value of damage property.
- **Location**: It shows the place of attack.
- **Latitude & longitude**: It shows exact location of attack



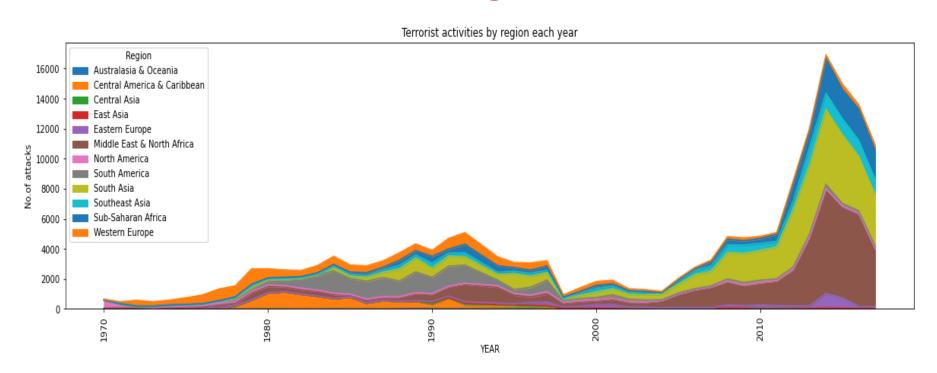
Number of Attacks over the year



Terrorism then had a fairly rise in the 1980s and early 1990s and was considerably low in the next decade but then terrorism rose from early the 2000s topping the charts like never before in the history.



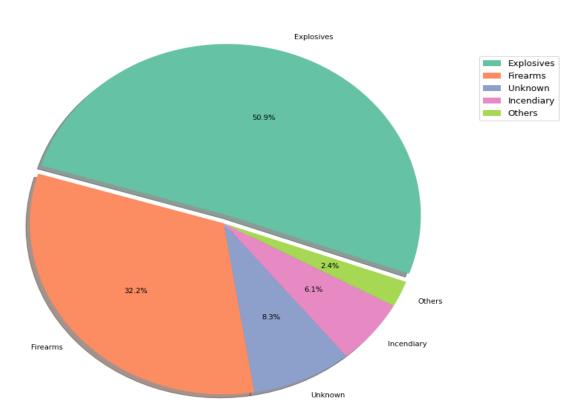
Number of attacks in region around the world



