

Statistical Computing in Python

- What is Statistical Computing in python
- Introduction to SciPy
- Subpackages of statistics
- Introduction to Hypothesis

What Statistical Computing

- Refers to bond between **statistics** and **computer science** to transform raw data into **knowledge**.

Introduction to SciPy

- Tool for doing scientific computing in Python.
- Python-based ecosystem that is open source software for math, science & engineering.

```
| import scipy as scp
```

Subpackages of SciPy

- `scipy.io` – file I/O
- `scipy.special` – special functions
- `scipy.linalg` – linear algebra operations
- `scipy.fftpack` – fast fourier transform
- `scipy.stats` – statistics and random numbers.
- `scipy.interpolate` – interpolation.
- `scipy.integrate` – numerical integration
- `scipy.signal` – signal processing
- `Scipy.ndimage` – dealing with image processing

Introduction to Hypothesis

- Helps analyst or researchers make decisions about population parameters based on sample Data.
- Null Hypothesis (H_0)
- Alternate Hypothesis (H_a or H_1)

Null Hypothesis

- **Example** : “Buy Now” button on ecommerce website
- **Test** – Changing color of button to green from orange will increase the CTR.(Click through rate)
- **Null Hypothesis** :
 - Changing color of button from orange to green will not have any effect on CTR.
 - $CTR_Orange = CTR_Green$

Alternative Hypothesis

- **Example** : “Buy Now” button on ecommerce website
- **Test** – Changing color of button to green from orange will increase the CTR.(Click through rate)
- **Alternative Hypothesis** :
 - Changing color of button from orange to green will increase the CTR.
 - $CTR_Orange < CTR_Green$