Conditional blocks using if, else and elif.

Week-4, Lecture-1

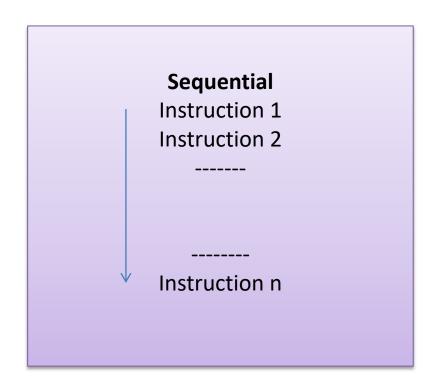
Recap

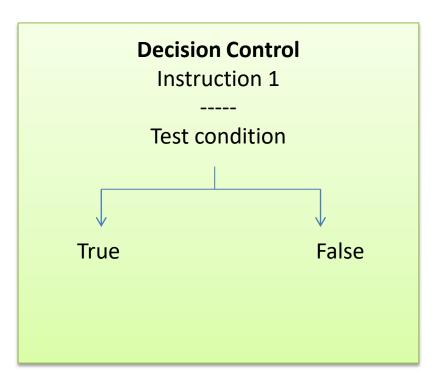
- Installation of Anaconda.
- Learned about Spyder the *Python* Development Environment.
- Basic Syntax, Variable and Data Types.
- Operators.

- Program is a set of instructions.
- Program can be executed:
 - Sequentially: where each instructions are executed one after the another.

or

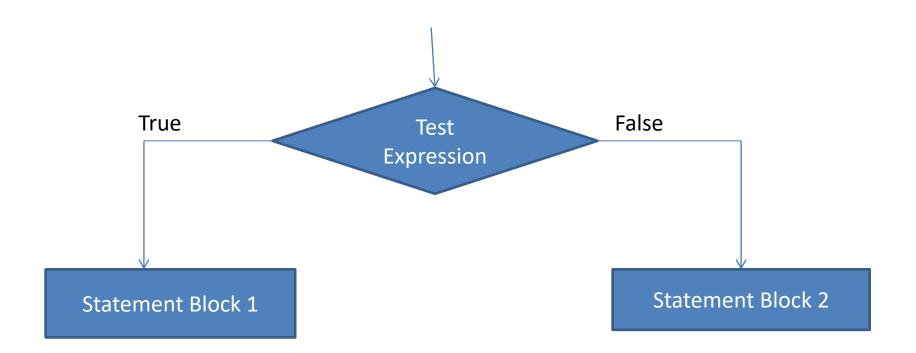
 We may also alter the sequence of execution of the instructions.





• Thus the decision control statements also known as the *conditional branching statements* allows the programmer to jump from one part of the program to another depending upon a condition.

- The conditional branching statement supported by Python are as follows:
 - if statement
 - if-else statement
 - Nested if statement
 - if-elif-else statement



Write a program to determine whether a person is eligible to drive.

age=int(input("Enter the age : "))
if (age>=18):
 print("You are eligible to drive")

if-else example

```
age=int(input("Enter the age: "))
if (age>=18):
  print("You are eligible to drive")
else:
  print("You are not eligible to drive")
```

Program to find Largest of two numbers.

```
f_num=int(input("Enter the first number : "))
s num=int(input("Enter the second number: "))
if(f num>s num):
  large = f num
else:
  large=s num
print ("Largest is : ",large)
```

elif example

```
marks=int(input("Enter the marks: "))
if (marks>=85 and marks<=100):
  print("Distinction")
elif (marks>=75 and marks<=84):
  print("A+ Grade")
elif (marks>=65 and marks<=74):
  print("A Grade")
elif (marks>=55 and marks<=64):
  print("B+ Grade")
else:
  print("Enter a correct marks")
```

Try yourself:

 Write a Python program to determine whether a person is eligible to vote or not.