Type of weapon used for attacks

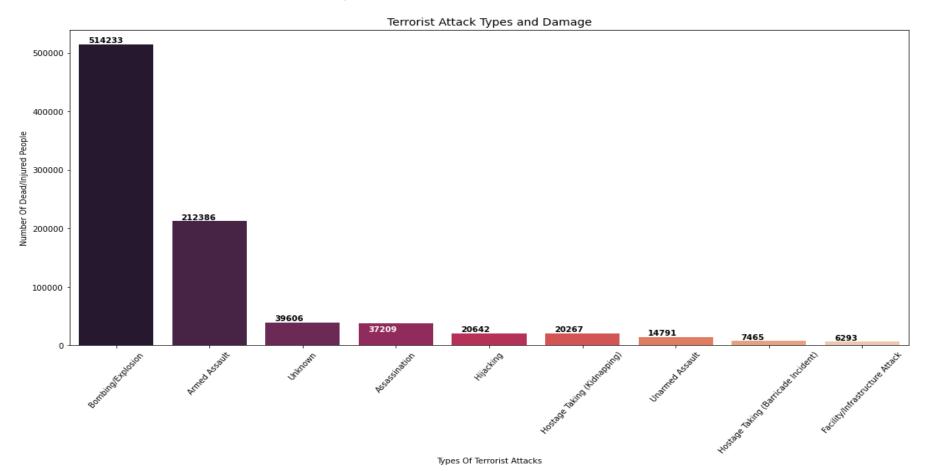


Weapon Type



Attack type V/S Casualties

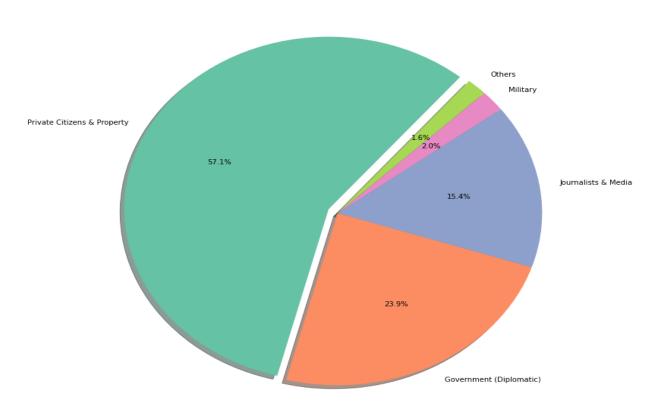






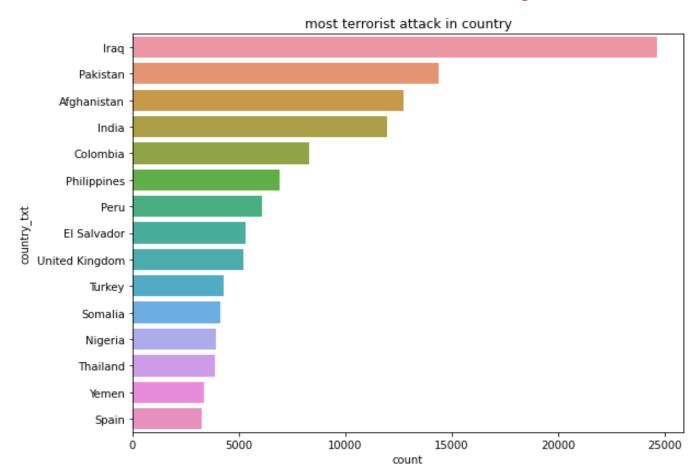
Type of Target

Type of Target of Attacks



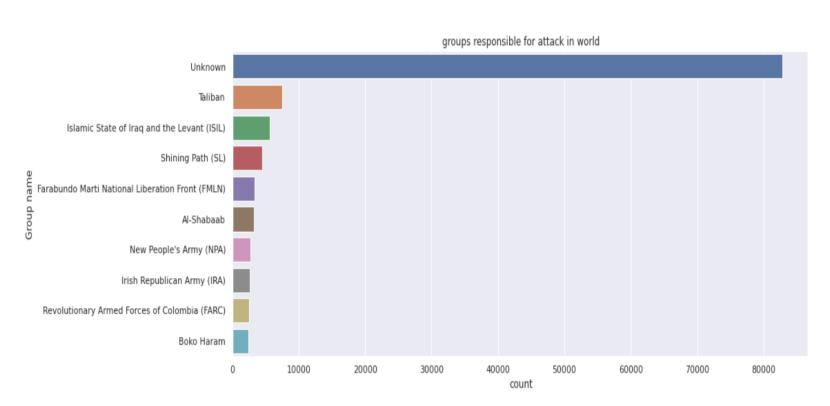


Most Attacked Country



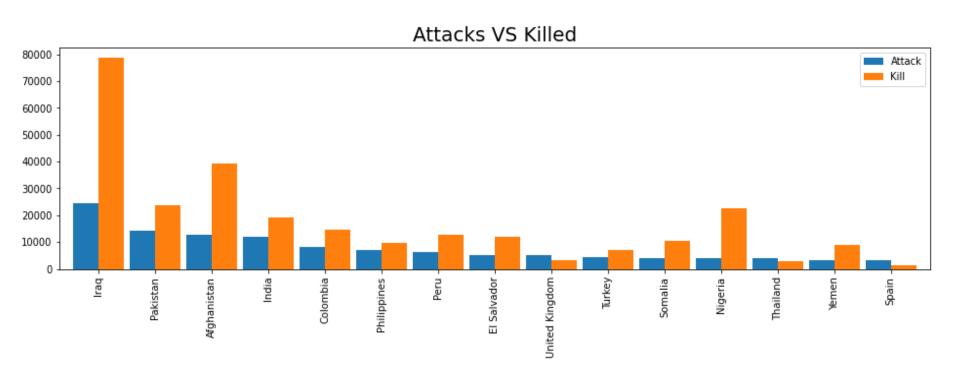


Terrorist Group Responsible for Attacks Globally



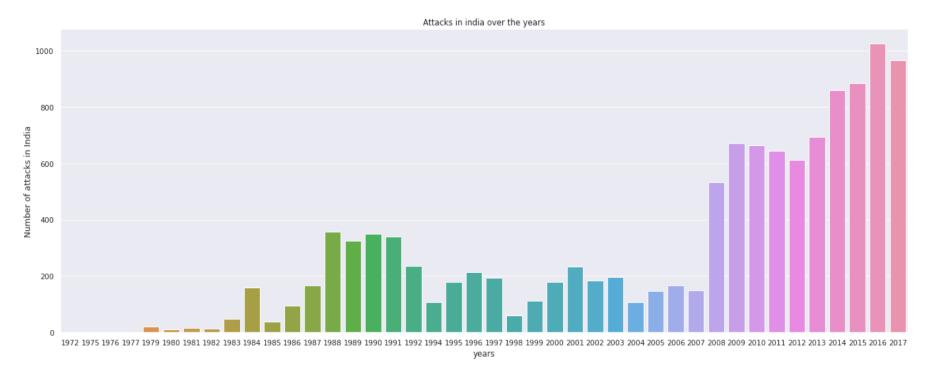


Attack vs. Killed Analysis





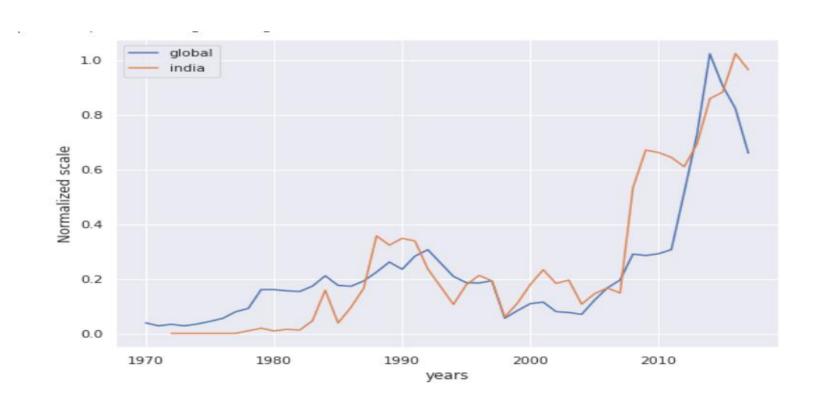
Terrorist Attack in India over the Years



149 incidents were recorded in 2007 were as 534 incidents are recorded in 2008. This shows 258% rise in the incidents just in single year.

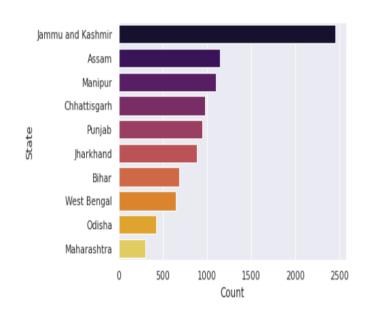


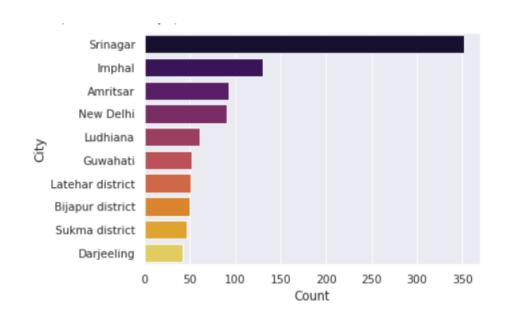
Compare Global vs. India Terrorist activity





Region in India most affected by the Terrorist

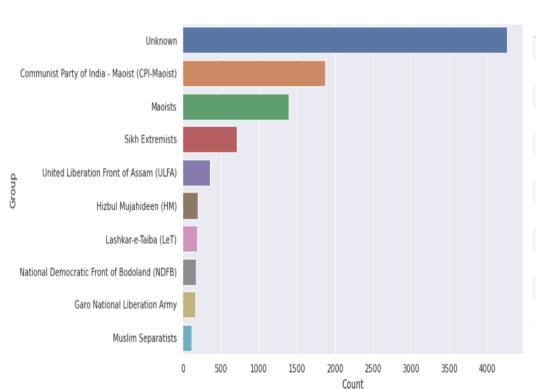






number_of_attack percentage(%)

Active terrorist group in India



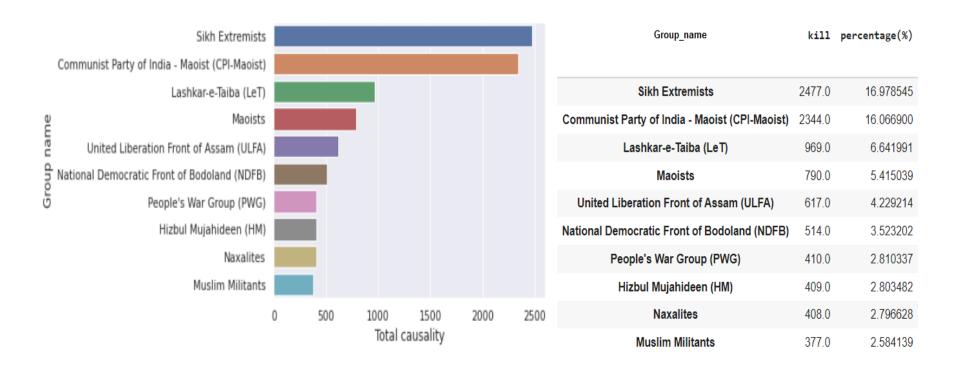
Communist Party of India - Maoist (CPI-Maoist)	1861	24.652272
Maoists	1366	18.095112
Sikh Extremists	703	9.312492
United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA)	350	4.636376
Hizbul Mujahideen (HM)	199	2.636111
Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT)	186	2.463903
National Democratic Front of Bodoland (NDFB)	172	2.278447
Garo National Liberation Army	153	2.026759
Muslim Separatists	118	1.563121
People's War Group (PWG)	97	1.284938
Bodo Militants	87	1.152471
Muslim Militants	87	1.152471

Group_name

Unknown terrorist groups are more then ~50%

Most casualties by terrorist group in India

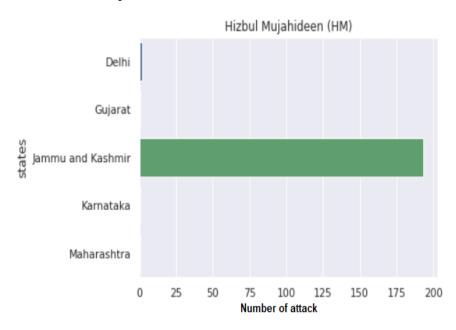


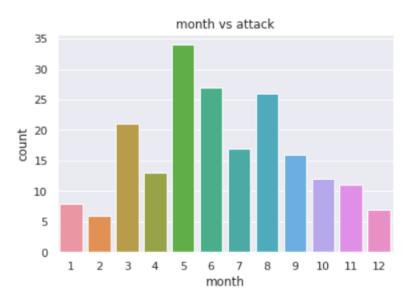


Total causality in India alone 14589, Between the year 1972 to 2017



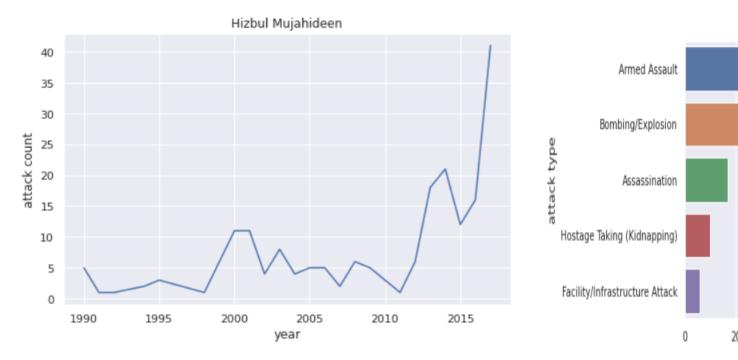
Hizbul Mujahidden

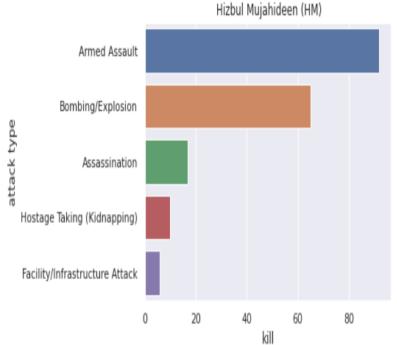




India based terrorist group



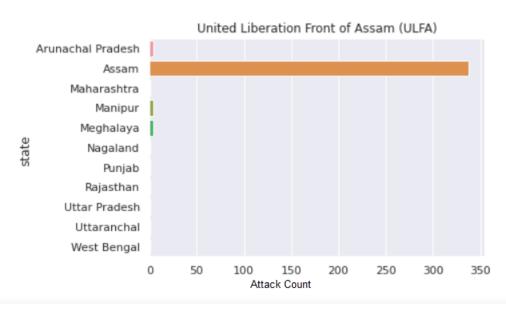


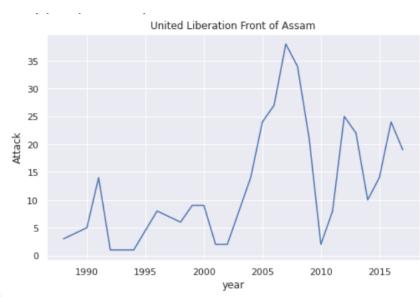


HM terrorist group has killed 408



United Liberation Front of Assam

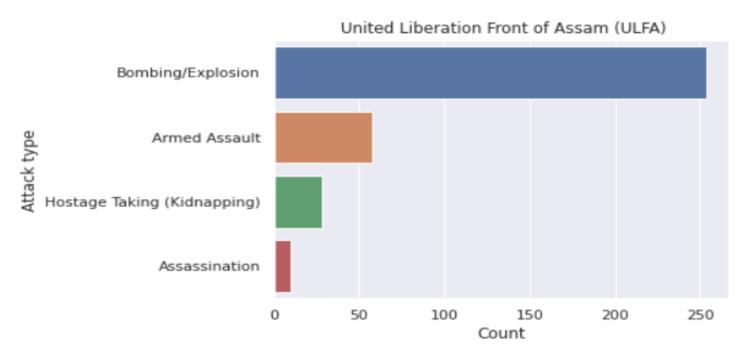




India based terrorist group



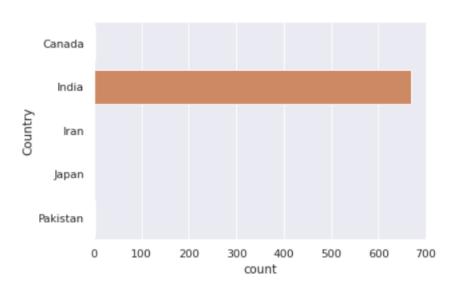
United Liberation Front of Assam

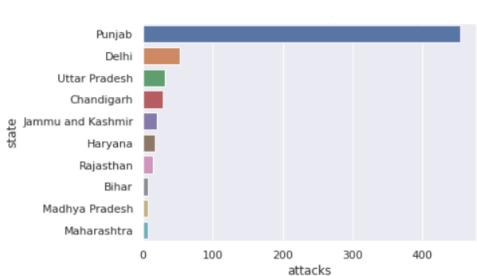


ULFA terrorist group has killed 617



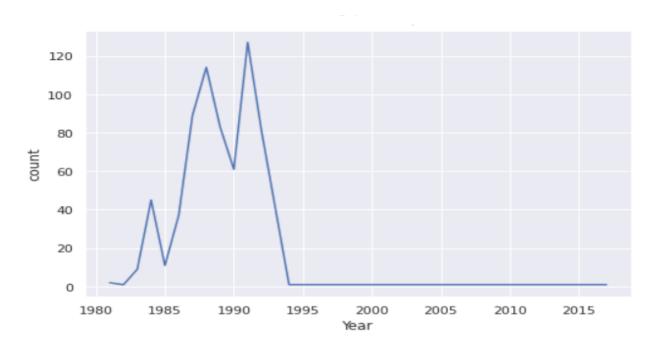
Sikh Extremists





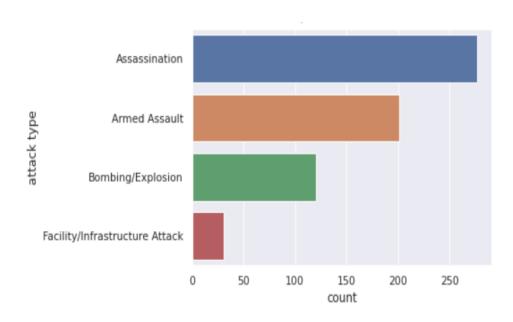


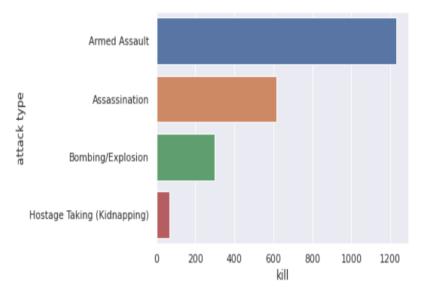
Sikh Extremists





Sikh Extremists

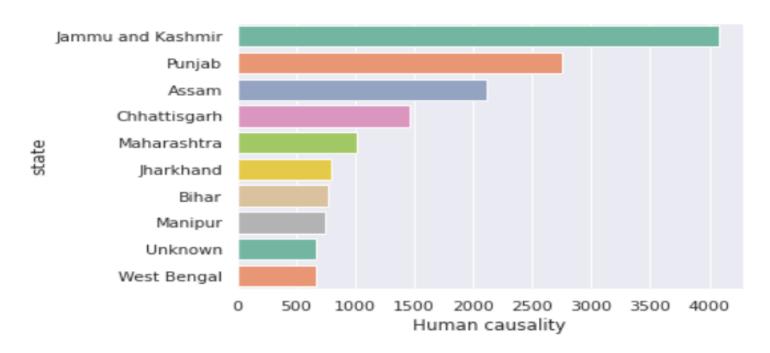




Sikh Extremists terrorist group has killed 2303



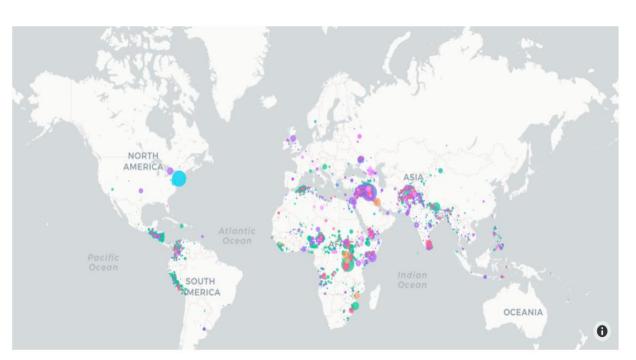
Human causality assessment in India



Total Human causality in India is 14028



Worldwide Impact Of Terrorism



- attack_type=Hostage Taking (Kidnapping)
- attack_type=Assassination
- attack_type=Armed Assault
- attack_type=Bombing/Explosion
- attack_type=Facility/Infrastructure Attack
- attack_type=Hijacking
- attack_type=Unknown
- attack_type=Unarmed Assault
- attack_type=Hostage Taking (Barricade Incident)



How to stop Terrorism

- Global cooperation
- Making strict law against terrorism
- Education
- Good governance
- Terrorist Analysis





Challenges

- Data Cleaning
- Data mining
- Deciding the flow of the presentation
- Team coordination ***





Conclusion

- We can see by analysis that not even a single part of world is untouched by the terrorist attacks
- Terrorism activity has increases significantly in last two decade
- Asian and African country's are mostly affected.
- About 50 % of all the terrorist attacks were non-lethal
- We have lost around ~400K life since 1970.
- Explosion / Bombing type of attack is mostly used by the terrorist
- More than 55 % of all the terrorist attacks were done on private citizens and properties
- Most attacked country by terrorist is Iraq followed by Pakistan, Afghanistan, India
- Border states of India are most affected by the terrorist activities
- Most affected state in India is Jammu and Kashmir
- homegrown terrorism is the biggest concern for India's security



Q&A